SUMMARY per R.M.S. Australia.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 13,938. SYDNEY, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1882. 20 PAGES. PRICE 2d.

Births.

HINDMARSH.—November 26, at Sea View, Kiama, the wife of Robert Hindmarsh, Esq., of a daughter.

MYERS.—On the 24th November, at Bombala, the wife of David M. Myers, solicitor, of a daughter.

M'NEIL.—On the 21st November, at her residence, in Ontario-terrace, Botany-street, Mrs. Frank M'Neil, of a daughter.

PINKERTON.—November 12, at her residence, Milson's Point-road, St. Leonards, the wife of Richard M. Pinkerton, watch-maker and jeweller, of a son.

ROGERS.—On the 25th November, at Hollywood, the wife of J. Francis Edward Rogers, barrister-at-law, of a son.

WELLS.—November 23, at her residence, 619, George-street, Mrs. G. Wells, of a daughter.

Marriages.

HOPKINS—DAVIDSON.—November 27, at the residence of the bride's father, Edmund Gerald, second son of the late R. T. Hopkins, of Kensington, London, to Evelyn Maud, only daughter of G. Davidson, of South Yarra, Melbourne.

JACKSON—KEIRNAN.—October 23, at St. Joseph's, Woollahra, by the Rev. Father Holohan, John Thomas Jackson, of England, to Mary Keirnan, of Wallerawang, N. S. W.

KENNEDY—GIBSON.—November 21, at Burrambuttock, by the Rev. J. Hennessy, Patrick Kennedy, L.R., C.S.I., to Josephine, second daughter of Thos. J. F. Gibson, Burrambuttock, Albury.

M'KAY—BENNETT.—November 4, at Brighton House, Waverley, by the Rev. James Adam, William Charles, second son of George M'Kay, Esq., Collwood, Orange, to Hannah, fifth daughter of Robert Bennett, Esq., Melbourne.

RALFE—JENKINS.—November 18, at the Private Chapel, Nepean Towers, by the Rev. Canon Moreton, Henry Ralfe to Mary Rae Johnstone, third daughter of R. Lewes Jenkins, of Nepean Towers.

YOUNG—THORNE.—November 22, at St. Paul's, Castle Hill, by the Rev. Arthur Pain, B.A., assisted by the Rev. J. T. Schleicher, Horace Edward Broughton Young, Fairymead, Burnett River, Queensland, second son of the late Henry Young, of the H.E.I.C.S., Bombay Presidency, to Ellen Elizabeth, youngest daughter of George Thorne, Esq., Darcey Hey, Castle Hill.

Deaths.

CERSEL.—November 27, 1882, Carl Victor Rudolph Cersel, aged 5 months.

DAWS.—September 29, at his late residence, Mowbray-road, North Willoughby, Henry Sherren Daws, fourth son of the late Mr. Augustus Daws, of Turnham Green, Middlesex.

FLETCHER.—September 1, 1882, at the residence of her son, the Rev. H. Fletcher, New St. Aylesbury, Bucks, England, Susanna Fletcher, dearly beloved mother of the late J. J. Fletcher, of George-street Markets, Sydney, and A. Fletcher, of Botany, and J. Fletcher, of West Maitland; aged 70 years. Resting in Jesus.

HUENERBEIN.—November 29, at his late residence, 178, Phillip-street, August Christian Huenerbein, aged 59 years.

WADDINGTON.—In loving remembrance of my late dearly loved husband Robert Waddington, who died November 29, 1881. "He is waiting."

AGENCE HAVAS, 8, Place de la Bourse, Paris.—AGENTS for THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, the SYDNEY MAIL, and the ECHO, in France and Belgium.
Advertisements can be received and files of the above newspapers inspected.
London address: AGENCE MITCHELL, 85, Gracechurch-street.

Shipping.

DIRECT SERVICE TO ENGLAND.
PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

The Company's Steamships (under contract with the Victorian Government for the Conveyance of H.M. Mails) will be despatched as under, from the Company's Wharf, at the Circular Quay, direct to LONDON via Colombo, calling at Melbourne, Glenelg, and King George's Sound.

Steamer.	Tns.	Commander.	L. Syd. 12 noon.	L. Melbourne.	Leaves Glenelg.
Kaisar-i-hind	4023	J. C. Babot ...	Dec. 1	Dec. 7	Dec. 9
Rosetta	3502	A. E. Barlow	Dec. 15	Dec. 21	Dec. 23
				1883.	1883.
Assam	3038	G. W. Brady	Dec. 29	Jan. 4	Jan. 6
Ballarat	4700	P. S. Tomlin	Jan. 12	Jan. 18	Jan. 20
Clyde	4124	E. M. Edmond, R.N.R.	Jan. 26	Feb. 1	Feb. 3

and thenceforth every alternate week.

Rates of Passage Money to Plymouth or London:—£70 first and £45 second class.
Brindisi, Venice, or Trieste, £65 first, and £40 second class, inclusive of cost of transit through Egypt.
RETURN TICKETS TO EUROPE granted at greatly reduced rates.
Passengers, cargo, and parcels are booked through to India, China, and Japan.
For all information, apply at the Company's Offices, 247, George-street.
J. WEIR, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
TO PASSENGERS DESIROUS OF AVOIDING THE HEAT AND DISCOMFORT OF THE RED SEA.
OVERLAND ROUTE TO GREAT BRITAIN, THROUGH AMERICA, under contract with New South Wales and New Zealand Governments, 1882.
The magnificent steamships of this line leave Sydney for San Francisco (calling at Auckland and Honolulu) every fourth THURSDAY, at 3 p.m. as under:—

Steamer.	Tns.	Date of Departure.		
AUSTRALIA	3400	Nov. 30, 1882	Mar. 22, 1883	July 12, 1883
CITY OF NEW YORK	3200	Dec. 28, 1882	April 19, 1883	Aug. 9, 1883
ZEALANDIA	3400	Jan. 25, 1883	May 17, 1883	Sept. 6, 1883
CITY OF SYDNEY	3200	Feb. 22, 1883	June 14, 1883	Oct. 4, 1883

Passengers are booked to any point on the principal Railroad Routes in the United States and Canada, or through to Liverpool, London, or Paris, &c., with special advantages; and may, without extra cost, avail themselves of the Southern Pacific Railroad (with its connections) now open; thus avoiding the Winter's cold of the more Northern Route; and for a slight additional charge may go through the Southern States to New Orleans, and thence to New York.
Passengers have choice of the unrivalled Atlantic steamships of Cunard, Inman, White Star, and other lines. And ALL first-class passengers are allowed 250lb. baggage FREE OF CHARGE.
Tickets are good until used, and allow passengers to stop off as long as they choose, to visit all places of interest in America and Canada. Stop over privileges are also allowed on steamers' tickets for Auckland and Honolulu.
THROUGH FARE TO LONDON.
FIRST CLASS ... ... £66 and upwards.
Time cards, railway maps, and guide books showing all routes to any point in United States may be had on application.
Drafts, payable in gold in San Francisco, issued by the undersigned.
For rates of passage and freight, and all other information, apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., General Agents, 1, Bent-street, Sydney.

PACIFIC MAIL S. S. COMPANY.
NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF WOOL TO NEW YORK, BOSTON, MONTREAL, TORONTO, AND PORTLAND (MAINE).
Arrangements have been made for the direct and rapid transmission of Wool to the abovenamed cities, on a through Bill of Lading, at very favourable rates per steamer and rail.
For rates of freight and all information, apply
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., General Agents.

R. M. S. AUSTRALIA, for SAN FRANCISCO.
EMBARKATION NOTICE.
The Steamer HERALD will ply from the Circular Quay to the AUSTRALIA, THIS DAY, Thursday, from 9 till 2 o'clock, carrying passengers and their luggage free of charge.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

ORIENT LINE.
The following Steamships, belonging to the ORIENT CO. and the PACIFIC CO., will leave SYDNEY, at daylight, on the undermentioned dates, for LONDON, via Melbourne, Adelaide, Diego Garcia (at steamer's option), the Suez Canal, and Naples:—

Ship.	Tons.	Date.	Ship.	Tons.	Date.
Potosi ...	4219	Dec. 9	Chimborazo ...	3847	Dec. 30
Orient ...	5386	Dec. 16	John Elder ...	4152	Jan. 13

and fortnightly thereafter.
SALOON PASSENGERS allowed to break their journey.
ORIENT PARCELS EXPRESS:—2s 6d per foot, or 6d per lb.
PASSAGES FROM LONDON can be granted in Sydney.
MANAGERS IN LONDON:—F. GREEN and CO., and ANDERSON, ANDERSON, and CO., Fenchurch Avenue, E.C.
PASSAGE MONEY, 15 to 70 guineas. Full particulars on application to
G. S. YUILL, General Manager in Australia.
267, George-street.

STEAM TO LONDON, VIA THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.
FOR THE FEBRUARY WOOL SALES.
The STEAMSHIP HANSA, classed May, 1882, 100 A1, 2021 tons register, 400 h.p., will be despatched as above.
This swift full-powered steamer offers special inducements to STEERAGE PASSENGERS for the CAPE of GOOD HOPE, having roomy and well ventilated accommodation in 'tween decks, and being the only opportunity of getting direct to the Cape.
SHE HAS JUST COMPLETED the VOYAGE from EUROPE to THIS PORT via HONOLULU, MAKING an AVERAGE speed of 13 KNOTS.
The steamer has been docked, cleaned, and painted, and is being loaded at the Central Wharf.
The bulk of her cargo has been engaged, only a limited space being now available, for which early application is requested.
For freight or passage apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.
Wool received at Central Wharf Stores.

HUDDART PARKER LINE.
NOTICE to PASSENGERS and SHIPPERS for MELBOURNE.
The undersigned will despatch their steamships (when practicable) as follows, from Russell's Wharf, foot of Margaret-street:—

Nemesis ...	2000 tons	P. Le Neven ...	TO-MORROW, Friday, 1st Dec., at 12 o'clock noon.
Wendouree	2500 tons	W. H. Emmerson	FRIDAY, 8th December, afternoon.

Saloon Passage, £1 10s.
Second Cabin, 15s.
Second cabin passengers supplied with bedding and victualled free.
HUDDART, PARKER, and CO., Russell's Wharf, foot Margaret-street.

QUEENSLAND ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS (under postal contract with the Queensland Government).
STEAM TO LONDON, VIA TORRES STRAITS and SUEZ CANAL. Leaving MORETON BAY EVERY 28 DAYS.
The Steamers of this Line will be despatched for LONDON, calling at the NORTHERN QUEENSLAND PORTS, BATAVIA, and ADEN, from MORETON BAY, as follows:—

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of Departure.
		1882.
ROMA ...	2817	December 5, 1 p.m.
		1883.
MERKARA ...	2971	January 2
ALMORA ...	2613	January 30
MANORA ...	3242	February 27
DORUNDA ...	2977	March 27

These steamers are all of the highest class, and have splendid passenger accommodation, whilst the table and attendance are of the very best description.
SALOON, FARE BRISBANE to LONDON, 60 GUINEAS.
NO CANAL DUES.
RETURN TICKETS ISSUED AT GREAT REDUCTION.
For particulars apply to
GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO., 93, Pitt-street, Sydney.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN S.S. COMPANY Limited.
STEAM TO HONGKONG, calling at TOWNSVILLE, COOKTOWN, THURSDAY ISLAND, and PORT DARWIN.
The steamship MENMUIR, 1940 tons, WINTHROP ELLIS, Commander, will leave the COMPANY'S (Smith's) WHARF, MILLER'S POINT, on DECEMBER 12, taking cargo for all ports.
For freight or passage, apply to
GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO., Agents, 93, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO LONDON, via SUEZ CANAL.
FOR THE FEBRUARY SALES.
The fast and powerful steamship KILLARNEY, H. O'Neill, commander, 1761 tons, 200 h.p., having the whole of her deadweight on board, and LARGE GENERAL ENGAGEMENTS, will meet with quick despatch for the FEBRUARY SALES, and leave on or about the 2nd DECEMBER.
She has been DOCKED, CLEANED, and PAINTED, and Capt. O'Neill is convinced his passage will not exceed FIFTY DAYS.
WOOL is NOW BEING RECEIVED at FLOOD and CO.'S STORES, Circular Quay.
This steamer, so well and favourably known in the China tea trade, for the splendid condition she lands her cargo, and her FAST PASSAGES, offers splendid opportunities to shippers.
IMMEDIATE APPLICATION IS NECESSARY
For freight to
GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO., Agents, 93, Pitt-street.
Sydney, November 16, 1882.

STEAM TO LONDON DIRECT, VIA SUEZ CANAL.
The magnificent full-powered steamship DEVONSHIRE, 1513 tons net register, 100 A1 at Lloyd's, A. PURVIS, Commander.
This fine steamer will be despatched direct to London, via Suez Canal, in ample time for the February Wool Sales, and will be docked before leaving.
For rates of freight or passage, apply to
YOUNG and LARK, Agents, Moore-street.
Wool received at Talbot's Stores.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE, BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, and ROCKHAMPTON.
The undersigned will despatch their STEAMSHIPS (when practicable) as follows, from STRUTH'S WHARF and the NEW WHARF, foot of King-street. Offices—42, King-street.

FOR MELBOURNE.		
BARRABOOL ...	E. Johnson ...	FRIDAY, at 4 p.m.
BODONDO ...	J. R. Clark ...	TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5.
FOR BRISBANE.		
YOU YANGS ...	E. Boult ...	SATURDAY, at 12 noon.
KEILAWARRA	J. H. South ...	TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5.
FOR MARYBOROUGH.		
YOU YANGS ...	E. Boult ...	SATURDAY, at 12 noon.
KEILAWARRA	J. H. South ...	TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5.
FOR ROCKHAMPTON.		
YOU YANGS ...	E. Boult ...	SATURDAY, at 12 noon.
KEILAWARRA	J. H. South ...	TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5.

Cargo received for the above ports every day. Fore cabin passengers supplied with bedding and victualled free.
The fares per Barrabool, which will leave Sydney on FRIDAY, have been reduced to 15s steerage and 30s saloon.
W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, 42, King-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.
REDUCTION of FARES by FRIDAY'S STEAMER.
The Favourite S.S. BARRABOOL, 1500 tons, will leave the New Wharf, foot of King-street, On FRIDAY, at 4 p.m.
The fares per Barrabool, which will leave Sydney on Friday, have been REDUCED to 15s steerage and 30s saloon.
W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, 42, King-street.

STEAM TO BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, AND ROCKHAMPTON.
The fast and favourite S.S. YOU YANGS, Ed. Boult, commander, will leave the New Wharf, foot of King-street, on SATURDAY, at 12 noon.
W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, 42, King-street.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY intend despatching their Steamers for the following ports, viz.:—
MELBOURNE.—City of Adelaide, Saturday afternoon, at 5.
ADELAIDE.—City of Adelaide will take cargo for transhipment at Melbourne.
NOUMEA (NEW CALEDONIA).—City of Melbourne, to-morrow, Friday, at noon.
LEVUKA (FIJI), SUVA (FIJI) } Gunga, about 20th December.
BRISBANE.—Ranelagh, Saturday, at noon; Victoria, Monday afternoon, at 4; and Glanworth, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.
MARYBOROUGH.—Ranelagh, Saturday, at noon.
ROCKHAMPTON.—Ranelagh, Saturday, at noon.
BUNDABERG.—Queensland, from Brisbane, about 5th December.
BROADSOUND.—Steamer early.
GLADSTONE.—Victoria, Monday afternoon, at 4.
PORT MACKAY.—Glanworth, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.
BOWEN.—Victoria, Monday afternoon, at 4; and Glanworth (for passengers only), Tuesday afternoon, at 4.
TOWNSVILLE, CAIRNS (TRINITY BAY), PORT DOUGLAS, ISLAND POINT } Victoria, Monday afternoon, at 4; and Glanworth, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.
COOKTOWN WHARF, CARDWELL, KEPPEL BAY } Glanworth, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.
N.B.—Steerage passengers are victualled and supplied with bedding.
Cargo is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.
Applications for fares and freights may be made at the Branch Office, corner of King and York streets, or Head Office, Circular Quay.
Parcels are received at the Branch Office on the day of departure of the steamers up to one hour of the advertised time.
The Traffic Manager will be in attendance there daily between the hours of 12 and 3.
FRED. PHILLIPS, Acting Manager.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
NOTICE TO PASSENGERS AND SHIPPERS FOR MELBOURNE.
The A. S. N. Co. will despatch their splendid steamship CITY OF ADELAIDE, SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 5.
Steerage passengers are victualled and supplied with bedding, and a liberal dietary scale included in passage money. Freights at current rates.
FRED. PHILLIPS, Acting Manager.

TASMANIAN S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS WILL LEAVE THE TASMANIAN WHARF—
For HOBART, via EDEN:
S. ESK, FRIDAY, 1st December, at 4 p.m.
For HOBART Direct:
S. TASMAN, TUESDAY, 5th December, at noon.
For LAUNCESTON, via EDEN:
S. CORINNA, THURSDAY, 7th December, at 4 p.m.
No cargo received on day of sailing.
T. and W. WILLIS, Agents, 15, Pitt-street.

TASMANIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY
SUMMER EXCURSION RETURN TICKETS will be issued, available from 1st December to 31st March, to and from

HOBART, SALOON ...	£8 0 0
Ditto, STEERAGE ...	5 0 0
LAUNCESTON, SALOON ...	6 0 0
Ditto, STEERAGE ...	3 15 0

For all information apply to
T. and W. WILLIS, 15, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO PORT ADELAIDE DIRECT.
The splendid new s.s. BIRKSGATE, 1443 tons register, 1200 h. p. indicated, A. M'KENZIE, Commander, will sail, if practicable, from the new wharf, King-street, on MONDAY, 4th December, at noon.
The attention of passengers is specially directed to the very superior accommodation of this magnificent steamer.
Intending shippers are particularly requested to engage freight before sending any goods to the wharf, where cargo will be received on the day prior to and on the day of sailing. Bonded goods sailing day only.
L. M'LAREN, Agent, 247, George-street, Over P. and O. Co.'s offices.

TONNAGE wanted, for SUVA.—About 51 tons machinery and about 6000 feet hardwood. Apply to Edward Kirchner and Co., merchants, 8, Wynyard-street.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND, LIMITED.
REGULAR COMMUNICATION TO ALL NEW ZEALAND PORTS.
FROM SYDNEY.
FOR AUCKLAND, GISBORNE, NAPIER, WELLINGTON, LYTTELTON, AND PORT CHALMERS, DUNEDIN.
ARAWATA, 1100 tons, THURSDAY, 7th December.
FOR WELLINGTON, LYTTELTON, and PORT CHALMERS, DUNEDIN, transhipping to out ports
WAKATIPU, 1796 tons, about FRIDAY, 15th December.
FROM MELBOURNE.
FOR BLUFF, PORT CHALMERS, and all NORTHERN PORTS.
ROTOMAHANA, 1727 tons, TUESDAY, 5th December, via HOBART.
RINGAROOMA, 1100 tons, TUESDAY, 12th December.
FREDK. W. JACKSON, 26, Pitt-street.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND, LIMITED.
EXCURSION SEASON, 1882-83.
During the months of DECEMBER, JANUARY, and FEBRUARY tickets will be issued at REDUCED RATES to and from all NEW ZEALAND PORTS.
Round Tickets, via Auckland, to Melbourne, or vice versa ... £17 0 0
Ditto ditto, Wellington, ditto ditto ... 15 0 0
Passengers can stop at ports en route, but must finally re-embark before 31st March, 1883.
WEST COAST SOUNDS.
The usual annual excursion will be resumed this season. One of the Company's steamers, probably the s.s. Tarawera, will leave Port Chalmers about the end of January, and will visit Milford, Dusky, Caswell, and other principal Sounds on the West Coast.
For all further particulars apply to
FREDK. W. JACKSON, 26, Pitt-street.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS to
WOLLONGONG.—Monday, Tuesday, and Friday, at 11 p.m.; Wednesday and Friday, 10 a.m.; Friday, 6 p.m.; Saturday, noon.
KIAMA.—Monday, Tuesday, and Friday, 11 p.m.
SHOALHAVEN.—Tuesday and Friday, 11 p.m.
ULLADULLA.—Friday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m.
CLYDE RIVER.—Friday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m.
BATEMAN'S BAY.—Friday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 5 a.m.
MORUYA.—Friday, 6 p.m.
MERIMBULA.—Wednesday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m.; Saturday, noon; cargo, 11.
TATHRA (for BEGA).—Wednesday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m.; Saturday, noon; cargo, 11.
EDEN.—Wednesday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m.; Saturday, noon; cargo, 11.
BERMAGUI.—Wednesday, 10 a.m.; passengers only.

NEWCASTLE.—STEAM TO NEWCASTLE.
THIS NIGHT, THURSDAY, at 11, the MORPETH.
H. R. N. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, foot of Market-street.

HUNTER RIVER NEW STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.
FROM SYDNEY:
THIS NIGHT, THURSDAY, at 11, the MORPETH.
TO-MORROW NIGHT, FRIDAY, at 11, the MAITLAND.
On SATURDAY NIGHT, for cargo only, the LUBRA.
Goods received for Clarence Town THIS DAY.
Freight payable in Sydney.
Bonded goods will not be received after 4; other goods not after 5 p.m.
J. W. LEE, Acting Manager.
Offices—foot of Market-street.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Limited.
STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, AND MORPETH.
FROM THE LIME-STREET WHARF:
There will be NO PASSENGER STEAMER THIS NIGHT.
For cargo only, THIS NIGHT, the BOOMERANG.
TO-MORROW NIGHT, FRIDAY, at 11, the CITY OF BRISBANE.
Bonded Goods will not be received after 4; other cargo not after 5 p.m.
H. D. PORTUS, Manager.

RICHMOND RIVER.
S.S. PLATYPUS, via Newcastle and Clarence River, TO-MORROW.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary, C. and R. R. S. N. Co.
Clarence Wharf, Sussex-street.

THE CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVER S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
CITY OF GRAFTON, for GRAFTON, TUESDAY NIGHT, at 9.
QUEEN OF THE SOUTH, for MACLEAY RIVER, SATURDAY NIGHT, at 9.
CORAKI, for RICHMOND RIVER, FRIDAY, 8th December.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary.
Clarence Wharf, Sussex-street.

CLARENCE RIVER.
The S.S. HELEN NICOLL, H. Chudleigh, master, will leave the Market Wharf, foot of Market-street, On SATURDAY NIGHT, at 9.
Saloon comfortable, well ventilated, and amidships.
NIPPER and SEE, 120, Sussex-street.

MANLY BEACH STEAMERS DAILY.
Despatched from Sydney, 7.15, 10.15, 11.30, 2.15, 4.45, 6, 11.15.
" " Woolloomooloo, 10.30, 11.45, 2.30.
" " Manly, 8.10, 8.45, 12, 3.30, 5.30, 7.
On Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 5 p.m. from Sydney, and 9 p.m. from Manly.
RETURN FARE, 1s 6d; CHILDREN, 1s.
SATURDAY and SUNDAYS—Special Time-table.

HUNTER'S HILL & PARRAMATTA STEAMERS FROM KING-STREET TO HUNTER'S HILL and GLADESVILLE—7, 9, 10, 11, 12.30, 1, 3, 3.45, 4.15, 5.5, 6.15.
TO COCKATOO, HUNTER'S HILL, and VILLA MARIA—7, 9, 10, 11, 12.30, 1, 3, 3.45, 4.15, 5.5, 6.15, 7.45, 9.30, 11.15. Addl., Mon., Tues., Thurs., 6.15 a.m.
TO DRUMMOYNE PARK—7 a.m., 10 a.m., 3, 5.45, 6.15 p.m.
TO FIVE DOCK and BURWOOD—7.7 a.m., 10, 12.30, 4.15, 5.5, 6.15.
TO PARRAMATTA, RYDE, &c.—7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5.5.
FROM PARRAMATTA—7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5.
FROM FIVE DOCK—7.45, 8.30, 11 a.m., 2.45, 5.15, 6.10.
FROM GLADESVILLE—8, 8.45, 10, 11.15, 12, 2, 3, 4, 5.15, 6, 6.29.
FROM HUNTER'S HILL—7.5, 8.15, 9.5, 10.15, 11.30 a.m.; 12.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.35, 6.15, 7.5, 8.45, 10.20 p.m.
FROM VILLA MARIA—7, 7.45, 8.55, 10, 12, 2, 4, 6, 7, 8.40, 10.15.
FROM DRUMMOYNE PARK—7.10 a.m., 9.10, 11.35, 3.20, 6.20.
ADDL. FROM FIVE DOCK—Mon., Wed., Sat., 7.15 p.m., and to Ryde, 11.15 p.m. Fares, lowest rates.

HUNTER'S HILL AND LANE COVE STEAMERS LEAVE
LIME-STREET at 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 1.15, 2.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15.
LANE COVE, at 7, 8, 8.50, 10, 11, 12, 1.15, 2.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15.
SUNDAYS, LIME-STREET, 10, 11, 2.30, 2.45, 6.15, 7.15.
LANE COVE, 9, 12, 1, 3.15, 6, 7.15.
Extra on THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, Lime-street, 11.30 p.m. Lane Cove, 10 p.m. Fare, 1s.

FOR LEVUKA.—Barque CANOPUS is now receiving at Alger's Wharf, and will have prompt despatch.
For freight or passage, apply to
M. H. HORWITZ, Agent, 35, Pitt-street.

FOR LONDON.
The undersigned will despatch the undermentioned ships on the following dates:—

Name.	Tons.	Commander.	Date.
PHASIS ...	1490	J. Chrystal	... November.
LA HOGUE ...	1331	F. Wagstaff	... December.
HAWKESBURY	1120	H. Osborne	... January.
PARRAMATTA	1521	W. Goddard	... January.

To be followed by other first-class ships.
ALFRED LAMB and CO.

FOR LONDON.
Now loading at Central Wharf,
The magnificent A1 clipper ship PHASIS, 1490 tons register, J. Chrystal, commander, has large engagements, and will receive quick despatch.
For freight, &c., apply to
ALFRED LAMB and CO., Agents, Macquarie-place.
WOOL received at Central Stores.

FOR LONDON.
The splendid 100 A1 Clipper Barque, ANGLO-NORMAN, 864 tons Register, A. DAVIDSON, Commander, will be despatched on the 15th DECEMBER, having nearly the whole of her cargo engaged.
Intending passengers are invited to inspect her very superior accommodations. Apply to Captain Davidson, on board at Grafton Wharf, or to METCALFE, SIDDELEY, and CO., 9, Bridge-street.
Wool received at Flood's Blackwall Stores.

FOR LONDON.
The General Shipping Company's favourite regular trader, LOCH ETIVE, 1235 tons register, William Stuart, commander, having large engagements, will be promptly despatched.
The attention of intending passengers is specially invited to her spacious saloon and second cabin accommodation.
For freight or passage apply to
MASON BROTHERS.

FOR LONDON.
The fine A1 clipper Barque WOOLLAHRA, 946 tons register, James Barnesen, commander.
This splendid clipper has nearly all her cargo engaged, requiring only a limited quantity of wool, will receive prompt despatch.
For rate of freight apply to
COWLISHAW BROTHERS.
Wool received at Flood and Co.'s.

FOR LONDON.
The undermentioned favourite A1 Clipper Ships will be despatched during the ensuing wool season as under:—

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	To sail.
Cimba ...	1117	John Finnister	November
Colwyn ...	1160	E. Rolfe	November
Trafalgar ...	1430	D. Moir	December
Dartford ...	1274	A. S. Cutler	December

To be followed by other first-class ships.
For terms, &c., apply to
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO., Agents.

FOR LONDON.
WOOL RECEIVED AT CENTRAL STORES.
The fine A1 Aberdeen clipper ship CIMBA, 1117 tons register, John Finnister, commander.
This splendid clipper is now receiving cargo, and, having large engagements, will receive prompt dispatch.
For terms, &c., apply to Captain Finnister, on board; or to
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.

THE ABERDEEN LINE.—FOR LONDON.
The Favourite Clipper Ship PATRIARCH.
INTENDING PASSENGERS are invited to inspect this superb vessel. Saloon accommodation only. An experienced surgeon accompanies the ship.
Passage money, £40.
Apply to Captain PLATER, on board, at Circular Quay; or to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO., 4, O'Connell-street.

THE ABERDEEN LINE, FOR LONDON.
The favourite regular trader CHRISTIANA THOMPSON, 1679 tons register, R. Murray, Commander, is now loading as above, and having large engagements, will have early despatch.
For terms of freight apply to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.
Wool received at Talbot and Co.'s Stores.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.
The undermentioned first-class ships will be despatched for London punctually as under:—

Name.	Tons.	Master.	To sail.
Smyrna ...	1305	R. Jamieson	November
Dharwar ...	1300	— Hutchens	November

To be followed by other well-known first-class vessels.
For freight and all particulars apply to
DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO., Agents, 5, Bent-street.

FOR LONDON.
The magnificent clipper Ship SMYRNA, A1 at Lloyd's, 1305 tons, Robert Jamieson, commander, will leave in November. The attention of intending passengers is requested to the saloon accommodation, one cabin of which is still vacant. Having the greater portion of her cargo on board, she will have punctual despatch. Early application for the remaining space is necessary to
DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO., 5, Bent-street.
Cargo received at Parbury's stores.

SHIP JERUSALEM, FROM LONDON.
Consignees by this vessel are requested to pass ENTRIES at once for Town's Wharf. The ship will not be responsible for loss of or damage to cargo after it is landed, and all goods impeding the discharge will be entered, landed, and stored in Towns' Bond at the expense and risk of consignees.
Bills of lading must be produced, freight paid, and orders for delivery obtained from the undersigned, before any cargo can leave the wharf.
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO., Agents.

TONNAGE from SYDNEY for
ANTWERP
HAMBURG
LONDON
LIVERPOOL
ROTTERDAM.
The undersigned is always prepared to load full or part cargoes of SHALE, of which mineral vessels can carry as many tons weight as of coal.
ALBERT A. SMITH, Hunter and O'Connell streets.

WANTED, a VESSEL, to bring cargoes from Manning River. Fagan Brothers, timber merchants, Sussex-st.

WANTED, small VESSEL to carry 2000 spokes to Adelaide. JOHN ROBERTSON, 417, Pitt-street South.

WANTED to Charter or Purchase, a small BOAT, of good power, for harbour purposes. Address Secretary Port Jackson Steamship Company, Circular Quay.

MORT'S DOCK and ENGINEERING COMPANY Limited.
WORKS—Mort's Bay.
TOWN OFFICE—25, New Pitt-street, Sydney.
Engineers, Boilermakers, Shipbuilders, Iron and Brass Founders, Coppersmiths, and Millwrights.
Dry Dock, 460 feet long, 68 feet wide, fitted with patent keel-blocks.
The Patent Slip is capable of taking up vessels of 1000 tons burthen.
A large stock of Spars, Deck Planking, Metal, Oakum, &c., &c., always on hand.
Repairs executed on the shortest notice.

IF you are about to Buy a Drawing-room Suite, visit the Royal Furnishing Arcade To-day.

Religious Announcements.

ST. ANDREW'S CATHEDRAL.—St. Andrew's Day, November 30, being also the anniversary of the consecration of the Cathedral, the following services will be held, both choral:—
11 a.m.—Preacher, the Rev. Canon Moreton.
7.30 p.m.—The Right Rev. the Bishop of Melanesia.
Holy Communion at 11 a.m.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, FOREST LODGE.
A Public MEETING of the Parishioners of the above Church will be held on SUNDAY EVENING, December 3, after Benediction, to make arrangements with reference to Father Pollard's departure from the parish. J. G. COTTER, Hon. Sec. pro. tem.

Lectures.

REV. T. B. STEPHENSON, B.A., LL.D. (Founder of the Children's Home, England), will deliver a LECTURE, as follows:—
On FRIDAY EVENING, December 1, in the Protestant Hall, Subject: "The Waste and Wealth of Child Life;" a résumé and an appeal.
The Lecture will commence at 7.45 o'clock, and will be accompanied by pictorial, photographic, and musical illustrations.
A collection will be made on the occasion in behalf of the Home.
N.B.—This will be the LAST LECTURE Dr. STEPHENSON can give in Sydney.

Educational.

A GOOD Handwriting or Bookkeeping; one guinea. Norris, writing master, 88, Elizabeth-st., near Hunter-st.

LADIES' Writing and Bookkeeping Classes, 11 a.m., 1 p.m., 3 p.m., 6 p.m. Norris, writing master, 88, Elizbth-st.

MATRIC., Law, and Civil Service Classes.—J. A. Dobbie, of Sydney University, op. Alberto-ter., 31, Darlinghurst-rd.

MISS E. A. FOXALL, Teacher of Singing and Piano. Private Lessons and Class Singing. 92, Oxford-street.

MUSIC LESSONS.—Mrs. LAFORREST (pupil of Brinley Richards); terms mod. 193, Brougham-st. W'loo.

SIGNORA DE BARATY.—Quarter begins from day of entrance; 10, 5, and 3 guineas. 169, Bourke-st., W'm'loo.

TO YOUNG LADIES.—Private LESSONS in Reading and Writing. Mrs. Smith, Annie Cottage, Prospect-street, Erskineville-road, Macdonaldtown.

THE KING'S SCHOOL, PARRAMATTA.
REFORM AS TO VACATIONS.
The Vacations at the King's School will, in future, be limited to TWO in each year, viz.:—
I. "LONG VACATION" at Christmas, which will commence on such day in December of each year as shall enable those boys, whose homes are most distant, to arrive in time for their family reunions at Christmas. It will extend over SIX weeks, with a week added to cover the time occupied in travelling to and fro.
II. "MID-WINTER VACATION" which will commence on third Wednesday in June of each year, and extend over FOUR weeks, with the same margin of time allowed for travelling.
EASTER and MICHAELMAS VACATIONS are abolished—(1) because they are found to be most injurious interruptions to the progress of the boys; (2) because they are felt by parents to be "a most objectionable tax, involving them either in the risk and cost of two unnecessary journeys in each year;" or of "trespassing upon the hospitality" of their metropolitan friends; and (3) because all injury and inconvenience can easily and profitably be got rid of by having only TWO good vacations in each year.
The Head Master is firmly convinced that by adopting this reformed system of Vacations, he is insuring the best interests of every parent, pupil, and master connected with this school.
GEO. F. MACARTHUR, Head Master.
November 27, 1882.

THE KING'S SCHOOL.
LONG VACATION will commence on WEDNESDAY, December 13 next ensuing, and terminate on WEDNESDAY, January 31, 1883.
Early application is advised for Vacancies to arise at Christmas.
GEO. F. MACARTHUR, Head Master.
November 27, 1882.

UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY.
The Rev. E. G. HODGSON is prepared to receive Applications from Gentlemen attending the University, who, while ineligible for admission into, or not desiring to enter any of the affiliated colleges, may yet wish to receive, with or without residence within easy reach of the University, efficient assistance in preparing for the Lectures and Examinations. Address Rev. E. G. HODGSON, Collegiate School, Glebe Point.

VIOLIN taught. Parties, picnics, balls, attended. Apply 131, Phillip-street, between 6 and 7 any evening.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Personal.

A LETTER will find ADA (late of 208, Campbell-street), addressed J. Croft, Agent, 95, William-street.

CAMDEN TRAMWAY ACCIDENT.
Will the Lady (accompanied by a child) who was in the car at the above accident on 13th March last, kindly call or send address to Pigott and Trickett, solicitors, 163, King-street.

ELIZABETH PARSONS.—Please send Address to your Sister, BELLA, 47, Holt-street, Strawberry Hills.

FEE INSUFFICIENT. C. A.

F. PEPPER, passenger by s.s. Ly-ee-Moon.—Please call at 133, Clarence-street, opposite Barrack-street.

JOHN WALLACE BARNETT, in 1860-1 in Melbourne, afterwards went to Queensland, send address M. Gordon and Gotch. Note.—If dead, any person giving information will be gratefully thanked.

L. W.—Letter received too late; will write to-day (Thursday); same place and time.

MISS HONEY.—Please call and see Mr. Hunt, International Hotel. Important.

MR. BEAUCHAMP, Oven Builder.—Please call at once on H. Truman, Petersham.

MR. FRIZELL, oblige R. Sowry's Brother-in-law calling after 6 p.m. 200, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

MR. PHILIP M'CARTY, Brewer, late of Dunedin,—Call at O.I.C., 83, King-street, at once. Important.

WILLIAMS.—Will Mr. WILLIAMS, who resided at Mrs. Whitton's, Kent-street, kindly call at Mrs. Fletcher's, George-street Markets, concerning cottage, on Saturday. Mrs. Fletcher, Pitt-street, Redfern.

Lost and Found.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.—LOST, Sunday afternoon, between Forest Lodge and Circular Quay, a Lady's Gold Lever WATCH, owner's name inside. 3, Mabel-terrace, off Pyrmont Bridge-road.

LOST, BANKBOOK on Savings Bank, Barrack-street, between Sydney and Pyrmont. Leave at Bank.

LOST, on Tuesday, King PARROT. Bondi, Paddington-street, Paddington.

LOST, on 23rd, between Abercrombie and Morehead sts., ALBUM containing photos.; 10s reward. 19, M'head-st.

LOST, between Darlinghurst and Woolloomooloo, Silver Eagle Gold Anchor BROOCH; reward. Rosebank, Darl'st.

LOST, Fawn GREYHOUND, branded VR on shoulder. Reward on returning to Ernest Glover, 99, Princes-street.

LOST, a Bay MARE, W near shoulder. £1 reward. Ed. King, Myrtle-street, Darlington.

LOST, between King-street and Burwood, Gold LOCKET and Cross. Reward. Fuller's, stationer, George-st.

LOST, in Regent-street, an unfinished Waggon TRACE. Reward. M'Laughlin, saddler, Regent-street.

LOST, November 28th, opposite Marine Examiner's Office, Castlereagh-street North, an official ENVELOPE containing references, &c. Reward if left at this office.

LOST, or mislaid, a CHEQUE, drawn on the Union Bank, Sydney, for £25, No. 94. Reward. J. Stuart, Enmore-road, Marrickville, near Addison-road.

LOST, on Tuesday afternoon, either in King or George streets, a Black Hematite STUD, set in gold. Reward at Flavelle Brothers, George-street.

LEFT in cab No. 56, on 27th instant, HANDBAG, containing £1-note, four keys, infant's feeding bottle, some bills, and other documents. Reward on returning to Mrs. Hogan, Crown Hotel, Brickfield-hill.

ONE POUND Reward.—Lost, Chestnut MARE, branded W off shoulder, C near shoulder. J. Vaux, butcher, Fig-street, Ultimo.

ONE POUND REWARD.—LOST, last week, young Blue Greyhound DOG; also, Brindle-coloured Bitch PUPPY. T. Geddes, Walsh's woolwash, Waterloo.

ONE POUND REWARD.—LOST, from the University Paddock, one Grey HORSE, branded JS over — near shoulder. Gardner Bros., 706, George-street, Sydney.

REWARD, £1.—STRAYED from my residence, Bonnie Doon, Cook's River, 26 GEESE. Myles M'Rae.

STRAYED, Bay PONY, CH on shoulder, 2 under saddle; reward. H. Trethowan, Simmons-street, Enmore.

STRAYED, roan HORSE, with all cart harness on. Reward Cowen and Langley, Druitt-street, Sydney.

STRAYED, from Blackfriars Estate, Cream-coloured MARE. £1 reward. J. W. Black, Wattle-st., Chippendale.

STRAYED into my yard, a Grey Draught HORSE. Owner can have by paying expenses. 59, Gipps-street.

STRAYED, from Camperdown, one White and one Yellow and White COW. Reward by applying to the Honest Irishman Hotel, Camperdown.

FOUND, a DINGY. Owner can have it by paying expenses. D. Gallacher, Gipps-street, Balmain.

FOUND, GOAT and Kid. Owner can have same by paying expenses. 33, Shepherd-street.

Meetings.

ROYAL SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
The General Monthly MEETING of the members of the Royal Society of New South Wales will be held in the Society's House, Elizabeth-street North, on WEDNESDAY, December 6, at 8 p.m.
1. General business.
2. Ballot for new members.
3. Paper to be read,
"On the Ashes of some Epiphytes," by W. A. Dixon, F.C.S. &c.
A. LIVERSIDGE, A. LEIBIUS } Hon. Secs.

NEW SOUTH WALES BOWLING ASSOCIATION.—Having received a requisition (see Rule 11), I hereby convene a General MEETING, at the Oxford Hotel, on FRIDAY, the 1st December, at 8 p.m. sharp.
Business: To consider the advisability of altering the date of the Intercolonial Match with Victoria, arranging for Club Matches, &c., &c.
J. R. HAMILTON, Hon. Secretary.

THE ARTIZAN and AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL, Middle Harbour.
A MEETING of the Subscribers to this undertaking is hereby convened for MONDAY NEXT, the 4th proximo, at 4.30 p.m., at the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, to receive a statement of the receipts and payments, and to determine what steps shall be taken in reference to the continuance or close of the establishment.
ALFRED STEPHEN.
28th November, 1882.
Sir Alfred Stephen will preside, and all persons interested in the original project are invited to attend.

THE Protection and Political Reform League Council is hereby called to a Special MEETING, THIS EVENING, at the Temperance Hall, at 7.30. Most important election business.
R. C. LUSCOMBE, Secretary.

NO. 86, CROMWELL, L.O.L., meets TO-NIGHT, in Protestant Hall, at 8 sharp. Business important. Visitors invited.
JOHN EVANS, W.M.
JAS. HUTCHISON, Sec.

MASONIC.—Lodge Wentworth, No. 25, N. S. W.—Monthly MEETING THIS EVENING, Thursday, at the Glebe Town Hall, at 7.30. Visiting Brethren cordially invited.
HENRY F. BAKER, Secretary.

MASONIC.—Lodge Sydney Tarbolton, No. 2.—Regular MEETING, TO-NIGHT, Masonic Temple, Clarence-street, at 7.30. Initiations, &c.
J. A. WILSON, Hon. Sec.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING.
NOTICE is hereby given that a MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Company's Offices, on THURSDAY, the 30th instant, at half-past 3 o'clock p.m., to Elect an Auditor in the room of W. H. Paling, Esq., who has retired in accordance with the Deed of Settlement.
By order of the Board.
WILLIAM MALBON, Secretary.
Pyrmont Bridge Office, November 21, 1882.

QUEEN OF THE MOUNT GOLD-MINING COMPANY, MOUNT M'DONALD, No Liability.
The first GENERAL MEETING of this company will be held at this office, 112, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, 12th December, at 3 p.m., to receive directors' report, and transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting.
HENRY M. DEAKIN, Legal Manager.
N.B.—The scrip is now ready and can be had by applying to the office.

THE CENTENNIAL PROSPECTING AND BAAL GAMMON AMALGAMATED GOLD-MINING COMPANY, COPELAND, No Liability.
The first GENERAL MEETING of this Company will be held at this office, 112, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 3 p.m., to receive directors' report, and transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting.
HENRY M. DEAKIN, Legal Manager.

NEW COMSTOCK GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANY.—NO LIABILITY.
NOTICE is hereby given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, 88, PITT-STREET, Sydney, on THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30 CURRENT, at 1.35 p.m., to elect a DIRECTOR and TWO AUDITORS in room of those retiring, to receive DIRECTORS' REPORT, and to transact such other business as may be brought forward in conformity with provisions of the Articles of Association.
J. T. HURWOOD, Secretary.
Sydney, November 18.

HOLT-SUTHERLAND ESTATE LAND COMPANY, Limited.
A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of this Company will be held at 40, Hunter-street, Sydney, at 4 o'clock p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 6th December, 1882, to confirm the following resolution, passed on the 21st November, 1882, viz.:—"That section 31 of the Articles of Association be altered, by the omission of the words 'ten shares' in the last line, and the insertion in lieu thereof of the words 'five shares.'"
M. MALONEY, Manager.
Sydney, 29th November, 1882.

ROYAL SYDNEY YACHT SQUADRON.
The THIRD-CLASS RACE for a prize of the value of £20 is fixed for SATURDAY, 2nd December.
Entries will be received up to 6 p.m. THIS DAY, Thursday.
By order,
HENRY CORNWELL, Hon. Secretary.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

CLOTHING TO ORDER.
In our Order Department we have just to hand a choice Assortment of SUMMER SUITINGS, comprising the newest shades in Myrtle, Olive, Brown, Blue, Black, and Sage Mixtures, &c. These are the latest novelties in French Goods, and deserve special note.
To our stock of Tweeds, of which we are now making SUMMER SUITS TO MEASURE AT 75s, we have added a large parcel of New Patterns, and invite inspection.
FARMER and COMPANY.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.
In this branch we are showing garments which for QUALITY, CUT, FINISH, and STYLE are specially approved by our buyers, and where a fit can be secured, are equal in all respects to any clothing made to order.
TWEED SUITS.—Our name for these goods is fully established. We desire, however, to announce that we have just opened out some 1500 SUITS, commencing at 21s THE SUIT, then on to 25s, 27s 6d, 30s, 35s, and 42s, all sizes. We also desire to note our all-wool blue serge suits, a nice light texture, admirably adapted for summer wear; price only 32s 6d the suit.
FARMER and COMPANY.

COATS.
We are exhibiting a nice 4-button Sac Coat, very suitable for office wear, well and fashionably cut, in nice light textures, good colourings and patterns, at ONLY 10s 6d.
Our Military Duck Coat at 7s 6d; China Silk Coats, handsewn, only 15s.
FARMER'S light Summer Overcoats, for evening wear, will be found a useful garment and extremely cheap, at 16s 6d.
N.B.—We have always on hand Gentlemen's Black Cloth Dress Coats at 52s 6d. These coats, if made to order, would be not less than four guineas. We have all sizes in stock.
TROUSERS.
A leading line at this counter—all-wool Tweed Trousers, a hundred patterns to select from, at 7s 6d per pair. Another large parcel at 10s 6d the pair, made from a good West of England tweed; these are without exception the best value we have ever shown at the price.
TROUSERS and VESTS.
Of the same tweed, firstclass patterns at ONLY 16s 6d, all sizes in stock. Every buyer of clothing should see these. There is already UNPRECEDENTED DEMAND.
FARMER and COMPANY.

JAPANESE BLINDS.

FURNISH THROUGHOUT AT FARMER'S.

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING.
Here we are offering to our patrons several special parcels, which eclipse for shape, style, and finish—NOT FORGETTING PRICE—anything hitherto submitted.
KNICKERBOCKER SUITS for boys, trousers lined throughout, 7s 6d the suit, all sizes, positively wonderful value. We then follow on at 10s 6d, 12s 6d, 15s, 16s 6d, 17s 6d, 18s 6d, and 21s. All the foregoing are nicely trimmed, and thoroughly well cut and made.
TWEED SAC SUITS, deserving of our best recommendation, made from superior all-wool tweed, in excellent patterns and most durable colours, 15s 6d, 16s 6d, 18s 6d, 20s, and 25s the suit.
ETON SUITS.—We have devoted particular attention to the making up of these suits, and are producing garments equal to many hand-made suits to order, both gentlemanly in appearance and economical in price. We have obtained a reputation for these, and are of course anxious to retain it. An inspection will, we feel sure, but add to such reputation.
FARMER and COMPANY.

SHIRTS.
A large shipment of WHITE SHIRTS to hand, which, on inspection, will be found of exceptional value. They are cut with all the modern improvements, and proportioned to fit gentlemen of stout or slight build, military fronts, to button behind or in front, with the fashionable Cambridge cuff, and made for studs; the neckband, wristbands, and front of all pure linen, with superior finished calico body. We commence these at 21s THE HALF-DOZEN—SPECIALLY MADE FOR VICTORIA HOUSE. Our next qualities are 27s, 33s, 39s, and 45s the half-dozen. The largest parcel we have ever yet submitted, and well worthy of inspection.
REGATTA SHIRTS.
100 PATTERNS to select from, pure French cambric. We have these to button behind or in front, with or without collars, or with two collars for each shirt, cut to fit gentlemen stout or slender. In price we begin at 3s 6d each. Also numberless patterns in all silk and crape Crimeans, beautifully adapted for summer wear. A really first-class quality in crape, 6s 6d only, and a superior quality in silk at 11s 6d only.
PAJAMAS.
A special line in China Silk of a very superior quality at 17s 6d the SUIT. The usual price would be about 25s.
FARMER and COMPANY.

FURNISH THROUGHOUT AT FARMER'S.

SCARVES.
Just opened a choice parcel of these. We have made arrangements with our London house to ship a parcel for this department by every mail. We have consequently fresh goods every fortnight. We have a scarf which is just now all the rage in the West End of London. Patterns registered, and secured for our house only.

SILK HANDKERCHIEFS.
Including the favourite Hem-stitched, with self and fancy coloured borders, which have for some time past been scarce in the London trade.
HALF-HOSE.—A choice lot, including Cardinal, Plum, Navy, &c., coloured clox, in both pure and spun silk, superfine qualities, also in Cotton, Thread, and Summer Merino, in self colours and fancy patterns. Well worthy of attention.
FARMER and COMPANY.

CHINA SILK HELMET HATS.
We are now displaying in our windows a Hat which is well nigh indispensable in summer, and as last season's trade was extraordinary we determined to make some effort to produce something astonishing for this. We consider we have been successful, for we are now offering for 3s 6d a hat worth double the money. See the display in our windows.
FARMER and COMPANY.

JAPANESE BLINDS.

FURNISH THROUGHOUT AT FARMER'S.

CARPETS.
The ATTENTION of CARPET-BUYERS is respectfully directed to a shipment we have just landed. Never before have customers had an opportunity of inspecting in Australia such a stock in point of MAGNITUDE, VARIETY, and VALUE. Our recent purchases in England could have only been warranted by an enormous sale. This we fully and confidently anticipate, and have consequently by our consignments been placed PRE-EMINENT FOR THESE GOODS IN THIS CITY. Our invitation to inspect is issued on the assumption that our stock occupies no secondary position.
THE BEST EFFORTS OF THE BEST MAKERS ARE DISPLAYED IN OUR
New Extra WILTON PILES
New BRUSSELS
New TAPESTRY
New KIDDERMINSTER
New FLOORCLOTHS
New LINOLEUMS
New RUGS and SQUARES
New PIANO and BUGGY MATS
New MATTINGS, all kinds
New STAIR RODS, &c., &c.
The designs in our new CARPETS deserve a passing note. They comprise the Arabesque, Moorish, Gobelin, Moresque, and Landscape. Borders and Rugs to match.
FARMER and COMPANY.

REFRIGERATORS.
OUR PATENT SELF-VENTILATING REFRIGERATORS.
Over 200 to select from, sizes suitable for cottage or mansion. These refrigerators have been long and favourably known in America. Being constructed self-ventilating on scientific principles, a gradual and constant change of air is secured, while the rotation of air equalises the temperature, thus saving from 25 to 50 per cent. of ice.
The refrigerators are mounted on Superior Castors, and consequently are moved with great ease. Our prices are—No. 1, 35s; No. 3, 47s 6d; No. 1, Diamond Cupboard, 57s 6d; No. 2, 65s; No. 3, 77s 6d; No. 4, 90s; No. 5, 105s; No. 1, Excelsior Chest, 30s; No. 2, 42s; No. 3, 57s 6d; No. 1, Excelsior Cupboard, 80s; No. 2, 95s; No. 3, 110s; No. 4, 126s.
FARMER and COMPANY.

JAPANESE BLINDS.

FURNISH THROUGHOUT AT FARMER'S.

JAPANESE BLINDS.

AUSTRIAN FURNITURE.—It is unnecessary to dilate upon the superiority of this class of furniture. It has found its way everywhere, and its suitability for hot climates has been fully demonstrated. We import none but the best makers. We have landed, ex Canopus, several hundred Chairs and Settees.
Our quotations cannot be competed with, and we sell a single article at a lower price than that asked by wholesale houses for the same article, taking a case unbroken.
Send for our Austrian Furniture Catalogue, and compare our prices before deciding:—
Dining Chairs, 6s 6d, 7s 6d, 8s 6d, 9s 6d, up to 24s
Arm Chairs, 16s 6d and upwards
Folder Chairs, 18s 6d, and upwards
Rocking Chairs, 22s 6d, 35s, and 47s 6d
Settees, 37s 6d, 45s, 55s, and 63s
Couches, 68s and 95s.

Very superior London-made FURNITURE, by eminent London Manufacturers.

DINING-ROOM SUITES, upholstered in the very best of Leather, in American Walnut, Oak, and Manogany, at prices that will suit every class of customer:—

Dining-room suite ...	£26 10
Ditto ditto ...	32 10
Ditto ditto ...	37 10

And upwards.

SIDEBOARDS, BUFFETS, and WAGGONS, in Oak, American Walnut, Cedar, &c.
Our shipments of furniture contain some of the handsomest specimens of the cabinetmaker's art it has ever been our privilege to display.
ESTIMATES prepared for completely furnishing a house of any size—a great assistance to intending purchasers.
DRAWING-ROOM SUITES.—Over 60 different samples to select from, 14 guineas to 80 guineas.
Full and complete details and drawings sent post free on application.
FARMER and COMPANY.

CANVAS STRETCHER FOLDING BEDS, known as LADD'S COTS.
These COTS are correctly advertised as "Just the thing for hot weather." They can be opened and closed as readily as an umbrella. Make a perfect bed, no mattress or pillow required. Better than a hammock, as it fits the body as pleasantly and lays straight.
We have some 800 just to hand, our prices are 12s 6d and 16s 6d. Their utility and convenience are so self-evident that we have every confidence in recommending them. Inquire for LADD'S COTS.
AT FARMER'S.

JAPANESE BLINDS.

FURNISH THROUGHOUT AT FARMER'S.

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http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1417100

Amusements.

THEATRE ROYAL.

GREAT CRICKETING NIGHT,
THIS EVENING,
under the special patronage of
The Hon. IVO BLIGH
and his team of
ENGLISH CRICKETERS.

32nd REPRESENTATION
of
LA MASCOTTE.

THEATRE ROYAL.

Lessee ... ... Mr. Samuel Lazar
Treasurer ... ... Geo. L. Goodman
Doors open at 7.15; overture at quarter to 8. Carriages at 11.
Under the management of
Messrs. WILLIAMSON, GARNER, and MUSGROVE,
THE ROYAL COMIC OPERA COMPANY.

SIXTH WEEK
of
LA MASCOTTE.

THE INTEREST INTENSIFYING WITH EACH SUCCEEDING REPRESENTATION.
Crowded Houses Nightly.
NOTWITHSTANDING the ELECTION EXCITEMENT,
and various attractive amusements,
it still remains
THE RAGE OF SYDNEY.

TO-NIGHT,
AND UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE,
at quarter to 8 precisely.
TERMINATING AT ELEVEN.
AUDRAN'S LATEST COMIC OPERA,
in 3 Acts and Tableaux.

LA MASCOTTE	Miss MAGGIE MOORE	LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE	Miss NELLIE STEWART	LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE	Miss IDA OSBORNE	LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE	Miss MAGGIE STEWART	LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE	Mr. W. H. WOODFIELD	LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE	Signor VERDI	LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE	Mr. HARRISON	LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE	Mr. E. KELLY, and	LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE	Mr. H. R. HARWOOD.	LA MASCOTTE

A PERFECT ARMY OF AUXILIARIES.
Musical Director and Conductor, Signor PAOLO GIORZA.
SUPERB ARRAY OF COSTUMES.
MAGNIFICENT SCENERY by GEORGE GORDON.
No free list. Box plan open daily at Theatre from 11 till 4, seats secured six days in advance, and tickets for all parts of the house obtained also at Lloyd's, next theatre. Seats secured by telephone.
HENRY R. HARWOOD, Business Manager.

HIGHLAND SOCIETY'S MUSICAL UNION'S ANNUAL CONCERT
TO-NIGHT,
ST. ANDREW'S NIGHT,
under the conductorship of Mr. N. J. Gehde.
Mrs. Mitchell, Misses Walthers and Foxall, Messrs. Williamson, Foxall, and Hallewell, and Masters M'Rae will assist.
Solos, Duets, Choruses, and Highland Dances.
See programme in last Saturday's Herald.
Accompanist—Miss Horniman.
Piper—Mr. John M'Rae.
GEORGE WILSON, Hon. Secretary.

THE ASSOCIATION CRICKET GROUND.

INTERNATIONAL CRICKET MATCH.
INTERNATIONAL CRICKET MATCH.

ALL-ENGLAND 11 V. 11 NEW SOUTH WALES.
ALL-ENGLAND 11 V. 11 NEW SOUTH WALES.

HON. IVO BLIGH'S TEAM.

FRIDAY, SATURDAY, MONDAY, and TUESDAY,
1st, 2nd, 4th, and 5th DECEMBER.

Gates open at 10.30 a.m.
Play to commence at 12 o'clock noon.
Adjournment for luncheon at 1.30 p.m.
Play resumed at 2.15 p.m.
Pass cheques issued between 1 and 2 only.
Stumps drawn at 6 o'clock.

All vehicles and horses must be removed from the ground before 10.30 a.m. each day.
No carriages or horses allowed on the ground.
All dogs found within the enclosure are liable to be destroyed.
Tramcars will run to the ground every few minutes.
Betting strictly prohibited.
Ground rules strictly enforced.
Admission to ground 1s.
Grand Stand and Lawn 2s 6 extra.
JAMES PERRY,
Secretary Association Cricket Ground.
267, George-street.

HON. IVO BLIGH'S ENGLISH TEAM
v.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

THE CITY CATERING COMPANY
will provide the
LUNCHEONS and REFRESHMENTS
in the
GRAND STAND.

LADIES' REFRESHMENT ROOM specially provided.
LUNCHEON 2s 6d for the Ladies and Gentlemen of the Grand Stand and Lawn.

N.B.—Owing to the inconvenient crushing to get at luncheon last season the committee have opened up a doorway to the southern dining hall, thereby devoting to the
PATRONS OF THE GRAND STAND
twice the sitting accommodation of last season.
Gentlemen need therefore feel no hesitation in taking ladies to luncheon, as there will be ample room for all.
CITY CATERING COMPANY,
315, George-street.

ASSOCIATION CRICKET GROUND.
Mr. C. F. STRATTON begs to inform his friends and the public that he is still to be found at the PAVILION BARS, where none but the best brands of Wines, Spirits, and Beers are retailed, and respectfully solicits the patronage he has enjoyed during the past four years.
C. F. STRATTON, Lessee.

ASSOCIATION CRICKET GROUND.
SOUTHERN BOOTH. First-class Luncheon, English Ham, Sanwiches, and Tea, Fruit, Confectionery, Pastry, and Ices, all first-class quality. New South Wales Fresh Food and Ice Company's pure Milk. TAYLOR, Temperance Caterer, 112, William-street, late Mr. Evans' boot shop.

ASSOCIATION CRICKET GROUND.
ENGLAND v. AUSTRALIA.
Mrs. J. W. HADDON will run a first-class Pastry, Fruit, and Luncheon Booth; also, American Iced Drinks and Ice Cream.

W. STEDMAN, of Oxford-street, has bought the Eastern Booth at the Cricket Match. Will sell English ham sandwiches, tea, and all kinds of pastry, gingerbeer, pure ice milk, fruit, ice creams.

AUSTRALIAN JOCKEY CLUB.

MIDSUMMER MEETING.

BOXING DAY (Tuesday), DECEMBER 26th, 1882.
under the management of the
Committee of the Australian Jockey Club.

THE HURDLE RACE, of 100 sovs., with a sweepstake of 3 sovs. each, for starters. Two miles and a-half.

THE DECEMBER STAKES closed with 74 nominations.

THE SUMMER CUP closed with 80 nominations.

THE AMATEUR HANDICAP.—Piece of Plate, value 50 sovs., and 50 sovs in specie, with a sweep of 2 sovs each for starters, to go to second horse. One mile and a quarter.

THE SELLING PLATE, of 100 sovs., 7lb allowed for each reduction of £25 on selling price, down to £25. One mile and a quarter.

THE TWO-YEAR-OLD PLATE, of 100 sovs. Colts, 8st. 10lb.; fillies and geldings, 8st. 7lb. The winner to be sold for £200; 7lb. allowed for every reduction of £50 on selling price down to £50. If entered not to be sold, to carry 7lb. extra. Five furlongs.

THE A.J.C. HANDICAP, of 150 sovs., with a sweep of 5 sovs. each for starters. One mile and a furlong.

The General Entries for the above Meeting are to be made at the office of the A.J.C. or V.R.C. Secretary on or before 4 p.m. THIS DAY, Thursday, 30th November, 1882.
Handicaps to be declared on or before THURSDAY, 14th December, 1882.
Entrance for each race, one sovereign.
No entry will be received for any of the above races, except upon the condition that all disputes, claims, and objections arising out of the racing shall be decided by the Committee, or those whom they may appoint, their authority to be supreme, and their decisions final and conclusive on all questions arising out of or connected with the carrying out of this programme.
No entry will be received on any pretence whatever after the hour named.
A.J.C. Rules.
By order.
T. S. CLIBBORN, Sec. to A.J.C.

SIR JOSEPH BANKS PAVILION,
BOTANY.

A GRAND HANDICAP SKATING CONTEST
to take place on
SATURDAY, the 9th day of DECEMBER,
for
TWO "GOLD MEDALS,"
Value, Five Guineas and Two respectively.

ENTRANCE FREE,
to close on Saturday, the 2nd of December.

The Proprietor reserves the right to refuse any entry he may think fit.
Entries will be received at the Burrangong Hotel, Hay-street, up to 9 p.m. on Saturday, December 2.
FRANK SMITH.

BALMAIN PRESBYTERIAN SCHOOL,
Campbell-street.
EXCURSION TO PEARL BAY on THURSDAY, Nov. 30.
First steamer from Dock, 8.30, Darling-street 9 sharp; second steamer from Reynolds-street 9.30, Stephen-street 9.45, Darling-street 10; third steamer Darling-street only 11.30; fourth steamer Dock 2.15, Darling-street 2.30. Return—First steamer 4, second 5, third and fourth 6.30 p.m. Adults' tickets, 2s each; children's ditto, 1s ditto.
A. FRASER, Sec.

TO SCHOOLS, SOCIETIES, AND PICNIC PARTIES.

THE AVENUE, Lane Cove River.—Recreation Grounds open for ENGAGEMENT. Dancing and Luncheon Pavilions; also large Green, newly laid out for cricket and athletic sports.
Fast and commodious steamers supplied at most moderate rates. Mr. Duncan Butters having undertaken the catering and looking after the grounds, every satisfaction will be given.
For further particulars apply to N. JOUBERT, Lime-street Wharf; or Mr. BUTTERS, on the grounds.

CHALLENGE.—Hearing M. RUSH is in Sydney, I am prepared to make a match to row him, or any man in the colonies, for £200 a side and the Championship of the Colonies, in best and best boats, over the champion course, Parramatta River, in, say, six weeks from this date.
E. C. LAYCOCK.

I. O. G. T.—Star of the West Lodge, No. 217.—PRESENTATION by the Members to Lodge Deputy Bro. HENRY BROWN, THIS EVENING, in the Mission Hall, Abercrombie-street. District Deputy Bro. Cresswell will preside. Members of the order cordially invited.
JOHN A. SULLIVAN, W. Secretary.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

OPERA HOUSE.
Lessee and Manager ... ... W. J. Wilson
Directress ... ... Emelie Melville
Manager for Miss Melville ... ... T. S. Casselli
Treasurer ... ... W. P. Morrison.
EMELIE MELVILLE OPERA COMPANY.
NOTICE.—THIS DAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY.—The Box Office will be open from 11 till 3 at the OPERA HOUSE, King-street, where seats can be secured. On Monday and after at A. Huenerbein's, as hitherto.
No Free List. Press excepted.

LAST	SIXTH WEEK SIXTH WEEK	LAST
NIGHT	of this	NIGHT
BUT	UNAPPROACHABLE ORGANISATION.	BUT
ONE	Notwithstanding its great success,	ONE
OF	POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT BUT ONE	OF
GIROFLE	of	GIROFLA
GIROFLE	GIROFLE-GIROFLA.	GIROFLA
GIROFLE	The most artistic performance	GIROFLA
GIROFLE	to be seen in	GIROFLA
GIROFLE	Sydney.	GIROFLA
GIROFLE	EMELIE MELVILLE	GIROFLA
GIROFLE	as the Twin Sisters.	GIROFLA
GIROFLE	CHARLES HARDING	GIROFLA
GIROFLE	as Marasquin.	GIROFLA
GIROFLE	EDWARD FARLEY	GIROFLA
GIROFLE	as Mourzouk.	GIROFLA
GIROFLE	T. S. CASSELLI	GIROFLA
GIROFLE	as Don Bolero.	GIROFLA

SATURDAY, December 2,
Offenbach's favourite Comic Opera,
LA PERICHOLE.
Powerful Chorus and Orchestra. New Scenery.
Conductor—LEON CARON.
Opera terminates at 10.45.

WANTED,
at once,
THOROUGHLY COMPETENT CHORISTERS,
male and female,
for a long engagement with the
EMELIE MELVILLE OPERA COMPANY.
Also,
Fifty attractive young ladies.
Apply at the Opera House at 10.30 to-day.

Business Announcements.

E. WAY,	BABY	E. WAY,
Draper,	LINEN,	Draper,
Pitt-street.	LADIES'	Pitt-street.
E. WAY,	UNDERCLOTHING,	E. WAY,
Draper,	TRAVELLING	Draper,
Pitt-street.	OUTFITS.	Pitt-street.

LEGAL.—Mr. F. J. PERKS, Solicitor, &c. (from the office of the late Mr. S. C. Brown), has commenced practice at Wentworth-court, Elizabeth-street.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
Mr. JOHN DANKS has Removed from 119, Liverpool-street, to his new Warehouse, 363, Pitt-street, Sydney, where a new and well assorted stock of Chandeliers, Gasfittings, Plumbers' and Engineers' Brassware, &c., will always be on hand.
Note the
NEW ADDRESS,
363, Pitt-street, Sydney.

OWNERS of blocks of Land suitable for Cutting-up. Every facility offered by the Haymarket Auction Company, Limited, as to placing some in the Market for sale. The Company are also prepared to undertake Outdoor Sales of every description, with prompt and efficient attention. Fullest information at their Auction Mart, Corn Exchange, Haymarket.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Mr. D. SCOTT desires to inform his friends and patrons that he has sold the whole of his negatives to Mr. H. KING, Photographer, 316, George-street, who will supply copies that may be required at any time.

P. E. BOUND, late of 259, Bourke-street, has removed to 267, George-street, first floor.

REMOVAL.—Our Offices have been REMOVED from Wentworth-court to 77, Pitt-street, Sydney, formerly occupied by the late Mr. S. C. Brown.
JONES and JONES, Solicitors.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—Mr. T. W. WARREN, Manufacturer's Agent and Importer, has REMOVED his business from 317, George-street, to larger and more commodious premises, No. 50, Clarence-street.

RILEY BROTHERS,
Cheapest Drapers in Australia.

Wholesale Warehouse, 520, George-street,
near the Post Office.

Country Storekeepers, Hawkers, and others supplied with smallest quantities at lowest wholesale rates.

Send for a sample parcel for comparison.

HOLDSWORTH, MACPHERSON, and CO. beg to inform their constituents and the public generally that, finding the premises NOW OCCUPIED BY THEM IN MARKET-STREET altogether inadequate for carrying on their business satisfactorily, they have taken those large and commodious premises, No. 254, GEORGE-STREET, situated nearly opposite Jamison-street, and formerly occupied by Messrs. Jas. Levick and Co., and latterly by the Bank of Australasia. REMOVAL OF THE BUSINESS WILL NOT TAKE PLACE FOR SOME LITTLE TIME, AND DUE NOTICE OF WHICH WILL BE GIVEN.

ANTHONY HORDERN AND SONS.
MERCHANTS
and
IMPORTERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
of

DRAPERY	MEN'S and BOYS' HATS and CAPS
HABERDASHERY	
FANCY GOODS	MILLINERY (French and English)
LACES, RIBBONS, GLOVES	
COSTUMES and MANTLES	CARPETS
FLOWERS, FEATHERS, and PARACHUTES	MATTINGS
	LINOLEUMS
UMBRELLAS, MERCERY	CROCKERYWARE
HOSIERY	STATIONERY
MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING	BOOTS and SHOES.

All orders will be promptly attended to, and should be addressed in full to
ANTHONY HORDERN and SONS,
PALACE EMPORIUM,
HAYMARKET, Sydney.

N.B.—London Address:—
13, Edmund-place,
Aldersgate-street, E.C.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—C. KLEEMANN, Black and White Smith, late of Castlereagh-street, has removed to Sussex-street, near Liverpool-street.

REMOVAL.—R. HARNETT, Jun., and CO., to 19, Macquarie-place.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF SYDNEY.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after 1st December next, the BUSINESS hitherto carried on at the Southern Branch of this Bank, 587, George-street, Brickfield-hill, will be TRANSFERRED to the NEW OFFICES, at the corner of George and Campbell streets, and the Branch will henceforth be known as the HAYMARKET BRANCH.
F. A. A. WILSON, Manager.
Sydney, 28th November, 1882.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
We hereby give NOTICE that we have THIS DAY admitted Mr. JAMES BORDLEY BROWN, Auctioneer, lately of Inverell, as a PARTNER in our Business of Auctioneers, Property Salesmen, and Valuators, and the same will henceforth be conducted under the name and style of WITHERS, CALLAGHAN, and BROWN, at the premises now occupied by us, 136, Pitt-street.
Witness our hands this twenty-seventh day of November, 1882.
G. WITHERS.
JOHN CALLAGHAN.
J. B. BROWN.
Witness—R. L. Murray, J.P.

PRETTY SUITES on view at the Royal Furnishing Arcade To-day. Turn to Campbell Brothers' adv., page 18.

Musical Instruments.

WILLIAM EZOLD,
CENTRAL PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE,
408½, GEORGE-STREET,
Sydney Arcade.

PIANOS, PIANOS, PIANOS,
by the world celebrated makers,

Bechstein	Kaps
Bechstein	Kaps
Bechstein	Kaps
Bechstein	Kaps.

GRAND and COTTAGE PIANOS,
in black and walnut cases,
at
MODERATE PRICES.

THE GREATEST SHOW OF PIANOS,
THE CHOICEST STOCK OF PIANOS,
by twenty different first-class makers,
at Wholesale Prices
at Wholesale Prices
at Wholesale Prices,
in order
TO MAKE ROOM
To Make Room
To Make Room
FOR NEW SHIPMENTS DAILY EXPECTED.

Pianos sold on easy terms to suit purchasers.
Pianos taken in exchange, the highest value given.
Pianos tuned by first-class tuners.
All kinds of instruments repaired.

WILLIAM EZOLD,
Importer and Manufacturer of Pianos.
FIRST PRIZE
for Colonial Manufactured Pianos
SYDNEY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

408½, GEORGE-STREET,
Sydney Arcade.

PIANO.—Handsome WALNUT UPRIGHT GRAND, by G. Simon, double oblique, over-strung on strong iron frame, 7 octaves, beautifully finished, delicate in touch, and of extreme brilliancy of tone, sound and durable, embodying all the most modern improvements; price VERY LOW. Inspection invited. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Pianoforte Warehousemen, Spring and O'Connell streets.

PIANOS will never be sold so cheaply as they are now at 15½, Bridge-street. Every good maker; Lipp, Ronish, Simon, Schwechten, Rosener, &c., &c. Only five Bords left at £22 10s. A nominal rent is the sole cause of such extraordinary low prices, and as removal will take place in a few days, those about purchasing should, at any rate, inspect these Pianos. 15½, Bridge-street (temporary store).

NEW ENGLAND ORGAN COMPANY'S CABINET ORGANS,
AT EXTREME DISCOUNTS FOR CASH ONLY.

Critical examination is solicited. PRICE LISTS and CATALOGUES sent POST FREE on application to the SOLE AGENTS for Australian colonies,
BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO.,
York-street, Wynyard-square.

BRINSMEAD'S superb PIANOS; cash or time payments. Royle and Co., Bond-street.

PIANO, only £18, great sacrifice, brilliant toned, iron frame, walnut, cottage. 431, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

FOR SALE, Harmonium, rosewood (by Alexandre), stops, organ-toned; cheap, for cash. 29, Botany-street, S. H.

COTTAGE Piano for Sale, trichord, overstrung, 7 octs., iron-bound, with stool; great bargain. 29, Botany-st., S. H.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

GAIETY THEATRE.
Lessees ... ... Messrs. L. M. Bayless and W. Reynolds.
Directress ... ... Mrs. M. Gladstane-Bayless.
Under the management of Mr. FRANK TOWERS.

SHERIDAN		SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN	THE	SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN		SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN	MERCHANT	SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN		SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN	OF	SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN		SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN	VENICE.	SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN		SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN		SHERIDAN

Engagement of the Talented and Popular Tragedian
Mr. W. E. SHERIDAN,
Miss LOUISE DAVENPORT,
and a specially augmented and powerful Company.
ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.
VOCIFEROUS APPLAUSE.
RECALLS AFTER EACH ACT.
MARVELLOUS CREATION.
DELIGHTED AUDIENCES.

THIS EVENING, THURSDAY, November 30.
THE MERCHANT OF VENICE.
SHYLOCK ... ... Mr. W. E. SHERIDAN
PORTIA ... ... Miss LOUISE DAVENPORT
Business Manager for Mr. Sheridan ... Mr. Sydney Hall.
Doors open at 7.15. Commence at 8. Carriages 10.40.
Reserved seats at Nicholson and Co.'s, 325, George-street.

SATURDAY EVENING, December 2,
A NEW WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS.
SIR GILES OVERREACH ... Mr. W. E. SHERIDAN
MARGARET OVERREACH ... Miss LOUISE DAVENPORT

Government Notices.

GOVERNMENT TRAMWAYS.
BOTANY LINE.

The public are hereby informed that on SATURDAY next, the 2nd December, the additional trips usually made on Saturday will not be made until after about 7.30 p.m., and Tramcars will be run in accordance with the ordinary table in use on other week days.
CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.
Department of Public Works, Railway Branch,
Sydney, 29th November, 1882.

GOVERNMENT TRAMWAYS.
ALL-ENGLAND ELEVEN CRICKET MATCH,
1st, 2nd, 4th, and 5th December, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the above dates only Special and Moore Park Trams will run to the Association Ground gates.
CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.
Department of Public Works, Railway Branch,
November 29, 1882.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.
ALL-ENGLAND ELEVEN CRICKET MATCH,
1st, 2nd, 4th, and 5th DECEMBER, 1882.

RETURN TICKETS at EXCURSION FARES will be issued to Sydney at all stations within 150 miles by the up-mail trains arriving in Sydney on Friday morning, the 1st December, and at all stations within 50 miles on Friday, Saturday, Monday, and Tuesday, the 1st, 2nd, 4th, and 5th December respectively, available for return until Wednesday, the 6th December.
CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner of Railways.
Department of Public Works (Railway Branch),
November 29, 1882.

Department of Public Works, Roads and Bridges,
Sydney, November 23, 1882.
TENDERS.—Attention is directed to Gazette Notice inviting tenders for undermentioned Lease:—

	Time for receipt of Tender.
Lease for 1883 of Wentworth Ferry	December 19.

Department of Public Works, Roads Branch,
Sydney, November 3, 1882.
TENDERS.
Attention is directed to Gazette Notice inviting TENDERS for undermentioned work, viz.:—

	Time for receipt of Tenders.
Supply of Ironmongery for 1883	December 5.
Supply of Ship Chandlery for 1883	
For Department of Roads.	

JOHN LACKEY.
The Treasury, New South Wales,
27th November, 1882.

MANUFACTURE OF UNIFORM CLOTHING,
for the Police Force, Naval Brigade, &c.
TENDERS will be received at this Office up to noon of FRIDAY, the 8th proximo, from persons desirous of tendering for the manufacture of
UNIFORM CLOTHING
for the Police Force, Naval Brigade, &c., for a period of FIVE YEARS, from 1883 to 1887 inclusive.
The cloth will be supplied by the Government, and the contractor will be required to find all necessary linings, trimmings, &c.
Specifications and forms of tender may be obtained at the Treasury, and samples may be seen at the Government Stores, Circular Quay.
It will be necessary for the contractor and two approved sureties to enter into a bond for the sum of £2000, and failing completion of the same within fourteen days from date of notification of acceptance of tender, the contract may either be cancelled or another tender accepted.
The contractor will be required to pay the cost of duty stamps in connection with the contract.
Tenders should be addressed to the Under-Secretary for Finance and Trade, and endorsed "Tender for Manufacture of Uniform Clothing."
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
JAMES WATSON.

Business Cards.

A CARD.—SIMS and PARKES, Wholesale and Retail Herbalists, treat all diseases. 240, George-street North.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH, on Gold, Vulcanite, &c. Marshall Brothers, Dentists, 106, Market-st. East. Fees mod.

ACCOUCHMENT BELTS, Waterproof Sheeting, Nursing Stays, Nursing Aprons, &c. E. WAY, Pitt-street.

ADVANCE AUSTRALIA.—Just the thing I want for travelling—a Portmanteau made with iron frame. No wooden ones used at LANCASHIRE, Jun., and CO.'S, 226, Pitt-street, Sydney. Repairing done.

A. COX, Silk, Woollen, and Cotton Dyer, Scourer, and Hotpresser, 61, William-street, Woolloomooloo; 885, Railway Bridge; and 20, Hunter-st. Gentlemen's apparel scoured and properly pressed daily. Mourning dyed on the shortest notice.

A CARD.—MAPPIN BROTHERS, Plain and Fancy Paper Box Manufacturers. Awarded first prize medals exhibitions of 1874, '76, and '77; special prize, 1878; first prize, 1881. 75, Bathurst-street West.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH, from a single tooth to a complete set; for appearance, mastication, and articulation, a perfect fit guaranteed; charges moderate. M. A. EMANUEL, Dentist, Market-chambers, George-street, opposite Markets.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH made on the latest English principles. Mr. J. F. CARTER, Surgical and Mechanical Dentist, from London, guarantees perfect fit, mastication, and natural appearance, at a very moderate cost. Painless extraction by Gas. 32, College-street, near Museum.

A. A. DEBNEY and CO.,
successors to
HOBSON and WHITING,
GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS, &c.,
13, HUNTER-STREET,
SYDNEY.

A CARD.—J. SEBASTIAN WILKINSON, F.R.C.S. London, 15 years Surgeon and many years Senior Surgeon to the Central London Eye Hospital; also many years Senior Surgeon to the Western Ophthalmic Hospital, London. Address 225, Macquarie-street, Sydney.

A CARD.—The FIRST PRIZE and Highest Award for Mechanical Dentistry at the SYDNEY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.—The N. S. W. Agricultural Exhibition Medal for 8 years successively, the London International Medal, and the Philadelphia Centennial Medal for Artificial Teeth have been gained by Mr. John Spencer, against all competitors.
PAINLESS EXTRACTION by the aid of Nitrous Oxide Gas.
Mr. JOHN SPENCER,
44, Wynyard-square North.

COOPER, NATHAN, and CO., Wholesale Wine and Spirit Merchants, Haymarket, Sydney. Established 1861.

CORNS, Bunions, and defective Nails CURED by Mr. G. ALEXANDER, Surgeon-Chiropodist, 113, Pitt-street.

DONALD MACDONALD, Painter, Paperhanger, and general Violinist, 2 Queen-street, Chippendale, for Hire.

DR. GEORGE ON LEE, late of College-street, having returned from Europe, will see patients as usual, at 46, Wynyard-square North, Sydney.

EYE, EAR, and THROAT SPECIALIST.—Dr. SPARK may be consulted at 26, College-street, Hyde Park.

EDWARD WATERS' International PATENT and Trade Marks Office. Fred. Walsh, manager, 6, Bridge-st.

E. WAY,	FAMILY	E. WAY,
Pitt-street.	MOURNING,	Pitt-street.
E. WAY,	EVERY	E. WAY,
Pitt-street.	REQUISITE.	Pitt-street.

GO to the TEMPERANCE HALL DINING-ROOMS, Pitt-street, for your Breakfast, 9d; Dinner, 1s; or Tea, 9d.

GAS STOVE "VICTORY."—Special Cooking Test Saturday next, 11 till 1. Roasting, boiling, pastry-cooking, grilling over the flame, toasting and heating irons. Worth seeing. Raleigh, inventor, 253, Elizabeth-street.

GARDENING.
JOHN G. TRESEDER,
Nurseryman and Seed Merchant,
undertakes the laying out and furnishing gardens.
Please apply to his Seed Warehouse, 16, Royal Arcade, Sydney.

HATS, Feathers, Gloves cleaned and dyed at Mrs. Allen's, next herbalist's, Newtown-road.

IF you are about to Buy a Drawing-room Suite, visit the Royal Furnishing Arcade To-day.

J. LAWLER,
608, GEORGE-STREET
(established 1860),
is the best House in New South Wales to purchase
Iron Bedsteads
Brass Bedsteads
Children's Cots
Austrian Chairs
American Chairs
Palliasses and Mattresses
Kapok Curled Hair
Cotton, Flock, Fibre, and Flax.

MEDICAL.—ALEXANDER DEWAR, M.D., Edin., L.R.C.S., has commenced practice at 117, Palmer-street.

TRAVELLERS BY SEA and LAND.
Portmanteaus, Trunks and Bags, Ladies' Reticules, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fitted Bags, Dressing Cases, Tourist Bags, Writing Folios, Post Bags, Purses and Wallets, a large variety to select from.
JOHN BRUSH, 403, George-street,
opposite Royal Hotel.

W. G. HIBBLE, House Decorator, 98, King-street, Newtown. Designs furnished.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Public Notices.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.
In the Intestate Estate of JAMES QUINN, late of Dunlop Station, near Louth, Cook, deceased.
CREDITORS are to forward to the Curator (through the Post Office if they think fit), at his Office in the Supreme Court, Sydney, their claims for proof, verified by affidavit, on or before the 20th day of December next, or they will be excluded from all benefit from this Estate.
Creditors may, however, if they prefer it, forward, in the same way, their claims to the Curator's agent, H. J. HARRISON, Esq., of Louth, so as to be received from him for proof, by the time above-named.
THEO. POWELL,
Sub-Curator of Intestate Estates.
29th November, 1882.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.
VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.
To the WIDOW and Next-of-Kin of CHARLES HANDFORD, late of Upper Paterson, in the colony of New South Wales, Hawker, deceased, intestate.
WHEREAS it has been represented to us in our Supreme Court of the colony of New South Wales that the above-named CHARLES HANDFORD departed this life on the twenty-first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, having at the time of his death lands, goods, chattels, credits, and effects in the said colony, we therefore hereby peremptorily cite you and each of you to appear personally, or by your respective Proctors, before our said Court, at the Supreme Courthouse, King-street, Sydney, on FRIDAY, the fifteenth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two; then and there to accept or refuse Letters of Administration of the said lands, goods, chattels, and effects of the said Charles Handford, deceased, intestate, or show cause why the same should not be committed to Robert Campbell, of West Maitland, in the said colony, a storekeeper, a creditor of the said deceased.
Witness his Honor Sir James Martin, Knight, Chief Justice of our said Court, at Sydney, this twenty-fourth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.
For the Prothonotary,
E. A. LUMSDAINE,
Acting Ecclesiastical Clerk.
Richard Alexander Young, of West Maitland, Proctor for the applicant, by William John Ferguson, 136, Pitt-street, Sydney.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.
In the Intestate Estate of WILLIAM JAMES FORD, late of 52, Union-street, Pyrmont, Clerk, deceased.
CREDITORS are to forward to the Curator (through the Post Office if they think fit), at his office in the Supreme Court, Sydney, their claims for proof, verified by affidavit, on or before the 14th day of December next, or they will be excluded from all benefit from this estate.
THEO. POWELL,
Sub-Curator of Intestate Estates.
29th November, 1882.

IN the WILL of WILLIAM TYE, late of Newtown, near Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, Butcher, deceased.—PURSUANT to the Trust Property Act of 1862. NOTICE is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any debts or claims upon or affecting the estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died on the twenty-second day of April last past, are hereby requested to send in the particulars of their claims to MARY TYE, JAMES TYE, and JOSEPH JOLLY, the Executrix and Executors of the Will of the said deceased, under cover to the undersigned, on or before the eighteenth day of December next, at the expiration of which time the said Executrix and Executors will proceed to distribute, the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard to the debts and claims only of which they shall then have notice, and they will not be liable for the assets so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not have notice at the time of such distribution.
Dated this fifteenth day of November, A.D., 1882.
JONES and JONES,
Proctors for the said Executrix and Executors,
77, Pitt-street, Sydney.

TRADE PROTECTIVE INSTITUTE.
Head Office, Temple-court, King-st., Sydney, and at Brisbane.
This office has been established upwards of five years, and has proved of much service to the mercantile community. It enjoys the support of over 2000 members, embracing all the bankers, leading merchants, squatters, storekeepers, and business men throughout the colony. A complete daily and weekly circular is issued, giving a full report of all bills of sale, cattle, crop, and wool mortgages, insolvencies, &c. Agencies—London, Stubbs and Co.; New York, The Broadstreet Company; Melbourne, Coombs and Co.; Adelaide, Lawrance and Brook; and in every town of importance in New South Wales. Prospectus on application.
BRETNALL BROTHERS, Proprietors.
All communications to be addressed in the name of the proprietary, as we have no connection with any other similarly styled offices.

THE RETAIL TRADESMEN and CONTRACTORS' PROTECTION OFFICE, Central-chambers, 279, Pitt-street.—To our Subscribers and others.—The threatening circular headed "In Liquidation—the Mutual Trade Protection Association of New South Wales," and signed J. Hurst, secretary, was never sent out by us, and receivers would do well to call at this office before paying the demands made therein.
We only publish the "Black and White List," which is intended for the retail trade.
Subscription, £1 1s per annum, in advance, from date of entry.
Please address REES and BROCKMAN.

CITY NIGHT REFUGE and SOUP KITCHEN.—Mr. P. B. M'LEISH is authorised to receive subscriptions on behalf of above, and whose receipt will be sufficient discharge.
H. B. LEE, Manager.

SYDNEY MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the re-issue of BOOKS will commence on MONDAY NEXT, instead of Friday.
JOHN HENDERSON, Secretary.

I BEG to TENDER my sincere THANKS to the Pyrmont Band, Committee, and Performers, for the successful benefit they got up on my behalf.
B. BRALEY, Pyrmont.

NOTICE.—If JOHN ALEXANDER, Contractor, does not proceed with the erection of Cottage for me at Darlington, on or before the 30th November, 1882, I shall finish same at his risk, according to contract. James Meader.

CREAM-COLOURED Mare Stolen; £5 reward on conviction of thief. J. W. Clark, 56, Wattle-street.

TO ARCHITECTS.
The Committee of the Rockhampton School of Arts invite DESIGNS, accompanied with an Estimate of Cost, for a new SCHOOL OF ARTS.
A Premium of FIFTY POUNDS will be given for the design approved of by the Committee, which design will become their property.
Designs to be sent to the Secretary, G. POTTS, Junr., School of Arts, Rockhampton, Queensland, from whom all particulars can be obtained, on or before the 14th February, 1883.

INTENDING HOUSE FURNISHERS should certainly visit the Royal Furnishing Arcade at this time. Thousands of choice and beautiful articles have been brought forward suitable for the Christmas season. Do not wait until all is bustle and excitement. Purchase at once. You will have better opportunities for selecting now than you will have in two or three weeks' time. Those who come first will have the pick of the magnificent collection. TO-DAY will be a special day for the sale of Suites. Turn to the Furniture Column, page 18.
CAMPBELL BROTHERS,
ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE,
426, George-street, Sydney, next the Royal Hotel.

AN EXPRESS VAN having been provided, parcels, no matter how small, can be delivered immediately.

ALMOST READY, Puck's Almanac, 1883. The Publication of the Season. Published December 5.

OYEZ, OYEZ, OYEZ!—To the Electors of glorious Sydney, the chiefest amongst any amount of thousands of cities. We want your cheerful smiling faces to come to the election, and poll manfully at our Auction Sale of Landed and Household Properties on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11, by the Haymarket Auction Company, Limited, Corn Exchange. So wire in, and prove to the northern end of the city that they are not going to have it all their own way. So come to the aid of the sunny south, where the atmosphere is pure.

ENGLISH AGENCY.—The undersigned, established in London upwards of twenty years, confine themselves exclusively to a General Commission Business, are well acquainted with Australian requirements, and possess special facilities for purchasing goods to the best advantage in the English markets.
Indents should be accompanied by cash remittances, or bank letters of credit, to ensure full trade discounts. Account sales of produce under consignment rendered promptly, and net proceeds invested to order, every attention being devoted to the eligible shipment and insurance of all goods passing through their hands.
B. S. LLOYD and CO., No. 5, George Yard, Lombard-street, London.

WILLIAM CARSON,
Buying Wool Broker,
Stock and Station Agent.
LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES made on all kinds of Station Produce for Sale in the colony, or for shipment to his London correspondents—
Messrs. YOUNG, EHLERS, and CO.
Offices—3, Bent-street.

THE UNDERSIGNED are Purchasers of Wool, Tin, Copper, Pearlshell, Copra, Tallow, and all descriptions of Colonial Produce, or will make liberal advances on same if consigned to them for sale. MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

GAS STOVE "VICTORY."—Special Cooking Test Saturday next, 11 till 1. roasting, boiling, pastry-cooking, grilling over the flame, toasting, and heating irons. Worth seeing. Raleigh, inventor, 253, Elizabeth-street.

ADVANCE ON WOOL, &c.
R. GOLDSBROUGH and CO., Limited,
with which is amalgamated the
Australasian Agency and Banking Corporation, Limited.

Capital, £3,000,000.

Will make
LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES
on
WOOL
and other
STATION PRODUCE
CONSIGNED TO THEM FOR SALE
in
SYDNEY
or
MELBOURNE,
or for
SHIPMENT TO LONDON.
Also on
STOCK and STATION SECURITIES
R. GOLDSBROUGH and CO.,
Limited,
4, SPRING-STREET,
SYDNEY.

WOOL WAREHOUSES,
BOURKE and WILLIAM STREETS,
MELBOURNE.

AUSTIN FRIARS, LONDON.

NORTH SHORE. NORTH SHORE.

POSTPONED. POSTPONED.

THE CARLOW ESTATE
THE CARLOW ESTATE.

Until SATURDAY, the 9th December.

BARKER and CO.,
St. Leonards.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

WOOL, TALLOW, HIDES, TIN, and COPPER.—The undersigned make Liberal ADVANCES on all COLONIAL PRODUCE entrusted to them for SALE in the colony or SHIPMENT to their London Agents.
JAMES MOIR and CO., 38, Margaret-street, Sydney.

Stock, Shares, and Money.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
UNION LOAN, MORTGAGE, and DISCOUNT COMPANY,
760, George-street, Haymarket
(First Floor).
MONEY advanced same day as application, without any preliminary expense, upon PERSONAL or other securities.
LOANS granted upon SECOND mortgage.
MONEY advanced upon the Equity of Redemption of Mortgages.
LOANS granted upon ALLOTMENTS or sections of city or suburban estates (subdivided or intact).
MONEY advanced upon HOUSES, COTTAGES, or WORKSHOPS, erected or in course of erection.
LOANS granted upon DEPOSIT OF DEEDS, freehold or leasehold, for SHORT or any periods, without expense.
MONEY advanced on GENERAL MERCHANDISE, either free or bonded.
Repayable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments, or to suit borrowers.

Loan.	Weekly Repayment.	Monthly Repayment.
£300	£1 10 0	£6 5 0
200	1 2 6	4 10 0
150	0 16 6	3 5 0
100	0 11 8	2 6 0
75	0 8 4	1 16 0
50	0 5 10	1 4 0
40	0 4 4	0 17 6
30	0 3 1	0 12 6
20	0 2 2	0 10 0

All communications made either personally or otherwise treated in the utmost Confidence, and will have strict and prompt attention. No costs or charges made whatsoever, if loan or loans are not entertained or granted.
For further information apply at the Offices.
WM. P. SMAIL, Secretary.

NOTICE.
THE INTERCOLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE, ANNUITY, and GENERAL ASSOCIATION, Limited.

All communications to be addressed to
JAMES S. BRAY,
Box 721, General Post Office.

THE COLONIAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY (LIMITED).
ADVANCE MONEY on security of Freehold Property at current rates of interest, repayable at fixed period or by instalments.
ALFRED CHANDLER, Secretary.
OFFICES, 141 and 143, PITT-STREET, SYDNEY.

MONEY to LEND, in various sums. DAINTREY and JONES, Solicitors, 87, Elizabeth-street.

TO LEND, £5 to £500, personal security, repayable by instalments. J. G. Read, M'Coy's-chambers, 10, Park-st.

TO Gentlemen in the Civil Service, Clerks, and others.—MONEY advanced on deposit of Deeds, Mortgages, Bills of Sale, personal and other security; repaid by easy terms at lowest interest. Cosmopolitan Loan Office, 110, Elizabeth-street.

THE ANGLO-AUSTRALIAN INVESTMENT FINANCE, AND LAND COMPANY, Limited.
(Registered under the Companies Act.)
Head Offices, 352, George-street.
Directors:
Henry Gorman, Esq., J.P., chairman.
Francis A. Wright, Esq., M.P., vice-chairman.
William Clarke, Esq., M.P. | John Woods, Esq., J.P.
Benjamin James, jun., Esq. | W. H. Paling, Esq., J.P.
Manager:
Wm. Shenstone.
THIS COMPANY ADVANCES
on
LAND
HOUSE PROPERTY
BOND CERTIFICATES, MERCHANDISE,
and other securities.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED at LIBERAL INTEREST.
(Specially guaranteed.)

BORROWERS from Building Societies and Tradesmen,—Think. Ought you not to secure a policy in the Australian Mutual Provident Society, an amount sufficient to cover outstanding liabilities in the event of death, and so prevent your property or business being sacrificed? Insure at once and secure bonus. December, 1883, next month, closes financial year. Send for prospectus or call. B. SHORT, Chief Sydney Agent, Arcade entrance.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
COLONIAL MORTGAGE, LOAN, AND DISCOUNT BANKING COMPANY'S OFFICES,
220, Market and Castlereagh streets.
The operations of the Company embrace the following branches:—
1. Promissory notes, acceptances, bills of exchanges, discounted daily.
2. Mortgages effected on city, suburban, and country properties.
3. Money advanced on deposit of deeds, with or without transfer, and on leaseholds, shares and scrip of public companies, bills of sale, bonded certificates, merchandise; also on good personal security, payable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments.
4. Reversionary interests, annuities, and life interests in estates, purchased, or advances made thereon as required.
All communications, private, confidential, or otherwise, addressed to the undersigned, will have strict and prompt attention.
D. BARNETT, General Manager.

MONEY LOANS
GRANTED
at MODERATE INTEREST, on
FURNITURE (without possession), DEEDS, BOND CERTIFICATES, SHARES, or OTHER SECURITIES.
PAYABLE to SUIT CONVENIENCE.
NO DEDUCTIONS MADE from amount required, which will be PAID IN FULL WITHIN TWELVE HOURS of APPLICATION. Bills discounted.
MONTE DE PIETE, Central Loan Office,
98, Castlereagh-street,
two doors south of King-street.

MONEY.—Various sums for advance upon Mortgage of freehold City or Suburban Properties, at current rates.
HERON and SMITH, Solicitors,
53, Hunter-street, Sydney.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
REAL AND PERSONAL ADVANCE COMPANY,
124, Oxford-street.
Office Hours—9 to 5; and in the evening on
Mondays and Saturdays, from 7 to 9.
This Company, with a view to arrange the EASIEST and MOST CONVENIENT manner for borrowing sums of money, will, from this date, advance to those requiring temporary accommodation upon the undermentioned securities, viz.:—
Mortgage
Second Mortgage
Personal
Farming Properties, Cattle, &c.
Promissory Notes
Bills of Sale
Certificates, Merchandise
Reversionary Interests, &c., &c.,
at the following scale of repayments, if required:—

Loans of	By Instalments of	
£500	£2 0 0	weekly
300	1 10 0	"
200	1 0 0	"
100	0 10 0	"
50	0 6 0	"
30	0 4 0	"
20	0 3 0	"
10	0 2 6	"

Monthly or quarterly payments may be arranged.
The Company will also advance upon buildings in course of erection, and are purchasers of land, house property, stocks-in-trade, and all classes of merchandise.
Prompt attention to all communications may be depended upon, also the utmost privacy observed.
Offices, 13th November, 1882.

LONDON MORTGAGE, LOAN, AND DISCOUNT BANK.
Interest not deducted from advance required.
109, ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH (next St. James' School).
OLDEST ESTABLISHED OFFICE IN SYDNEY.
ADVANCES at LOW INTEREST PROMPTLY MADE UPON Bills of Sale (without possession)—the security of one or two householders, Freehold and Leasehold Properties (no mortgage cost), P. Notes, Legacies, and any REASONABLE SECURITIES.
Repayments to suit convenience.
All communications and interviews held strictly confidential.
FORMS GRATIS. Address THE SECRETARY.
Office hours, 9 to 5 p.m; Monday and Saturday evenings, 6 to 8.

TO LEND, £28,000 on city and suburban properties. Forbes, Mills, and Co., 89, King-street.

SYDNEY PERMANENT FREEHOLD LAND and BUILDING SOCIETY.

NOTICE TO BORROWERS.
Owing to the continued stringency of the money market, the rate of interest charged to borrowers will be advanced to 8 per cent., on and from the 1st January next.
J. W. BIBBY.
313, Pitt-street.

SYDNEY PERMANENT FREEHOLD LAND and BUILDING SOCIETY.

The SAVINGS BANK
Department of this Society
is open daily, for receipts and payments.
Current rate of interest, 5 per cent.
No notice required for withdrawals.
J. W. BIBBY.
313, Pitt-street.

SYDNEY PERMANENT FREEHOLD LAND and BUILDING SOCIETY.

Established, 1875.

Reserve Fund, £25,000.

Deposits received up to any amount.
7 per cent. interest on fixed deposits for 12 months.
J. W. BIBBY.
313, Pitt-street.

MY HOUSE IS MY CASTLE.
THE MUTUAL PROVIDENT, LAND, INVESTING, AND BUILDING SOCIETY,
Limited,
724, GEORGE-STREET, HAYMARKET.

N.B.—THE FIRST ISSUE OF SHARES TO THE EXTENT OF ONE-FIFTH OF THE CAPITAL HAVING BEEN TAKEN UP, the DIRECTORS HAVE AUTHORISED ANOTHER ISSUE OF £10,000 AT PAR, FOR WHICH EARLY APPLICATION IS NECESSARY.
By order of the Board.
E. J. HENRY, Manager.

CAPITAL £50,000
In 2000 Shares of £25 each (with power to increase to £100,000).
Of three series as follows:—
No. 1. Paid-up Shares to bear an additional 1 per cent. per annum of the net profits.
No. 2. Call Shares of £12 10s paid up, balance in monthly payments of 3s, to bear an additional ½ per cent per annum of the net profits.
No. 3. Contributing Shares 5s per share on application, 2s 6d per share on allotment, and balance in monthly calls of 5s per share, with participation of profits.

Directors:
Alderman Robert Fowler, J. P., Chairman.
John Starkey, Esq. | John M'Evoy, Esq.
Frank Senior, Esq., J.P. | John Syme Dunlop, Esq.
Alderman J. F. Smith.
Bankers:
The Mercantile Bank of Sydney.
Valuator:
R. P. Richardson, Esq. (of Messrs. Richardson and Wrench).

TRUST FUNDS for Investment, upon mortgage. Cope and King, solicitors, 189, Pitt-street.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

THE NATIONAL PERMANENT BUILDING, LAND, AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY.
Offices, 38, Park-street.

TRUSTEES:
A. H. M'Culloch, jun., Esq., M.L.A.
A. Elkington, Esq.
DIRECTORS:
Alderman John Young | Ellis Robinson, Esq.
Thos. Macgregor, Esq. | J. T. B. Gibbs, Esq.
F. A. Wright, Esq., M.L.A.

Fixed Deposits received at highest current interest.
£25,000 waiting to be Advanced.
ALLOTMENTS for SALE, Golden Grove.
Ditto ditto, Burwood.
Ditto ditto, Balmain,
ON BUILDING SOCIETY'S TERMS.

ELECTORS of SOUTH SYDNEY.—"Veni, vidi, vici" is exactly what the Haymarket Auction Company, Limited, want you to do in your own interests. We are not so unkind as the paternal Government, asking you to poll so early as 8 o'clock in the morning; but after a good breakfast, we ask you, one and all, to record your votes in our favour, by attending our Land and Property Sales Room, at the Corn Exchange, on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11 o'clock.

IMMEDIATE and Liberal Advances made on mining scrip, bank shares, bond warrants, &c., for periods as required. Trade bills discounted at slight advances on bank rates. Address Box 432, General Post Office.

THE ADVERTISER, having a large capital at his disposal, is prepared to make immediate Cash ADVANCES to persons in want of accommodation, at an extremely low rate of interest, on all descriptions of securities, without the necessity of a bill of sale, or any publicity whatever. All communications strictly private. Confidence, Box 293, General Post Office.

ELECTORS.—Free and Independent Electors, from all points of the compass, south for choice, being that point that the Haymarket Auction Company, Limited, Corn Exchange, is situated. We can offer you a choice bill of fare, if you will put in an appearance at our Sale of Landed Properties on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11. No deception in our opinions on the great topic of the day yclept the Land Act. Our acts will prove most unmistakable far better to purchasers than any Government Act, as we veritably give good values in exchange for the rhino. So pro bono publico, and may you all attend the grandest mart in the colony.

Tenders.

BOROUGH OF WOOLLAHRA.
TENDERS will be received by this Council up to Saturday, 9th December, for the Forming, Ballasting, Draining, and Binding of the Victoria-road, Belle Vue. Specifications may be seen here any morning up to 1 o'clock p.m.
By order of the Mayor.
SAMUEL SYMONDS,
Council Clerk.
Council-chambers, 27th November, 1882.

EXTENSION OF TIME.
To BUILDERS.—The time for the receipt of TENDERS for the Erection and Completion of 2 first-class Villa Residences on the Iron Cove-road, Balmain, has been extended until WEDNESDAY, December 13 next, at 12 o'clock noon.
Plans and specifications may be obtained on application at the offices of the undersigned.
EDWARD HOBBS, Architect,
170, Pitt-street.

MEDICAL PROFESSION.
TENDERS invited for attendance on Members (630) Friendly Societies, Rockhampton, for two years. Supply medicines optional. Private practice allowed. Two doctors elected.
TENDERS also invited for one doctor, to take sole charge as above, without private practice.
Certain extras allowed in both cases. Engagement one year certain, after which three months' notice; open till 22nd December. For information, apply to
WILLIAM SLOANE and CO., 81, Pitt-street, Sydney,
or
J. HITCHCOCK, Secretary, Rockhampton.

NEW SOUTH WALES COMMISSION, AMSTERDAM INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION,
1883.

TENDERS will be received until MONDAY, 4th December, at 12 o'clock, for 55 or more SHOW CASES for the Exhibition of Wool at Amsterdam. A sample of the cases required may be seen at the Office of the Commissioner, 127, Macquarie-street, after 2 p.m., on THURSDAY, 30th instant.
ALEX. CUMMING,
Secretary.
127, Macquarie-street, Sydney,
28th November, 1882.

SYDNEY HOSPITAL.
The undermentioned articles being required for the above establishment, persons willing to supply the same are requested to forward TENDERS, addressed to the Secretary, on or before MONDAY, the 4th December, at 10 o'clock a.m.
Contractors to state the price at which they will supply the articles required, either for six or twelve months.
Beef, at per lb.
Mutton, at per lb.
Veal, at per lb.
Pork, at per lb.
Mutton chops, at per lb.
Legs of beef, weighing 14lb. each, at per leg
Suet, at per lb.
Salt beef, at per lb.
Clods and stickings, at per lb.
Bread, at per lb.
Flour (fine) and maize meal
Milk, at per quart (pure)
Coals (best Newcastle double-screened), at per imperial 2240lb.
Ditto (small), at per imperial ton, 2240lb.
Breeze, at per bushel
Coffins, at each, and to supply hearse and driver
Potatoes, at per ton
Soap and candles
Ice, at per lb.
Washing, at per dozen
Sweeping chimneys
Winding clocks.
Contractors will be required to supply the Ophthalmic Branch of the Hospital at Moorcliff, Miller's Point, or tender separately.
For particulars and conditions see Sydney Morning Herald, 18th November, 1882.
H. D. RUSSELL, Secretary.

TO LAND SPECULATORS.
COHEN'S ESTATE.
NORTH SHORE.
SALE OF LAND BY PUBLIC TENDER.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to Monday, 11th day of December next, for the purchase by public tender of the following properties in the estate of the late EDMUND COHEN, Commissioner of Customs for the Government of Victoria:—

PARISH of WILLOUGHBY,
near LANE COVE-ROAD,
CROWN GRANT, 11 ACRES, near Lane Cove
9½ ACRES ditto
15 ACRES ditto
12½ ACRES ditto

Also near SAILOR'S BAY.
CROWN GRANT, 10 ACRES 3 ROODS 20 PERCHES
14 ditto 2 ditto 20 ditto

Tenders to be for each block separately, and to state either cash or 25 PER CENT. DEPOSIT, and the balance in three years at 6 PER CENT. INTEREST.
The HIGHEST TENDER not necessarily accepted.
EVERY INFORMATION to be obtained from
MILLS, PILE, and GILCHRIST,
Agents for the Trustees.

TO BUILDERS.
TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of new WESLEYAN CHURCH in Macquarie-street, PARRAMATTA.
The works may be tendered for as follows:—
1. Excavation, drainage, masonry, and brickwork.
2. Carpenters' and joiners' work, and finishing trades.
3. Cementing and plastering.
4. The whole of the works in one sum.
Plans and specifications may be seen upon application at the offices of the Architects, to whom tenders are to be delivered on or before WEDNESDAY, 20th DECEMBER.
MANSFIELD BROTHERS,
Architects,
121, Pitt-street, Sydney.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are requested for the Erection of two first-class Villas, at Elizabeth Bay. Plans and specifications may be had on application at the Offices of the undersigned, to whom sealed tenders are to be delivered not later than 12 o'clock on SATURDAY, 2nd December.
MARTIN and RUSSELL, Architects, 19, Hunter-street.

TENDERS are hereby required for the finishing of the Great Western Hotel, Katoomba, Blue Mountains, at the risk of the former contractor.
For plans and specifications apply to the Architect, 109, Pitt-street, Sydney.
JNO. KIRKPATRICK.

TO BUILDERS.
TENDERS will be received up to the 7th, for the Erection of a W. B. House, Balmain. Plans, &c., at our office, 171, York-street.
THORNLEY and SMEDLEY, Architects.

TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of a Shop and Dwelling, Botany. Tenders close December 12. For Plans, &c., apply to
THORNLEY and SMEDLEY, Architects.

TO CHEMISTS.—TENDERS will be received up to 6th December, from Chemists, for the supply of Medicines to the members (about 200) of the Young Australia Lodge, No. 25, P. A. F. S. of A.
J. TURNER,
74, Mary-street, Surry Hills.

TO PAINTERS.
TENDERS are invited for Painting of several Works at St. Mary's Cathedral. Full particulars can be obtained on application to Mr. EVES, Clerk of Works.

TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of Two Houses on the Annandale Estate. Tenders close 4th December. Plans and specifications at FOX BROS.', 317, Pitt-street.

TENDERS are invited for Erection of Villa Residence, Hunter's Hill, on or before 30th instant. Plans, &c., at our Offices, 120, Elizabeth-street.
ELLIS and SLATYER, Architects.

TENDERS wanted for 260,000 hand-made BRICKS, to be delivered in William-street, Woolloomooloo. State where samples may be seen. Tenders in December 2. Address 367, Harris-street, Ultimo.

TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.—Tenders will be received up to 6th December, from Medical Gentlemen for their services to the members (about 200) of the Young Australia Lodge, No. 25, P. A. F. S. of A.

TENDERS invited for Brickwork of country railway station buildings, &c.; labour only. Apply, 9 to 10 o'clock, to T. A. BOARD, 4, Bligh-street.

TENDERS wanted for Brickwork of 12 houses. A. O'Connell, 5, Vine-st., off Abercrombie-st., Redfern. Labour.

TENDERS wanted for Bricklaying, labour only. Apply Roslyn House, Trafalgar-terrace, South Kingston.

TENDERS wanted, for Excavations. Plans and specifications. William Hirdy, Hereford-street, Forest Lodge.

TO PAINT MAKERS. Wanted, Tenders for grinding and mixing 20 tons dry paints with oil. B., Box 411.

TENDERS required for Painting front of House, 12 Bellevue-street, off Albion-street. Apply on the premises.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

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Parliamentary Elections.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST SYDNEY.

GENERAL ELECTION.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of East Sydney will be held at the Hustings, Hyde Park, at noon, THIS DAY, the 28th day of NOVEMBER instant, for the NOMINATION and ELECTION of FOUR MEMBERS to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the said Electoral District.

In the event of more candidates being proposed than the number of members required, and a poll demanded, the POLLING will take place THIS DAY, the 30th day of NOVEMBER, at the Hustings, Hyde Park. The polling will commence at 8 a.m. and close at 4 p.m. of the same day as under:—

A B—	Room at the Hustings	
C D—	Ditto	ditto
E F G—	Ditto	ditto
H I J K—	Ditto	ditto
L M—	Ditto	ditto
N O P Q R—	Ditto	ditto
S T—	Ditto	ditto
U Z—	Ditto	ditto

Before Nomination it is required that a deposit of forty pounds must be paid to the returning officer, which must be in cash.

WILLIAM DAY, Returning Officer.

East Sydney, November 24, 1882.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST SYDNEY.

DECLARATION OF POLL.

The Returning-Officer will declare the State of the Poll, THIS EVENING, at 6; or as soon after as possible.

WILLIAM DAY, Returning-Officer.

East Sydney, November 30, 1882.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

GENTLEMEN,—As you are aware, the Government were defeated in the Legislative Assembly on the second reading of the Land Bill introduced by Sir John Robertson. In consequence of that defeat, the Crown has been constitutionally advised to dissolve Parliament, and enable the Government to appeal to the constituencies, which advice has been accepted by her Majesty's representative. In this juncture I have the honour again to offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages.

The adverse vote arrived at is unprecedented for the conflicting elements included in it. The Government bill was admitted on all hands to be good in itself. In regard to the present land policy of the country, Mr. Stuart, the leader of the Opposition, described the bill as an "immense improvement" and as an "enormous gain." The bitterest opponent of the measure did not point out any new provision in it to which he objected, but voted against it avowedly because it did not go further—did not in fact carry out his ideas of what ought to be the land policy of the Government.

It is worth while to keep in view these ideas of policy, as explained to the Assembly. Five members spoke against the bill, and four of these members expounded views of what ought to be done, essentially differing from one another. All of them, however, agreed that one-half of the lands of this country ought to be locked up in the hands of the squatters for long periods, one of them going the extreme length of suggesting the issue of squatting leases for 40 years, and another, Sir Patrick Jennings, contending that the Crown leaseholders ought to be legally invested with "tenant-rights" at the expiration of their long leases. If the views of these gentlemen were carried into law, it is not difficult to foresee that our boys now attending school would be old men before the public lands handed over to-day to a handful of persons would be again open for settlement by the people of the country. And it may be well asked, in the event of the enactment of any such possible law, what would be the situation of the landless millions of our population 30 or 40 years hence?

But it may be said that we ought to confine ourselves to the programme submitted by Mr. Stuart in opposition to the Government bill. The bill of Sir John Robertson proposed to correct the abuses of the present law, and afford new facilities for the acquisition of land under its provisions, without violating the principles of the settled policy of the country. Mr. Stuart denounces the present system of free selection as "the parent of all the ills, troubles, trials, and difficulties" which have arisen, and as a thing "self condemned;" and yet in the remedies he submits he does not propose to abolish this self-condemned parent of evil, but actually provides for continuing it in a mutilated form over half the lands of the colony. At the same time he proposes to secure the other half of the public lands in the undisturbed possession of the squatters for a long term of years. As a cure for the strife between classes and the bitter contentions, which everybody laments, he would entrench the individual squatter in the secure possession of half—naturally the richer half—of his run of 100,000 or 200,000 acres, where he would be all-powerful to carry on the war against the unfortunate selector who ventured to settle on the other and poorer half of his territory. Another notable device in Mr. Stuart's stock of remedies is the creation of Local Land Courts to settle claims and disputes, which would in every case be under the influence of whatever contending party happened to be most powerful in the district.

So far as the vote on the Land Bill is concerned, the question remitted to the electors is not whether free selection before survey shall be abolished, for Mr. Stuart is not bold enough to propose its abolition; nor yet whether it shall be confined to surveyed areas suitable for agricultural settlement, for that is not proposed by Mr. Stuart; but the real question as between the Government and the Opposition led by Mr. Stuart, is whether the right which every man now possesses under the law to select a home for himself on any part of the public lands shall in future be limited to the worst half of the pastoral runs—the part least suitable for agricultural settlement,—for there can be no mistake about it, that the squatters would take care, in every instance, to secure the best half for themselves.

But there are good grounds for believing that the majority against the Land Bill would have had no existence, if other considerations, altogether apart from the land question, had not influenced certain members in their decision. The Government were well aware that the natural enemies of non-sectarian education—to go no further—were only waiting their opportunity to swell the ranks of the open Opposition in an adverse vote, and every member of this section of the House joined Mr. Stuart. One of the five members who spoke against the Land Bill (Mr. O'Connor) occupied nearly five hours of the public time, the greater part of which was devoted to other sins of the Government than their land legislation.

If the conduct of the Government as a whole, both in their legislative measures and their administrative Acts, led to their defeat, as undoubtedly was the case, it is only just that the Government should be tried on their conduct as a whole; and I, as a member of the Government, have no fear of any impartial examination of our conduct. During the existence of the present Administration we have dealt with several of the largest questions that can engage the attention of the Legislature at any time. Attempts extending over twenty years had been made to settle the difficulties connected with the Church and School lands. Those lands, of immense prospective value, have been secularised and set apart for the cause of education by the measure of the present Government. By our proposals, assented to by Parliament, the immense works for the abundant supply of water to Sydney and other parts of the colony are rapidly approaching completion. We have succeeded in placing effective restrictions on the introduction of Chinese labour, much against the will of Mr. Stuart. In the face of the stubborn resistance of several prominent members of the Opposition we have brought the liquor traffic under something like wholesome regulation, and though the measure is in some respects defective, every observant man must admit the increase of sobriety and good order which has followed in a few months as its most striking result. For many years the most glaring inequalities existed in the representation of the people which in several parts of the colony were felt to be crying grievances. Measure after measure had been introduced to reform these abuses of time in the electoral system without success. By the Act of 1880, introduced by the present Government, the people are now fully and fairly represented in Parliament. But the act of the present Administration, which I hope I may claim as constituting our greatest service to the country, and which is regarded as our unpardonable sin by certain members who joined in the adverse vote on the Land Bill, and by certain orders and sections outside Parliamentary circles, is the Public Instruction Act. By this great measure, which makes munificent provision for the education of the children of the country, all aid from the State for priestly teaching will be withdrawn at the end of the current year. Few Governments anywhere could go before the people with a catalogue of successful legislative measures such as those which constitute our claims to consideration and support.

If Parliament had continued sitting, we should in a few days have introduced a bill to establish local government, which would have given to municipal bodies much larger endowments, and greatly extended powers to carry out public improvements. This and other useful measures, promised at the opening of Parliament, we yet hope to be enabled to carry into law.

While our Parliamentary labours have been going on, the Government have not been negligent in the administration of the public affairs. Useful works have been carried out in all directions, and during our term of office we have nearly doubled the railway communication of the country. Our worst enemies cannot deny the prosperity of the colony, and while in all our efforts we have endeavoured to preserve and elevate her true British character, we have made the name of New South Wales far better known all over the world.

In the part I have taken as your representative in these arduous labours I have made many implacable opponents. Those who want to obtain a giant's hold of the public lands for their own aggrandisement, and those who want to thrust a giant's hand into the public treasury for their Denominational teaching will be against me. Those who love popular ignorance and dislike the sight of orderliness and sobriety will be against me. But I confidently trust to the enlightened judgment and the British public spirit of the great body of the electors to return me again as one of the members for your great electorate.

I remain, Gentlemen,

Your faithful servant,

HENRY PARKES.

Sydney, November 23, 1882.

SIR HENRY PARKES for EAST SYDNEY.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS, Kelly's Edinburgh Hotel, corner of Pitt and Bathurst streets.

Secretary in attendance daily.

COMMITTEE MEET EVERY EVENING

ALFRED WEIPPERT, Secretary.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE, GOOD TEMPLARS, and all friends of the Temperance cause are earnestly requested to VOTE straight for

Sir HENRY PARKES

Dr. ARTHUR RENWICK

Alderman JAMES GREEN

(Signed)

P. R. HOLDSWORTH

T. L. NICHOLSON

G. H. WIGLEY.

(Countersigned)

C. T. PIERCE, Sec. United Temperance Association.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—At the request of a number of the electors of East Sydney, I have decided to offer myself as a Candidate for your suffrages.

No doubt you have all seen my address to the electors of the Upper Hunter in the daily press, therefore it is unnecessary for me to issue a long address, more particularly so as my career as a member of Parliament is well known to you all.

Seven years ago I was returned as a stanch opponent of the Land Law of 1861, and I have never altered my opinions as to the immense amount of injury that law has done to prevent the settlement of the people on the lands which belong to them, and which has enabled many Crown lessees to act in the most cruel manner to the free selectors.

As I shall address you on the hustings to-morrow, and at the Temperance Hall on Wednesday night, and will then fully explain my views on the land and other questions in which you take an interest, I trust to the satisfaction of a great majority of the electors.

And as I have at all times given an independent vote in Parliament, and at all times exposed abuse and corruption in Parliament and in the City Corporation, I leave myself in your hands with great confidence as to a triumphant result on polling day.

I remain,

Your faithful servant,

JOHN M'ELHONE.

Sydney, 27th November.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION

Mr. JOHN M'ELHONE is a CANDIDATE.

VOTE FOR HIM, because—

Who so successful in exposing the iniquities of the Land Law as JOHN M'ELHONE, the fearless and independent candidate?

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Mr. JOHN M'ELHONE, the FEARLESS CHAMPION of the PEOPLES' RIGHTS, is a CANDIDATE.

VOTE FOR HIM.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Mr. JOHN M'ELHONE is a CANDIDATE.

VOTE FOR HIM.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION

VOTE FOR JOHN M'ELHONE, and Honesty, Integrity, and Independence.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

JOHN M'ELHONE is a CANDIDATE.

He cannot be SQUARED or INFLUENCED from HIS PUBLIC DUTY by ANY CLIQUE or VICE-REGAL RECOGNITION.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

JOHN M'ELHONE is a CANDIDATE.

ELECTORS; BE EARLY AT THE POLL, for the friends of an UNSCRUPULOUS ADMINISTRATION will have recourse to unscrupulous means to secure their RETURN.

Therefore vote early, and prevent it.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

JOHN M'ELHONE is a CANDIDATE.

ELECTORS willing to assist in the RETURN of JOHN M'ELHONE will receive every information from the hon. secs., at the Central Committee Rooms, at Punch's Albion Hotel, corner of Market and Elizabeth streets.

M. QUINLAN, J. E. BAYLIS } Hon Secs.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

JOHN M'ELHONE is a CANDIDATE.

VOTE FOR HIM.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE FOR JOHN M'ELHONE, the FEARLESS EXPOSER of a CORRUPT ADMINISTRATION.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE FOR JOHN M'ELHONE, the Champion of the People's Rights.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

JOHN M'ELHONE is a CANDIDATE.

He has spent himself in the People's Service, and THE PEOPLE should RETURN HIM by a TRIUMPHANT MAJORITY.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

REVISION OF THE LAND LAWS.

VOTE FOR NEVILLE GRIFFITHS, the man who has a special knowledge of that burning question.

ROLL UP. ROLL UP. POLL EARLY.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

REVISION OF THE LAND LAWS.

VOTE FOR NEVILLE GRIFFITHS, the man who has a special knowledge of that burning question.

ROLL UP. ROLL UP. POLL EARLY.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

REVISION OF THE LAND LAWS.

VOTE FOR NEVILLE GRIFFITHS, the man who has a special knowledge of that burning question.

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EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

REVISION OF THE LAND LAWS.

VOTE FOR NEVILLE GRIFFITHS, the man who has a special knowledge of that burning question.

ROLL UP. ROLL UP. POLL EARLY.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—The decisive vote of the Legislative Assembly, condemning the land policy of the present Government, has caused them to appeal to the public in the hope of obtaining at their hands a reversal of that decision. Believing that the rejection of their policy by Parliament was just, I have resolved to offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages.

The dissolution of Parliament is solely and wholly the outcome of the emphatic defeat of the Ministry, who, therefore, cannot honourably ask for your judgment, except upon the question so far decided against them. In offering to the Assembly a bill to consolidate and amend the existing LAND LAWS, Sir John Robertson sought at its hands a declaration that those laws are calculated to promote in the highest degree the future prosperity of the colony. There is no question but this for your decision, and I ask for your approval when I say that the operation of those laws has been a continued infringement of natural justice, and that their permanency would mean the perpetuation of falsehood, corruption, and malice. In existing legislation the interests of the bulk of the people have been entirely neglected, while the two classes of agrarian settlers have been set by the ears. The law has produced a scramble between them for land, and this effect is as unerringly the result as if it had been expressly commanded by the Legislature. Every imaginable weapon has been placed in the hands of the squatters and the selectors for the ruin of each other. The result has been, not to break up that monopoly on the part of the Crown lessees, to destroy which was the professed object of the Act of 1861, but to render the position of the would-be settler weaker than ever. He who earnestly desires a moderate freehold for himself and his sons, finds that he fails to acquire one, because he has not studied the system of fraud and trickery by which he must succeed or be defeated. One fact alone is sufficient to show how little chance the bona-fide selector has of securing a home. Seven-tenths of the lands selected have been transferred, and can anyone doubt to what class the transferees belong, or that in most cases the transfers are the mere fulfilment of understandings arrived at before selection? The freehold of the land is so valuable to the community as a whole that it ought not to be parted with, except with the prospect that the land will be turned to the best account. The grazier, if unmolested, requires no freehold to enable him to farm sheep or cattle successfully. It follows that a law which compels him to acquire the freehold, so that he may feed his sheep in peace, is dangerous and extravagant. Therefore, I am against a law which permits stupendous mock auctions with a solitary bidder, and farcical improvement purchases; and I am in favour of a law which shall render these unnecessary to the grazier as weapons of defence, and will deprive him of them as weapons of aggression. This can only be done by separating the two classes. By no other means can you keep their hands from each other's throats. Let the State step between them, giving them secure holdings, and exacting an equitable rent for its leases. I shall not express my views upon this question at greater length just now, because I shall have an opportunity of detailing them orally to you both before and at the nomination.

I was a member of the Parliament which passed the EDUCATION ACT OF 1880. I was and am a firm and active supporter of it, and I regard the present settlement of the question as a generous and permanent provision for our educational needs. At the same time I am dissatisfied with the recent partial and feeble administration of the Act. The teachers have been treated with injustice, their whole staff has been demoralised by the inconsistency and vacillation of the head office, and the evident disinclination to establish High schools is disgraceful.

I am in favour of LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT, not only because it will entrust the distribution of money voted for public works to those whose local knowledge should enable them to make the most of it, but also because a change in this respect will tend to secure the independence of the representatives of the people.

It is almost unnecessary for me to state that I am a FREE-TRADER, and a supporter of RAILWAY EXTENSION.

The operation of the LICENSING ACT has now enabled us to see in what respect it requires amendment. In my opinion it might with advantage be modified so as to mitigate the severity of its application to the respectable trader, and at the same time to guard more completely against the sale of impure or unwholesome liquor.

I believe that the absence of provision for SUPERANNUATION in the Civil Service has led to serious evils, and I would advocate a system of retiring allowances with the view of securing that efficiency without which there cannot be real economy.

I trust that the foregoing summary of my views will be deemed worthy of your approval. Whether that be so or not, they express the principles with which I entered political life, and I believe you will find me tenacious of them. Whatever your opinion may be as to my ability to represent you, I can say with confidence that I am sufficiently well known amongst you to be able to dispense with any protestations of sincerity and fidelity.

EDMUND BARTON.

Sydney, November 22nd, 1882.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

EDMUND BARTON for EAST SYDNEY.

INTELLIGENCE, ABILITY, and STERLING HONESTY.

EDMUND BARTON for EAST SYDNEY.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—In consequence of the dissolution of Parliament I have the honour once more to offer myself as a Candidate for election as one of your representatives.

I have now so frequently addressed you on all the more important questions connected with our politics, that I think it will be unnecessary, on the present occasion, to refer to any but those matters which are of direct and immediate consequence, in view of the present state of public affairs. Before doing so, however, I consider it only proper to say that in the main my views on all these questions remain unchanged.

While I am of opinion that the Licensing Act is based on the soundest principles, and has accomplished a large amount of public good, I believe that it requires amendment in certain particulars, and for this purpose the subject has already been under the consideration of the Government.

In a short time the abolition of State aid to Denominational education will take effect in accordance with the provisions of the Public Instruction Act. As you are aware, I have already been a warm supporter of this measure, and I am now more fully convinced than ever of its necessity and importance. While I have the honour of a seat in Parliament I shall oppose strenuously any attempt to limit or frustrate its noble purposes.

In view of the important public works of every kind that our great financial prosperity has enabled the Government, with the sanction of Parliament, to undertake, I believe the provisions proposed to made for a large and healty stream of assisted immigration to be most desirable. I am fully aware of the imperfections of the system of immigration as hitherto conducted, but I have every confidence that, under new and improved arrangements, these evils will be entirely obviated.

Having administered in the department under my control, as a member of the present Government, that portion of the Lands Acts which has reference to the occupation of the Crown lands of the country, I know practically the defects of the legislation on the subject; but I believe the bill proposed by Sir John Robertson was a large advance, not only towards the consolidation of the numerous acts on the subject, but also towards their amendment. I am fully convinced, however, that whatever system of legislation may be ultimately adopted with regard to the public lands of the country, it will fail to give complete satisfaction to all classes interested, or to be entirely free from attempts at abuse of the provisions which may be enacted. It will be impossible, however, in a notice like the present to state my more matured views on this important subject. I shall, therefore, defer their statement, as well as criticism of the views which have been proposed by others as a substitution for or as an amendment of the present laws, until I have the opportunity of addressing you personally on this and other subjects.

On three former occasions you have considered me worthy of your confidence, and I trust I may be permitted to say that I have endeavoured to the best of my ability to perform my public duties for your advantage and for the advancement of the country at large. Should you, on the present occasion, again return me to Parliament as one of your representatives, my best services will be placed at the disposal of the constituency and of the country.

Your obedient servant,

ARTHUR RENWICK.

Clarendon House, Hyde Park, 23rd November, 1882.

RENWICK FOR EAST SYDNEY.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS, Hodge's Commercial Hotel, King-street.

GENERAL COMMITTEE:

Hon. John Mackintosh, M.L.C.
Alderman James Green
Alderman Lees
Montagu Levy
Angus Cameron
Alderman Dean
George Allen Mansfield
Dr. Milford
Alderman Palmer
William Inglis
John Wetherill
John T. Neale
John Starkey
Joseph Marshall
James H. Neale
John Williamson
Benjamin Rhodes
Dr. Mackellar
John Davies
William Shirlow
A. J. Watt
John Woods
John Geddes
Charles Lewis
J. C. Beare
Gregory Board
Richard Seymour
W. D. Eames
Joseph Lowe
Frank Underwood
Charles H. May
W. A. Prentice
Thomas Peate
Joshua Beaumont
William Wallace
F. E. Cooper
William Hillyer
W. T. Angus
E. T. Penfold
Dr. Hoeg
T. Cowlishaw
Richard A. Watson
James Miller
William Starkey
Gibbs, Shallard, and Co.
George Fletcher
Edward Turner
G. B. Modini
Fred. Ebsworth
Joseph Brown
Edward French
James Hall
Henry Burrows
Fred. Withers
Fred. Beaumont
J. Pacey
W. James Watson
Captain Herbert
Henry J. Simpson
Fred. Somers
Fred. P. Saunders
Fred. Martin
J. P. Owen
George Brockstayne
W. W. Birkkmyre
Fred. Petersen
Isaac Dunkeld
Frank Bennett
Dr. Jones
E. G. Staniforth
James Beaumont
Marshall Burdekin
George Hurley
James Eve
Charles Kelsey
William Booth
Fred. Gannon
Benjamin James
Richard M'Coy
Robert Cowland
Samuel Ackman
Henry Bearkwell
M. Goulston
Patrick Keating
W. S. White
John H. Hobbs
E. C. Creer
Charles Pearce
Edwin Rice
J. E. Gowing
J. W. Withers, J.P.
J. T. Robinson
J. H. Hoare
Thomas Goldfinch
B. H. Cohen
W. Abbey
Alfred Thorne
R. S. Lawrence
Henry Bowden
Henry West
J. R. Clarke
John P. Green
G. Wright
Henry Sippes
John Walsh
Thomas Uriuro
R. W. Wynne
John Norman
J. V. Wiley
Walter Long, jun.
T. H. Boyd
Clement Lewis
Fred. Grant
Hon. H. M. Alderson, M.L.C.
Walter Bradley
Arthur Allen
William Stoddord
A. W. Suttou
Enos Dyer
W. H. Hicks
Alfred Cane
Donald Campbell
John Flavelle
George R. Whiting
William Perrey
C. J. Roberts, C.M.G.
George Munro
J. S. Jamison
William H. Little
William S. Kelly
James Clark
William Bailey
John Pope
Samuel Baillis
James Kidman
William G. Vial
William Hinton
Dr. Warren
John W. Fox
James A. Pearson
Dr. Day
M. C. Cowlishaw
James Jarvis
Andrew Torning
S. C. Whiddon
Thomas Webster
Peter Murray
James Jones
Samuel Kippax
Joe Cohen
William Thompson
George Smith
Robert Iredale
John Godfrey
R. W. Pitt
John Carruthers
C. G. M'Gregor
Edward Tremain
J. W. Wethers
Robert Henderson
Hugh Patricks
Thomas Jefferey
Charles Trumper
James Poole
David Elphinstone
Thomas Birks
C. B. Pitt
George Weldon
John Wells
Henry Fairfax
W. Herbert
James M'Farlane
William Slough
T. E. Davies
John Porter
John Lea
Alfred Brockstayne
Isaac Brockstayne
John M'Elveney
William Dwyer
Benjamin Backhouse
Dr. M'Kenzie
Alderman Kippax
James Weir
G. F. Jackson
S. Thompson
Walter Long
Edward Perkins
John L. Herdern
Dr. Craig Dixon
P. R. Holdsworth
Thos. L. Nicholson
William Alexander
Fred Hines
J. C. H. Basse
B. Byrnes
George Hansell
Charles Leatmeare
Michael Kain
Thos. M'Mas
W. Brady
J. R. Love
P. R. Gowing
D. Peters
F. T. Robinson
Henry T. Page
S. C. Whiddon
Charles Perry
P. Mitchell
Thomas Williams
L. D. Younger
Robert Cooper
T. H. Fielding
John Eve
A. H. Skinner
F. Cutter
James Hirsch
Samuel Wright
George Wallace
A. C. Dent
R. J. Parish
M. A. Stephen
J. M. Hasmott
Arthur W. Josephson
Edward Bartlett
Lewis Benjamin.

ANDREW ALLAN, Hon. Secretary.

THE HON. ARTHUR RENWICK for EAST SYDNEY.

Central Committee Rooms, HODGE'S COMMERCIAL HOTEL, King-street.

ANDREW ALLAN, Hon. Secretary.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTORS are reminded that Reid, Barton, M'Elhone, and Griffiths are against the infamous Government Land Bill. Vote for the four.

ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

READ THE AUSTRALIAN SPORTSMAN'S TIPS. Price, 3d. Office, 53, Market-street.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

VOTE for Vindictive and Malicious JOHN, a man who would RUN to EARTH any Poor Animal that, with ANOTHER KICK, would CARRY him TO ETERNITY.

P.S.—The Britisher never Kicks a Man when he is down.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

If Lord Harris and Mr. Murdoch were opponents in the Electioneering instead of the Cricket Field, which would you sooner vote for? The man who would accept gracefully in a fair open-handed match, "OUT," or the gentleman who would say, "BILLY, YOU MUST GO, GO, OUT," I AM "HARRIS."

So it is now with the two JOHNS.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORATE.

In consequence of the Elections, the Sale of LYNTON HEIGHTS Subdivision, on the ILLAWARRA RAILWAY LINE, has been postponed for one week, namely, until SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER. HARDIE and GORMAN.

MASONIC.—No man is honest who does not pay his lodge dues. Electors! Vote against such men.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—In this announcement of my candidature for one of the four seats in the Legislative Assembly, to which it is your privilege to elect, I express, in the briefest manner, my views on the great questions of the day. The occasion of the present election is of the gravest character, the Ministry of Sir Henry Parkes having suffered defeat on the question whether the existing Land Laws shall, with slight modifications and codification, be perpetuated, or whether the laws relating to the alienation and occupation of the public lands shall be radically reformed and enacted on an entirely new basis, and in accord with the present requirements and circumstances of the colony. I hold that such radical change is necessary. Having had a practical and intimate knowledge for many years of the working of the existing Land Laws, I am forced to the conclusion that the law of "Promiscuous selection before survey" has proved a most injudicious one, has been in many ways inimical to the best interests of the colony, and has totally failed to settle a happy and prosperous population on the lands in the interior of New South Wales.

My views on this all important subject were expressed in my letter published in the Sydney Morning Herald of September 25th last, and those views in a great measure accord with the "Amendments" tabled in the Legislative Assembly by Mr. Garrett, and with the propositions of Mr. A. Stuart.

These views briefly stated are—

1. Prohibition of transfer of selections (except in cases of selector's death) until all conditions of selections have been fulfilled and all balances to Government paid up.

2. Cessation of all Pre-emptive Leases, Pre-emptive Purchases and of Auction Sales of Crown Lands more than three miles from centre of township of 500 inhabitants.

3. Subdivision of the colony into districts, classification and survey of large areas of land most suitable for settlement in each district or natural zone.

4. The maximum area allowed to selector to vary according to district or zone, from 640 to 5000 acres, at prices ranging from 40s. to 10s. per acre, according to position and quality of selection.

5. As regards the waste lands not immediately required for settlement, the granting of secure tenure to graziers at a just and reasonable rental and on such liberal conditions that temporarily secure from the invasion of "black mailers" they may properly improve their holdings, and may be able to pay a fair rental.

My travels in Queensland and South Australia, where the land legislation has been devised on the above principles, have convinced me of their superiority to our boasted, but pernicious, system of general "free selection before survey," which, however satisfactory in its working for the first few years after 1861, has resulted in reducing year after year the (proportionate to population) area cultivated; in causing the aggregation of huge freehold estates; in setting class against class in endless, costly litigation; in an immeasurable amount of perjury and wrongdoing; in a general lowering of the moral sense of the community, and above all has failed in its intention to settle a race of yeoman freeholders on the land.

As the advancement and prosperity of the whole colony are dependent on the just and equitable settlement of the Land Policy, and as this is the vital question awaiting decision at this General Election, it is imperative that no side issues be allowed to have weight with the Electors.

As an advocate of the above given views I venture to seek your suffrages; as, however, this is my first appearance in the political arena, it is but right that I express myself on the general subjects which have agitated the country at previous elections, and which may happen to be revived in the ensuing Parliament.

Chiefest of these is the Education Act, as regards which I belong to the party on whose banner is inscribed the words, "NATIONAL, COMPULSORY, SECULAR, and FREE."

Am an advocate for the extension of railways and public works and for bringing the railway into the heart of the city of Sydney.

In view of the necessity for large public and private works, the extent of our territory, and the paucity in numbers of our population, I advocate the "extension of immigration."

Am a free trader by sincere conviction, both as regards fiscal policy and as regards the now, I hope, buried question of State-aid to religion. I wish to enter the House of Assembly tied to no party, but willing to give fair and reasonable support to any Ministry which will properly administer our lands and finances, which will carry out needed public works, and which will initiate reforms in our Legislation as required. Though by profession a squatters' agent, I am a New South Welshman, anxious in every way to promote the good of this colony and my fellow colonists; but above all I am an Australian anxious to break down the fictitious barriers which divide the colonies of the Australian group; and most anxious am I to do my mite towards the peaceful settlement of countless millions of laborious (and therefore happy) denizens on the rich lands of Australia, whose task and privilege it shall be to rear a powerful and imposing empire in this sunny Southern land.

G. N. GRIFFITHS.

Richmond Villa.

NEVILLE GRIFFITHS FOR EAST SYDNEY.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.

Dr. J. C. Cox
Julian E. Salomons
Robert J. King
Albert A. Smith
David Wilson (Messrs. Mason Brothers)
Frank Macdonald
W. A. Long
Patrick Keane
J. W. Johnson
J. Horbury Hunt
F. G. Weaver
W. H. Mackenzie, senior
C. C. Griffiths
S. A. Stephen
R. H. Wilkinson
E. B. Holt
W. E. Mort
J. T. Keele
W. C. Willis
R. Smythe
P. Sutton
R. J. Mackenzie
J. R. Gosling
J. Scroggie
J. A. Dowling
C. C. Medcalf
A. S. Webster
Edward Lord
F. Allerding
R. S. Clarke
A. Petrie
R. P. Simpson
G. T. Jones
J. B. Hillier
J. M'Namara
R. Hamilton
R. Hamilton, jun.
J. Notting
Henry Davies
J. Marshall
W. Furness
C. Carnegall
T. Quinlan
G. J. Waterhouse
A. W. Norton
D. Mullins
E. Williams
W. J. Hambly
J. Brown
J. Owen
J. Kernan
J. B. Mulroney
W. Whyte
Thos. Punch
F. Punch
M. Fennelly
G. Garling
W. Wooller
T. J. Thompson
R. C. Close
W. H. M'Carthy
William Henderson
Geo. T. Jones
W. W. Richardson
H. H. Groth
E. Vickery
H. E. Russell
W. G. Walford
Thomas Peate
W. A. Cottee
W. Macdonald
John Pepper
A. Barden
G. Maiden
J. St. Vincent Welch
Dr. M. W. Traill
J. C. Hallam
L. P. Bain
W. Cooper
C. Billyard
J. G. Deeble
David Ramsay
T. R. Lamb
G. A. Murray
George Lewis
A. Sim
P. Kirby
J. Burrows
T. Loveday
C. H. May
E. Pearse
W. Baird, sen.
W. Baird, jun.
R. Dunlop
A. Corderoy
H. Frezier
J. Farrell
T. Farrell
J. Eley
D. O'Keefe
J. T. Ellis
G. A. Woods
E. Beard
Benjamin Backhouse
B. Byrne
W. Hintsch
W. Green
J. George
H. W. Sadler
William M'Donald, sen.
P. Callachor
S. Punch
E. M'Namara
F. Fennelly
T. Cosgrove
&c., &c.

See what the Evening News of 29th November says:—

"It is a most significant thing that while, at the nomination for East Sydney, two members of the Ministry were literally howled down by their auditors, the four Opposition candidates received a veritable ovation. In the case of Mr. Griffiths this was especially remarkable, since his business connects him with the pastoral interest which it suits the Government just now to represent in a peculiarly odious light, and in his published address there occurs a trifling slip, of which a certain goody journal has endeavoured to take advantage, to the prejudice of Mr. Griffiths' candidature. It is quite true that Mr. Griffiths has no parliamentary experience, but it is also true that some people are like the Secretary for Mines, whose experience has reduced him to a hopeless state of mental confusion. But on the question of the hour—the land—Mr. Griffiths is an authority. When he talks about that he understands what he is saying. He does not declaim against any class, but he tells us what will be the best means to repair the mischiefs which have resulted from the blundering of ignorant demagogues and hysterical enthusiasts. It is, or should be, enough to quote one of the many statistical facts that have been brought forward by Mr. Griffiths, and others,—that 13 persons hold among them 2,300,000 acres, which again means that the average freeholds of those persons are 160,000 acres each, an area which represents a block of land 25 miles long by 10 miles wide, equal to 10 ordinary old-fashioned squattages. It is quite time that this question should be dealt with by men of practical experience like Mr. Griffiths, rather than by inept, speculative theorists like Dr. Renwick, or illiterate brummagem puritans like Sir Henry Parkes, who talks about 'interpretating' Mr. Stuart's proposals."

Give him a Vote, he has a special knowledge of that burning question—the Revision of the Land Laws.

ROLL UP AND POLL EARLY!

Committee—1, Hunter-street.

R. J. KING, W. BOWMAN CADELL } Joint Secs.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

GENERAL ELECTION.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of South Sydney will be held at the Hustings, Belmore Gardens, Haymarket, at Noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 29th day of November, for the NOMINATION and ELECTION of FOUR MEMBERS to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the Electoral District of South Sydney.

In the event of more than four candidates being nominated, and a Poll demanded, the polling will take place on SATURDAY, the 2nd day of December, at the Hustings, Belmore Gardens, commencing at 8 a.m. and closing at 4 p.m. of the same day.

A B—ROOM AT THE HUSTINGS		
C D—	ditto	ditto
E F G—	ditto	ditto
H I J K—	ditto	ditto
L M	ditto	ditto
N O P Q R—	ditto	ditto
S T—	ditto	ditto
U to Z—	ditto	ditto

Before Nomination it is required that a deposit of Forty Pounds must be paid to the Returning Officer, which must be in cash.

ROBERT FOWLER, Returning Officer.

South Sydney, November 24, 1882.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

PRESIDING OFFICERS and POLL CLERKS.

Presiding Officers and Poll Clerks will please attend at the Masonic Hall, York-street, on FRIDAY next, December 1, at 11 o'clock a.m. to receive appointments.

ROBERT FOWLER, Returning-Officer.

South Sydney, November 30th, 1882.

CIVIL SERVANTS. CIVIL SERVANTS.

My Lines are:

Classification according to ability.

Promotion, according to merit.

Provision for the declining years of those who have faithfully served their country.

Forced Retirement of those with pension past their powers of active service.

In fine, the RE-ORGANISATION of the CIVIL SERVICE, on an entirely new basis.

J. B. OLLIFFE.

J. B. OLLIFFE for SOUTH SYDNEY.

Let there be no mistake! I am a Freetrader; but I am not prepared to see our revenue tampered with, simply because times are prosperous.

TO THE ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

GENTLEMEN,—

At the late election, when I thanked you for the liberal support you accorded me, and which placed me fifth on poll with a very narrow minority, I told you that I should again seek your suffrages, and it is with increased confidence that I now ask you on this occasion to return me as one of your representatives.

Two years ago, hoping almost against hope that something good might have come of the Coalition Ministry, I was prepared to take a seat in Parliament as an independent Ministerialist; now I could not conscientiously do so. That Ministry, strong in promise, has signally failed in fulfilment. It has been a Government of inaction, and has ended in tabling an Amending Land Bill which, proposing to perpetuate the constantly increasing evil of the last one-and-twenty years, I could in no wise support.

This is the one question that you are now called upon to decide—Sir John Robertson's Bill. Will you have it? Yes or no.

On the Education question you will find me sound to the core. I have neither desire nor intention to meddle with it, as I cannot but consider it as having been settled definitely by the expressed wish of the majority.

The Licensing Act has done me individually more good than harm, but, in your interests, requires very serious amendment. It is a rich man's, not a poor man's law. It has altogether failed to promote sobriety or to increase morality.

Local Self-government is more than ever thrusting its claims to notice on public attention. I cannot understand why it has hitherto been treated with such neglect.

It is hardly necessary to refer to Railway Extension, as on that point there seems to be a general concensus of opinion. All that demands action is the interior economy of our railway system. We require more efficient organisation of the staff, stricter economy in working, including reasonable hours and adequate remuneration for those whose duties are most responsible, and upon whom must depend safety of life and limb to the public. Less log-rolling as to route is desirable, doubtless, but seems unattainable.

The sad fate of the Woniora's crew gives solemn warning as to the results attendant on the delay in passing into law such a Plimsoll Act as shall be in accordance with the requirements of the colony. Our Marine Board imperatively demands reconstruction.

I do not approve of the fiscal policy of the Government. One instance will suffice to show in what respect. I see no necessity for the abolition of the duty on maizena. That duty represents what would otherwise be the importers' gain and your loss. To you this article would come no cheaper, no better—to the local manufacturer it would mean ruin. And as with maizena, so with the other articles off which it is proposed to take the duties. Much sooner would I see the duty taken off tea, which we cannot protect, even if we would. Tradesmen and mechanics should see to it that their means of earning a livelihood are not tampered with, in order to enable certain theorists to pose before the world as free-traders. Our present prosperity is entirely owing to the expenditure of borrowed money; and having the future in view, I cannot consent to any tampering with our sources of revenue.

In conclusion, I ask you if you approve of my programme, and can trust me, to give me your confidence, feeling well assured that you will never have cause to repent it. I shall take every opportunity of personally addressing you in the short time allowed me, and am, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

J. B. OLLIFFE.

Royal Hyde Park Hotel, Sydney.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE FOR OLLIFFE.

VOTE FOR OLLIFFE.

W. SHARMAN, W. WALTERS, L. BYRNE } Hon. Secs.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

J. B. OLLIFFE'S Committee MEETS every Evening at COMMERCIAL HOTEL, next Tooheys' Brewery, Elizabeth-street, at 8 o'clock.

TO THE ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—The dissolution of Parliament has given me the opportunity of placing my services at your disposal. In the first Parliament under the new Electoral Act I was chosen on the following principles:—Free trade, eight-hour system, railway extension, restriction of Chinese immigration, licensing reform, local government, and the settlement of population on the waste land of the colony. The education question need not be raised in this contest.

The position held by me has been that of a thoroughly independent member. I have voted for the Government when I thought they were right, and have never hesitated in voting against them when they were wrong.

The Government of the country having had such an enormous majority at their back for so long, became, in my opinion, too arbitrary, as was clearly shown in the extreme nature of some provisions of the Licensing Act, which I am prepared materially to amend, and I did my utmost during the last recess to associate myself with others, in order to insist upon a full and fair consideration of all subjects. However, when the session opened, a thoroughly organised Opposition was formed, and I was enabled to take up my old independent position.

The first great stand made was on the Land Laws of the colony, and on such a question there must be great variety of opinion.

I have been intimately acquainted with the difficulties surrounding land legislation during the last 25 years, and the principle which I have always maintained has been—that no interest, however great or important, must be allowed to stand in the way of bona fide settlement on the soil, and, I believe, that our people would be as likely to give us universal suffrage as to allow the Crown lands of the colony to be again absorbed even in part by a huge squatting monopoly.

Before this squatting monopoly was broken down by Sir John Robertson in 1861, a man could not get an inch of ground except in or around towns to grow a cabbage, much less wheat and other products; within a few years from that date wherever you travelled in the northern country districts you saw prosperous homesteads. Abuses have crept in under the Act, and it must be amended, but it would be suicidal retrogression to give up for some cases of hardship the glorious victory that was won in 1861, in throwing all the lands of the colony open to the enterprising agriculturist in search of a home.

I shall be prepared to give the fullest exposition of my views at my meetings, which will be held every night in different parts of the electorate, and as I am a thoroughly Liberal man in all my views, I hope to meet with your support.

I am, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

SYDNEY BURDEKIN.

S. BURDEKIN for SOUTH SYDNEY.

S. BURDEKIN for SOUTH SYDNEY.

S. BURDEKIN for SOUTH SYDNEY.

S. BURDEKIN for SOUTH SYDNEY.

S. BURDEKIN for SOUTH SYDNEY.

S. BURDEKIN for SOUTH SYDNEY.

S. BURDEKIN for SOUTH SYDNEY.

VOTE for the Man who never deprived the WORKING MAN of his Glass of Beer.

S. BURDEKIN for SOUTH SYDNEY.

NATIVES, VOTE for S. BURDEKIN.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE for S. BURDEKIN, who is in favour of giving the WORKING MAN HIS GLASS OF BEER OF A SUNDAY, and who is also in favour of THE EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE for S. BURDEKIN, who is in favour of giving the WORKING MAN HIS GLASS OF BEER OF A SUNDAY, and who is also in favour of THE EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

ROLL UP, ROLL UP, ROLL UP, and VOTE for S. BURDEKIN. Give him one Vote.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE for S. BURDEKIN, the Liberal Candidate, who seeks no office, but to serve you justly.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS.

Give S. BURDEKIN one VOTE, the man who will stand on the side of and do Justice to the Country.

S. BURDEKIN for SOUTH SYDNEY.

VOTE FOR THE MAN who spends his Money amongst You.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE for S. BURDEKIN, who is in favour of giving the WORKING MAN HIS GLASS OF BEER OF A SUNDAY, and who is also in favour of THE EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.

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SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE for S. BURDEKIN, who is in favour of giving the WORKING MAN HIS GLASS OF BEER OF A SUNDAY, and who is also in favour of THE EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.

TO THE ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—I have the honour to solicit a renewal of the trust you reposed in me as one of your representatives in Parliament.

The main question now before the country is how shall our immense territory be dealt with so as to secure bona-fide settlement, a fair rental from the pastoral tenants of the Crown, and also to prevent the aggregation of large estates by private individuals and monopoly by colossal monetary institutions, to the injury of the present and all succeeding generations. Believing that the Land Bill submitted by the Government did not deal with these questions in a satisfactory manner, I voted against it, although on other questions I gave them my cordial support, as I had confidence in their general policy.

The importance of railway communication in opening up and developing the resources of the country cannot be over estimated. I therefore voted for the further extension of the Great Northern line, and also the formation of a new line to connect Sydney with the Illawarra district, and am prepared to advocate the construction of railways and tram lines as rapidly as possible, so as to meet the growing wants of the community, being convinced they are the best investments we can make on behalf of the future population of this colony.

I have ever been an advocate and a firm supporter of the principles embodied in the present Education Act, and I believe that the Licensing Act has proved a great boon to the general public.

I am in favour of a Local Government Bill, and voted for the Criminal Law Amendment Act, and many other measures of a thoroughly practical character, and regret that, owing to the dissolution of Parliament, they have not become the law of the land.

Realising the importance of beautifying and adorning all portions of the city, I voted for and supported the Government in their proposals for the erection of the new Public Library, on the site now occupied by the Benevolent Asylum, in your own electorate.

As you are aware, I have always taken a great interest in the question of water-supply for the city, and also in an adequate system of sewerage. I have only to say that any proposals to secure those objects shall have my best and undivided attention, and that I will endeavour to make them as perfect as possible.

I shall address you in the various portions of the electorate, and further explain my views.

Trusting that you will honour me with your confidence, and elect me as one of your representatives,

I remain,

Yours faithfully,

GEORGE WITHERS.

Mornington-terrace, Riley-street, November 25, 1882.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

GEORGE WITHERS will address the Electors of South Sydney, as follows:—

At Royal Hotel, Campbell and Bourke streets, THIS EVENING 30th instant.

Chair will be taken at 8 o'clock.

RBT. MACKEY, S. T. WHIDDON } Hon. Secretaries.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

GENTLEMEN,—I do myself the honor to announce that I am a CANDIDATE for your suffrages at the ensuing election, and respectfully solicit a renewal of your confidence.

GEORGE WITHERS.

Mornington-terrace, Surrey Hills.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

GEORGE WITHERS will address the Electors at Foster's Hotel, Goulburn and Macquarie streets, THIS (Thursday) EVENING.

Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.

ROBT. MACKEY, S. T. WHIDDON } Hon. Secs.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

GEORGE WITHERS will address the Electors at Foster's Hotel, Goulburn and Macquarie streets, THIS (Thursday) EVENING.

Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.

ROBT. MACKEY, S. T. WHIDDON } Hon. Secs.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS.

GEORGE WITHERS—an honest, straightforward candidate. Study the welfare of your country, and RETURN HIM TO PARLIAMENT.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS.

GEORGE WITHERS—an honest, straightforward candidate. Study the welfare of your country, and RETURN HIM TO PARLIAMENT.

WITHERS FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

GIVE ONE VOTE to WITHERS, THE FEARLESS CANDIDATE.

VOTE FOR WITHERS, and DO IT EARLY, on SATURDAY, the 2nd December.

WITHERS FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

GIVE ONE VOTE to WITHERS, THE FEARLESS CANDIDATE.

VOTE FOR WITHERS, and DO IT EARLY, on SATURDAY, the 2nd December.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

COMMITTEE (with power to add to their number) to secure the return of WILLIAM THOMAS POOLE.

JOHN P. WRIGHT, Esq., Chairman.

Alderman HUGH WILSON and R. M. WALKER, Hon. Secretaries.

Alderman James Green
" Michael Chapman
" Andrew Wadsworth
" Geo. T. Collins, J.P.
William Beaumont, J.P.
Archibald Forsythe
Edward Hogben
W. J. Hibbert
Saml. T. Whiddon
Robert Andrews
Thos. Milsope
John Geddes
Fredk. Davies
Alfred John Finel
John Williams
Joseph Outtridge
Azarias Cook
Robert Jas. Parrish
Robert Maze
John Edgeley
W. E. Sawyer
Thomas Bartlett
C. B. Gent
W. M. Moir
Chas. E. Wigzell
Christopher Bryant
John M. Walker
Fredk. Bowers
Thos. Jessop
Joseph Hilder
W. Robertson
W. Dimmock
W. Waymark

SOUTH SYDNEY.

WILLIAM THOMAS POOLE on the Land Bill. He will fight to reduce the squatters' runs, to admit of men of moderate means becoming squatters.

Free Selection after Survey.

No more wholesale Alienation of the People's Inheritance as heretofore.

Get POOLE. Get Free Trade, and General Prosperity will follow.

VOTE FOR POOLE, who has the ability and power to make himself felt in Parliament. He will tolerate no shuffling humbugging, nothing but straightforward, honest legislation.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

Honour yourselves by placing POOLE at the head of the poll. The country will thank you. Come to his meetings.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

W. T. POOLE will ADDRESS the ELECTORS at Cook's Blue Lion Hotel, Elizabeth and Foveaux streets, THIS EVENING.

Chair to be taken by John P. Wright, Esq., at 8 o'clock.

DAVIES FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

The COMMITTEE MEET EVERY EVENING, at the London Tavern, Albion and Elizabeth streets, 7.30 sharp.

J. KIPPAX, A. M'NEIL, G. T. COLLINS } Hon. Secs.

DAVIES FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

Central Committee Rooms, London Tavern, corner of Albion and Elizabeth streets. Secretaries daily in attendance. Electoral Lists can be seen, and all information connected with the re-election of Mr. JOHN DAVIES can be obtained.

SAMUEL KIPPAX, A. M'NEIL, J. T. COLLINS } Hon. Secs.

DAVIES FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

Electors and Friends willing to assist in the RE-ELECTION of Mr. JOHN DAVIES are invited to enrol their names on the General Committee, at the Central Committee Rooms, Albion and Elizabeth streets.

SAMUEL KIPPAX, A. M'NEIL, J. T. COLLINS } Hon. Secs.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

Central Committee Rooms, Murphy's Albion Hotel, Elizabeth and Campbell streets. Members of the Committee will be in attendance EVERY EVENING.

H. M. DENNES, Hon. Secretary.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDYEY.

MONSTER MASS MEETING.

Monster Mass Meeting.

MONSTER MASS MEETING

TO-NIGHT. TO-NIGHT. TO-NIGHT.

AT THE SOUTHERN CROSS HOTEL, Corner of Devonshire and Elizabeth-streets, at 8 o'clock.

ATTEND. ATTEND. ATTEND.

Rally Round the Independent Candidate

Rally Round the Working Man's Friend

Rally Round your Tried Representative, and RETURN HIM at the HEAD of the POLL ON SATURDAY NEXT.

H. M. DENNES, Hon. Secretary.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

Parliamentary Elections.

TO THE ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—Parliament having been dissolved, you are now called upon to elect four representatives for the new Parliament; and, having been asked by an influential deputation to allow myself to be placed in nomination, I beg to inform you that I have consented, and do now solicit your suffrages in the forthcoming election. I may state that it was not my intention to offer myself this time for election, but having been requested to do so, I felt it my duty to yield, and will now give you my opinions upon the leading questions of the day, regretting that I have not had more time at my disposal to make you more fully acquainted with them.

THE LAND BILL.—I strongly object to the bill introduced by Sir John Robertson, known as the Consolidating Land Act, but would advocate the introduction of a measure that would meet the requirements of the present day.

THE EDUCATION ACT.—This measure received my support when I was in Parliament three years ago, and I would not consent to any alteration, except such as would make education free, which principle I advocated at the time of the passing of the Act.

THE LICENSING ACT.—This Act requires amending, as acknowledged by its best supporters, and I shall, if elected, give it my best attention.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—I am in favour of the introduction of a bill which will embody provisions for local self-government.

CIVIL SERVICE SUPERANNUATION BILL.—I am in favour of a Civil Service Superannuation Bill.

EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.—I am, and have always been, in favour of the eight-hour system, and would support the adjustment of the hours and also the wages of all working men in Government employment on the same basis as those in private establishments.

The foregoing is a brief outline of my views upon some of the leading questions of the day, and if you should honour me with your confidence by electing me one of your representatives, I shall endeavour to do all that I can to discharge my duties honestly, faithfully, and independently.

JOHN HARRIS.

Grenville, Ultimo. November 28, 1882.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS and the ADJUSTMENT OF GOVERNMET EMPLOYEES' WAGES, so as to place them on a more satisfactory basis.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS. Who has always supported THE EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS and TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS and an Increased Government Endowment.

JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney, for SOUTH SYDNEY.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and a Civil Service Bill.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and an Improvement in the Land Laws.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and a Local Government Bill.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and the maintenance of the Education Act.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and the amendment of the Licensing Act.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and the Extension of the Railway to the Circular Quay.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS.

JOHN HARRIS for SOUTH SYDNEY.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY vote for JOHN HARRIS, who has always contributed to the advancement of the colony.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and the Adjustment of Government Employees' Wages, so as to place them on a more satisfactory basis.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, who has always supported the Eight-Hour System.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and Technical Education.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and Increased Government Endowment.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and the Extension of the Railway to Circular Quay.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS.

JOHN HARRIS FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY, VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, who has always contributed to the advancement of the colony.

JOHN HARRIS, MAYOR OF SYDNEY, for South Sydney.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS. a and Civil Service Bill.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and a Local Government Bill.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and the 'maintenance of the Education Act.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and the Amendment of the Licensing Act.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS. JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney, is a Candidate. VOTE FOR HIM. An excellent opportunity to secure a Reliable Representative.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS. JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney, is a Candidate. VOTE FOR HIM. An excellent opportunity to secure a Reliable Representative.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS. JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney, is a Candidate. VOTE FOR HIM. An excellent opportunity to secure a Reliable Representative.

JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney, for SOUTH SYDNEY. He is a Worthy Man. He is an Honest Man. A Man of Enlightenment. THEN VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS.

JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney, for SOUTH SYDNEY. He is a Worthy Man. He is an Honest Man. A Man of Enlightenment. THEN VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS. STUDY YOUR OWN INTERESTS, and the WELFARE OF THIS SPLENDID RISING COUNTRY. Send to Parliament a Man of Progress. VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS. Mr. JOHN HARRIS, the MAYOR OF SYDNEY, was M.L.A. for WEST SYDNEY for some years, during which time he only opened his lips upon one occasion, and that was to ask for a pair. Therefore, as we believe in the old saying—that "A still tongue makes a wise head," WE DESIRE YOU to SUPPORT HIM for THE SOUTH.
JOHN F. FERGISS,
W. B. ADAMS,
FRED. ELPHINSTONE,
Electors of West Sydney.

JOHN HARRIS FOR SOUTH SYDNEY. A PUBLIC MEETING of the Electors of SOUTH SYDNEY will be held at Mr. J. B. Carkeek's MOORE PARK HOTEL, corner of Bourke and Phelps streets, Surry Hills, THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, at 9 o'clock. ELECTORS ATTEND, and hear the honest independent opinions OF OUR WORTHY MAYOR.
J. WARD, G. STUBBS, R. PARISH, Hon. Secs.
R. MACKEY, Treasurer.

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J. WARD, G. STUBBS, R. PARISH, Hon. Secs.
R. MACKEY, Treasurer.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. F. ABIGAIL, at the Hero of Waterloo, Miller's Point, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, 8 o'clock. ELECTORS ATTEND.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. VOTE FOR WILLIAM FRASER MARTIN, who will give his full support to a Civil Service and Superannuation Bill.
ALEX. CAMPBELL, THOS. GOLLAN, Hon. Secs.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTORATE. F. ABIGAIL will address the Electors as follows. THIS EVENING, November 30, Hero of Waterloo Hotel, Miller's Point, at 8 o'clock. FRIDAY, December 1, Sportsman's Arms Hotel, George-street West, at 8 o'clock. J. Barnett, Esq., in the chair. SATURDAY, December 2, Gardeners' Arms Hotel, York-street, at 8.30 o'clock. Alderman Robert Fowler, Esq., J.P., in the chair.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. F. ABIGAIL will address the Electors at the Hero of Waterloo Hotel, Miller's Point, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST SYDNEY.
GENERAL ELECTION.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of West Sydney will be held at the Hustings, Town Hall enclosure, at noon on SATURDAY, the 2nd day of December next, for the Nomination and Election of four Members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the abovenamed Electorate.

In the event of more than four candidates being nominated, and a Poll demanded, the polling will take place on TUESDAY, December 5, next, at the following places, commencing at 8 a.m., and closing at 4 p.m. of the same day:—
A B—Room at the Hustings, Town Hall, Druitt-street.
C D—Ditto ditto, ditto, ditto.
E F G—Ditto ditto, ditto, ditto.
H I J K—Ditto ditto, ditto, ditto.
L M—The Central Police Office, York-street.
N O P Q R—Room in the Masonic Hall, Clarence-street.
S T—Ditto ditto, ditto.
U to Z—Ditto ditto, ditto.

Before nomination it is required that a deposit of £40 must be paid to the Returning Officer, which must be in cash.
JOHN WILLIAMS, Returning Officer.
West Sydney, November 24, 1882.

TO THE ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—It having been decided to appeal to the country upon the great question of land legislation, I take this early opportunity of informing you I shall again become a candidate for one of the four seats in Parliament. I am fully persuaded that it requires much more than the consolidation of the present Land Acts to place the question of settlement upon our waste lands on a sound basis. Free selection before survey has not led to those unmixed blessings which we were taught to believe it would. On the contrary, it has set class against class, and so laid the foundation of future social disaster to the colony.

I am of opinion that agricultural and pastoral areas with some fixture of tenure to the pastoral lessee at increased rentals would go a long way to prevent dummyism, blackmailing, land-grabbing, and all the frauds and false swearing which have been so long practised to the hindrance of true homestead settlement. I shall have the honour of meeting you in the various parts of the electorate before the day of election, and will then fully explain my views upon this and other important questions affecting the public interest.

I remain, your obedient servant,
FRANCIS ABIGAIL.
November 23, 1882.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.
WILLIAM FRASER MARTIN'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

John See, M.P.
Henry Clarke, M.P.
G. L. Carter, M.P.
John Harris, Esq., Mayor
Alderman J. Taylor
Alderman A. Wadsworth
Alderman Young
J. Fraser Ewan, Esq., M.D.
G. Munro (M'Arthur and Co.)
A. L. Nelson, J.P.
S. G. Davison, J.P.
George Wells, J.P.
Captain Calder
F. J. Gibbins
J. Vance
C. B. Bond, J.P.
J. Hawthorne
R. Chandler
R. H. Prescott
J. Cameron
J. R. M'Fadyen
John Campbell
Henry Farnsworth
C. Field
S. Preddy
G. F. Mason
John Corlise
A. Hewlett
Charles Field, J.P.
John M'Minn
N. Hawken
H. Prescott
J. B. Amess
R. Langley
Henry Goddard
W. M. Burns
Henry Field
Daniel Campbell
Donald Campbell
Alex. Campbell
A. Armstrong
John M'Leod
A. Macredie
Geo. Law
W. Kerr
E. Tinsley
Thos. Dean
E. Coulter
F. Horsey
H. Button
John Paul
Geo. Moore
Wm. Moore
J. Forster
W. Hill
J. Menzies
E. A. Jones
T. Brown
R. Meiklejohn
J. Anderson
E. Smith
J. Hill
W. S. Hill
J. Foster
F. Blair
T. Lee
M. Landers
E. Bladon
J. M'Lennon
John Graham
Mark Stephenson
John Grant
C. Shaw
Wm. Elliott
J. Chalmers
J. White
P. Ryan
J. Williams
T. Duncan
T. W. Craven
C. P. Humphries
J. Craig
J. F. Bowden
M. Crevlin
Thos. Giblin
Geo. Lance
H. Bethel
W. H. Fisher
R. Henderson
M. Murray
J. Cormack
W. Elliott
T. Gollan
T. Lalor
R. Burdon
C. R. Toby
F. J. Barker
H. J. Macintosh
John Smith
H. W. Adlam
D. P. Baldock
Geo. Brown
Geo. Dodd
John Dodd
Oliver Jeffrey
Russel Evans
Geo. Veseys
J. Moran
T. Morrisson
J. Wright
J. M'Loughin
Thos. Dyson
W. Taylor
Gordon Marr
A. M. Coleman
John Stokes
W. Algie
W. Johnson
John Hill
Alex. Barker
John Dwyer
James M'Mahon
W. Greenland
Geo. Thompson
C. Edenborough
F. Wadsworth
D. Marshall
J. G. Thompson
A. C. Dent
J. Blair
J. F. M'Donall
Hugh M'Lusky
W. Graham
J. Scard
C. Stephenson
W. A. Moore
J. O'Brien
J. W. Twyman
R. Lyell
J. Ryan
C. Beattie
S. Williams
H. T. Bovis
J. B. Aird
Peter Green
James Erwin
Henry Jeffrey
William Jeffre
J. Morrison
C. Barnett
D. Cormack
John M'Rae
J. G. M'Mahon
Thomas Gotto
H. W. Dudley
Joseph De Cross
Colin Thompson
John Spencer
Thomas Spencer
James Craig
R. Noden
H. Hext
Thomas Blain
W. H. Sellen
Isaac Bethel
Hugh M'Innes
James Maxwell
J. M'Auley
J. Wallace
A. Anderson
R. C. Toby
Angus M'Innes
J. Thomas
A. M'Leod Davis
John Young
James Dodd
James Murphy
C. Rogers
G. Broadford
J. M'Laughlin
Edgar Ives
John King
W. B. Coleman
J. J. Hill
James Robinson
Stephen Wilfred
F. Fleetwood
J. Cook
John Booth, J.P.
William Inglis
E. A. Jones
W. C. Robinson
T. Elliott
Thomas Clarke
T. Lavender
— Kenif
J. Bradfoot
Alex M'Pherson
W. Richardson
G. M. Pitt, J.P.
Robt. Halliday
Henry Henderson
W. Anderson
E. Brady
A. W. Cormack
Henry Fountain
M. O'Brien
W. Elliott
J. W. R. Clark
James Wallace
J. C. Smith
Robt. Milne
George Stanfield
W. M. Stanwell

PYRMONT and ULTIMO COMMITTEE:

F. Cameroux
W. H. Williams
John Parton
J. B. Amess
J. J. Amess
S. S. Amess
Jas. Healey
Thos. Thorburn
Jno. M'Rae
T. A. Webb
W. Webb
W. C. Webb
Colin Shaw
Alex. Muir
J. Delshaw
Jno. O'Brien
John Grant
John M'Leod
A. M'Credie
T. M'Credie
G. Everett
W. Everett
C. Everett
G. Everett, jun.
R. Hayes
W. Stewart
Alex. M'Credie.

THOS. GOLLAN, ALEX. CAMPBELL, Hon. Secs.
Central Committee Rooms Wynyard Hotel, Clarence and Erskine streets.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. THE GENERAL COMMITTEE of Mr. WILLIAM FRASER MARTIN are requested to attend A SPECIAL MEETING THIS EVENING, November 30, at 7.30, at CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS. Every member expected to attend.
ALEX. CAMPBELL, THOS. GOLLAN, Hon. Secs.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. Mr. ANGUS CAMERON will Address the Electors on FRIDAY EVENING, December 1, as follows:—Bond's Captain Cook Hotel, Miller's Point, at half-past 7 o'clock; and Royer's Blue Bell Hotel, Erskine and Sussex streets, at a quarter to 9 o'clock.
HENRY J. WINDON, GEORGE WOODS, Hon. Secretaries.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. Mr. JOHN FRASER MARTIN'S Committee meet every Evening at 7.30, Central Committee Rooms, Wynyard Hotel, Erskine and Clarence streets.
ALEX. CAMPBELL, THOS. GOLLAN, Hon. Secs.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY. Mr. WILLIAM FRASER MARTIN will Address the Electors on FRIDAY EVENING, at 7.30, from Mr. C. Rickett's Lighthouse Hotel, Bathurst and Sussex streets.
ALEX. CAMPBELL, THOS. GOLLAN, Hon. Secs.

ABIGAIL FOR WEST SYDNEY.
L. MAIDMENT, W. S. CREWS, Pyrmont and Ultimo Secs.
J. M'LACHLAN, G. BUXTON, E. SCHOFIELD, Sydney Secs.
S. CRAWFORD, Esq., J.P., Chairman of Committee.
Committee will meet Every Evening at 7 o'clock, at Beattie's Gardeners' Arms Hotel, York-street.
THOS. JESSOP, Hon. Sec.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY. F. ABIGAIL is a CANDIDATE for re-election.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. VOTE FOR ABIGAIL, Working Man's Candidate.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. VOTE FOR ABIGAIL, and Eight Hours' System.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. VOTE FOR ABIGAIL, and Present Education Act.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. VOTE FOR ABIGAIL, and Railway to Circular Quay.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. VOTE FOR ABIGAIL, a Man of Integrity.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. F. ABIGAIL will address the Electors at MILLER'S POINT before the Polling Day.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY. Your Vote and interest are respectfully solicited on behalf of GEORGE MERRIMAN. Pyrmont Committee Rooms: Holland's Quarryman's Arms, John-street.
WILLIAM COLLINS, M. BYRNES, Hon. Secs. Pyrmont Committee.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY. Your Vote and interest are respectfully solicited on behalf of GEORGE MERRIMAN. Central Committee Rooms: Queensland Hotel, Erskine and Kent streets.
Alderman J. D. YOUNG, CHARLES BARNETT, General Secretaries.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY. VOTE for MERRIMAN. VOTE for MERRIMAN. VOTE for MERRIMAN. VOTE for MERRIMAN. MERRIMAN for WEST SYDNEY.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. GEO. MERRIMAN is a CANDIDATE, and will address the Electors, at Rickett's Lighthouse Hotel, Bathurst and Sussex streets, THIS EVENING, November 30, at 8 o'clock.
Alderman J. D. YOUNG, CHAS. BARNETT, Hon. Secs.

MERRIMAN FOR WEST SYDNEY. GEO. MERRIMAN will address the Electors at RICKETT'S LIGHTHOUSE HOTEL, Bathurst and Sussex streets, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, November 30th, at 8 o'clock. Vincent J. Zahel in the chair.
Alderman J. D. YOUNG, CHAS. BARNETT, Hon. Secs.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. CAMERON FOR WEST SYDNEY. VOTE FOR CAMERON, the Popular Candidate, and Intelligence, Ability, and Energy.
Mr. ANGUS CAMERON will address the Electors of West Sydney THIS EVENING, at Jeffries' Sportsman's Arms, Parramatta-street, at 8 o'clock.
HENRY J. WINDON, GEORGE WOODS, Hon. Secretaries.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY. ANGUS CAMERON is a CANDIDATE. GIVE HIM A VOTE. Central Committee Rooms, Swan With Two Necks Hotel, George and Park streets.

CAMERON FOR WEST SYDNEY. MR. ANGUS CAMERON will address THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY on FRIDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 1, as follows; BOND'S CAPTAIN COOK HOTEL, Miller's Point, at half-past 7, and ROYER'S BLUE BELL HOTEL, Erskine and Sussex streets, at a quarter to 9.
HENRY J. WINDON, GEORGE WOODS, Hon. Secretaries.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY. A PUBLIC MEETING will be held at Miller's Point, Prior's Palisade Hotel, J. MURPHY will address the meeting THIS EVENING, 30th November. ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY VOTE FOR JEREMIAH MURPHY, the working man's friend. ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY. Civil Servants vote for JEREMIAH MURPHY, the independent candidate. ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY vote for an honest man, J. MURPHY, who never broke his word. Roll up! Roll up! Roll up! to-night, at Miller's Point.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. F. ABIGAIL, at the Hero of Waterloo, Miller's Point, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, 8 o'clock. ELECTORS ATTEND.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION. If Lord Harris and Mr. Murdoch were opponents in the Electioneering instead of the Cricket Field, which would you sooner vote for—The man who would accept gracefully in a fair open-handed match, "OUT," or the gentleman who would say, "BILLY, YOU MUST GO, GO OUT; I AM HARRIS!" So it is now with the two JOHNS.

VOTE for FARNELL, STUART, and CO., and Remission of Selectors' Interest.

ELECTORS! ELECTORS!! ELECTORS!!! THE COMING MAN! Whether Mr. G. H. Reid is elected or not. THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED, will hold their FIRST SALE in their grand Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket, at 11 o'clock, THIS DAY, 30th INSTANT. Don't delay. Regrets will be unavailing. Be wise and invest. Speculation with certainty of large profits.

BALMAIN ELECTORATE. W. A. HUTCHINSON WILL ADDRESS THE ELECTORS at the following places, as under: Maloney's Hotel, Rountree-street, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Alderman SMITH will preside. Temperance Hall, TO-MORROW (Friday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock.
J. CAMERON.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN AND LEICHHARDT. Mr. JOHN TAYLOR'S COMMITTEE will meet at Bennett's New Hall, Beattie-street THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Every member is requested to be present.
W. M. BURNS.

BALMAIN ELECTORATE. I hereby give notice that a PUBLIC MEETING will be held at the School of Arts, Balmain, THIS DAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1882, at noon, for the purpose of ELECTING TWO MEMBERS to serve in the Legislative Assembly in New South Wales for the electoral district of Balmain.
Before nomination it is requested that every candidate shall deposit with the Returning Officer the sum of £40 in cash.
In the event of more than two members being nominated, and a poll demanded, the Poll will take place at the following places on SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, commencing at 8 a.m., and closing at 4 p.m. on that day, viz., Balmain School of Arts; Balmain Council-chambers; Leichhardt Council-chambers; Clark's Iron Store, Erskine-street, Sydney.
THOS. S. ROWNTREE, Returning Officer.

W. PRITCHARD FOR BALMAIN. MONSTER PUBLIC MEETING, FRIDAY NIGHT, at 8 o'clock, at Dick's Hotel, when several representative gentlemen will address the meeting.
S. G. DAVISON, Hon. Sec.

BALMAIN ELECTION. W. PRITCHARD will address a Public Meeting of the Electors THIS (Thursday) NIGHT at May's Leichhardt Hotel, Balmain-road, at 7.30, and at Whiting's Elswick Hotel, Parramatta-road, at 8.30.

W. PRITCHARD FOR BALMAIN. MONSTER PUBLIC MEETING, TO-MORROW (FRIDAY) NIGHT, at 8 o'clock, at Dick's Hotel, when several representative gentlemen will address the meeting.
S. G. DAVISON, Hon. Sec.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN. VOTE FOR PRITCHARD, who boldly declares his opposition to the Land Bill.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN. VOTE FOR PRITCHARD, who will serve you faithfully and well.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN. VOTE FOR PRITCHARD, and Revision of the Land Bill.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN. VOTE FOR PRITCHARD, and Local Self-Government.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN. VOTE FOR PRITCHARD, and Extended Powers to Municipalities.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN. VOTE FOR PRITCHARD, who will be the Right Man in the Right Place.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN. VOTE FOR PRITCHARD, AND AN Amended Licensing Act.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN. VOTE FOR PRITCHARD, and much needed Civil Service Reform.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN. VOTE FOR PRITCHARD, and Bridges from Balmain to Sydney and North Shore.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN. VOTE FOR PRITCHARD, and a network of Suburban Tramways.

TO THE ELECTORS OF BALMAIN AND LEICHHARDT.
VOTE FOR JOHN TAYLOR. A Modified Licensing Act.
VOTE FOR JOHN TAYLOR, and Improved Land Laws.
VOTE FOR JOHN TAYLOR and Prosperity to the Electors and Country Generally.
BE EARLY AT THE POLL and GIVE HIM A VOTE.
W. M. BURNS, Hon. Sec.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN and LEICHHARDT. Alderman JOHN TAYLOR will address the Electors, THIS EVENING. Mr. E. Pollock will take the chair. Waterview Hotel, 7.30. Town Hall Hotel, 9. FRIDAY EVENING. Albion Hotel, 7.30. Barr's Waverley Hotel, 8.30. Dick's Hotel, 9.30.
W. M. BURNS, Hon. Sec.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN,—Have you ever heard the little romance about the poor unfortunate widow's mangle? If not, ask the Mayor of Leichhardt.

FELLOW-ELECTORS OF BALMAIN,—Ask WILLIAM PRITCHARD, Esq., Mayor of Leichhardt, the following words:—"What about the mangle?" And no doubt he will reply, "No case, abuse the plaintiff;" but in it there is a horrible tale to unfold.

BALMAIN ELECTORS. Billy Pritchard's poetry is very good, but much better prose could be made of the history of the unfortunate WIDOW'S MANGLE.
Vote for the Mayor of Leichhardt when he explains how he distributed the mangle funds.

GARRARD FOR BALMAIN.—A MEETING of the Friends and Supporters of Alderman GARRARD will be held THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at the School of Arts. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock, by W. MacDonnell, Esq.
JOHN STEDMAN, W. H. SPEECHLEY, Hon. Secretaries.

GENERAL ELECTION.
ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF CANTERBURY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Public MEETING of the Electors of the abovenamed electoral district will be held at noon on WEDNESDAY, the 6th December next, at the Hustings, Ashfield, for the Nomination and Election of three Members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the electoral district of Canterbury.

In the event of more candidates being proposed than the number of members required, and a poll demanded, the POLLING will take place on SATURDAY, the 9th of December next, at the undermentioned places, viz:—

Ashfield ...	The Hustings
Canterbury ...	Post-office
Burwood ...	Neich's Hotel, Parramatta-road
Petersham ...	Clark's Cottage, Parramatta-road
Cook's River Dam	Gannon's Cottage
Sydney ...	Central Police Office
St. Peters, Cook's River ...	Foresters' Hall
Five Dock ...	Municipal Council Chambers
Rocky Point-road ...	Gardeners' Arms
Marrickville ...	Municipal Council Chambers
Gannon's Forest ...	Blue Posts
Liverpool-road ...	Cottage, junction of Punchbowl-road
Arncliffe ...	Store adjoining Mr. Jacob's Tempe Family Hotel.

The polling will commence at 8 a.m., and close at 4 p.m. of the same day.
Before nomination it is required that a Deposit of Forty Pounds must be paid to the Returning Officer, which must be in cash.
FREDERICK UNDERWOOD, Returning Officer.
29th November, 1882.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE ELECTORATE OF CANTERBURY.

Gentlemen,—Two years ago you elected me at the head of the poll as one of your representatives.

I have endeavoured to the best of my ability to advance the best interests of the Electorate and of the Colony, and to carry out the principles which I then enunciated to you, and as I trust and believe that I still retain your confidence, I venture to ask for your votes and influence at the present election.

You are aware of my exertions in connection with the extension of the Railway into Sydney, and that I am a stanch upholder of the principles of the Education Act and of the Licensing Act, a though some amendments may be required in the details of the latter Act.

I desire to see at once introduced a Civil Service Bill and a bill to provide for Local Government.

I am not in favour of the Land Bill introduced by the Government.

On these and all other matters I hope to have the pleasure to address you at the meetings which I shall hold throughout the electorate.

I trust that you will again place me in the same proud position as at the last election, and beg to remain
Yours respectfully,
W. H. PIGOTT.

ELECTORATE OF CANTERBURY. Mr. PIGOTT will address the Electors on THURSDAY, November 30, at School of Arts, Burwood, at 7.30. FRIDAY, December 1, at Town Hall, Petersham, at 7.30. SATURDAY, December 2, at Kogarah and Hurstville. MONDAY, December 4, at Town Hall, Marrickville, at 7.30. TUESDAY, December 5, at Town Hall, St. Peters, at 7.30 sharp; and at Cook's River at 9. WEDNESDAY, December 6, at Canterbury, at 7.30. THURSDAY, December 7, at Mrs. Clune's West Botany Hotel, at 7.30. FRIDAY, December 8, at Five Dock, at 7.30; and at Croydon at a quarter to 9.

ELECTORS OF CANTERBURY.

Gentlemen,—Parliament has been dissolved, and I again appeal to you for election as one of your representatives in the Legislative Assembly. During the past two years I have devoted whatever ability I possessed to promote the welfare of the colony generally, as well as giving my utmost attention to your local wants. My attendance at the Assembly has been regular, and I have invariably supported the present Government, believing they desired to legislate for the good of the country. The close of the debate on the Land Bill was unexpected, and being temporarily absent from the Assembly at the time I was prevented from recording my vote for the second reading. I have no pecuniary interest in the settlement of the Land question, I expect no personal favour from the Government, and I will not pander to the Opposition; therefore, wishing to act fairly and honestly toward the pastoral tenant and the free selector, I am free to act with unbiassed judgment. I am not favourable to the remission of interest on free selectors' balances. I shall continue my support to the Education Act and Liquor Licensing Bill. I shall always oppose any movement tending to cause the desecration of the Sabbath.
WILLIAM HENSON.
Ashfield, 23rd November, 1882.

CANTERBURY ELECTORATE. Mr. W. HENSON will ADDRESS the ELECTORS at Five Dock—Donaldson's Inn, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 7.30. Ashfield—Oddfellows' Hall, FRIDAY, December 1, at 7.30. West Botany—Council-chambers, SATURDAY, December 2, 7.30. Burwood—School of Arts, TUESDAY, December 5, at 7.30.

TO THE ELECTORS OF CANTERBURY. A MEETING of the Friends and Supporters of Mr. MARK J. HAMMOND will be held at the Petersham Town Hall, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Roll up, and hear the independent candidate.

ELECTORS OF CANTERBURY, VOTE FOR MARK J. HAMMOND, the INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE, who has the Leisure and Ability to serve you faithfully.

CANTERBURY ELECTION. Mr. HAMMOND will ADDRESS the ELECTORS as follows:—THIS, THURSDAY, Town Hall, Petersham. FRIDAY, Donahoe's Hotel, Victoria-road, Marrickville. SATURDAY, School of Arts, Burwood. The Meetings to commence at 8 o'clock.

NOTICE.—Mr. HAMMOND'S Committee will MEET at the Terminus Inn, Ashfield, on THIS NIGHT, 30th November.

STEPHEN, FOR CANTERBURY. Mr. STEPHEN will Address the Electors on THURSDAY, 30th November, at School of Arts, Ashfield, at 8 p.m. FRIDAY, 1st December, at Burwood, at 8 p.m. SATURDAY, 2nd December, at Kogarah and Hurstville. MONDAY, 4th December, at Marrickville. TUESDAY, 5th December, at St. Peters and Cook's River. WEDNESDAY, 6th December, at Canterbury. THURSDAY, 7th December, at M'Clure's, West Botany Hotel. FRIDAY, 8th December, at Five Dock and Croydon.

ELECTORS, do not pledge your Votes. Wait and hear STEPHEN.

VOTE for STEPHEN and Public Reserves.

VOTE for STEPHEN and Railway Extension.

VOTE for STEPHEN, a native, and a man of ability and education.

CANTERBURY ELECTION. Mr. SEPTIMUS STEPHEN will address the Electors at the School of Arts, Ashfield, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 p.m.

CANTERBURY ELECTORATE.
To HENRY MOSES, Esq., Leichhardt.

Sir,
We, the undersigned electors of the district of Canterbury, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be nominated as a candidate for the above electorate, and in the event of your doing so we pledge ourselves to use our best efforts to secure your return.
We are, Sir,
Yours obediently,
(Signed)

Robert Hudson	J. Wetherill
J. S. Jamieson	Alfred Davis
F. Clissold	W. Clark
G. Hardie	J. W. Watkin
G. J. Sly	J. Kirkpatrick
J. Woods	W. F. Remington
W. L. Davis	A. C. Johnson
T. Fisher	H. C. Thompson
A. Bennett	G. Griffiths
W. F. Martin, M.L.A.	C. J. Robey
Kelso King	A. W. Sutton
S. H. Terry, M.L.A.	J. Landy
F. Bennett	W. W. Richardson
A. J. Viney	J. C. Remington
C. Bennett	H. E. Johnston
G. K. Clarke	G. A. Thompson
J. Gregg	Geo. Pile
W. C. Hill	W. H. Giddy
S. W. Murray	H. C. Hurst
C. J. Ryan	J. S. Harrison
T. G. Smith	Randolph Nott
H. Smith	T. J. Thompson
W. Seaward	Jno. Phillips

Elswick House, Leichhardt, November 25th, 1882.

To Messrs. Robert Hudson, J. S. Jamieson, F. Clissold, J.P., G. Hardie, G. J. Sly, J. Woods, J.P., W. L. Davis, T. Fisher, A. Bennett, W. F. Martin, M.L.A., Kelso King, S. H. Terry, M.L.A., and other gentlemen signing the above requisition.

Gentlemen,—In compliance with the above requisition, I have much pleasure in acceding to your request to allow myself to be nominated for the Electoral District of Canterbury, and I shall avail myself of the earliest opportunity of addressing the electorate, and exponing my views on the most important questions now occupying the public mind.
I am, Gentlemen,
Yours faithfully,
HENRY MOSES.

ELECTORS of Canterbury.—Vote for Henry Moses, an independent Candidate, and a man of sound principles.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF THE GLEBE.
GENERAL ELECTION.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the Glebe will be held at the Town Hall, Glebe, at noon on WEDNESDAY, the 29th day of November instant, for the NOMINATION and ELECTION of one Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the said Electoral District.

In the event of more candidates being proposed than the one required, and a poll demanded, the POLLING will take place on FRIDAY, the 1st day of December, at the Town Hall, Glebe, commencing at 8 a.m. and closing at 4 p.m. the same day.

Before nomination it is required that every candidate shall deposit with the Returning Officer the sum of £40 in cash.
MICHAEL CHAPMAN, Returning Officer.
Glebe, 24th November, 1882.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY. VOTE for Vindictive and Malicious JOHN, a man who would RUN to FARTH any Poor Animal that, with ANOTHER KICK, would CARRY him TO ETERNITY.
P.S.—The Britisher never kicks a Man when he is down.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF CENTRAL CUMBERLAND ELECTION.

In pursuance of a Writ received from his Excellency the Governor, NOTICE is hereby given that a Public MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of Central Cumberland will be held at noon, on FRIDAY, December 1st, 1882, at the Pavilion, Moore Park, Liverpool, for the Nomination and Election of two Members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the Electoral District of Central Cumberland. In the event of more than two candidates being proposed and a poll demanded, the Polling will take place on TUESDAY, the fifth day of December, 1882, at the following polling places:—

Blacktown Station	Liverpool, the Courthouse
Bevan's House at the Field of Mars	Parramatta, the Courthouse
Camden-road	Pennant Hills
Cross-roads	Prospect
Baulkham Hills	Ryde, the Courthouse
Denham Court	Schofield's Inn, on the Windsor-road
Gould's Bay	Schoolhouse, Dural
Hawkesbury River	Smithfield, M'Guarr's House
Gladesville	Willow's, near Haslem's Creek on the Parramatta-road
Granville	Rookwood
Hunter's Hill, the Council Chambers	Sydney, the Central Police Office.
Irish Town	

The Polling will commence at 8 a.m. and close at 4 p.m. of the same day.
CHARLES A. SCRIVENER, Returning Officer.
Liverpool, November 24th, 1882.

CENTRAL CUMBERLAND ELECTION. Mr. LACKEY WILL MEET and ADDRESS the ELECTORS at the undermentioned places, as follows:—
Field of Mars—THIS EVENING, November 30th, at 7 p.m.
Pennant Hills—THIS EVENING, November 30th, at 8 p.m.
LIVERPOOL—On FRIDAY, December 1. NOMINATION at 12 noon.
Smithfield—On FRIDAY, December 1st, at 3 p.m.
Ryde—On SATURDAY, December 2nd, at 6 p.m.
Gladesville—On SATURDAY, December 2nd, at half-past 7 p.m.
Rookwood—On MONDAY, December 4th, at half-past 6 p.m.
Granville—On MONDAY, December 4th, at 8 p.m.
HENRY T. JONES, Hon. Sec.

CENTRAL CUMBERLAND ELECTION. A MEETING of the Hon. JOHN LACKEY'S COMMITTEE will be held at Wehlow's Woolpack Hotel, Parramatta, on FRIDAY, December 1, at 8 p.m., to make arrangements for Polling Day.
HENRY T. JONES, Hon. Sec.

TO THE ELECTORS OF CENTRAL CUMBERLAND.

Gentlemen,—At an early date you will be called upon to make a choice of two members to represent this large and important electorate. Of the merits or demerits of the several gentlemen who aspire to the honourable position of being returned as members I have nothing to say; my motto through life has been "Measures, and not men." I hope to be pardoned when I say, should you do me the honour of returning me as one of your members, I have time and means which will enable me to give that attention to your local requirements, as well as the more weighty measures which come before the Parliament from time to time. The land question, which brought about the dissolution of Parliament, will have to be dealt with and placed upon a sound basis. As a native of the colonies, and having considerable stake in the land and manufacturing interests in the electorate, I trust I will be able to use my matured judgment and large experience in assisting to settle this vexed question, so that the various class interests that have so long been antagonistic to each other, and prevented in some measure the land from being settled on by an industrious yeomanry, which is most desirable in this prosperous country. I hope to have the pleasure of addressing you at an early date, and lay fully before you my views. Being pledged to no party, having but one aim and object, viz., the welfare of my native country in general, and the district of Central Cumberland in particular, trusting to be favoured with your votes and interests,
I am, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant,
N. G. BULL.
Cabramatta Park.
November 24th, 1882.

CENTRAL CUMBERLAND ELECTION. A MEETING of the Friends and Supporters of N. G. BULL will be held at the following places.
Parramatta, THIS EVENING, November 30th, 7.30 p.m., Wehlow's Woolpack Hotel.
Liverpool, FRIDAY, December 1st. Nomination at 12 o'clock noon.
Field of Mars, FRIDAY, December 1st, 7 p.m.
Pennant Hills, FRIDAY, December 1st, 8 p.m.
Castle Hills, SATURDAY, December 2nd, 7 p.m.
Baulkham Hills, SATURDAY, December 2nd, 8 p.m.
Granville, MONDAY, December 4th, 7.30 p.m., Horwood's Hotel.
Rookwood MONDAY December 4th, at 8.30 p.m.

TO THE ELECTORS OF CENTRAL CUMBERLAND.

Gentlemen,—Parliament being dissolved, I am again a candidate for your suffrages. The Government having called for an expression of opinion on the operation of the land laws, I unhesitatingly recorded my vote against the continuance of the present unsatisfactory and, I may almost add, ruinous system of dealing with the Crown lands of the territory; and I now confidently appeal to you to endorse my action. I shall take the earliest opportunity of addressing you more fully on the subject in the different polling places in the Electorate.
A. H. M'CULLOCH, Junr.
Sydney, 23rd November, 1882.

CENTRAL CUMBERLAND ELECTION. Mr. M'CULLOCH will address the Electors at the undermentioned places:—
Ryde—THIS EVENING, 30th instant, at 8 p.m.
Blacktown—on Friday, 1st December, at 7 p.m.
Prospect—on Friday, 1st December, at 8 p.m.
Pennant Hills—on Saturday, 2nd December, at 7.30 p.m.
Field of Mars—on Saturday, 2nd December, at 8.30 p.m.
Gladesville—on Monday, 4th December, at 7.30 p.m.
Hunter's Hill—on Monday, 4th December, at 8.30 p.m.
J. J. MOONEY, Secretary.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NEWTOWN.

A Public MEETING of the ELECTORS of the Electoral District of NEWTOWN will be held at the Town Hall, Newtown, at noon, THIS DAY, the 30th day of November instant, for the Nomination and Election of two Members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the Electoral District of Newtown.

In the event of more than two Candidates being proposed, and a poll demanded, the POLLING will take place on SATURDAY, the 2nd day of December proximo, at the following places, viz. Newtown, Central Police Office, Sydney; Camperdown, Darlington, and Macdonaldtown; commencing at 8 a.m., and closing at 4 p.m. the same day.
WILLIAM BAILEY, Returning-Officer.
Stanmore, 24th November, 1882.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NEWTOWN.
NOTICE.

The Persons who propose acting as POLL CLERKS at the forthcoming election will please meet the Returning Officer at the Town Hall, Newtown, at 8 o'clock THIS (Thursday) EVENING, to receive their appointments.
W. BAILEY, Returning Officer.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE. Alderman F. J. GIBBES will meet and address the Electors TO-NIGHT, at the TOWN HALL, DARLINGTOWN, at 8 o'clock.
C. T. PEIRCE, Hon. Sec.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE. Alderman F. J. GIBBES for NEWTOWN. MONSTER COMMITTEE MEETING, TOWN HALL, NEWTOWN, on FRIDAY, December 1st, at 8 o'clock p.m.
The Hon. Secretary will be in attendance at the Town Hall Newtown, all day, FRIDAY, to afford information to the committee and others.
C. T. PEIRCE, Hon. Sec.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE. Alderman F. J. GIBBES is a Candidate, and will meet and address the Electors throughout the electorate. See advertisements.
C. T. PEIRCE, Hon. Sec.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE. F. J. GIBBES' Central COMMITTEE ROOMS, Town Hall, Newtown.
C. T. PEIRCE, Hon. Sec.

TO THE ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN.

Gentlemen,—The tenth Parliament of New South Wales has come to an end. The Government, as you are aware, introduced a Land Bill, consolidating in one Act the law now contained in ten Acts, and curing abuses which had arisen under them; also providing for the acquisition of homes on the lands of the colony by citizens who could not at once reside upon them.

Admitting this bill to be "an immense improvement on what had gone before," but impotent for an immediate radical change of the laws of free selection, upon some lines upon which the leading speakers all disagreed among themselves, our opponents defeated us upon the second reading, many of our former supporters voting against us.

This was a vote, in the ordinary course, to oust the present Government from office, and install the Opposition leaders in their place.

If this be the people's will at the present juncture, we shall frankly accept it; but as we do not believe that it is, we appeal to the country, and you will shortly have to give a decisive voice in this appeal as to one Minister at least.

Although this crisis has been brought about by the Land Bill, I believe it to be one involving the best interests of the country in other respects. If the present Government is not the fittest to hold the reins of power, the best interests of the colony require their removal; and if Messrs. Stuart, Jennings, O'Connor, Garrett, and M'Elhone, who obtained so decisive a majority on this question, are fitter to be entrusted with office, the sooner the people declare this unmistakably the better. To explain fully the real questions now placed before the country, to give you a fair account of the past action of the Government of which a year ago you ratified my becoming a member, and to submit to you my own humble attempts to serve the colony and yourselves, would far exceed the limits of a published address. I shall therefore endeavour to meet you on the earliest opportunities at various places in the electorate for these purposes.

Should you demonstrate by your votes at the election that I still retain your generous confidence, I shall indeed feel proud to devote to the service of the country and yourselves the best of whatever poor ability I may possess.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,
Your faithful servant,
W. J. FOSTER.

ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN. Your vote and influence are respectively solicited in behalf of the Hon. W. J. FOSTER. Central Committee Rooms, Temperance-hall, Newtown.

NEWTOWN ELECTION. Mr. FOSTER will Address the Electors at Mr. Wright's Imperial Hotel, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at Macdonaldtown.
G. H. SPARKES, H. W. SWAN, Hon. Secs.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE. ELECTORS, do not disfranchise yourselves by voting for Opposition Candidates. Go straight for Messrs. FOSTER and GIBBES.

NEWTOWN ELECTION. Your vote and influence are respectfully solicited in behalf of Mr. J. MITCHELL.

NEWTOWN ELECTION. Vote for Mr. J. MITCHELL, who has served you honestly, fearlessly, and independently.

NEWTOWN ELECTION. Working men, be true to yourselves, and VOTE for MITCHELL.

MITCHELL, the Working Man's Candidate.

VOTE for MITCHELL, who has the ability to think for himself.

VOTE for MITCHELL and the present Education Act.

VOTE for MITCHELL, who has served his apprenticeship.

VOTE for MITCHELL.

VOTE for MITCHELL.

VOTE for MITCHELL.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE. Mr. MITCHELL'S Central Committee Rooms at Mr. E. Rodgers' Somerset Hotel, Station-street, Newtown.

ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN. Mr. MITCHELL will address the Electors at the Camperdown Council-chambers, THIS EVENING, 29th instant, at 8 o'clock.
G. H. SCURR, J. G. CLEGG, Hon. Secretaries.

NEWTOWN ELECTION. The MACDONALDTOWN COMMITTEE and all FRIENDS willing to assist in securing the re-election of Mr. JOSEPH MITCHELL will please meet at Mr. Wright's Imperial Hotel Erskineville-road, Macdonaldtown, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. M. Bryan, Mayor of Macdonaldtown, will preside.
G. H. SCURR, J. G. CLEGG, Hon. Secs.

ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN. VOTE FOR HENRY COPELAND.

The LIBERAL and ADVANCED THINKER.

The CANDIDATE who has the COURAGE OF HIS OPINIONS

And the ABILITY to GIVE EXPRESSION TO THEM.

Who RESPECTS the RELIGIOUS FEELINGS of all Denominations.

Who does not Foment Sectarian Animosities.

Who Advocates Religious and Political Freedom and Equality for all.

Who Opened the Museum and Public Library on Sunday Afternoon four years ago.

Who Opened the Art Gallery on Sunday Afternoon.

Who Received and Presented a Petition signed by 23,000 Residents of Sydney and Suburbs with that object.

Who opened the Botanical Gardens to the people on Sunday mornings.

Who is Opposed to all Sunday Labour.

Who has always Supported the Eight Hours Movement.

Who has Voluntarily Jeopardised two certain Seats—New England and Gloucester—to fight this Election on Principle.

VOTE for COPELAND, the Friend of All Classes.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION. F. ABIGAIL, at the Hero of Waterloo, Miller's Point, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, 8 o'clock. ELECTORS ATTEND.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

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PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS.

NOMINATION FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

The nomination of candidates for the representation of South Sydney in the Legislative Assembly took place yesterday at the hustings, Belmore Park, commencing at noon. About 2000 persons were present.

Mr. FOWLER, returning officer, having read the advertisement convening the meeting, called upon the proposer and seconder of Mr. John Davies to come forward.

Mr. JOHN EDGERLEY proposed Mr. John Davies. He said that Mr. Davies had been before them for very many years as an alderman and a legislator, and that he had always done his best for the interests of the electorate and the welfare of the country. He hoped that on the polling day they would rally round him, and once more return him to Parliament at the head of the poll.

Alderman KIPPAX seconded the nomination. His friend Mr. Davies had served them well in Parliament, and so he had much pleasure in seconding the nomination.

Mr. ARCHIBALD FORSYTHE proposed Mr. William Thomas Poole. It was quite unnecessary for him to state the evils of the present Land Act, and the remedy the Ministry had proposed was a bad one. (Cries, "Time," "We are in the wet.") He hoped they would exercise their votes with prudence, and elect the four best men.

Mr. J. P. WRIGHT seconded the nomination, saying that Mr. Poole had kept faith with his constituents very thoroughly.

Mr. JAMES GORDON proposed Mr. Sydney Burdekin. (Groans.) Mr. Burdekin was a legislator of experience, an honest sound politician, and an independent man, and he appealed to them to vote for one who would support measures, not men.

Mr. R. N. SADLEIR seconded the nomination, saying that Mr. Burdekin was a native of the colony, and was thoroughly fitted to deal with the great question of the day, the Land Bill.

Mr. THOMAS WARREN nominated Mr. George Lord Carter, who, he said, was one of the most respected members who had ever entered the Assembly. He had justified their confidence, and therefore might justly expect re-election.

Mr. JAMES McMAHON seconded the nomination.

Mr. W. S. BUZACOTT nominated Mr. George Withers—a gentleman who, he said, had served them well in the past, and had the intelligence and ability to serve them well in the future.

Mr. JOHN BOOTH seconded the nomination.

Mr. ROBERT MACKEY nominated Mr. John Harris, who was, he said, well known to them and throughout New South Wales. He was a man who had large administrative abilities, as he had shown while he had been Mayor of Sydney. (Applause.)

Mr. J. R. PARISH seconded the nomination. He had no hesitation in saying that if they sent him into Parliament again, he would raise the standard of their public men. (Applause, and "Oh, oh!")

Mr. A. H. PRINCE nominated Mr. Joseph Benjamin Olliffe. (Cheers.) Mr. Olliffe was an honourable and straightforward gentleman.

Mr. ROBERT WALTER seconded the nomination. Mr. Olliffe was a straightforward honest gentleman. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. JOHN DAVIES was received with groans and hisses, and was prevented by the crowd from speaking for some seconds. He spoke above the uproar, and said he felt satisfied that he would best consult their convenience by making his remarks as short and as concise as possible. He told them that they were that day. (The cries and shouts of the crowd interrupted the candidate who had to pause for some seconds). They were asked to make a choice of four representatives in the new Legislature for that constituency. (Applause and groans and hisses.) He felt satisfied that since he was last returned by the electors of that district he had done nothing to sacrifice their good opinion. ("What about the Coonanbara hats?") He was prepared to give an account of his stewardship as one of their late representatives, and he would tell them how he had behaved himself as their representative. He felt satisfied that those among them who had watched his progress in the Legislature in the past would record their votes for him. He would first call their attention—(The noise of the crowd was again so great that the speaker had to discontinue speaking for some time.) His time was his own, and he would wait there till 6 o'clock so that he would be heard; he could wait for their pleasure. The most important question dealt with by the late Parliament was a question affecting their interest, and affecting the best interests of the people of this colony—a question which was brought before every constituency on the occasion of the last general election. He referred to the Licensing question, which had been settled on such a basis as would give general satisfaction to the entire population of the colony. And the next most important question dealt with by the Legislature was the Chinese question. That question had been agitating the public mind for a very considerable time. The late Parliament had passed a bill restricting Chinese immigration, and that was now the law of the land. He knew of no Act that was of more importance to the working classes than that measure. The public of New South Wales were in favour of passing some measure to restrict the influx of Chinese. He was proud to tell them that that measure had been passed, and it had been the means of preventing the influx of Chinese into our shores. (Renewed interruption.) He might tell them that he was still a firm adherent to the principles of the Education Act. The only objection he had to the provisions of the Act was that it did not make education altogether free. He was in favour of making the schools absolutely free, so that they would be open to every child. The next important subject that he wished to direct their attention to was the question of local self-government. When Parliament met it would be one of the most important subjects which might be brought under the notice of the representatives of the people, because it affected the best interests of the people of this colony. He was in favour of extending the principle of local self-government. He believed that by extending the principle it would be the means of educating the people to a spirit of self-reliance, and that would put a stop to having large sums of money spent in districts where the public did not receive anything like a fair equivalent. (Disorder.) He was in favour of creating local boards throughout the length and breadth of the colony, believing that by that means those large estates of which they had heard so much would be made to pay something towards the cost of public works in special localities. If returned he would do his best to support a measure of that kind. He was also in favour of a Civil Service Bill. It was highly necessary that our public service should be placed on a different footing than at present. They knew many men in the public service who had after a service of 25 or 30 years become old and decrepid and were not fit for any other occupation. A proper system of promotion according to service ought to be provided, and that would secure greater efficiency than was at present the case. He would do all he could to foster a measure of that kind should he be honoured by their choice. ("No, no," and groans.) Now, most of them knew that he was opposed to the remission of interest on free selector's balances. When a motion was submitted last Parliament with respect to that subject, he voted against the proposal because he believed that it was dishonest to ask Parliament to remit the interest on the free selectors' balances. He was satisfied that it formed an important asset of the public estate, and should not be relinquished. If such a proposal were brought forward again, he would record his vote against it. (Cries of "Time, time.") He was also in favour of some legislation for the regulation and placing of the different fire brigades on a more efficient footing than at present. ("What about the oranges?) Well, what about them? It was now his duty to express his opinions on the land question. The measure introduced by the Government was, as most of them knew, lost upon the motion for its second reading. He was not present when the division was taken, and, consequently, he had not an opportunity of recording a vote either for or against the measure. If he had been present, and there had been a disposition to make the bill a perfect measure and the opportunity for making it perfect, he would have voted for the second reading of the bill. But with reference to the provisions of the bill, he entirely disagreed with some of them. He had at all times been opposed to the sale of Crown lands by auction, and that was a provision which existed in the present law which would have to be struck out. He would, if returned, be happy to give his support in favour of any measure which would bring about a just and equitable settlement of the difficulties between pastoral tenants and free selectors. Large numbers of persons who were now possessors of free selections would never have been able to possess the land had it not been for the liberal principles in the Land Act. (Interruption.) That measure had done a great deal of good to a large body of people in different parts of the colony. The time must come when they would have to amend the law so as to afford some protection to the interests which were at present so conflicting. He was in favour of a proper system of sewerage. He had voted for the proposal of the Government in favour of the erection of the Free Public Library on the site of the Benevolent Asylum. (Cries of "Time," and groans and hisses.) And should a similar motion be brought forward again he would give it his support. He knew of no more central position for the purposes of a Free Public Library. He believed that it was the most convenient position, and the position in which a great public building should be erected. ("What about the Coonanbara hats?") He had always advocated the extension of railways, for he knew of no better means of opening up the country for settlement, and he was satisfied that the Government had done more in this direction than any of their predecessors. If their lands were to become valuable they must have railways throughout the length and breadth of the country. They were the cheapest kind of roads they could have, and they afforded the best means for people to send their produce to the best markets. The Government had constructed about 23 miles of tramways in the city and suburbs, and had afforded very ample means of accommodation for the public, the proof of this being the large number of persons who travelled by them daily. ("Time," and uproar, and "What about the Coonanbara hats?") He would tell them something about the hats directly. He thought the present Administration had done much by extending their public works to give employment to the taxpayers of the country. ("You can't get round us that way, John.") They had provided abundance of employment and good pay, and had secured a much better state of affairs than had hitherto existed. Never had the people been so prosperous. It only required sound legislation now to give this country the foremost position amongst the colonies, and to keep it there. At the present they were only at the commencement of their prosperity. The amounts authorised for public works during the last four years were rather startling, namely, for water supply, £1,066,000; sewerage, £400,000; new dry dock, £150,000; Callan Park Asylum, £200,000; water supply for the country, £250,000. These figures spoke for themselves, and proved that much was being done to provide a large amount of employment for the taxpayer, and promote the prosperity of the colony. And now with regard to the Coonanbara hats. He had been in his native city maligned and traduced by slanderers, and he had taken the only course an honest man could take—he had taken his slanderers to the Supreme Court. What else could a man do to vindicate his honour? He had made his way in life amongst them, and also made his position in the esteem and confidence of the people by dint of his own exertions. He had started life as a poor boy here, and had to work hard for his livelihood. He worked for a long time endeavouring to acquire a position for himself, and when he had successfully done this he had a lot of hounds seeking to hunt him down because they were jealous of him. His hands were tied and his mouth closed now, and therefore he was compelled to await the decision of the Supreme Court. His whole life was before them, and no man could truthfully say that he had done any act that would bring a blush to any man's face. (Laughter.) He had always endeavoured to perform acts of kindness and justice, and whatever his position he would always endeavour to do so. He had no desire to say anything against his opponents. The electors were to make their own choice. If they believed that he had failed in his duties, they would say so. ("We do.") The power was in their own hands, and they had the right to exercise it, and no matter which way they decided, he would be perfectly satisfied with the result. He had worked for them for eight years—("No")—and he felt that their gratitude for his services would lead them to elect him again. When he was last before them he advocated the construction of the sewer along Shea's Creek. Well, that work was in progress, and would be completed in eighteen months, and the nuisance which had been so much complained of would be removed. During the last few years he had taken an active interest in the adjustment of the wages of the working classes. When, a few months ago, the ironworkers were on strike and had concessions made to them, he felt it his duty to ascertain if he could not obtain a concession for the men employed in the public service, and he was happy to state that he had succeeded, and that a concession was made which dated from the 15th of last month. He had been amongst them, and he was therefore a consistent advocate of the eight-hour movement, either in the Council or the Assembly. ("Whatever way Parkes went you went.") At all times he had endeavoured to aid and assist his fellow creatures, more especially those amongst the ranks of labour from which he himself had sprung, and for which he had thought it an honour to do the best he could. ("It won't do.") He thanked them very much for their great kindness towards him. Notwithstanding that some of his opponents were present and desirous of interrupting him he felt certain that a majority of those present would give him their votes. (Cheers and dissent.)

In answer to a question the candidate said that he was in favour of an absentee tax and a land tax on estates comprising upwards of 12,000 acres.

Mr. POOLE said he did not intend to detain them but a very few minutes. (Hear, hear.) He thought they would do him the justice to admit that his speeches were always very brief indeed, and he certainly ought to have a great deal of consideration for them on this occasion. He would at once begin with the main question which had brought them there that day. (Cheers.) Of course they were perfectly well aware that the reason was because the Government had been defeated on their land policy, and instead of resigning—whether that was or was not the correct course he would leave them to say—instead of resigning they dissolved Parliament. Hence he was there before them that day. (Cheers.) The last speaker had told them that he was not in the House when the division took place. That was unfortunately his case also. But the last speaker said that, although he strongly differed from many of the provisions of that bill, he should have voted for the second reading. He desired to say that if he had been there he should have voted against it. (Cheers.) He could not understand that gentleman at all. (Hear, hear.) He should certainly have voted against it if he had been there, and he wished them to consider that he had voted against it, and judge him accordingly. In 1861 he took a very active part in returning a member who was in favour of free selection and Sir John Robertson's Land Bill. That bill was designed to break down a monopoly, and it succeeded in enabling many scores of hard working men to put themselves on the lands of the country to get an honest living for themselves and their families throughout the fertile lands along the coast districts. It was suitable to that district; the soil and climate were suitable. The bulk of those lands, with a few chosen spots in other districts inland, were taken up during the first nine or 10 years. Had Sir John Robertson moved on then and increased the area and altered the conditions, making them suitable to the land we had left to deal with, he would have stood to-day upon a high pinnacle of fame in this country. (Cheers.) But unfortunately Sir John Robertson decided that the law should be looked upon as the law of the Medes and Persians, and that it should not be interfered with. In a young country like this 21 years was a very long period, and he did think it was the height of presumption on the part of any man to say after 21 years that there was no room for improvement. (Cheers.) Having admitted the great good that the Land Act had done during the first nine or ten years, it was his duty to show them the many evils it had caused. (Hear, hear.) The law was designed to give yeomanry settlement upon the land, with a pre-lease—an area of three times the original holding as a grazing right. Here was a snare, a delusion, and that was where all the troubles commenced; because when a free selector could not possibly live by the plough he had to resort to grazing. But when he attempted to use his pre-lease first the squatters began to select around him, and then some other selectors did the same, and the consequence was that the selector was ruined. (Hear, hear.) Would a man under such circumstances be likely to have a kindly feeling towards the squatter? ("No, no.") Of course he then sought the best way he could find to protect himself, and they went in a body and sat down upon the nearest available run, and blocked in the squatter, who had to buy them out, and thus enable them to go elsewhere, and repeat the process. Was that the settlement of the people upon the land? (Cheers.) Then the squatter got large areas by auction sale, and he had a right to purchase by virtue of improvements, so that he could turn the battle against the free selector, and drive him away. What was the result of this state of things? There were 97 persons in the country holding over seven million acres of freehold land. Was that what the bill was designed to effect? If it could be shown that those gentlemen were cultivating that land, no doubt some of the objections to those large estates would fall to the ground. But we found that they had only an average of 35½ acres each under crop—not under wheat or corn, but in the majority of cases only a little artificial grass. Was it a reasonable thing that the representatives of the people should be asked to consolidate and perpetuate a law which was working in such a disastrous manner as that? ("No, no.") Then, in what way had they done wrong in kicking that iniquitous thing out of the House? (Cheers.) (A Voice: "You did right.") Then he asked them confidently to regard him as one of those who would have kicked it out. (Cheers.) They were aware of the enormous extent of country yet left to them—150 million acres of lands yet belonging to the people, nearly three times the whole size of Victoria. It could not then be said that it was too late to initiate a more equitable policy. Surely it was yet worth trying for. Surely the electors would encourage their representatives to do what they could in order to give peace between those two classes of the community. (Hear, hear.) Last year soon after Sir John Robertson left the Ministry over the Milburn Creek scandal, Mr. Watson brought down his financial statement, and he said that if the pastoral lands were classified, and if a reasonable security of tenure were given, it would be quite easy to obtain a revenue of a million and a-half or two millions from the land. Last year we only got £280,000, and yet we were asked to go on consolidating the law, and making no attempt to increase the revenue—foregoing a million a year, in order that Sir John Robertson's foible might be fixed upon the people of this country. (Hear, hear.) There was another side to the question. It had been attempted to be shown that those who voted to throw out this Land Bill were those persons who were secretly or openly desirous of breaking down the present Education Act. He said that this was a gross slander—(hear, hear)—and he took this opportunity of stating it. Last year the very same number of men who kicked out this Land Bill voted £690,000 willingly in order to maintain the educational establishment. What greater proof could there be given of their determination to maintain that bill in all its integrity? (Hear, hear.) But were they to be tied to such a land bill as that, sowing the seeds of perjury and dishonour broadcast throughout the country? Were they not to convert the lands to the benefit of the country? Allusion had been made to the enormous amount of work given to the artisans by the present Government. What else could they do with the amount of money flowing into the Treasury from the sale of our land? Why, then, make this sing-song of merit for that? Then again, with regard to railways. There could be no chance for the settlement of the country without railways. Some time ago he went up from Narrandera to Hay, and he found the line was constructed almost entirely through freehold land. There was the scrub on the one side that was open to selection, but the fine country on the other side was all gone into the hands of about 10 or 12 men, and yet we had spent our money to make a railway to double and treble the value of these men's property. (Cheers.) He maintained that the land on each side of our railways should be reserved, and when the railways were constructed they should be sold at their proper value. (Cheers.) As to the construction of the railway into the city, in 1870 the whole of our railways in the colony carried about 700,000 people; but in 1880 we carried 5,440,000—that was to say, in 10 years the number of passengers had increased 700 per cent. He would ask what it would be by the end of the present decade? It would amount to more than 10 or 12 millions of passengers. Was it not a reasonable thing, then, that we should be compelled to extend our railway from Redfern into the city? The enormous traffic on the tramways pointed out the tremendous necessity for a city railway. (Cheers.) Yet they were asked to build a Free Public Library right in the way of it. (Cheers.) Some argued that it was a very foolish thing for him to vote against the spending of a quarter of a million of money in his own electorate, but the proposal was only made to block the way against the extension of the railway into the city for all time to come. He could never consent to it. (Hear, hear.) As to the licensing question, he thought the position he had taken in the House was straight and clear and consistent enough. (Hear, hear.) The last time he appeared before them he told them that, from his own experience and from what he had seen, he was aware that there was a large number of low drinking shops which were a curse to the country, and that the hand of the law should be put down on them—(hear, hear.)—and that they should be compelled to sell liquor that a man could drink. (Hear, hear.) He told them he would be no party to harass and annoy a straightforward man, who would conduct his house in a straightforward manner. These were the broad lines of distinction he laid before them then, and he maintained them now. He had endeavoured to give them effect in the House. In a measure of that sweeping nature there were sure to be clauses which bore hardly upon some people, but when they were pointed out he was sure they would be corrected. The Act had occasionally been administered in an unduly harsh manner, and this had brought about much of the opposition to it. He might say at once that he was in favour of shutting up the publichouses on Sunday. (Uproar, and cries, "Its all over with you now," and "You've got a bottle stuck in the cupboard.") Whatever might be the effect of his declaration this must be understood, that he did not want to obtain their votes under a false pretence. They would, at any rate, give him credit for being consistent. But he thought it was a perfect farce that a house in the city should be shut up, and a house at Manly or Botany should be allowed to do a roaring trade on Sunday. That must be altered, or else in justice the houses in Sydney might just as well be opened. A Civil Service Bill should have been introduced long ago, and that was one of the measures which every Government for the last 10 years had been dangling before us. But unless very great care were exercised, the Civil service of this country would become a standing danger to it. He thought they would find that nearly one person in every eight was a Civil servant, and they would see that it was quite time that there should be a bill to regulate the admission and retirement of Civil servants, and all this independent of political influence. Now, as to superannuation. He would be quite willing to vote £40,000, £50,000, or £60,000 to form the foundation of an insurance fund, to which every Civil servant should contribute, so that he might get a pension when he retired. He did not believe in paying a man for 20 years his full value, and then pay him full rate when he retired.

In reply to questions, Mr. POOLE said that personally he knew nothing of the North Shore Bridge further than they knew through the public press, but he believed these documents existed, and if the statements made by Mr. Reid were true, the Government had, to say the least of it, made a tremendous blunder. When he was trying to get them to reconsider their monstrous water scheme, the Government said, "We must accept the opinion of our scientific officers." Had they done that in this case? If Mr. Reid's statements were true, let them draw their own conclusions. He thanked them for the patient hearing they had given him, and begged to remind them that it was their vote which decided the election, and it was their suffrages he sought. (Applause.)

Mr. BURDEKIN said that if they would give him their attention for a very few moments he would be able to give them his views. Every man took the opportunity, when standing for Parliament, to make himself thoroughly well known in every part of his electorate, and it was not necessary for him to go very deeply into details now. (Cheers.) He had nothing to hide and nothing to gain by going into Parliament, but he was able to give some of his time to furthering the interests of this country, and if he could help in its development, he should think he was doing his duty, no more and no less. Every man who came to this country and profited here, owed that country a debt, and it was his duty to do what he could for it. He came forward as a young man, and asked them to give him a chance on this occasion. He thought it would be found that in the House he exhibited as much straightforwardness as any man in it, and this was natural enough, for he was quite independent of personal aggrandisement, did not want a billet, and was not anxious to be a Minister. Whenever a good measure came from either side of the House, it should, if they elected him as their representative, have his support. He thought the action of the Opposition on this occasion had been of the very greatest value to the country. (Cheers.) He would not say that he agreed with everything they said or did; but he would say that the difficulty of the land question was so great that no Government could tackle it successfully unless it was the will of the people that reform should take place. We were all agreed to do our very utmost to place the people on the lands of the country, and preserving good feeling between them. We were prepared to do justice to the squatting interest, but we were not prepared to let that class prevent the settlement of the people on the soil. (Cheers.) The thanks of the community were due to the Opposition for the stand they had taken in this case. The Land Act had been dabbled with on several occasions, but there had never been so good an opportunity for a Government to go in and win on this question. When they thought of the number of selectors, the monetary interests of the squatters, and finally the great interest of the people, they must see what an immensely difficult thing it was to touch that matter. He expected now that we should have a Land Bill embracing some of the best features of the old one, and as much as possible without the possibility of being abused. Hitherto selectors had not been in a position to have a sufficiently large area of land. Many people thought that 1280 acres was enough, but he would go to the extent of 2560, so that a man could not only go in for agriculture but even if he were of small means, could go on his land, cultivate some, and graze stock on the rest. In this colony a man should not only work the plough, but should feed his beef and raise wool to export. He was quite prepared to see the pre-lease clause abolished because the evils of this Act had almost all arisen from it. He had studied the Land Act, and he should take any means in his power to make it fit the circumstances of the country as perfectly as possible. He should not touch, except very lightly, on the subject on which he entered Parliament; but such a subject as a Civil Service Bill could not be ignored. The great difficulty Ministers had, was the great curse of patronage. He should like to see every man in the Civil Service have to pass a proper examination to see if he were fit for it; that then he should rise by merit alone to the top of the tree, and that, as Mr. Poole had very well said, when he was no further fit for work he should be superannuated in a way that he had helped to provide for himself. Some few years ago they attempted to provide a remedy by passing a Superannuation Act, but the endowment was not sufficient for carrying out the purposes of the Act, and consequently it caved in. They must guard against anything of that kind in the future. Due consideration ought to be given to the great question of labour. He had been a practical exponent all his life of short hours of labour and good pay for it. (Hear, hear.) His experience had been that a man would do better work in eight hours than if he was kept slaving for nine, ten, or eleven hours. He had followed one of the most liberal and independent courses, and if they again elected him to the position of their representative they would find that he would carry out the same views in future. He had, with other gentlemen, done his best to throw open the public libraries to the people. He was in favour of tramway and railway extension. The next subject was the licensing question which had been a very vexed question. But he had no difficulty in discussing it because he had not had to make his opinions for the occasion. He did not say that any other gentleman had. Under the old state of things they had many houses open which should never have been licensed, and they had a licensing bench which, to put it in mild terms, was no credit to the city; and they knew that scenes of a most disgraceful character were enacted on that bench. Well, all things called for reform, and reform the people had got. But it often happened that when they were crying for reform, their friends were rather too energetic, and they took all the reform the people wanted, and a little more. He approved of the people of any particular district being allowed to say whether there should or should not be any increase in the number of public-houses in such district. During the passage of the measure through the House he was pained to see that wherever the cry of local option was raised in connection with any provision it was carried by about 100 votes to 6. Local option was very good in itself. (A Voice: And you voted against it.) If he voted in his place in the House inconsistently in any way with the views he expressed that day, they would do their duty by scratching his name out on Saturday next. (Hear, hear.) He had nothing to hide, and nothing to be ashamed of. His votes would bear inspection, and it would be seen that they had always been on the side of liberality and independence. The Licensing Act must be amended. Every man who conducted his house properly was a necessity. He did not believe in a publican being compelled to travel some 40 miles to answer some trivial charge which after all might be dismissed. Then, was it reasonable, was it fair, was it to be borne in a country like this, that a man was to be deprived of having a glass of beer on Sunday unless he went five or ten miles to get it? ("No, no.") The thing was so utterly outrageous that no man would suffer it. (A Voice: Are you in favour of having all the drink sold in public-houses analysed?) Well, while he thought that some of the provisions of the Licensing Act had been carried out in a most arbitrary manner he considered that there was one point—the best feature of the Act—which there had been no attempt to carry out. It was intended that they should have inspection of liquors so that men should not be poisoned with adulterated liquor. (Hear, hear.) He had seen tobacco and all sorts of abominations in liquors obtained from public-houses. The police had irritated a publican by making him travel some 40 miles to answer a paltry charge, but a much more important principle of the Act had been thoroughly neglected. (An Elector: What about the eight hour system?) He was most favourable to the eight hour system, but he could not pretend to say whether there were not special incidences in connection with the Railway Department which necessitated that some men should work for eight and others for ten hours. But those who had to work beyond the eight hours ought certainly to get extra pay for it. (Hear, hear.) [An Elector: "What about immigration?"] He thought that instead of this colony being occupied by only 700,000 people it was capable of supporting 7,000,000. He was in favour of a properly-regulated stream of immigrants, to consist of such classes as might be required for the development of the colony. [A Voice: "What have the Burdekin family done for the working classes?"] The Burdekin family had always behaved so justly to any man in their employment that they never had any difficulty in getting the best men in the field. (Hear, hear.) [An elector: "What about the wheel tax?"] He was not in favour of a wheel tax. They should make their roads of such material that they would resist traffic, and then they would not want a wheel tax.

Mr. G. L. CARTER, who was received with long-continued groans and hisses, said it gave him much pleasure to appear before them again. (Hisses and groans.) When he was elected before he stood high on the poll, and he gave them pledges which he had strictly adhered to. ("What did you say?" and laughter.) He had served his constituents [illegible] and if he was fit to represent them then, he was more fit to do so now. (Dissent.) They would find, if they watched the proceedings of the House, that he had not wasted time there in useless repetitions. He would never be one to do so, but would always endeavour to push forward the business of the country as rapidly as possible. If, however, he had to speak, he was always quite ready to do so. When he was last before them he was independent, and he was in the same condition now; and he was happy to say that he was on the best of terms with the rest of the candidates, and wished to keep that way. They were aware that they were called together on account of the Government having been defeated. He was present during nearly the whole of the discussion on the Land Bill. He was only absent an hour. He was not present when the division took place—(groans)—but had he been, he would have voted against the bill. That was well known. It must be apparent to almost everyone that the people had got enough of Sir John Robertson's Act of 1861, and that the time had arrived for a regular change to be made in their land laws. Every candidate in the colony was going in the same groove in this direction, and was insisting upon an entire change. He was opposed to indiscriminate free-selection on squatters' runs. Hundreds of persons went through the farce of selecting, but they only did so that they might harass the squatters and see how much they could squeeze out of them. On this account he was in favour of districts being classified, and he thought they could not do better than survey immense tracts of country likely to be taken up for settlement. With regard to rents from runs, he was of opinion that the country had been robbed of a million or a million and a half a year quite long enough, by reason of the rents being too low. If they could collect this money they could reduce their present taxation, and most of them knew how much the removal of the stamp duties—which he always considered a class tax—would be appreciated by tradesmen and other thrifty persons. He had always opposed it. ("What about the Land Bill?") He was opposed to the auction sale of their lands as at present arranged. He thought it was a thousand pities that the land question was being made a party one. ("It is not.") They must have a good sound measure that would do for some years to come. He could claim that he had been most constant in his attendance at the Assembly, and that on all important questions he had recorded his vote. He thought he had made himself pretty clearly understood with regard to the land question. He was opposed to the Government with regard to it. Another important matter was the Licensing Act. It was intended to do a vast amount of good, and no doubt it would if it had been properly administered; but as it was, respectable publicans had not been treated fairly. They were not in some instances permitted to appeal against the decisions given in the Courts against them. He was in favour of amending several details in the Act. If the liquor traffic were permitted at Botany, Manly Beach, and those places on Sunday, he would advocate the opening of public-houses in the city between 1 and 2 o'clock on the same day. He was, however, strongly in favour of keeping Sunday a very close day indeed all round. It was decidedly unfair to open public-houses in the country and to close them peremptorily in the towns, and to make policemen disguise themselves as market gardeners that they might entrap the publicans. (Hear, hear.) It was a manifest and gross injustice. He was as firm an advocate as ever of the Education Act. He had never altered his views with regard to that, and he did not think it would be altered for some years to come. (Cheers.) He was still also a freetrader, although he did not object to bonuses being given to native industries for eight or ten years, when perhaps they could stand alone. He was also in favour of a Civil Service Bill, and had endeavoured to induce the Treasurer to introduce one. He desired to have all political influence removed from the service, and that officers after a long term of service should not have younger men shoved into it on top of their heads. He thought, too, that pensions should be provided for those officers who were compelled to retire in consequence of old age. He was opposed to the system of immigration as at present arranged. All of them who desired to see the country prosper must know that there was room here for some thousands of persons. He did not want to see them arrive too rapidly, but at just such a rate as they could be absorbed with advantage to the country and could be settled on the land. ("Time," and uproar.) He had always been in favour of the eight hours' system, and did what he could with every good man to secure it. He had also interested himself in the adjustment of men's wages. He would give the Government credit for some good services, but he held that if they determined to sell themselves body and soul to Sir John Robertson, they must go to the wall. He was sure that what he had done had not disgraced his native land, and he had no doubt that on Saturday next he would again be declared one of their representatives. (Groans and cheers.)

Mr. WITHERS said they had to thank him, in conjunction with other members of the Assembly, for having the trouble of overhauling their representatives. He happened to stand in a different position from his three colleagues with regard to the vote which had caused a dissolution. (Hear, hear.) He was at his post, and voted against the proposed consideration. (Cheers.) He had given the matter much consideration, and he came to the conclusion that it was but the consolidation of the Act of 1861, therefore he voted against it, he hoped in the interests of the country. (Hear, hear.) He went into Parliament pledged to support no Government that did not bring forth measures for the benefit of the country. With regard to the metropolitan water supply, on which he came forward last time, they might think he had talked sufficiently about that. It was quite possible they might think that question was worn threadbare; but he would never be ashamed of the part he had taken in that matter on their behalf. He would have to bring one or two local matters before them. Several important matters had been brought before the House during the time he had had a seat there. The Licensing Act had become law, and he believed it had conferred great benefits upon the rising section of our community. (Hear, hear.) Every intelligent man would admit that the time had arrived when the drinking customs of the people should be checked to some extent. He was aware that the present law required some amendment. The reason that the bill was not so satisfactory as it ought to be, especially to those engaged in the liquor traffic, came about in this way: One or two members took every opportunity of obstructing the measure, and it seemed so much like talking against time, that they came to the conclusion that they must have some kind of a bill, and that they would have to amend it in any case. (Hear, hear.) He believed that the restriction in connection with burning a lamp was an unnecessary one, and the clause relating to area had caused alterations to be made in buildings which rendered them unsafe, and in a measure never contemplated by the Act. He gave the bill his cordial support. He should have to refer to one or two local matters that had engaged his attention. He stood in a different position to his colleagues in reference to the site of the public free library. He regarded the site that the Government proposed as one of the most beautiful in the city—("No, no")—and in his opinion it would in no way interfere with carrying the railway into the city. There was ample room, and he was prepared to give the Government credit for selecting that site. It would have given the opportunity for the erection of a magnificent building to adorn that part of the city. (Cheers, and cries of "Time.") It was said that the other site was preferable, as being more central for the North Shore, but by the time that bridge was built Sydney would extend all the way to Parramatta. At all events he voted for it, right or wrong, and he would do the same thing to-morrow. (Hear, hear.) With regard to railways, nearly everything he pledged himself on the last occasion to support had been carried out. Had it not been for the destruction of the Garden Palace the railway to connect with the North would have been in the course of construction, but in a few weeks all the plans destroyed would be replaced, and the Government would be in a position to call for tenders for the work. He had also supported the Illawarra railway—(hear, hear)—that work was going on, and we should have, through the agency of that railway, one of the most fertile parts of the country connected with Sydney. There were some other local matters which, if elected, he would give his best attention to, and endeavour to make them as perfect as possible. With regard to the railway into the city, he was prepared to give the plan his best consideration, and do what he could to make it a success. He regretted that this interruption to public business had come about, but he had given his vote conscientiously in the matter. The labour bestowed on the Criminal Law Bill made it a matter of great regret that it had not been completed. He should regret it if for no other cause than that it proposed to use the lash to the larrikin element. The time had come to put such a provision into force as soon as possible. He was a native of the colony, and he had lived 24 years in that electorate. He was personally known to many of them; he had nothing to hide, and he thought they could form a correct estimate as to whether he had any qualifications to be their representative. He was prepared to encourage technical education for our young mechanics. (Hear, hear.) He had inspected some of their works with great delight, and he considered that the rising mechanics of this city would compare favourably with any in the world. (Cheers.) They would give him credit that he would forward any measure for the benefit of the country generally, particularly their own electorate. (Hear, hear.) There was a piece of land just at the back of where they were which was not fit for building upon, and which ought to be reserved for a park for the people. ("Time, time.") One pledge he made in his last candidature. He pledged himself to support a Civil Service Bill that would place the Civil Service upon a different footing from what it was at present. It must be admitted that such a bill was very necessary. What could be more disheartening than for a man to lose his just promotion, and have a stranger put over his head? He asked the Government last session whether they were prepared to bring in such a bill. He was of opinion that the burning of the Garden Palace had been of some service to the country, in that it had called attention to the practice of storing an immense amount of gunpowder near the city. He gave his vote against the Amending Land Bill, for he regarded it as a consolidation of the whole of the former Acts. He considered that auction sales should be almost entirely abolished. Anybody having a private estate would never sell it if he could let it on a fair rental, and the time had arrived for us to stop large areas of our country passing away into the hands of private individuals. He believed that if the lands were let at a fair rental with some fixity of tenure, the revenue from them in a quarter of a century would pay all our public works. In conclusion, he should say that he would esteem it an honour to be elected by them, but that if he were rejected, they would not see any difference in him. (Applause.)

Mr. JOHN HARRIS, who on coming forward was received with cheers, said he would tell them briefly why he had been [illegible] about the city that he had come forward to oppose one man. He wished them to cast from them that opinion. (Applause.) He had come to enter his protest against the wholesale giving away of our lands, and to protest against the Government carrying out works that were unauthorised. (Applause.) The acceptance of the Wolverene and the purchase of the Governor's residence should have come before Parliament before any money was spent upon them. He also entered his protest against the North Shore bridge contract. (Applause.) Whoever was in it, he protested against it as a robbery. The eminent American jurist Dudley Field, when he returned to America, was asked to deliver a lecture about the Australian colonies, and he said, "Australia is about to become a great nation, but what she wants is honest men to govern her." (Applause.) Why 415 men owned 13 million acres, 96 persons owned eight millions of acres, and 14 persons owned 2,400,000 acres of land; and yet we were told that this Government had not alienated any land. During the last four years more land had been alienated than was alienated for 30 years before, and it was time to rise up and stop this. We had still 170,000 million acres; but if this alienation went on, who would own these? The people? No! Capitalists from Europe. The Education Act was not in danger. Let the people not allow any one to throw dust in their eyes at the polling booth. The papers which Sir Henry Parkes promised at Mr. Cameron's meeting to have published on Monday night would never be published until Parliament dragged them out of him. (Applause.) A great deal had been said about the Chinese question—about the restriction of Chinese immigration. He himself was the first to put his foot down with regard to it, and called a public meeting at the Masonic Hall, for which he paid out of his own pocket. (Applause.) It was when after that the people of Sydney spoke out that the bill was introduced. (Applause.) He showed in as clear and determined a manner as possible his opinion on that bill. Another matter which must come before them, was the question of local self-government. In Sydney they knew very little about it, but Sydney had been treated very badly, since they could not borrow 5s., and all on account of the country members—road and bridge men, who worked Parliament to vote thousands for bridges where no white man went over once in six months. He would do all in his power to introduce a Local Government Bill if he were elected. He had always supported the Education Act, but there was one part which had never been touched on, and that was the higher schools. If those gentlemen who passed that bill, and who, on every occasion they could find, told the people of the benefits of education, why did not they carry out the whole bill, and not a portion of it? The Government, so far from going in for technical education, had tried to do all they could to keep the Technical College at the School of Arts from being a success. The committee had had the greatest difficulty in getting assistance from them. Then again, they were told by the press a few days ago that the Government had raised the wages of their employees. Why did they not do it before? Was it wrong then? If it were, why was it done now? If it were right now, why was it not done before? (Applause.) If he were returned, he would place every Government employee on the same footing and on the same wages as in private workshops. There was one body of men who had not been touched upon because, unfortunately, they had no votes—he meant the police. They had no votes, and we did not hear of their pay being raised. These men, when people were in bed, guarded their property, and should certainly be well paid. Nobody had asked him to assist them, but he felt that they should receive higher pay. They were as fine a body of men as we had. (A Voice: "Why do they go about in disguise?") He had always been in favour of the eight hours' system. On many divisions in the City Council he stood with two or three alongside him, and had always advocated it. Even the authors of the Licensing Bill acknowledged that there were very great errors in it, and that there should be some revision of it, and this revision he would, if elected, endeavour to bring about. (Applause.)

Mr. J. B. OLLIFFE, who was received with much applause, said he had come forward as a candidate, but he was not there as the representative of a man or set of men. (Applause.) He had been induced to offer himself for election by reason of the kindly feeling shown to him two years ago, when he nearly reached the height of his ambition, of being chosen to serve them in the Parliament, and in consequence of hearing that he had made friends of many of those who were not active supporters of his two years' ago. He considered that a Licensing Act and a Chinese Restriction Act were a poor equivalent for two years Parliamentary labour. He could not support Sir John Robertson's Consolidating Bill, as it would perpetuate the evils which had arisen from the land laws already in existence. He thought the policy shadowed forth by Mr. Stuart preferable, but considered the proposals of Mr. Garrett impracticable. He was opposed to any remission of the interest due by free selectors. The Licensing Act had not affected him in his business, but it was necessary in the interest of the people that it should be amended. The Licensing Act had not promoted sobriety, and the Monday's proceedings at the police courts showed that it had not improved the morality of certain classes. He was in favour of a local self-government bill that would relieve the central Government of a claim that should no longer be upon it, and would impart to the people a spirit of self-control and independence—a bill that would prevent patronage in high places, and would result in men being sent to Parliament who had souls above buttons—men who would legislate for the country and not for a section of it—men who would become statesmen, and not pettifoggers. (Applause.) A Civil Service Bill was also required. It had been said that our Civil Service was not efficient; but he thought it was, and that it would bear favourable comparison with the Civil Service of any other part of the world. He thought, however, that the pruning knife should be applied to those branches that bore no fruit and were fast decaying. He was in favour of classification according to ability, promotion according to merit, provision for the declining years of those who had faithfully served their country, and forced retirement with a pension of those past their powers of active service. In fine, the reorganisation of the Civil Service on an entirely new basis. (Applause.) Having dealt with the Civil Service, he would refer to the public servants. Well, he believed they had got a rise. ("No.") Well, they were promised a rise. ("Yes.") What was that rise? Echo answered, a twopenny rise. Now, the fact of the matter was that their principles and their consciences were worth twopence, and the Government wanted to buy them for that. But he had more faith in those men who had been insulted with that twopenny offer to think that they would be led away by such a mean-contemptible action. (Applause.) If they were worthy of a rise surely they were worthy of a better rise than a twopenny rise. Then he understood that some of the railway employees had to work for eight hours, while others had to work for 10 hours. Why should there be that distinction? One man was as good as another, and therefore if eight hours was assigned to one man it should be granted to another. (Hear, hear.) He disapproved of that portion of the fiscal policy of the Government which would remove certain articles from paying duty, considering that the removal of those duties would prevent the local manufacturer from successfully carrying on operations. Our unexampled prosperity could not be attributed to either the pastoral or agricultural interest; but we were prospering on borrowed capital. The time might come when we would again know bad times and taxation. There would be no necessity for him to say that he was a freetrader. He was one of those who had assisted the Trades and Labour Council in forcing the matter of technical education upon the attention of the Government. He was an advocate for technical education. With regard to that bone of contention, Sir John Robertson's Land Bill, he thought the time had arrived when extension of areas must be accorded to the conditional purchaser if the country was to benefit by his venture. The pre-lease system, which had enabled the 640-acre selector to make a decent living, was almost a thing of the past. The squatter had taken such advantage of the system as to almost entirely shut out the selector, who in self-defence was compelled to sell. He would very much prefer to see the large sheepwalks whose improvements were of the very poorest description, and only made from necessity, cut up into such moderately-sized holdings as should justify such substantial improvements as would induce selectors of largely extended areas to permanently improve them, and make two blades of grass grow where only one grew before. He believed that these extended areas would prove an effectual bar to dummyism, as the risk involved would be far too great for the land-grubber to entertain, and the preliminary expenditure would be too large for the blackmailers' pocket. He believed that such a policy would result in mixed farming—the most profitable to the individual and the country; and at the same time he would take every precaution to see the spirit and the letter of the law not evaded by imposing such penalties on its infraction as must needs deter those who would break it. Of any such intention as the foregoing Sir John Robertson's Land Bill was innocent. It merely provided for an extension of unseemly strife and the destruction of all facility of dealing. (Applause.) He meant to go into the Land question a little farther, but he would not impose upon their extreme kindness. They had behaved with great generosity to him, and listened to him with much patience. ("Go on.") He would be ungrateful not to acknowledge this. He hoped that they would not think he was unable to talk to them on every clause of the Land Bill. Let him tell them what principles he would go on. (Some dissent.) 1. Indiscriminate selection before survey condemned. 2. Colony to be divided into two or more classes of districts. 3. Division of present runs or leases. One-half to be leased by present lessees for seven, 10, or 15 years, according to the class of district, but without any right of purchase by virtue of improvements. 4. The other or resumed half, to be open to selection by *(a)* conditional purchases in the inner and intermediate districts with increased maximum of area, but without pre-leases, and as far as possible within surveyed areas; *(b)* conditional leaseholds of enlarged areas in outer districts. 5. Reduction of deposits on conditional purchases to 2s. per acre, but final payment in 21 years. 6. Present system of auction sales to be abolished. 7. Local land boards to inquire in open court into all matters affecting the administration of the law, with right of appeal from its decisions. This was more than publicans got. They had no right of appeal. ("They don't deserve it.") 8. Present conditional purchase holders may come under these provisions, half their pre-leases being secured for five years, with right of purchase. 9. Reserves on each side of railway lines. He was now at their disposal. (Cheers.)

In answer to a question the candidate said that the Fisheries Act was a very bad one, and required amendment.

The Returning Officer then called for a show of hands, which being given, he declared to be in favour of Mr. Olliffe, Mr. Harris, Mr. Poole, and Mr. Withers. He also announced that the polling in connection with the nominations would take place on Saturday next. A vote of thanks to the Returning Officer, and three cheers for the Queen terminated the proceedings.

BALMAIN NOMINATION.

A public meeting was held at the Balmain School of Arts yesterday, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the two vacancies for Balmain. Captain Thomas S. Rowntree (Returning Officer) presided, and there was a large attendance of electors. The proposers and seconders of the candidates were limited to five minutes each and the candidates were limited to 20 minutes each.

Mr. F. R. ROBINSON, J.P., proposed Mr. William Alston Hutchinson, Mayor of Balmain. He was well known in the electorate as an able and energetic man, and would have the time and the capacity to serve the electors in Parliament.

Alderman W. SMITH seconded the nomination. Mr. Hutchinson had been for several years an alderman of the borough, and for two years he had been Mayor, and was well known and fully appreciated. On the great Land question Mr. Hutchinson was quite sound. He had been a free selector himself, and had had practical experience of the working of the land laws. He was prepared to support the necessary amendments in the existing laws, although he might not be prepared to endorse all that had been said against the Ministry.

Alderman CLUBB proposed Mr. Jacob Garrard. Two years ago when Mr. Garrard was returned for the electorate, a considerable number of electors had doubts as to whether Mr. Garrard, who was peculiarly a working man's representative, would serve the interests of all classes of electors. The two years' experience they had had of Mr. Garrard in the Assembly proved that those misgivings were without foundation, and it was, therefore, believed that Mr. Garrard would on this occasion receive even a more general support than on the previous occasion when he was elected.

Alderman FRAZER, J.P. (Leichhardt), seconded the nomination. He had opposed Mr. Garrard two years ago, but he had been very much pleased with Mr. Garrard's conduct in Parliament, and was now prepared to give him his support.

Mr. S. H. HYAM proposed Alderman John Taylor. If it had not been for the very close friendship he entertained for Mr. Taylor he would have been a candidate himself. He felt, however, that he could not do better than devote his energies to the work of assisting Mr. Taylor's candidature.

Alderman HANCOCK seconded the nomination.

Mr. W. S. CLARK nominated Mr. William Pritchard.

Mr. W. T. WHITING seconded the nomination.

The audience was then addressed by each candidate.

Mr. HUTCHINSON said he had only one reference to make to the other candidates, and that was that he would rather lose his election than forfeit his friendship with each of the other candidates. (Cheers.) The main question upon which the appeal had been made to the country was the Land Bill of Sir John Robertson. It was impossible to deny that that veteran statesman had rendered great service to the country, and in the history of the political struggles of this colony no name shone brighter than that of Sir John Robertson. The vital principle of the law of 1861 was free selection before survey, and at the time that law was passed that principle worked very well. In the coast districts it had done great good, but when after the lapse of a few years there was no land available except beyond the dividing range, the squatting and free selecting classes got into direct antagonism with each other, and it was found necessary that something should be done to remedy that antagonism. That necessity had existed for years, and should have been remedied long ago, and at last there was a fair prospect of something being done. Both the pastoral and the agricultural interests were important in the promotion of the welfare of the colony, and they should be so legislated for that they would not come into conflict. It had to be admitted that the squatters had enjoyed fine times, and the Government had not derived anything like the revenue that they should have from the pastoral lands. He had known stations carrying 120,000 sheep that only paid £100 a year rental. (Hear, hear.) Such a rental as a farthing per acre for the grass lands of the colony was utterly inadequate. (Cheers.) The Hon. James Watson and other members of the Government had admitted that the squatters should pay 1d. per acre. The total revenue derived from that source now was £500,000 a year, but at 1d. an acre the revenue would be £2,000,000. There ought to be no very great difficulty in so framing a land bill that the pastoral interest, which was a most important one, would get ample justice, and the free selectors, at the same time, be freed from the harassing opposition of the squatters. (Cheers.) Every inch of New South Wales was divided into land districts, and in each land district there was a land office and a staff of surveyors. It was the duty of the Government long before this to have given instructions to their surveyors to have large blocks of suitable country marked out in most of the land districts, and the free selectors could then have gone straight on to that land without fear of squatters. (Cheers.) If that had been done there would have been no difficulty in the free selectors getting sufficient land to settle upon. There were vast tracts of land in this country that were of no use whatever for agricultural purposes for a great many years to come, and the squatters might just as well have the use of that land for a fixed time and at a fair rent. Was it necessary to keep the whole 176,000,000 acres of land in this colony open year after year for the benefit of five or ten thousand selectors? There was plenty land for selectors and plenty for squatters, and they should not come into collision if we had a proper law properly administered. The two industries appeared to him to be inseparable for the good of the colony in its young days, and they should develop together. Mr. Stuart, the leader of the Opposition, had made a valuable suggestion, namely, that the squatters' runs to the westward of the coast range should be divided, and that half should be reserved for selection purposes, and the other half leased to the squatter for a certain period. It would be impossible to get anything like a proper revenue from the squatters unless they were given something like secure tenure. They could be given leases for 7 or even 14 years, with the reservation that the Crown would have the right to set apart the land suitable for agriculture when it was required. There were one or two new clauses in the Land Bill which he thought would be a manifest advantage. He strongly approved of the provision which would enable residents of towns taking up selections without having to comply with the conditions of residence. They would have to comply with the improvement conditions, and in that way the cultivation of the land would be assured. There was another clause that had not been introduced, but which he would support, and that was a clause enabling a selector to transfer his selection whenever he liked. (Hear, hear.) He had known many instances in which cases of the greatest hardship had arisen, because of the want of this right to transfer. (Hear, hear.) With reference to the Local Government Bill, he had no doubt it would be generally admitted that municipal institutions had been of great benefit to the colony. (Cheers.) He thought that every acre of land in New South Wales should be included under municipal government. If that were done, many of those large estates that we heard so much about would soon be broken up. The local bodies would then be able to enforce a rate on every acre of those large estates. (Cheers.) In the Northern districts he had travelled through one estate for a distance of 60 miles, and in the Southern districts there were similar cases. The aggregation of those large estates was an evil that he would do his utmost to remedy. (Hear, hear.) With reference to the Education Act, he had always been a supporter of its principles, and was deeply gratified with the magnificent results that had been produced by that grand measure. (Cheers.) The Licensing Act, while it had been productive of great good, had given rise to anomalies that needed to be amended. The area beyond which the Sunday selling should be permitted ought to be extended, and then we would not have those disgraceful scenes which took place almost every Sunday at Botany, Manly, and other places that were beyond the five miles. He was in favour of assisted immigration, but not the present class of immigrants that we obtained. We wanted agricultural labourers and miners, and there was also a considerable demand for domestic servants. With reference to local matters, they well knew the active interest he had long taken in the welfare of the borough. The borough council had pledged itself to support a bridge from Balmain to Glebe Point, and he was of opinion that that would be the shortest route into the city. (Hear, hear.) If elected, his services would not be limited to Balmain, but he would be prepared to work for the benefit of the electorate as a whole. (Cheers.)

Mr. GARRARD said that when he appeared before the electors on the previous occasion, many people said that it was impossible for anybody in his position to faithfully represent the interests of all classes. He had now been two years in Parliament, and the same people were proud enough and honest enough to admit that he had been a worthy representative of all classes. (Cheers.) He had made a great many promises when he was returned, and he would show that he had kept them. (Cheers.) He promised at his former election that he was opposed to the influx of Chinese. He had fulfilled that trust to the letter by assisting to pass the anti-Chinese Bill. (Hear, hear.) He had also promised that he would do his utmost to prevent the continuation of the discreditable scenes that took place on the licensing benches. On that subject he had been outspoken, and had courted no uncertain votes. He would say now that, if they wanted him to go back upon the principles embodied in the Licensing Act, he would refuse, and take the consequences. (Cheers.) He was quite prepared to admit that there were minor defects in the Act, and he would use his influence to have those defects remedied. The most disgraceful scenes had taken place on Sundays at Botany and other suburbs outside the five mile radius, and he would therefore support a proposal to extend the distance which travellers would have to go before they could get drink supplied on the Sunday. He had promised to do something for the safety of trade unionists' institutions. He had fulfilled that promise by introducing a bill which legalised trades' unions and protected the funds of the unions, and that bill had become the law of the land. He had also introduced the Employers' Liability Bill. Prior to that the law was that if, through defective scaffolding, a workman fell and was injured, he would have no redress against his employer; but if a stranger happened to be passing and was injured, he would have a cause of action against the person responsible for the unsafe scaffolding. The English Government and the English Parliament had seen the injustice of that law, and had passed a bill to make employers liable for the safety of their workmen. He had obtained the Imperial Act, and drafted a measure which successfully passed the Lower House. When it went to the Upper House he obtained the assistance of Mr. S. C. Brown, and, although the members of that House did not accept the provisions as liberally as he had hoped, and not even as liberally as the English House of Lords had, he had succeeded in effecting a great improvement upon the old state of things. (Cheers.) He, therefore, claimed that he had fulfilled his promises, and it was significant that not one of his opponents and

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critics could put a finger on a single blemish in his political character. (Cheers.) He had entered Parliament with the determination of giving the Government intelligent support, and he had done so, but he had never become a servile supporter. He was a great admirer of Sir John Robertson, the author of the land law of 1861, and was only sorry that Sir John did not see the wisdom of progressing with the times. The only vote which he (Mr. Garrard) had given which appeared to have created dissatisfaction was that given in support of the Land Bill. He desired to draw their attention to a passage in the speech which Sir John Robertson made in introducing that Bill, because upon that hinged the explanation of his vote. When Sir John Robertson was moving the second reading of the bill, he said in effect:—"I have brought the Land laws, which are now spread over ten Acts of Parliament, into one consolidated bill. I have got rid of the superfluous clauses in the existing Acts, and I have increased the penalties and checks upon those who seek to wrest the land laws from their original principles and intentions. At the same time I recognise that there are men in this House, like Mr. Farnell and Mr. Garrett, who are able to deal with this question, and I shall be glad to receive amendments, so that the country may be benefited by a more perfect measure." He (Mr. Garrard) then decided to support the second reading; and if it was not amended in committee in the way he thought necessary, he would have voted against the third reading. He had a general knowledge of the principles of the land law, but he did not know much of the working of the law; and it would be a good thing if some other metropolitan and suburban members would make the same confession. (Cheers.) Mr. Reid intimated his intention, last session, of moving for a Royal Commission to inquire into the working of the land laws. For some reason or other Mr. Reid did not see fit to go on with his motion, but that would have been the proper course to take. Until some such inquiry had taken place neither the Parliament nor the country would be in a position to intelligently and faithfully decide whether we should have an entirely new land law. (Hear, hear.) With reference to local matters, he had succeeded in getting the pigeon ground reserved for the public of Balmain; he had secured increased school accommodation for the borough; he had obtained increased postal facilities for Leichhardt, and in many other matters he had given close attention to local matters. He asked the electors to examine his promises at his previous election, and scrutinise his political services; and if they were satisfied let them give him a vote. (Loud cheers.)

Alderman TAYLOR said he highly esteemed all the other candidates, and he had no personal opposition in this contest, but hoped to see a fair fight. (Cheers.) Their views were almost identical. He had always been a freetrader, but as one who had been a mechanic himself he would be in favour of giving local industries some substantial encouragement, even if we had to pay 15 or 20 per cent. more for the locally-made article than if we imported it. The country would benefit in the long run, and he did not see that in that proposal there was any inconsistency in the free trade principles. As far as the Land Bill was concerned, he had no hesitation in saying that the law should be amended very considerably, and had he been in Parliament he would have voted with the Opposition. (Cheers.) The present system of indiscriminate free selection should be abolished, and some means devised whereby squatters and selectors could carry on their industries without coming into daily conflict. We would then be able to make the pastoral tenants pay more than they did now for the grazing lands. Give the squatters a secure tenure for a certain period, and we would then be able to charge them a higher rental. (Cheers.) One of the most important matters that would have to come before the Parliament would be the Local Government Bill. He believed that local expenditure should be in the hands of the local bodies, and then we would not have members of Parliament giving their votes in accordance with their chances of getting money spent in their respective electorates. He admitted that Mr. Garrard had done a great deal for the borough, but he claimed that he had also taken such an active interest in the welfare of the electorate that he had an equally strong claim to their consideration. He had lived among them for 13 years; he had been an alderman, both of the city and the borough; and there had not been a public movement in Balmain for years past with which he had not been identified. (Cheers.) He denied that he had given any authority to any of his supporters to attend any other candidate's meeting and create a disturbance. (Hear, hear.) The Government had on many occasions promised a Civil Service Bill, and he would pledge himself to do all he could to have a measure of that kind passed into law. The Education Act was the law of the land, and he would do nothing to alter it. (Cheers.) He would support a tramway to Balmain, Ryde, and Hunter's Hill, by way of Glebe Point, and he would support the erection of a bridge from Glebe Point to Balmain. (Hear, hear.) He supported railway extension, and would do all he could to assist the industrial development of the colony. (Cheers.)

Mr. PRITCHARD could not help thinking that it was a great pity that they could not return four members. (Laughter.) When he first entered the field he thought he was the only one who opposed the Government, but he now found that, as the wind of popular favour veered round, so each of the other candidates veered round against the Government. (Cheers and laughter.) When the Land Bill of 1861 was before the country he was a stanch supporter of the principle of free selection before survey. He little thought then that that law would be the chief promoter of dummyism, perjury, blackmailing, and other evils; and that under that law a dozen individuals would be able to get two million acres of freehold land. (Cheers.) He would remind the electors that the only question remitted to the electors was the present Land Bill, and the electors should therefore return men known to be sound on that question. He did not come out as a candidate until he found that there was no other man coming forward to oppose the Land Bill of the present Government. He would denounce the present Government for the introduction of such a Land Bill as that which they had put forward; and he would denounce them for dissolving Parliament in the way that they had. It was said that the division on the Land Bill was taken unawares. What was Sir Henry Parkes doing that he did not stay the vote if he wanted to? What was Dr. Renwick doing that he did not speak upon the question? Was it not that they did not believe in the bill themselves? Dr. Renwick admitted in his electioneering speech that although he supported the bill he had his own opinions as to what a land bill should be. (Cheers.) He would denounce the Government for having tried to snatch a victory by rushing on the general election, and taking their opponents at a disadvantage. The other day, when he (Mr. Pritchard) wanted a man to do some bill-posting for him, the man said, "Oh, Mr. Pritchard, I have been engaged for the last three months for this election." (Laughter.) With regard to the Licensing Act he believed that it required amendment. He did not see why a publican should not be protected by the State, and respected as much as any man. (Hear, hear.) He did not believe in putting the restriction upon the working classes that was imposed by this law. This Act said the people should not go into the public-houses on Sunday, and now some people wanted to prevent their fellow-citizens having a drink at Botany on Sundays. And the matter in which he was opposed to the Government was the North Shore bridge affair. (Cheers.) That great "I am," Sir Henry Parkes, had entered into a contract with a flunkey at Government House that was of a discreditable character, and when the whole facts were brought to light it would be found that the Milburn Creek swindle would sink into insignificance compared to this swindle. (Cheers.) He would support the construction of a network of tramways in the electorate, and he thought that there should be bridges across from Sydney to Major Christie's Point, Pyrmont, to Balmain, then to Goat Island, and then to North Shore. He would support a Civil Service Bill. He thought that a stronger staff should be provided in the Lands Titles Office, so that people should be able to get their certificates of title speedily. He was in favour of the establishment of a court of petty sessions at Balmain; he was in favour of legislation for the protection of mariners; he was in favour of legislating for noxious trades; and he was in favour of the abolition of tollbars. He had no axe to grind, and if returned he would pledge himself to look after the interests of the electorate in the future even more energetically than he had done in the past. (Cheers.)

A show of hands was then taken, and declared by the Returning-officer to be in favour of Messrs. Garrard and Hutchinson.

A poll was demanded, and the voting will take place on Saturday next.

PARRAMATTA NOMINATION.

The nomination of candidates for the representation of Parramatta in the ensuing Parliament took place at the Courthouse yesterday. Mr. John Golledge, J.P., was the returning-officer. A light rain fell throughout the proceedings, at the commencement of which about 200 electors were present. Before the show of hands was called for the number had increased to about 600.

Mr. F. COX nominated Mr. James Squire Farnell, and the nomination was seconded by Mr. WITHERS.

Mr. R. A. RITCHIE proposed, and Mr. HERBERT COATES seconded, the nomination of Mr. Cyrus Edgar Fuller.

Mr. ALBAN GEE nominated Mr. Hugh Taylor, and the nomination was seconded by Mr. EDMUND MASON.

Mr. FARNELL first addressed the electors. He said he was there at the invitation of the people of Parramatta, but he did not wish to be mistaken. He did not want to be elected as a representative of Parramatta, but of the colony as a whole; he did not appear before them as a local man, but as a politician. Although he appeared now as an opponent of the Government, he claimed that no man in the House had given this same Government a more consistent support than he had done. Mr. Fuller appeared to base his claim to the suffrages of the electors on the ground solely that he was the owner of a row of shops, and had therefore done a deal for the town. If the people of Parramatta thought that was a qualification, then they deserved to be represented by the man who urged it. He (Mr. Farnell) claimed to have had more experience of the measure which had brought about the dissolution—he alluded to the land law—than any other man in the House; and he might inform them that it was a common thing for legal gentlemen who were asked to give opinions upon it, from time to time, to seek his advice and assistance when preparing their opinions. Therefore he knew what he was talking about, and he said they might believe him when he told them that the land law which had been proposed would, if ever carried out, prove a curse to this country. He was an uncompromising opponent to that law. He strongly advocated survey before selection, and said there was nothing to prevent it from being adopted. The law as at present only left the door open for the perpetration of all kinds of abuses by the squatter and selector, neither of whom was protected against the other. It was a law which was rotten to the core. A land law was required for this country which would recognise the difference in the quality of the land to be dealt with—the difference of situation, of climatic influences, and of quality of soil. A measure which would suit the coast districts, for instance, would not suit the interior of the country. And in any measure that should be framed, these principles should be recognised, both with respect to the allotment of areas and the adjustment of price. He strongly advocated the American system, which recognised the fundamental principle that the public estate was intended for the many, and not for the few; and it was the adoption of this principle which had caused America to be inhabited in a comparatively limited period by 54,000,000 of people. We did not want any great feudal system in this country such as was established in the United Kingdom, where the bulk of the people were little better than serfs; and he believed the time was approaching when, in order to prevent a perpetration of the terrible condition of things which was convulsing society, the people would have to purchase the land from the gentlemen of England so that it could be used to obtain the greatest good for the greatest number. By letting out the land in this colony on an equitable basis we should be able to do without taxation; but if the Crown went on for forty years selling the land as at present the estates of the people would be entirely placed beyond their reach. He wished to impress upon the people that the Government, about which so much had been said, had never effected any original legislation. Their wretched Licensing Act was a measure made up of clippings from all the bad laws in the world on the same subject; even their railway policy was merely the carrying into effect of the policy which had been devised by the Government of which he (Mr. Farnell) was Premier. The one point which the people had now to decide, however, was whether they would perpetuate a land policy which threatened them with destruction. With respect to matters of local interest, he begged to say that Parramatta would be better without some of the institutions of which so much boast had been made. They did not, for instance, want that Erysipelas Hospital in the town. He was in favour of a local government bill which would place public works more directly under local control, and create a spirit of self reliance and economy, which was unknown at present among the people. The one point upon which he claimed their support, however, was his intention with respect to land legislation. He desired to place no other issue before them, and he was quite content to abide by the result.

Mr. C. E. FULLER was well received. He said he had come out to break down the Taylor-Byrnes party, and as there was a very cunning old campaigner to come after him—he alluded to Mr. Taylor—he knew that he must be cautious in his remarks so as not to be caught tripping. He had, therefore, prepared a written address, and he hoped the electors would be considerate enough to allow him to read it. Mr. Fuller then read a lengthy address which set out by stating that if Mr. Farnell claimed to have had 22 years' experience of the defective land laws it was a very poor mark of his ability that he had done nothing to remedy them. He had never, during all that time, carried out anything like solid legislation. It had been claimed for Mr. Taylor that he had done a lot for Parramatta in the way of supplying local wants; he did not deny this, but he asserted that he would do as much if they gave him the opportunity, and would carry into effect useful legislation as well. He was decidedly of opinion that the Land Bill propounded by the present Government would prove a measure ruinous to the best interests of this country. He was in favour of a measure which would in its broad principles be diametrically opposed to Sir John Robertson's bill. He wanted a measure which would secure survey before selection, and which would conserve the public estate for the benefit of posterity. He advocated a Local Government Bill, which would admit of improvements being carried out under local supervision—not such a bill as Sir Henry Parkes proposed, which while it professed to secure this great end trammelled the local element by placing the supreme power in the hands of a central board. He would abolish the present system of honorary magistrates, and appoint stipendiary magistrates in all important towns; and he would have such a general law as would enable criminals and others who might evade justice in this colony by escaping elsewhere to be tried where they were captured, instead of being brought all the way back again. (A Voice: Would you follow them about with witnesses?) With reference to the Public Instruction Act, he agreed with its main principles, but would modify it in such a way as to make its application more convenient in a local sense by enlarging the powers of the local boards, which were at present a dead letter. And he would make provision in this Act for the establishing of model farms, in which the rising generation could be taught the elementary principles of husbandry. He was now going to touch upon a subject which required delicate handling, and if he were not an independent man he would not deal with it. He alluded to protection. He would liberally protect local industries and those manufactures which this colony could produce. This might not be a popular cry, but he was not going to conceal his opinions in the matter. He would also foster a judicious stream of immigration, to develop the resources of this country. He was in favour of civil service reform of a description which would secure efficient men in the service, and a competence for them when they were worn out. He was also in favour of the federation of the colonies, with one directing head, so that an expenditure of upwards of £30,000 a year for useless governors might be avoided. He thought the best thing Mr. Farnell could do would be to go back to St. Leonards. He asked them to remember that Mr. Farnell was in favour of a nominee Upper House, which practically disfranchised the electors. They would probably be told in this contest that Mr. Taylor deserved the gratitude of the people; that he was a good man, and a charitable man, and gave to the needy freely, and without respect to creed. Well, he admitted all this; but he at the same time claimed for himself that so far as his means admitted he had done likewise. Mr. Fuller was attentively listened to, and was cheered on retiring.

Mr. FARNELL, advanced amid much disturbance, to make an explanation. He said he was a great advocate for truth, and Mr. Fuller had stated what was untrue. He (Mr. Farnell) had always advocated an elective Upper House.

Mr. HUGH TAYLOR was received with continued cheering. He said he had come to ask the electors for a renewal of that confidence which they had first given him 12 years ago. What claims, he would like to know, had Mr. Farnell to their support? That gentleman had absolutely told him that he was being brought there against his will. [Mr. Goodin: No.] He would 50 times sooner believe Mr. Farnell than Mr. Goodin, who, when presenting the requisition to Mr. Farnell—a requisition which he had induced many people to sign by misrepresentation—had told Mr. Farnell that he (Mr. Taylor) was not coming forward. [Mr. Goodin: No.] He had Mr. Farnell's word for it, and he believed him, and he felt sure that Mr. Farnell must feel humiliated at the false position in which he had been placed. When addressing the electors of St. Leonards in 1874, Mr. Farnell told them that he had been led away from them once by naughty people in Parramatta, who had kept him from them for ten years; but he was going to make a promise to them that he would not be prodigal again, that he would not leave them again till they left him. These were Mr. Farnell's words, yet they found him now—him the strong candidate of the Opposition—coming out supported by their late member, who had given his support to the Government on that great issue, the Land Bill, and by the party who had returned that member to Parliament. How could such inconsistency as this be explained? Mr. Farnell had assured them over and over again that he was a politician; but all his boasted ability, all his political knowledge and experience had not prevented his 22 years' political career from being entirely barren of practical results, with the exception of a Contagious Diseases Bill in embryo, a measure conceived in a prurient imagination, which was almost too loathsome to talk about, and which would if passed imperil the morals and the liberties of the women of this country. He had heard this same speech from Mr. Farnell on the Land question fifty times; but what was the use of it all when it ended only in speech? He (Mr. Taylor) could tell them that half a dozen Governments would be unseated, and three or four dissolutions would take place before this question of the public estate was finally settled. His opponents had sought to put upon him that he was going in a thick and thin supporter of the present Government. He was doing no such thing. He had promised to give them a consistent support, which meant that he would only support them so long as their measures were conducive to the interests of the people of this country. Upon this question of the land law, the greatest opponents of the Government must admit that it had made a great stride in advance of existing laws, while Mr. Farnell and his party had done nothing. The kind of land law that he (Mr. Taylor) would advocate would be one which would secure to future generations the benefit of the great public estate. He would strenuously oppose any measure tending to alienate this estate from the great bulk of the people; he would support a measure which would give fixity of tenure to the squatter and such terms and security to the selector, that the generations to come would be a prosperous, a free, and a happy people. He strongly advocated survey before selection, and the appointment of agricultural areas, and said if squatters' rents were increased from a farthing to sixpence per acre—which they would be quite willing to pay if they had fixity of tenure—the people of this country would be able to do almost without taxation; the mechanic and the labourer and the poor man generally would be able to obtain the necessaries of life without payment of duty. He would vote for any Government which would endeavour to bring about such a result as this. He thought he had almost as much right as Mr. Farnell, on political grounds, to their support, and certainly on local grounds he was entitled to their suffrages. He defied them to point to any estimates passed during his eight years' representation of Parramatta in which there were not thousands of pounds sterling for improvements in the town. The importance of the town merited these concessions, and, at the risk of being termed a purely local member, he had not hesitated to obtain them. He was in favour of necessary amendments in the licensing law. The main principles of the law were good, but in their administration and operation they had been made most oppressive. It was an unrighteous clause which gave to any ignorant policeman the power, without cause at all, to break into an hotel at any hour of the night, and go into any apartment of it without a warrant. And in the hands of many magistrates the measure had been made an engine of tyranny. The amendments of the Licensed Victuallers' Association proposed some reforms, and, with the experience that had been gained, others might be suggested, which would make the measure a real blessing to the country, and a protection to the public and to all respectable hotelkeepers. He would support a local government bill, and a Civil Service bill which would give to the large and respectable body of Civil servants some protection against that accursed system which placed them at the mercy of any capricious Government, and in this measure he would make provision for the old age of those who spent themselves in the service of the State. He was also strongly in favour of an elective Upper House. This branch of the Legislature was at present composed of infirm old gentlemen, who might have been good in their day, but whose time had gone past, and in any case its constitution was not in accordance with the principles of the free institutions of this country. He did not approve of irresponsible bodies such as this was. Mr. Fuller had been unjust enough to condemn the railway policy of the present Government, but it was a policy which every thinking man must admit entitled them to the everlasting gratitude of the people, for it opened up the interior of the country, and tended to develop untold wealth which had previously lain fallow. [An Elector: "What about the eight-hour question?"] Well, he was strongly in favour of that, and could point with satisfaction to the support he had given Mr. Cameron in his first efforts to obtain the boon. He thought no man should work more than eight hours a day in this climate. And whilst upon this subject he might say that if elected it was his intention to ask any Government that might be in power to grant a restitution to the railway employees of the money which was unjustly deducted from their salaries by the Government of which Mr. Farnell was a member. He had made this effort once, and would have succeeded if he had been returned to Parliament at last election. He would also endeavour to obtain substantial increases in the salaries of the railway employees, and of the gaol warders and attendants at all the public lunatic asylums, who were all overworked and underpaid, and who followed a most dangerous occupation. He asked the electors to remember that these were not new ideas of his, and assuredly he would lose no time in endeavouring to give practical effect to them. He left the issue of this election, with confidence, in the hands of the electors. He asked them to remember that Mr. Farnell only came back to them because his election for St. Leonards was uncertain; that Mr. Fuller's sole claim appeared to be that he had built three or four shops, which he called improving Parramatta; and that he (Mr. Taylor) had faithfully served them for many years, during which he had done his best for the town, and had always been accessible to the humblest among them.

The show of hands resulted as follows:—Mr. Farnell, 5; Mr. Fuller, about 100; Mr. Taylor, about 300.

Mr. Farnell demanded a poll, which the returning officer announced would take place on Saturday next.

Mr. Hugh Taylor addressed about 500 electors in the evening at Marshall's Hotel, and was very well received. His election is considered certain. Messrs. Farnell and Fuller are also actively canvassing.

GLEBE NOMINATION.

The nomination of candidates for the representation of the Electorate of the Glebe in the next Parliament took place in the Town Hall, Glebe, at noon yesterday. About 120 persons were present.

The RETURNING OFFICER (Mr. Michael Chapman, J.P.) having read the advertisement calling the electors together and the writ authorising the proceedings,

Mr. JOHN MOSES MURPHY nominated, and Alderman DUNN seconded the nomination of SIR GEORGE WIGRAM ALLEN.

Alderman GRAHAM nominated, and Mr. THOMAS M'INERNEY seconded, the nomination of Mr. Michael Joseph Fitzpatrick.

Sir G. W. ALLEN, who was received with applause, said he appeared before the electors to seek re-election as a member of the Legislative Assembly. (A Voice: You will get in right enough.) He had appeared before them on six different occasions, and he had always been returned at the head of the poll with a very large majority, and he therefore felt confident that he would not be rejected this time. He had not the pleasure of knowing his opponent, but he knew Mr. Fitzpatrick's late uncle, who was a personal friend of his, and one of the stanchest supporters he ever had. He was therefore somewhat surprised when he heard that a relative of the late Mr. Michael Fitzpatrick intended to oppose him. The reason they were there that day was, as they were aware, the defeat of the Government on their Land Bill. After that defeat the House was dissolved. Whether the dissolution were wise or not he did not think the electors cared very much, because he looked upon the prerogative of dissolution as one of the most popular prerogatives of the Crown, which could only be exercised for the benefit of the people. (Applause.) The question upon which the House was dissolved was one of the most vital questions that could come before the Legislature. He had never wholly approved of the Land Act of 1861, but as the country had generally approved of it and it was passed with great unanimity he had always accepted the bill as a settlement of the land question, and he had never taken any part in attempting to undo the vital principle of that bill. He would not do so now. In those days he would most certainly have gone in for agricultural reserves and not have allowed selection to have extended all over the country, for he was perfectly satisfied that this alone had been the cause of the dissensions between the Crown tenants and the free selectors. He had to-day read the address of his opponent, and he could see nothing in that gentleman's remarks upon the Land Bill in which he (Sir G. W. Allen) did not most cordially concur. (Applause.) The country was now changing its opinions upon the main principles of the Land Bill of 1861, but his opinions upon it were the same now as they had been. (Applause.) The bill which the Government had brought before the House was simply a consolidation of the Land Act of 1861 and the various amendments of that Act subsequently made. The principles of the bill were not affected in the slightest degree. The amendments which the bill proposed were merely amendments in detail, and he thought both the House and the country required a great deal more. He did not agree altogether with the programme of the Opposition—(applause)—nor entirely with Mr. Garrett's proposals. (Applause.) But he thought some of them might have been accepted by the House as amendments of the bill introduced. He could not ignore the large amount of good done by the Land Act of 1861. Large districts both near the coast and in the fertile lands of the interior had been settled with a prosperous people, but he thought that might have been done if some limitation had been put upon the principle of selection throughout the country. The evils that had arisen had arisen mainly on that score. The land bill appeared to him simply to perpetuate those evils, and he thought a remedy should certainly be applied in the forthcoming Parliament. He thought the objects of the bill should be to promote bona-fide settlement throughout the colony, and to obtain the best rent that could possibly be obtained from the Crown lands of the colony. (Applause.) He felt sure that if a certain fixed lease were given in parts of the country—not in all parts, because there were many parts that ought to be open for free-selection, as they were now, for moderate terms, say from seven to ten or fourteen years—the rents might be quadrupled or even more. (Applause.) He did not aspire to be a Lands Minister, but when those matters came before the House he would be prepared, as he had opportunity, to take part in them. He utterly disapproved of the proposal to remit the interest on selections. (Applause.) Another important measure that had been before the Parliament, and, for some time, which should be pressed forward, was the Local Government Bill. (Applause.) That bill was of immense importance, for reasons he had explained last Thursday. At the same time, however, it would be necessary that the boroughs or districts which were incorporated under the Local Government Bill should have an endowment from the State for some considerable time, or until they were self-supporting. (Applause.) The Licensing Act, he thought, had been a very beneficial measure—(applause and dissent)—but he considered it should be mended in several particulars. He thought it worked harshly in some cases—(hear, hear)—and that very many evils had arisen under the clauses which referred to the giving of drink to travellers. (Applause. Scenes that had occurred at Botany and elsewhere had brought this prominently under public notice. (Applause.) He had on several occasions, when before the electors, said he was in favour of a Civil Service Bill. That was a measure that ought to have been passed long since. The number of persons at the present time employed in the Civil Service was enormous, and to a certain extent this arose from the fact that there was no means of getting rid of those who were past work, and they were kept on with additional persons to do the work for them. (Applause.) These were cases of great hardship. Year after year we saw upon the Estimates a sum of money to give a retiring allowance to some one in ill-health and unable to support himself, and that kind of thing was done to a great extent by favour. He thought there ought to be a Civil Service Act to regulate the mode of receiving young men into the service, the mode of promotion, the salaries paid to their offices, and to provide for a moderate retiring allowance after a long term of service. (Applause.) On past occasions when he was before the electors there was a reference to shipping laws. Those laws were amended last session, but he believed still further amendments were requisite to provide for the safety of ships and crews that sailed out of this port. A bill was very much required to provide for the inspection of land boilers and machinery. That had been promised time after time, and probably it would have been introduced during the last session if the House had sat longer. In reference to the Public Instruction Act he had always been a stanch supporter of it. (Applause.) In 1873 he accepted a position on the Council of Education, and from that time until the duties of the Council were transferred to a responsible Minister he continued to act, and gave a very large amount of time to the carrying out of the Public school system. But he thought the Public Instruction Act should be carried somewhat further than it went. It contained a provision for the establishment of Grammar schools, and it was of the utmost importance that these schools should be established in some of the populous parts of the country. He thought also that there should be technical schools for the instruction of the sons of working men desirous of learning trades—(applause)—and that the teaching should be imparted as in Germany and other places. The railways had been extended largely throughout the country during the past few years. During the last four or five years the number of miles of railways constructed had been doubled, but railway extension wanted pressing on still further, and light railways, such as those lately proposed, were required to bring traffic to the trunk lines. The tramways, too, had been a source of great convenience to the public, and the people of the Glebe had shared in that advantage. (Applause.) It had been said that the Glebe had suffered an injustice in reference to the tramway fares, and he had been told that it had been made a ground of complaint against him that the fare to the Glebe had not been reduced. But nobody could have done more than he had done to get the fare reduced. Correspondence had been going on between the Commissioner for Railways and himself from the time the tram commenced to run until two or three weeks ago. The Department could not see its way to alter the fare; but the electors would see that he had not neglected their interests in the matter. (Applause.) He had noticed as he came along to the Town Hall placards asking what Sir Wigram Allen had done for the Glebe. Well, he thought he could give a very fair list of things he had done since he had taken part in public life, but the subject was one upon which he had always hesitated to speak, for he never liked to attempt to blow his own trumpet. (Applause.) On this occasion however, when he saw this charge brought against him, he was obliged to refer to the subject to some extent. When the Municipalities Act of 1858 was passed, he, with Mr. Thornley, Mr. M'Arthur, and one or two others, was one of the first to strongly interest himself in forming the Glebe into a municipality. He and those he had mentioned were the first to get up a petition for the establishment of a municipality at the Glebe. (Applause.) They succeeded, and from that time, for nearly 20 years, he was an alderman of the municipality. He was Mayor of the municipality for 19 years, and all through he gave the best of his powers to the assistance of the municipality. (Applause. The very by-laws he prepared for the Glebe had been accepted by all the municipalities throughout the country. (Applause.) Since he had been member for the electorate in Parliament he had interested himself in every public matter connected with the Glebe. With reference to Wentworth Park, who might claim credit if not he for what had been done there? (Applause.) Nobody in the Glebe had taken as much trouble about it as he had done, and as soon as the land was reclaimed and made into a park, and trustees had been appointed, he accepted a seat on the trust, acting as chairman, and year after year he succeeded in getting a vote from the Government to spend on the park. Last year, he was able to get £2000, and he had the promise of another £1000 on the Estimates for this year. (Applause.) He was also a trustee of Victoria Park, and was chairman of that trust. This year he had got another £1000 on the Estimates, for Victoria Park. (Applause.) These were matters which concerned the health of the community, and they had not been neglected. He had been told that a great charge against him related to the condition of the Pyrmont Bridge-road; but he did not see why he should be held responsible for that. He had brought the subject under the notice of the Government so frequently that the gentleman in charge of the matter—Mr. Moriarty—threw it up, and said he would have nothing more to do with the road. Mr. Lackey then arranged that Mr. Bennett should take charge of the road. A small sum was given him to put the road in repair, and a part of the road had been done, though not as effectually as it ought to be done, and it could not be done effectually without a substantial vote. But a sum of £1000 had been put on the Estimates for the kerbing and guttering of this road. (Applause, and a Voice: "And yet they say you have done nothing.") During the last two years a police station had been built at the Glebe, and a post and telegraph office was to be built at the corner of the Glebe-road and Denman-street. (Applause.) There was a sum of about £2000 on the Estimates for this building. Something had been said about nothing having been done with reference to building a bridge from the Glebe to Balmain. He had done what he could with the Government to get that work constructed, but at the same time he did not see that a bridge of that kind would be of very great advantage to the Glebe. It would be of great value to him, because it would come very near to his own land, and make the land more valuable; but it would not, he thought, be of much advantage to the people generally. He had, however, said on the hustings on the last occasion he was before the electors that if he saw the people of the Glebe were anxious for this bridge he would do what he could, and he had done so. A work like that could not be done in a moment. In time unquestionably this bridge would be constructed, and he would act with regard to it as far as possible in the interests of the municipality. (Applause.)

Mr. M. J. FITZPATRICK said Sir George Wigram Allen had expressed astonishment that he (Mr. Fitzpatrick), being a relation of the late Michael Fitzpatrick, should oppose him; but if when the late Michael Fitzpatrick was alive he had not done his duty he would have opposed him, and he now opposed Sir George Wigram Allen because he considered he had not done his duty, and had neglected the interests of the Glebe. (Applause and dissent.) He (Mr. Fitzpatrick) claimed to know the Land Act, and he knew from his position for three years in the Registrar of Deeds Department that the men who were speaking to the Sydney electors did not know what they were talking of. (Laughter.) He was of opinion that free selection before survey had not only produced a great amount of crime and litigation, but had had the effect of throwing the Lands Department into a state of chaos, and had caused an absurd delay and expenditure to the selectors and the country at large. It was the delay in surveying the land that had caused all the litigation. He would not debar citizens or companies of citizens from taking up land, but instead of a residential clause in the law, he would insert an agricultural improvement clause. He was opposed to the remission of interest, believing that the banks would be the gainers. He was in favour of granting pastoral leases with fixed tenure for periods of seven or ten years, such leases to be offered at auction, and he was favourable to the formation of shire councils similar to those in Victoria. The Licensing Act he considered a failure. A man should not be debarred from having his glass of grog on a Sunday. (Applause.) He had been a clerk connected with the last census, and he could say that, after working hard all night, he had been glad to go at 4 o'clock in the morning and get a drink. (Laughter.) Cabmen and constables, who were on duty all night, were glad to get a drink before the morning. (Laughter.) The old Act was far better than the present one. ("No," and "Yes.") But the measure most necessary was a Civil Service Bill, for Civil servants were not independent, like other employees, and if they complained of anything, they were liable to be dismissed. The local wants of the Glebe had not been attended to. The Pyrmont Bridge tax of a penny was a disgrace to everybody. The Pyrmont Bridge-road was a disgrace, and the tram fare to the Glebe was the same. In answer to a question, Mr. Fitzpatrick said he would not support any separate vote for Denominational schools; anyone who wanted class legislation should pay for it. (Applause.)

A show of hands was then taken, and it was declared to be largely in favour of Sir George Wigram Allen. Mr. Fitzpatrick demanded a poll.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTORATE.

MR. G. H. REID'S MEETING.

A large meeting was held at the Oxford Hotel, King-street, last night, at 9 o'clock. Mr. G. F. Poole, president of the Trades and Labour Council, occupied the chair, and referred to the services of the candidate and his sympathy with the best interests of the working classes. Mr. Reid then addressed the electors, especially referring to the interview of Sir Henry Parkes with the Civil servants, and pointing out that when Mr. Stuart introduced a Civil Service Bill eight years ago, Sir Henry Parkes strongly opposed it. He said he had it on good authority that canvassers had that day been going round to the public offices requesting the public servants to plump for Sir Henry Parkes. Mr. Hunt proposed, and Mr. Blackmore seconded, a vote of confidence in Mr. Reid, which was carried unanimously.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTORATE.

MR. E. W. SULLIVAN'S MEETING.

The Trades and Labour candidate for West Sydney, Mr. E. W. Sullivan, held a very successful meeting at Pyrmont Public Hall last evening, Mr. W. Irwin, the president of the Ironmongers' Society, being in the chair. The candidate expressed himself in much the same terms as he used at Miller's Point, and notified that he entered the election on three grounds—that of the representative of labour, as a protest against assisted immigration, and as an opponent of the present Government. He expressed himself in favour of fixity of tenure, an amendment of the Licensing Act, and a thorough reform of the shipping regulations of the port. On the motion of Messrs. Davis and Price, supported by Mr. M'Quinn, a vote of confidence was accorded him.

MR. D. O'CONNOR'S MEETING.

At the Masonic Hall last night Mr. D. O'Connor, one of the candidates for the representation of West Sydney in the Legislative Assembly, addressed a crowded meeting, hundreds being turned away, because there was not even standing room for them.

Mr. WM. ROBERTSON, who was appointed chairman, made a brief speech, introducing the candidate.

Mr. O'CONNOR, who was received with applause, said he took this opportunity of expressing his sympathy with an article in the *Sydney Morning Herald*, advocating for every candidate a fair hearing, for the place for expressing assent or dissent was the ballot box. (Applause.) He asked them, if they thought him qualified, to send him again into Parliament—(applause)—as a protest against one of the most iniquitous measures ever propounded by any Government in the world. (Loud applause.) The Government was one of the most corrupt which had ever disgraced New South Wales, and before he sat down he would prove that they were corrupt and incapable. (Applause.) The work of settling a land question had in all ages been regarded as the most difficult that could be undertaken, and he gave Sir John Robertson the highest commendation for the splendid efforts he had made to deal with it. If he should happen to say anything that evening in disparagement of Sir John Robertson, it was simply that he loved New South Wales better than he loved his friend. (Applause.) About 1860 nearly the whole of the public estate was locked up in the hands of a few men, and Sir John Robertson, entering public life with but one idea, burst up that monopoly, and did his best to settle a yeomanry upon the soil. So that now, with all our contempt for his recent actions, we must not forget or be ungrateful for his past services. Now there were 32,220,658 acres alienated from the people, and over 25 millions of acres had been alienated since 1861. Over 20 million acres were owned by land monopolists—("Shame.")—and his charge against Sir John Robertson was that since 1861 he had never taken any steps to stop this wholesale alienation of the public patrimony. Who held the land now? Not the people of New South Wales, but the banks and monetary institutions, who had bought to the value of 25 millions of money. In 1870, 95,000 acres were alienated; in 1871, 88,000; in 1872, 166,000; in 1873, 290,688; in 1874, 762,000; in 1875, 1,135,274 acres; in 1876, 2,042,138 acres; and in 1877, 2,230,883 acres; all without the sanction of Parliament, and without the authority of the Minister. But the Minister was looking on, and that Minister, Sir John Robertson, must have connived at this action on the part of a Government official. What we had got by the sale of our land was £8,674,623, obtained by auction, and the interest on the public debt during that time was £8,484,713, the interest of a debt of £14,903,909 which was the amount we owed before the raising of the loan of two millions last year. In another hundred years the whole of our land would have been sold to pay the interest on our debt, and the present immense expenditure on the Survey Department was incurred simply for the maintenance of a staff of men to transfer the lands of the people to capitalists. In America the cost of measuring the land was only 4d. an acre, while here it reached the enormous amount of 3s. 8½d. an acre. The Treasurer himself, during Sir John Robertson's temporary absence from the Ministry in consequence of the Milburn Creek affair, stated that without injuring anybody he could obtain by rental of the runs from one and a half millions to two millions per annum, while now we were not obtaining £250,000. He defied the Government to controvert what he had said. (Loud applause.) The Government were guilty of criminal culpable negligence in bartering away the lands of the colony to secure political influence. The only effect the Land Law of 1861 had had was to intensify the evils which then existed, for whereas the land then was only leased, a large quantity of it was now absolutely sold. But he hoped those who had bought the land would have their rights respected, and that if the lands sold were to be resumed as they should be, it would be at a fair price. Naturally there should be no antipathy between the squatter and the free selector, and so to find the two at each other's throats only proved the incapacity of the Administration, and the rottenness of the law. There was plenty of room for both, but in 10 years over 35 per cent. of the legitimate free selectors of the colony were driven from their holdings in consequence of the deficiencies of the law. On the other hand, squatters had gone into the back districts where no one would go as a bona fide selector, and their runs had been invaded by men who selected their water frontages and the land around the improvements, until the squatters bought them out to save themselves from utter ruin. This land law had given rise to strife, blackmailing, and wholesale perjury, yet the Government had never stirred hand or foot to prevent this gross immorality. The rising generation had been trained in vice by this law, and yet the Government asked Parliament to perpetuate this iniquity. He asked them to send him, and others who thought with him, into Parliament to prevent this sort of thing. (Loud applause.) Mr. Colin Simson got the Government to reserve 20,000 acres next his run, and while he never spoke in Parliament, but was always at the beck and call of the Government whip, he secured 10,000 acres of that magnificent land. (Cries "Shame.") Then there was Dr. Renwick—(groans)—who introduced a Forest Bill, against one of the clauses of which even Sir John Robertson protested, because it was worse than the worst Land Act we ever had, and would undermine the most beneficent Land Act that could be framed. If they wished to know what the free selectors thought of the Land Act, let them look at the manifesto issued by the recent conference. That said:—"Which of you love the land laws? Who among you has not suffered from them? and whose friends have they not ruined? Have you not condemned their fruits—dissensions, frauds, perjury, anxiety, poverty, and despair? Has not all the country seen neighbours, who ought to have been welcomed as friends, hunted and crushed as bitter foes?—a rural population, who might have lived in kindliness and peace, flying like dogs at their brothers' throats?—the best of men turned into tyrants and merciless oppressors?—the worst of men empowered to create desolation around them, and bitter persecution, official incapacity, and a cruel and stupid law reigning supreme? The Ministry has said that you do not hate this land law, but wish it continued. For years past every newspaper has urged reform, every meeting has resolved it, every petition has prayed for it, every conference or society has agreed upon it, every member elected to Parliament has advocated it, and, finally, the Ministry had to promise it; for had no Amending Act been promised at the opening of the session, they must have fallen. Patiently you waited for the keeping of that promise, and how has it been kept? For the ten bad old Land Acts, you are offered the same universally condemned law in one Act. You are glibly told that this is what you want—this is what you agitated for, petitioned for, lost many a busy day in harvest for, that a good member might be returned—that this is what the country has groaned and yearned so many years for—that this was the change the country was in travail for until it was brought forth. This, a change from the old law in ten Acts to the old law in one Act. O, brave Minister! O, happy country, where such tricks can be played by men before high heaven! Sir John Robertson does this, and Sir Henry Parkes does worse. As Premier he will not even debate his own bill." Sir Henry Parkes said yesterday that the man who did not believe in his land law was an idiot; but the evidence of these men, who had practical experience to guide them, showed him to be a lying impostor, a truckling Minister, and a disgrace to the colony, who, if he believed what he said yesterday, was himself an idiot who should be in Tarban Creek. (Prolonged applause.) When the Government introduced this bill, if there was a spark of patriotism in Parliament, it was the right and duty of every man to oppose the monstrosity. The Government were then jubilant and certain that they could do again what they had often done before, so often that the day would come when the Government of Sir Henry Parkes would be annually burned in effigy. (Prolonged cheering.) (Mr. E. Barton here entered the hall, and was greeted with enthusiastic cheering.) Sir Henry Parkes must have the hide of a rhinoceros not to resign office when he was subjected to such a crushing defeat as he sustained upon the Land Bill. It had been said over and over again that various members of the Government were anxious to resign, and were only held together by their deep anxiety for the public good, but the result showed that they were held together by self-interest alone. The Parkes Ministry were defeated, and according to all true Parliamentary precedent should have at once resigned when they were defeated on the Land Bill. But instead of that this statesman—no this political dodger—(cheers)—went to the Governor who should have known the state of public feeling in the colony, and the Governor dissolved Parliament most unconstitutionally and wrongly. (Applause.) The moral effect of this dissolution was dangerous, for if men in future Parliaments found their seats insecure they might rather vote to keep a corrupt Government in office than, by acting conscientiously, risk being themselves turned out. The action taken by the Governor was a catastrophe likely to be followed by the worst results to the colony, unless the people rose in their might and hurled from office the men who dared to mislead the Queen's representative here. One of the most remarkable things that had occurred since the days of the rotten boroughs in England, was the case of the North Shore bridge. (Cheers.) They all knew how many protestations Sir Henry Parkes had made of his desire to benefit our working men, but on the eve of his departure for England, he made a contract with Mr. Garbett—who was a thorough English gentleman—as representative of a large firm in England, to construct a bridge to the North Shore for £850,000. He did this behind the back of Parliament, while they found now that the work could be done for £350,000. The question came then, was Sir Henry Parkes corrupt, or was he incapable? If the people of the country would stand being plundered and disgraced in this way, they would give a very very sorry account of themselves to their successors. The rule in cases of this kind was that Parliament should be first asked to assent to plans and specifications, but Sir Henry Parkes acted as he did, trusting to a servile following, as he had good reason to trust. His action in the Milburn Creek matter, too, deserved the very strongest reprobation; and the vote for compensating Baker and Co., would have been smuggled through Parliament in the monthly Supply Bill, had not the lynx-eye of the late S. C. Brown discovered and exposed the attempted fraud. The vote was declared by the Supreme Court to be a fraud, and what could they think of the man who came down to Parliament at an early hour in the morning and forced the vote through on the pretence that the Government was in danger. Sir Henry Parkes now was trying to distract the attention of electors from the Land Bill, by which an attempt was being made to hand over the patrimony of the people to monopolists. (Applause.) He (Mr. O'Connor) said to his Roman Catholic friends, "Take your Church of England, Baptist, Presbyterian, or Wesleyan friend by the hand and shake it with the grasp of brotherhood." (Prolonged applause.) Let them disregard Sir Henry Parkes' bidding to them to hate one another, but take as their creed civil and religious liberty. If they sent him into Parliament (Cries: You'll go in.) He would do his best for them, reserving to himself his right to freedom of action. (Loud and prolonged applause.)

Mr. MONTAGUE LEVEY proposed Mr. Daniel O'Connor as a fit and proper person to represent West Sydney in the Legislative Assembly. (Applause.)

Alderman J. D. YOUNG seconded the proposal.

Mr. EDMUND BARTON, who was loudly applauded, also addressed the meeting.

The motion was carried by acclamation with only one dissentient voice.

Mr. O'CONNOR briefly responded, and cheers for the chairman and the Queen having been given, the meeting closed.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORATE.

MR. JOHN DAVIES' MEETING.

A numerously-attended meeting was held at the Victoria Park Hotel, last evening, in the interest of Mr. John Davies' candidature for South Sydney. The chair was occupied by Mr. N. Hawken, Mayor of Darlington. The candidate having addressed the meeting at length, and replied to several questions, Alderman G. T. Collins moved, and Mr. Vaughan seconded, the usual vote of confidence in him, which was declared carried in due form, the meeting terminating with a vote of thanks to the chairman, and three cheers for the Queen.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

MR. VICKERY'S MEETING.

Mr. E. Vickery addressed a meeting of the electors last night, at the Paddington Municipal Chambers Alderman Johns occupied the chair. After a few prefatory remarks by the chairman,

Mr. VICKERY, who was received with great applause, said that he had lived in the neighbourhood for over 40 years, and, therefore he was well known to most of his hearers. He looked upon the present as a very important juncture politically, and therefore he had acceded to the request of a number of gentlemen to come forward and offer himself as a candidate for Parliamentary honours. At the present time the great question that was placed before the electors was that of the Land Bill. He had had a good deal to do with the Land Acts of the colony; he had seen their working, and he professed to know a little about them. His experience was certainly that they had acted injuriously for all parties. He looked upon the great grazing interest as the back-bone of the colony. The colony is essentially a grazing country. He had travelled about the country; he had seen hundreds of free selectors, and had pitied them. They had been misled, and had gone into the interior and selected land, believing they could make a living upon it, but had failed and been glad to sell out to the squatters. Some of them brought five or six times as much stock upon the land as it could carry, and this stock had to trespass upon the squatter. He had had interest in squatting properties, although he had never been a squatter himself, and never wanted to be, and had, therefore, been compelled to witness the results of the working of the Land Act, and he could unhesitatingly say it had wrought mischief to the colony. It had made the difficulties in the way of the grazing interests immense, when they should not have been so; because these men who went back into the back country, and opened it up and made it payable, for others to follow them, should not have been oppressed as they had been. He was an advocate of free selection. He believed in placing men upon the lands of the colony; he wished to see a large population there, and there were places where free selection had succeeded; places where the land was of such a character that they could cultivate it and earn their living upon it. But that was not the case on a great part of the back country. He had in his mind scores of miles of river frontage taken up a few years ago by free selectors who had failed to make an honest living on it, and had been glad to sell it and go elsewhere. He believed there were lands in the colony where men could settle and make a living, and he was in favour of Government picking out the very best lands of the colony and surveying them and sending the selectors there. Then they would have them congregated together, and they could have schools built, and so put an end to one of the evils arising from the present system of selection, when men went where there was no school—no means of education—and the children were brought up like the veriest heathen. He was quite sure a law might be passed which would meet the wants of all parties; and he hoped the Parliament, when elected, would be able to come to some agreement upon a proper Land law, which would suit all classes. The next question he had to deal with was the education question. He looked upon that as settled. He believed in undenominational education so far as the State was called upon to support it, though he admired the denominations who would contribute towards educating the children. He believed the education should be unsectarian, and the young people should meet together on an equal ground, and grow up together in good will towards one another. At the same time he believed children should be taught their duty to God and man, and should ever the Roman Catholics and the Protestants of all denominations agree to admit the Bible into Public schools, he for one would say yes, because he believed a nation was exalted by righteousness, and he believed no book could teach a man how to do his duty to God and man, as well as the Bible. (Applause.) Then in reference to the Licensing Act, he believed the multiplication of public-houses had tended to increase drunkenness, and therefore he hailed with delight the passing of the Licensing Act. He approved of local option, for he did not think that if the large majority of a community thought there were no more public-houses wanted public-houses should be thrust upon them. The Act might, perhaps, bear amendment. There might be some hardships occasioned by it; so he said by all means amend it. He was totally opposed to the opening of public-houses on Sunday, or to opening them after 11 at night. He had heard many persons say that it was a treat to be able to go to a publichouse, and go to bed at 11 and get to sleep, which it was impossible to do before this Act passed. Another subject he wanted to call attention to was that of local self-government. He had witnessed a great deal of corruption and a great deal of scrambling for the public money to get it expended where it was not required. Two or three persons perhaps had settled down in a district, and they would ask for the erection of a lockup, a bridge, or a courthouse, and these had been built in many places where really they were not wanted. He believed in conferring powers of local self-government, and letting these people erect their own buildings; but at the same time he thought that, now the revenue of the country was so prosperous, the Government should make large endowments, so that municipalities throughout the country should be able to make the necessary improvements. He thought the municipalities, especially the suburban ones, had overlooked the great importance of the sewerage question. The suburbs should be drained, and made wholesome and healthy, but unfortunately their incomes were not large enough. What could the Government do better with the surplus revenue of the country than grant a portion of it for making sewers, and so increasing the health of the inhabitants? He was in favour of giving liberal endowments to the municipalities. (Hear, hear.) He was also in favour of immigration at such times as this, when the country was prosperous, and there was a great demand for labour to carry on the great public and private works of the colony; but he would be adverse to introduce too great a stream of immigration at one time. He had been a long time connected with the business of the city; he had had as much experience in business as most men, and had, perhaps, been interested in more kinds of business than most men, so that he was in a position to give a sound judgment on questions affecting the city. He had had a lot to do with shipping, and he saw that the trade of the city was becoming so large that the accommodation for shipping was altogether inadequate. It was most important that there should be more wharfage accommodation, and when a ship discharged goods on the wharf there should be some secure place to put them in, and some one responsible for their safety. But all this would be of no great value unless they got the railways connected with the deep waters of Port Jackson. (Hear, hear.) He believed the country was destined to be a great one—one of the greatest in the world—and he believed Sydney was likely to be the centre of it; therefore this necessary wharfage and harbour accommodation should be supplied. How was it to be brought about? How was it brought about in other places? A harbour trust was appointed consisting of three gentlemen, and under the law they administered the regulations for the conduct of wharfs and harbours. He was in favour of the appointment of a harbour trust. (Hear, hear.) With reference to the Civil Service Bill, he would like to see what it was before he expressed himself in favour of it. There were many drones in the Government service, and he did not think they should pass a law to provide for them after they had been provided for 30 or 40 years at the expense of the country, and doing very little for it. He thought there should be a Board created for the appointment of all Civil servants, that they should have grades in the service, and that if a man had served for for say 10 years, and had given satisfaction, he should be put on the superannuation list. He believed in the State providing for the officers who had worked well for them and were compelled to retire because of increasing infirmities; and to that extent he was in favour of a Civil Service Superannuation Bill. He was in favour of a tram to Bondi; it was of great importance to the people of Sydney that they should have the means of communication with the seashore. Questions had been put to him with respect to Rushcutter Bay and Double Bay. He thought the reserves at those places should be enlarged and the water frontages resumed. He was in favour of the resumption of, say, 100 or 150 feet from the water's edge to be made into a handsome parade for the use of the general public. He thought that the Government should take steps to resume other water frontages that had been parted with in days gone by, and that the public should have free access to them. He was of opinion, too, that the Government should provide reserves especially for the eastern suburbs. They had sold the land, and he thought it was fair that they should be asked to resume sufficient for reserves. With reference to the eight-hour system, he thought every man should work as many or as few hours as he pleased. He was in favour of paying men by the hour, and he did not care if they only worked five or six hours a day, they had a perfect right to do so, but don't let them coerce others. He was also opposed to any combination which would say to inferior workmen that they should have the same wages as superior workmen. Some men did as much again as other men did, and he did not consider it fair that the employer should be called upon to pay both alike.

In answer to questions, the candidate said he was in favour of local land courts, but he thought they should be presided over by competent men, and that their decisions should be final. He would advocate the construction of light railways to feed the trunk lines. He thought they should take a railway wherever there was a good population and in some cases he would take the railway to a place even before the people were there to encourage settlement. He thought that residents in the town should be able to take up land provided they improved it. In fact, he would only ask that they should fence it, but if they put other improvements on, so much the better. He thought one of the great evils of the present Act was that it gave a great privilege to only one class, and that it was unfair to the thousands of mechanics residing in Sydney that they should have no opportunity at all of getting land. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. W. LEGGO then proposed, and Captain CAMPBELL seconded, a vote of confidence in the candidate. It was put to the meeting and carried with only one dissentient voice, that belonging to a gentleman who differed from Mr. Vickery on the question of the introduction of the Bible into the State schools.

The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

MR. WRIGHT'S MEETING.

On Monday evening, the 27th instant, a meeting of Mr. F. A. Wright's supporters was held in the Council-chambers, Redfern; Mr. P. Stanley, J.P., in the chair. The hall was densely packed.

Mr. Stanley introduced the candidate.

Mr. WRIGHT, in coming forward, was loudly cheered. He then said a period of 11 months had elapsed since they did him the honour to elect him as one of their representatives. The House had only sat for three months, and during that time he had been constant in his attendance, having only missed three divisions—once owing to the death of his child, and the other two took place on an evening when he absent from illness. He had not spoken—not that he was afraid or unable to speak, but because he thought it was unwise for young members to speak until they knew the rules of the House. He was fully prepared to give utterance to his views in condemnation of the proposed Land Bill, but the sudden termination of the debate shut him out. He regretted the dissolution of Parliament for one or two causes, but principally for the loss of the Criminal Law Consolidation Bill, which had been before the Parliament for the last 10 years. On the other hand, he was glad of the dissolution, as it gave the public a chance of speaking out upon the Land Bill, and he was quite certain the constituencies of 1882 would take as much interest in this important question as they did in 1861. Amendments were made in the Land Act in 1875, 1880, and 1881 in the form of a Ringbarking Bill, but the people were never directly appealed to on the land laws since 1861 until the present time. It was said the Education Act was in danger, but this was a false cry raised to divert attention from the real question at issue. The Licensing Bill, he thought, wanted amending, especially in that portion of the electorate. Botany every Sunday was inundated with a crowd of the lowest classes of both sexes, who misconducted themselves in a most disgraceful manner. The residents were even afraid of the passing tramcars. Under a clause in the Licensing Act, they could

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obtain as much liquor as they could drink; and they were bona-fide travellers, according to the Act. But the great fault lay in the administration of the Act by the magistrates. In every case they dealt very hardly with the licensed victuallers. The police went in disguise on Sundays, using every inducement to the publican to serve them, then prosecuted him, and had him heavily fined. This was not what we wanted from the police. We wanted them to protect life and property, and not to act as spies. If Sunday trading were good in Botany, why not in Sydney? He then referred to the Local Self-Government Bill, and pointed out what had been done for Redfern and other parts near Sydney, as well as inland towns, by the Municipalities Act, and considered it required more widely extending. Redfern was the home of a large number of employees in the Civil Service, and, if they were placed on a proper footing and not treated as they now were, without a Civil Service Bill, they would be better off. Old and tried servants were kept down while new men were placed over their heads by the influence of members of Parliament. (Cheers.) The only way to prevent this shameful practice was to take out of the hands of the hands of the Minister the power of so doing. As to railways and tramways, he need not say much on that subject. He was a strong advocate of their being extended to all parts of the colony where there was any chance of their paying. He was in favour of extension to the Circular Quay, but not merely as a passenger conveyance, but also for the carriage of goods. With regard to the Education Act, there was no fear of its being upset, as no man in the community, no matter what his position, would dare to tamper with it. In reference to immigration, the sum of £150,000 proposed was certainly a very large sum, but if spent wisely in bringing to the colony the class of men and women we required, he thought it would not be misspent money, as we would all be enriched by placing amongst us an increased number of such a class. We wanted, among other things, proper shipping laws to prevent the overloading of our shipping. The Marine Board was composed of members who had not been to sea for years. He himself had been a sailor 30 years ago, and would anyone say that the sailors of that day were competent to deal with the ships of the present age. The Marine Board wanted freshly constituting, and younger men should be elected, who were fully able to deal with the shipping of to-day, and who had commanded modern ships—not those of 30 years ago. In addition to having been a sailor, he had been a miner, and had had considerable experience in mining laws, which were in a very defective state. The last regulations issued by Dr. Renwick for mining leases he considered very unjust. An applicant for a mining lease was told to proceed to work at once; he had to employ the necessary labour under the regulations; and after expending his time, labour, and paying wages, at the expiration of six months the Mining Department would then tell him whether he would be allowed a lease or otherwise, so that at any time his labour might be thrown away. The Minister was simply guided by his officers, and this regulation left the door open for great injustice to be shown towards a most deserving class in our midst. Just a word about our fiscal policy. He was a free-trader, but considered the Government should, as far as possible, have all work that was possible carried out in the colony, and he was glad to say that of late years this had been done. In reference to the Defence Force, he did not approve of the Permanent Artillery, and showed that the cost of the Forces was £2 2s. per week per man; and respecting the Wolverene cost for 120 men and boys, £2 5s. per head per week—and out of this number of 120, 50 were boys only; whereas the Volunteer Force, consisting of 2232 men, only cost £17 per head per annum; or in other words, the men and boys of the Wolverene represented the same cost for one man as for seven able-bodied volunteers. He voted against the Forest Bill. The Minister had power, under one clause or another of this bill, to lease as much as he liked for as long as he liked and for what he liked, and of any area—in fact, the Minister could lease, under this bill, all New South Wales for a peppercorn per annum. He was proud that he voted against this bill. He opposed the Land Bill of 1861, though he acknowledged it did much good, but at the same time a vast amount of injury. Along the coast districts, where the people had a good soil, a favourable climate, and cheap transport for their produce to market, and in some places where the soil was good and markets handy, the Act did good; but then there were no squatters to crush out the free selectors. In other portions where these conditions are not so favourable, and all the land in the hands of the squatters, the case was different. The land was generally only fit for grazing purposes, and when poor honest bona-fide selector went to settle, it sometimes happened (for he could get little or no information at the local land office) that, after working for months, the surveyor would come round and tell him to clear out, he was on a water reserve, or a travelling stock road, or some other such thing. He therefore had thrown away his time, labour, and money; and this was the result of selection before survey. He also condemned sales by auction, and condemned generally the whole Land Bill. Victoria and South Australia encouraged agriculture far more than we did, owing to our defective land laws and the encouragement given to squatters. Though condemning Sir John Robertson's Bill, he did not approve of Mr. Stuart's proposals, and considered that Sir John Robertson, as an old public servant, was entitled to consideration. He considered that the lands of the colony should be classed. He believed in giving equitable leases to the squatters on the land unfit for free selection; but, at the same time, no right to purchase. And where squatters improved their runs to a large extent, they should be fairly dealt with by granting them renewals of leases. According to Sir John Robertson's statement, we had 234,474 square miles under pastoral lease, representing 150,063,360 acres, for which he expected, next year, to get 26s per square mile—rather less than 1s. 2d. per acre: whereas the squatters, if they felt secure for a leased period, would be glad to give at least 2d. per acre—an increase nearly sufficient to carry out the whole of our railway extension and other public works. Though he voted against the Land Bill, he liked the Government as a whole, but thought they acted most cowardly towards Sir John Robertson. With the exception of the Minister for Public Works, not one of them supported him. If they did not think well of the bill, why allow him to bring it forward? Or, if they believed in it, why did they not support him? The only conclusion to be arrived at was, that they did not endorse it, and it was monstrous that they should go to the country on what they did not believe. But he did not regret the dissolution, as it gave the people an opportunity of speaking out their full condemnation of Sir John Robertson's bill. He concluded amongst much cheering.

The Chairman then asked if any one had any question to ask Mr. Wright. He was asked was he in favour of the eight-hour system. To this he answered he was at all times a strong advocate of it, and would carry it out in all branches of the Government service; the Government employees should be on the same footing as those employed by private firms, and he would do everything in his power to assist all in the Government service obtaining this right.

On the motion of Alderman GRAHAM, seconded by Mr. SKINNER, it was unanimously agreed that Mr. Wright was a fit and proper person to represent Redfern in the forthcoming Parliament.

ST. LEONARDS ELECTORATE.

MR. RICHARDSON'S MEETING.

A meeting was held at the Oddfellows'-hall, Manly, on Tuesday evening, to hear Mr. Richardson's views on the general topics of the day. The candidate, after having been introduced by the chairman (Mr. J. J. Lough, ex-Mayor of Manly), set forth his views, principally upon the Land Bill, extension of tramway by bridge across the spit, Education Act, and high-class schools. With regard to the Licensing Act, he said he was firmly of opinion that the system of keeping licensed houses open on Sunday similar to the plan adopted in the old country would be the means of preventing such scenes as had been reported to have occurred at both Botany and Manly on Sundays. Other questions were also dealt with. The usual formal motion of confidence in Mr. P. F. Richardson was then made, and carried *nem. con.*

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

NEWCASTLE, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. W. B. Christie addressed the electors of Northumberland on Monday night, at Wallsend, after Mr. Hungerford. The chair was taken by Mr. William Laing. Mr. Christie experienced a very hearty reception. He spoke chiefly upon the question of the Land Law, and condemned the Government policy *in toto*. His idea was to divide the land according to its natural features, not to let agricultural land go as a sheepwalk. He would have first and second classes of agricultural districts, and cut them up into fair-sized runs. There were 500 Government surveyors, who could do the work of cutting them up, and settlement could go on as the surveys were made. He argued that it was not right to part with the pastoral estates, as this generation held it in trust for the next. The State should always keep possession, and only dispose of it to the people on long leases. He was opposed to free selection before survey, and held that it was the cause of all the strife between the free selector and the squatter. He showed that the system was a very expensive one, and had, in fact, cost more in the way of survey than the actual proceeds derived from the land. He would wipe it away altogether; it would save loss of time. The land could then be measured for one-fifth of the present cost, and settlement would be expedited. The address was short, as the hour was late. Several questions were put to the candidate, and answered satisfactorily. On the motion of Mr. D. Rees, seconded by Mr. T. Fryar, the usual vote of confidence was put, and carried unanimously. The meeting terminated with cheers for the candidate and the Queen.

Mr. Fletcher continues to hold large and enthusiastic meetings. His return is certain by a large majority. The real contest is between Messrs. Loyd and Ellis. Mr. G. A. Lloyd addressed large and enthusiastic audiences last night at Wickham, Bullock Island, and the city. He expressed his views on most of the leading topics, and was well received. The usual resolutions of confidence were passed in every case.

WOLLONGONG, WEDNESDAY.

The Hon. R. Wisdom was announced as a candidate this evening, and is expected here shortly. His chances of success are generally supposed to be small. Mr. Rogers arrived here this afternoon.

WEST MAITLAND, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. R. W. Thompson, a well-known solicitor, addressed a crowded meeting at the School of Arts last night. He was enthusiastically received, and a vote of confidence unanimously carried. The contest between him and Mr. H. E. Cohen is expected to be very close. Messrs. G. J. Riley and Walter Edmunds are the other candidates, Mr Briggs having retired. It is now understood that Messrs. Thompson, Cohen, and Riley will be the only ones to go to the poll.

ROCKY MOUTH, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. R. Stevenson, addressing the electors at Lawrence last night, was very well received, and a unanimous vote of confidence was passed in his favour, and a working committee was appointed. Addressing electors at Rocky Mouth, to-night (Dr. Crabbe, J.P., in the chair), the popular feeling appeared to be setting strongly in his favour.

MOSS VALE, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. Thomas Garrett addressed about 60 electors in Cullen's Hall, Moss Vale, on Tuesday evening. Mr. David Morrice, J.P., occupied the chair. After the candidate had expressed his views on the land question, the chairman asked for a show of hands, which was given in favour of the candidate.

NOWRA, WEDNESDAY.

There is as yet no candidate in the field against Mr. Roseby.

MOREE, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. T. H. Hassall, in response to a numerously signed requisition, has consented to contest the Gwydir electorate. A large and influential committee is being formed to secure his return.

TAMWORTH, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. Levien had a meeting last night at Manilla, and was well received. 70 electors at least held up their hands for him. Mr. Burke was there too, and was well received. Mr. John Gill, J.P., has at last definitely stated his intention to contest the election.

COROWA, WEDNESDAY.

A large and enthusiastic meeting assembled to-day, when Messrs. Lyne and Levin addressed the electors of Hume at great length on the land and other leading political questions. Both were pronounced in favour of the Opposition proposals. A unanimous vote of confidence was carried to support the two old members.

BATHURST, WEDNESDAY.

The electors of Bathurst were addressed to-night by Mr. T. H. Hellyer, from the balcony of Whitmore's Hotel. Mr. Jacob Knight was in the chair, and there was a large attendance. The candidate obtained a most impartial hearing, in the course of a somewhat brief speech, in which he said that his remarks were preliminary to what he intended saying at the nomination. He condemned certain recent actions of the Government, alluding especially to the North Shore Bridge transactions and their Land policy. This latter was the question upon which they had appealed to the country, and upon that they should be judged. He considered the alliance of Robertson and Parkes, after the Milburn Creek business, as unholy, and deserving of censure. He did not think it necessary to offer an opinion on the Education Act, since that had become fixed by law and could not be disturbed; and, after alluding to certain local topics, left himself in their hands, confident that they would elect the better man. Mr. A. Chapple moved, and Mr. F. Jenkinson seconded, the usual vote, declaring Mr. Hellyer to be a fit and proper person to represent them in Parliament. The motion was carried by a large majority.

YASS, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. Heydon addressed the electors at the Mechanics' Institute last night, and spoke on the Land question. He stated that his reason for voting against the Ministry was on account of no reform being embodied in the bill.

Mr. Dodds adresses the electors to-night. He has large promises of support. Both parties are sanguine of success.

BRANXTON, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. J. F. Burns addressed a large meeting of the electors of the Hunter last night; Mr. Alexander Russell chairman. The candidate approved of the Government maintaining the Public Instruction Act with a strong hand. He was in favour of the elimination from the tariff of every item having a protective duty, and hoped that the tariff would eventually be reduced to a few articles on the model of the Deas-Thomson tariff. He approved of an increased vote for immigration to £150,000. No place under the sun was more in want of fresh population than New South Wales. He had always supported the land law of 1861, which had settled thousands on the soil who would otherwise have been unable to obtain homesteads, and quoted extensively to show the progress agriculture had made, notwithstanding the fact that no wheat had been produced in the coast districts since 1867. He quoted also to prove the increase in pastoral products. So many changes were rung on every case of abuse or supposed abuse of the law that the people in the towns had become prejudiced on the subject. Feuds and contentions would accrue under any law, and he believed would be intensified under Mr. Stuart's proposed amendments. Sales of land by auction should be the exception rather than the rule. No lands should be sold by auction unless under circumstances ensuring healthy competition. He condemned the remission of interest. A vote of confidence in the candidate was carried unanimously, on the motion of Mr. Lionel Stephen, seconded by Mr. William M'Aullen. A committee was formed to secure Mr. Burns's return.

SINGLETON, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. Quinn has retired. Mr. W. C. Browne is now in the field, Mr. Perry, of Surry Hills, being his deputy. Meetings are being held all over the electorate, and candidates are canvassing hard. Mr. Hutchison is working hard with moderate success.

WELLINGTON, WEDNESDAY.

In electioneering matters we are very unsettled. A strong reaction in favour of Sir John's bill has set in since the appearance of his address to the Mudgee electors. The only candidate who has addressed the electors here is Mr. G. J. Stevens, a local solicitor. Various names are mentioned, amongst them Mr. E. Bennett, Mr. G. R. M'Lean, Mr. D. Ferguson, and Mr. H. H. Kater.

GRENFELL, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. J. B. Donkin has announced himself as a candidate in the Opposition interest.

ORANGE, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. Dalton addressed a large and enthusiastic meeting in the Orange School of Arts last evening. Mr. Joseph Dwyer occupied the chair, and on the platform were several of the candidate's committee. Mr. Dalton spoke principally upon the land question, into which he entered very fully. He promised his support to a Local Government Bill, and expressed himself in favour of a judicious system of immigration, and answered several questions upon the Licensing Act and other questions put to him by the electors. At the close of the address, Mr. C. J. Graham, in an able speech, proposed Mr. Dalton as a fit and proper person to occupy one of the seats for this electorate in the Legislative Assembly. Mr. Withers seconded the proposition, which, on being put to the meeting, was carried unanimously. On the proposition of the candidate a vote of thanks was accorded to the chairman, and three lusty cheers given for the Queen closed the meeting.

BURRAWANG, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. Kidd addressed a meeting of the electors at the School of Arts here last night. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, the meeting was large and enthusiastic. Mr. Dunnicliffe occupied the chair. A unanimous vote of confidence was passed, on the motion of Mr. William Berrett, seconded by Mr. Thomas Blencowe. Mr. Kidd's reception was equally cordial in all parts of this district.

URALLA, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. Proctor last night addressed the electors here, and made a tame speech on the Land question. The latter part of the meeting was very disorderly. A motion of confidence was carried, but there was no enthusiasm.

TEMORA, WEDNESDAY.

The Hon. James Watson addressed the electors here last night at Ward's Victoria Theatre. The building was densely crowded, and the candidate got an enthusiastic reception. Captain Matthews was in the chair. Mr. Watson, who was accorded a patient hearing, spoke for over one hour, and afterwards answered a host of questions. Mr. Sims proposed a vote of confidence, which was carried by a good majority. Mr. J. Watson's candidature was proposed by Messrs. Deutscher and Porter, and a number of hands held up for him. There was an organised interruption to proposers and seconders by a few who evidently came for the purpose, which contrasted painfully with the gentlemanly moderation exercised by Oppositionists on the previous evening, and spoke little for the intelligence of the obstructionists.

GOULBURN, WEDNESDAY.

At the nomination to-day for Goulburn Mr. William Teece was the only candidate proposed. Mr. Voss, the Returning Officer, therefore declared him duly elected. Mr. Teece, in thanking the electors for again electing him, stated that this was the fifth time he had been elected, and that he went in as a supporter of the present Government. Three cheers for the Returning Officer concluded the proceedings.

PARKES, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. W. T. Coonan, one of the candidates for the Forbes electorate, addressed a crowded meeting at Cottingham's Theatre. Mr. Ward, J.P., occupied the chair. Mr. Coonan was enthusiastically received. He spoke at some length anent the cause of the dissolution, and said he was in favour of a radical change in the land laws and of amendments in the Licensing Act. Mr. Talbot, J.P., proposed Mr. Coonan as a fit and proper person to represent the constituency. Mr. Cohen seconded the proposition, which was carried without dissent. The meeting closed with three cheers for the Queen and three for the candidate. There must have been fully 300 persons present.

FORBES, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. W. T. Coonan had a grand reception here last night. Notwithstanding torrents of rain, an immense crowd filled the Osborne Hall. The chair was taken by Mr. J. Fraser, J.P. After the candidate's address the resolution—that Mr. Coonan is a fit and proper person to represent the electorate—was carried amidst great applause. Not one hand was held up against him. It is generally considered that he will be at the head of the poll.

COBAR, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. Warden Harry Graves, of Wilkinson, Graves, and Lavender, has announced himself as a candidate for Bourke electorate.

NYMAGEE, WEDNESDAY.

The town is full of excitement owing to the political meetings which are now the order of the day. Although this township is not in the electoral district of Bourke, yet its interests are so identical with Cobar, which forms part of the Bourke electorate, and having a good muster of Cobar electors here the Bourke candidates considered the town worthy of a visit, and last night Messrs. MacHattie and Matthews, who are seeking the suffrages of the Bourke and Cobar electors, addressed large meetings of constituents and others interested in the district. Mr. Randolph MacHattie, who is well known in Cobar, gave at some length his views of the various important matters affecting the welfare of the people, pointing out the radical changes which should be made in the land and licensing laws and stating that survey before selection was most necessary. His views appeared to meet with the approbation of the meeting, and he obtained a good show of hands in his favour. Mr. J. C. Wallace, of the Priory Station, occupied the chair. Mr. Matthews, of Mittagoona Station, followed with a humorous and witty speech, and caused great amusement to his hearers. Evidently, his candidature is looked on more as a joke than anything else. He was very happy at repartee to individuals who plied him with foolish questions, and one gentleman of small stature, who was irrepressible, he described as the little man with the large windbag.

YOUNG, WEDNESDAY.

Mr. Gerald Spring, who is a candidate for this electorate, in opposition to the Colonial Treasurer and Mr. W. J. Watson, addressed a large meeting to-night in the hall of the Mechanics' Institute, the Mayor of the borough presiding. Mr. Spring apologised for not having opened his campaign in the principal town, the reason being that when the dissolution was announced he was in Goulburn, and the little time allowed by the Government for appearing before the constituencies did not admit of carrying out his election arrangements as he could have wished. He had no requisition, nor did he wish for one, as he held them to be contrary to the spirit of the Electoral Act, but he relied on promises of support made to him during the past two years. Mr. Spring thought the action of the Governor in granting a dissolution would not be justified, and argued that such a course should only be adopted with great caution. Speaking on the Land Bill, the candidate said he disagreed with Sir John Robertson's Land Bill, and felt sure, from his experience of four and a-half years as Inspector of Conditional Purchases, that it would not succeed in suppressing dummyism. He also disagreed with the mode of determining the rents of runs, and thought it a suicidal policy to continue the present system of sales by auction, which was a perversion of terms, as he had never seen or heard of an instance of an adverse bid against the pastoralist. The auction system was one that could not be sanctioned by any man having the interest of the colony at heart. He considered Mr. Stuart's Bill likewise objectionable, and pointed out in what way the figures on which the leader of the Opposition based his calculations as to the number of transfers were erroneous. He thought that by a compromise and taking the best features in each measure, a satisfactory Act might be framed. Mr. Spring also condemned fixity of tenure as giving undue advantage to the squatter. He advocated the withdrawal of land from auction, but would not impose any restriction to selection. He was in favour of granting larger areas in particular districts, but only on the condition that dummyism could be prevented. He desired to stop the monopoly of land in the hands of capitalists. Alluding to local topics, Mr. Spring was severely sarcastic on the action taken, without consulting the returning-officer, of suppressing Dingy Dingy as a polling place. It had proved very adverse to the late members at the last election, and Mr. Spring, by implication, led his hearers to suppose that some improper influence had had operated by which residents in that locality were virtually disfranchised at the present contest. He undertook if returned to make searching inquiry and see that the blame was not improperly placed on the shoulders of some unfortunate clerk. The candidate expressed himself in favour of an amendment in the Licensing Act, giving the right of appeal against conviction, among other alterations. Mr. Spring said he believed in free trade, although he admitted there was great force in the arguments in favour of protection. If that policy were adopted it should be made to apply to everything, including wheat. Mr. Spring touched upon many minor matters, and concluded a very good deliverance by asking to be returned as a thoroughly independent member.

Mr. James Gordon, in a rather lengthy speech, proposed that Mr. Spring was a fit and proper person to represent the constituency of Young, which was seconded by Mr. Ehrlich, and carried, only about one-half of those present voting.

THE PROPOSED NORTH SHORE BRIDGE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—I take the earliest opportunity of correcting an error made in my speech at Liverpool on Monday evening respecting the correspondence connected with the proposed bridge to the North Shore. I then stated that the papers had been placed upon the table of the Legislative Assembly. I find, however, in looking through my Parliamentary papers, that this was not done. I took the papers, with several others, to the Assembly, prepared to lay them on the table; and, though several were laid on the table of Parliament, this one was omitted; and I now recollect how this happened. The Treasurer asked to look at the North Shore Bridge papers, and having done so, replaced them in my Parliamentary box. I forgot the occurrence, and was under the impression that they had been placed on the table with other papers. I regret the error having occurred, and at once forward copy of the agreement, and would be glad if you could publish it, when it will be seen the whole matter is subject to the approval of Parliament. The bill referred to by Mr. Garbott is, I believe, in the hands of Mr. Farnell.

I am, &c., JOHN LACKEY.
Department of Public Works, Sydney, November 28.

(AGREEMENT.)

"J. E. Garbett, Esq., to the Secretary for Public Works.
"Sydney, 29th October, 1881.

"Sir,—Referring to the several interviews I have had with you with reference to the construction of a bridge from Sydney to North Shore, I have now the honour to submit the following proposals on the subject for your favourable and early consideration.

"1. That I undertake, subject to the conditions and stipulations hereinafter referred to, to construct or supply a high-level bridge between Dawes Point, Sydney, and Milson's Point, on the North Shore, on plans to be submitted and approved by the Government, and to be constructed under the superintendence and with the approval of any officer appointed by the Government for this purpose.

"2. That the cost of such bridge, including all lands and buildings to be acquired for the purpose, shall not exceed the sum of £850,000 sterling, or should it exceed the sum named, the Government shall not be called upon to pay interest as hereinafter referred to on any sum in excess of the amount named.

"3. The site on which the bridge shall be erected is subject to the approval of the Government.

"4. That the bridge will be constructed so as not to impede the navigation of the harbour, and of sufficient height from high water to allow vessels of the largest tonnage visiting the port to pass underneath without hindrance, and shall also be constructed so as to admit of a tramway or railway for passengers and goods trains passing safely over the same, if necessary, and at the same time providing sufficient accommodation for vehicular traffic.

"5. That in the event of the Government requiring that a tramway or railway shall pass over such bridge, the Government shall pay such fair and reasonable amount for such privilege as may be agreed on, and in the event of disagreement the amount to be settled by arbitration in the usual way, regard being had in computing the allowance for such concession to the interest guaranteed by the Government hereafter referred to.

"6. That the Government shall guarantee, for a period of 30 years from the date of commencement of the erection of such bridge in the colony, an amount equal to 3½ per cent. per annum on such part of the said capital of £850,000 as may be expended in construction of such bridge, such interest to be payable half-yearly on the first days of January and July in each year.

"7. That the officers be appointed in Sydney for the management of such bridge after completion, that they shall be subject to the approval of the Government, and that the books and accounts in connection with the receipts and expenditure of such bridge shall be at all times open to any officer of the Government duly authorised for this purpose.

"8. That in the event of the receipts to be derived from the tolls chargeable on such bridge, or any other profits to be derived in connection therewith amounting to a sum less than 3½ per cent. per annum on the said capital of £850,000, or any less amount, after deducting all charges for the management and keeping in repair of such bridge, then it shall be incumbent on the Government to make good such deficiency between the actual net amount and the said sum of 3½ per cent. per annum, but in the event of the net receipts reaching 3½ per cent. per annum then, the Government shall be relieved from any such payment of interest for that year.

"9. That at any time during the same period of 30 years from the commencement of the erection of such bridge when the Government may be called upon to pay interest in terms of paragraph six of this letter, the Government shall have power to resume such bridge by paying the amount actually incurred in and about the erection of such bridge, and the preparation and procuring of materials for the same, with an addition of 10 per cent. thereon.

"10. That if at any time during the erection of such bridge the Government shall be dissatisfied with the way in which the work is being carried on, they shall at any time during the erection have the power to take over such work as then completed or undertaken, by paying the actual cost of the work so constructed or undertaken, and all materials prepared or procured, or in course of preparation, less a reduction of 10 per cent.; but in such event and prior to the Government being empowered to take over the work, the question as to the character of the work executed must first be submitted to and decided by arbitration.

"11. That the bridge shall be completed and opened for traffic on or before the expiration of three years from the passing of the Act to enable them to construct the bridge.

"12. That all bylaws and regulations for the management of the bridge, including the scale of charges to be levied and payable thereat, shall be subject to the approval of the Government; and that such bylaws and regulations, including the charges levied and payable at such bridge, shall be subject to annual revision at the option of the Government, but with the understanding that changes in such bylaws and regulations, including the charges levied and payable at such bridge, must have the concurrence of the company, or in case of disagreement be referred to and decided by arbitration.

"13. That all details necessary to carry out the intention indicated shall be adjusted between the Government and those interested in the construction of the bridge.

"14. That I undertake to cause to be introduced a bill into Parliament during the present session, if possible, asking for the necessary powers to enable me to carry out what I have indicated; and as a guarantee of my *bona fides* I undertake and agree to deposit in the hands of the Colonial Treasurer the sum of £10,000 sterling, 'it being of course understood that I shall receive the bank rate of interest on the said sum of £10,000 during the time it is in the hands of the Colonial Treasurer,' before the introduction of such bill, to be retained and forfeited to the Government in the event of my failing to erect or construct, or cause to be erected or constructed, such bridge within a term of years, to be mutually agreed upon, from the date of the bill receiving the sanction of Parliament, and continue to completion.

"15. That the bill to be introduced will be previously submitted for the approval of the Government, and that all necessary details shall be mutually arranged.

"I have, &c., "JNO. E. GARBETT."

LAW REPORT.

SUPREME COURT.—WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29.

SITTINGS FOR CAUSES.

Banco Court.—(*Before His Honor the* CHIEF JUSTICE *and a jury of four.*)

PERRY V. THE BOROUGH OF BALMAIN.

Mr. Rogers and Mr. Pring, by Messrs. Shorter and Fitzgerald and Asher for the plaintiff. Mr. Stephen, Q.C., Mr. Pilcher, and Dr. Sly, by Messrs. Pigott and Trickett, for the defendants.

The plaintiff, who was a cabman, sued the Borough of Balmain, to recover damages, for the negligence of the defendants in allowing Mort-street in their borough, to fall into disrepair, whereby the plaintiff was thrown out of his cab and severely injured.

The evidence was finished to-day. Mr. Pilcher, for the defendants, called no evidence, but addressed the jury. His Honor will sum up to the jury to-morrow.

Jury Court.—(*Before his Honor Mr. Justice* WINDEYER *and a jury of four.*)

BAYLISS V. EVERETT.

Mr. Pilcher (Mr. O'Connor with him) for the defendant, stated that the plaintiff did not intend to proceed to trial in this action. A jury was therefore empanelled, and the plaintiff nonsuited.

MOW SANG V. CHISHOLM.

Mr. Stephen, Q.C., Mr. Rogers, and Mr. Coghlan, instructed by Messrs. Gannon and M'Laughlin, for the plaintiff; Mr. Owen, Q.C., and Dr. Donovan, instructed by Mr. Cahill, for the defendant.

This was an action for trespasses to plaintiff's garden at Bankstown. The defendant, as to casual trespasses on a small part of the land, paid £5 into Court, and as to the residue pleaded not guilty, and that the land was his soil and freehold.

The evidence had closed, and counsel had begun their addresses when the Court adjourned.

In Equity.—(*Before his Honor the* PRIMARY JUDGE.)

TAYLOR AND ANOTHER V. BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

Mr. Knox, instructed by Mr. P. Hourigan, for the plaintiff; Mr. C. J. Manning, instructed by Messrs. Allen and Allen, for the defendants.

This suit came before his Honor for directions as to minutes of the decree. His Honor corrected the minutes.

RE CHRISTIAN'S INFANTS.

His HONOR intimated that he would be prepared to take the oral examination of witnesses in this matter in Chambers on Monday next, at 10.30 a.m.

POWELL AND ANOTHER V. COHEN AND OTHERS.

Mr. Knox, instructed by Messrs. Coonan and Ryan, for the plaintiffs. Mr. H. E. Cohen, instructed by Mr. D. L. Levy, for the defendants.

The defendant's counsel having moved to have the statement of claim dismissed, the plaintiffs appeared to show cause for the delay in filing replication. His Honor, after hearing the reasons advanced, ordered the replication to be filed within a fortnight; the payment of the costs of this application to be a condition precedent, otherwise the bill would be dismissed with costs.

In Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.

(*Before his Honor the* PRIMARY JUDGE.)

His HONOR granted probates as follows:—John Hurst (Mr. Browning), £794; James Smith (Mr. Digby), £2140; John M'Manus the elder (Mr. Digby), £6079; Thomas Burwick Corbett (Mr. Digby), £760; Henry Earnshaw Tidswell (Mr. Digby), £26,938; John Samuel Smith (Mr. Coghlan), £76,962; John Irwin (Mr. Digby), £5286; Ralph Stanford (Mr. Smyth), £119.

Letters of administration were ordered to be issued in the estates of the following:—Frederic Armitage Searth (Mr. Smyth) to widow, £608; George Fullerton (Mr. Reid) to widow, £1140; James Barclay Stevenson (Mr. Coghlan), will annexed, to widow, sole legatee, £1682; William Henty, (Mr. Coghlan), will annexed (exemplified copy), to A. M. Allen, attorney for executors, £5500; Benjamin Moore (Mr. Coghlan) to widow, £290; Jonathan Cox (Mr. Simpson) to sister, £203; Emily Ann Butcher (Mr. Brown) to husband, £250.

ACCOUNTS PASSED.

In the will of Stella Kemp, deceased. Mr. Knox moved to pass accounts and for commission. Accounts passed. Question of commission reserved for further inquiry. Twelve months allowed to file further accounts.

In the goods of Samuel Ross Royland. Dr. Sly moved to pass accounts and for commission. Accounts passed and ½ per cent. allowed on £169 15s. 9d.

In the goods of William Henry Peppercorne. Accounts passed, subject to production of voucher for payment of balance of £62 12s, to close accounts.

In the will of John Dennis. Dr. Sly moved to pass accounts and for commission. Accounts passed. Notice of claim for commission to be given to beneficiaries.

In the will of Sophia Francis Sharpe. Mr. Smyth moved to vary order refusing commission. His Honor, after reading an affidavit in support, allowed commission at 2½ per cent. on £2655 10s.

In re intestate estate of Mary Ann Critchley, Act 15 Vic., No. 8, petition for payment of money in hands of curator. His Honor declined to make an order granting the prayer of this petition, requiring that the matter should be further argued, the Crown represented by counsel, and notice of the application to be given to the Curator and Crown solicitor as by the instructions of the Court.

INSOLVENCY COURT.—WEDNESDAY.

(*Before the* CHIEF COMMISSIONER.)

THIRD MEETING.

In the matter of M. J. Rochester, H. Morton, and F. H. Jackson. Eight debts were proved in the joint estate, and also one in each of the separate estates. The reports in joint and separate estates were read. No directions were given.

SINGLE MEETINGS.

In the matter of Thomas Argent. Insolvent desired to add to parts B and D of schedule, and was allowed to amend same by affidavit within two days, and did not desire to amend or add to statement under Rule 20. Four debts were proved, and the report was read. Directions were given to allow the insolvent his wearing apparel.

In the matter of Sophia Radcliffe. Insolvent did not appear. The report lapsed, no debts were proved, and no directions given.

In the matter of Eliza Jane Evans. Insolvent did not appear. The report lapsed, no debts were proved, and no directions given.

SECOND MEETING.

In the matter of Charles Frederick Sheridan. Insolvent desired to amend part B and D of schedule and was permitted to do so by affidavit within two days, and to verify and file statement under Rule 20 (overdue since the 6th instant) within the like time, the supplementary schedule to be verified and filed under Rules 22 and 23 within 10 days. No debts were proved.

SPECIAL MEETING.

In the matter of Samuel J. Jackson. Special meeting meeting for proof of debts. Two debts were proved, and one ordered to stand over for evidence as to goods sold and delivered.

(*Before the* REGISTRAR.)

FIRST MEETINGS.

In the matters of R. Bird, J. P. Barrington, C. Venters, G. Stevenson. Several debts were proved in each case.

SPECIAL MEETING.

In the matter of J. Murphy. One debt was proved, subject to taxation, and the meeting was adjourned till Wednesday next.

SURRENDERS.

Joseph Cattlin, of Albury, produce merchant. Liabilities, £750. Assets, £21 7s. 8d. Mr. Sandeman, official assignee.

Donald Cameron, of Tanborough, Scone, grazier. Liabilities, £961 10s. 11d., of which £213 is secured. Assets, £225. Mr. Lloyd, official assignee.

Henry A. B. Leipner, of Burwood, assistant analyst. Liabilities, £129 9s. 7d. Assets, £22. Mr. Lloyd, official assignee.

Joseph T. Edgehill, of Warren, baker. Liabilities, £387 5s. 10d. Assets, £98 3s. 4d. Mr. Stephen, official assignee.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.—WEDNESDAY.

(*Before Mr. District Court Judge* JOSEPHSON.)

HURLEY V. HAYES.

This was an action brought to recover the sum of £13 15s., commission on the sale of a house by plaintiff on behalf of defendant for £550. Evidence was given that plaintiff had instructions not to sell for less than £600, and a verdict was given for defendant.

MORTLEY V. SHEPHERD.

In this case, the plaintiff, a builder, claimed £161 10s. 7½d., for work done for defendant, who is the proprietor of a steam brick manufactory. The defence was that plaintiff had named £60 as the probable cost of the work, and that his charges were excessive. A verdict was given for the plaintiff for £159 6s.

NICHOLSON V. CARRATT AND OTHERS.

This was an action brought against defendants, who are building contractors, for breach of contract in not completing work taken in hand by them. The evidence had not been closed when the Court adjourned.

LAW NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—THURSDAY, 30TH NOVEMBER.

Banco Court.—Perry v. Borough of Balmain, part heard; Burt v. Benson, White v. Martin, Fletcher v. Suttor.

Jury Court.—Mow Sang and another v. Chisholm, part heard; Jackson v. Goode, Keating v. Bank of New South Wales, Street v. Hardie and others, Melville v. Hunt, Kelly and another v. Cook and another.

Prothonotary's Taxation List.—Curtis v. M'Auley, 10.30; Clarke v. Walker, 10.45; Lyons v. Bank of New South Wales, 11.

In Equity, Thursday, 30th November, 1882, at 11 a.m.—Before his Honor the Primary Judge. Causes for trial without a jury: Taylor v. Hewitt, for trial; M'Hugh v. M'Hugh, for trial.

Master's Office, Thursday, 30th November, 1882, at 11 a.m.—Hall and another v. Hall and others, to settle minutes; re trusts of Farrelly's Will, to settle minutes; re Thruston's Infants, to settle minutes; re Underwood Estate and W. F. Jones' application, account No. 2, to settle minutes.

DISTRICT COURT.—THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30.

Causes.—Nicholson v. Carratt and others, part heard; Daly v. Harmer, Callagher v. Farrell, Bryant v. Hutchinson and another, Coulter v. Matthews, Merrick v. Grant, Mass v. Levien, Crimson v. Sellick, Woodman v. Tighe and another, Foreman v. Emerson.

A MERRY CHRISTMAS to all who use Burnett's Flavouring Essences for flavouring ice creams, jellies, blancmanges, puddings, pastries, &c., the best and cheapest in the market. They are manufactured from true selected fruits only. No poisonous oils, ethers, or acids used. Beware of essences which cause nausea. For instance, how many refuse to eat ice creams from above effects. The fault lies with the quality of the essence only. Lovers of deliciously flavoured dishes should use Burnett's Flavouring Essences, and we guarantee that they will be relished and retained by the most delicate stomachs. Ask your grocers for, and insist upon having, Burnett's Flavouring Essences.—[ADVT.]

POLICE.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

Mr. Crane, S.M., presided in the Charge Court yesterday.

Twenty cases of drunkenness were dealt with.

Ada Greenwell, on a charge of drunkenness, was fined 20s., or in default imprisonment for 7 days; and on a second charge of using obscene language was fined 60s., or in default imprisonment for six weeks.

Kate Garrity, on a charge of drunkenness, was fined 20s., or in default imprisonment for seven days; and on a charge of having used indecent language in Hay-street was fined 60s., or in default imprisonment for six weeks.

Ann M'Namara, on a charge of drunkenness, was fined 10s., or in default imprisonment for 48 hours; and on a charge of having used profane language in Kennington-street was fined 60s., or in default imprisonment for six weeks.

Daniel Englemoh was charged with having stolen about 10s. from a till in the shop of Pietro Saletti. It appeared that the accused entered the shop, the shopkeeper being absent at the time, and, leaning over the counter, pulled out the till and took the money from it. Constable Williams, passing, saw the offence committed. The prisoner was sentenced to be imprisoned for 14 days. *Alfred Davies*, charged with having been an accomplice of Englemoh, he having been on the watch at the time of the commission of the offence, was fined, he being under the age of 16 years, 40s., or in default imprisonment for seven days.

Mr. Clarke, S.M., disposed of the remaining case.

Patrick James Shoppee, on remand, was proceeded against by John Callaghan, a member of the firm of George Withers and John Callaghan, trading as George Withers and Co., auctioneers, 135, Pitt-street, for having unlawfully obtained from the said firm the sum of 16s. 6d., with intent to defraud. Mr. Roberts, sen., appeared on behalf of the prosecutor, and Mr. T. M. Williamson for the defence. From the evidence of the prosecutor, it appeared that the defendant had for about 10 months been in the service of the firm of George Withers and Co. Some painted boards were required, and a bill for £1 17s. 6d., represented to be due to a Mr. Melville for this work, was presented to the prosecutor by the defendant. On his representation that the work had been done by Melville the prosecutor signed a cheque, filled up by the defendant, for the amount said to be due. Shoppee as clerk to the firm was to pay it over to this Melville. The prosecutor had since made inquiries, and could find no person of the name of Melville. From other evidence taken it appeared that subsequent to the defendant asking for the cheque in payment to the fictitious "Melville," he had agreed with a certain J. Brodie to do the work for £1 1s., there thus being a discrepancy between the amount actually paid and the amount obtained through cheque from his employers by the defendant of 16s. 6d., which was the amount he was charged with having obtained by a fraudulent pretence. A second charge was preferred against him of having by means of a false pretence obtained from the same firm the sum of £1 11s. John Callaghan deposed that when the accused presented the first bill, that for £1 17s. 6d., witness asked him who the person was who rendered it, as it was not usual to pay bills without taking discount off; the defendant stated that he was a person who lived close to the rooms, and that he could not get any discount from him, as he said that he had done the work as cheaply as possible; the bill was written in the handwriting of the defendant, as was also the second bill, for £2 17s., on which the defendant said he had been able to obtain discount; it was from the same person as the first; witness gave cheques for the two, and the bills were taken away by the prisoner, and next time witness saw them they were receipted; the receipt for the first amount had the date of the payment of the cheque on it; they were signed in the name of Melville, the man to whom the amount of the bills was said to be due; believing that money was due to Melville, witness had given cheques for the amounts; the receipts were both of them in the handwriting of the defendant; he produced an account from a Mr. Brodie for the work represented to have been done by Melville, and which account was for £1 6s., and was receipted by the defendant. Henry Baker, a clerk in the Commercial Bank, deposed that the cheque produced for £2 17s. had been cashed, and the firm of George Withers and Co. debited with the amount. Robert Brodie, a boot and shoe maker, deposed that he sometimes did a little work as a painter; he had handed a receipted account for £1 6s., work done for Messrs. George Withers and Co., and which receipt he had handed to Mr. Callaghan; the paint had been provided by Mr. Shoppee, its value had been about 5s.; he had not made a charge of £2 17s. for the work; on the 8th November he met the defendant and taxed him with not having given him the price he had promised, 10s. each, for painting three large boards and 5s. each for the small ones; witness said he would go down to Messrs. Withers and ascertain what money he (Shoppee) had received to give him; Shoppee begged him not to do so; witness had received from the defendant sums of £1 1s. and £1 6s. in payment of his accounts. Edward Melville, a sign-writer, deposed that he never put his signature to the receipts produced as William Melville, and did not believe there was a sign-writer of that name in Sydney. George Brown, late an employee of the firm of Withers and Co., deposed that the defendant had taken a pot of white paint from the long room to his office desk, and that the paint had afterwards been taken from the premises. John Rice, a porter, in the employment of Messrs. Withers, deposed that he had taken some boards to the defendant's place, being told at the time, if he were asked where he was taking them, to say that he was conveying them to the painter's shop; he did not take them to any painter. George Withers deposed that the receipts produced were in the handwriting of the defendant, and that he had acknowledged them to be so. For the defence, Walter Harrison deposed that Mr. Brodie had called at his office and had asked for Mr. Shoppee, using strong language concerning him, saying that he would make it hot for him. Robert Gray deposed that at the commencement of the present month he had seen Brodie with Shoppee, and that the former had threatened to go to Messrs. Withers and Co.'s and make it very hot for him. Arthur Lusher deposed that he had seen the painted boards in question and valued them at 6s. 6d. each. The prisoner was committed on both charges to take his trial at the next Quarter Sessions, bail being allowed.

WATER POLICE COURT.

Mr. Buchanan, S.M., presided in the Charge Court yesterday.

David Reardon, for having used threatening language to Mary Reardon, was bound over in his own recognisance of £30 and two sureties of £15 each to keep the peace for six months.

Agnes Smith was proved to have used indecent language in an omnibus, and she was fined £5, in default three months' imprisonment.

Twelve persons were fined for drunkenness.

Mr. Marsh, S.M., disposed of a few minor cases in the Summons Court.

CHARGE OF ENDANGERING LIFE.

At the Water Police Court, on Tuesday, before Mr. J. M. Marsh, S.M., *E. E. Smith*, agent for Howard Smith and Co., was charged by the Marine Board with having endangered the life of John Smith, carpenter, by sending the steamship Leura to sea with her disc immersed, while the said John Smith was a passenger on board for Melbourne. Mr. Bennett, instructed by the Crown Solicitor, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Bull for the defence. The following is the evidence:—

George Sidney Lindeman, on oath, stated: I am secretary to the Marine Board; this is my information or charge under the amended Navigation Act; defendant, the person before the court, is the person I refer to.

Isaac Lee, on oath, stated: I am inspector to the Marine Board; I know defendant; I saw him on Patent Slip Wharf on November 4, 1882; I was there in my capacity as inspector; I saw the Leura there; I know what is the charge; before this I had seen Mr. Smith about loading the steamers, but not about the Leura; I did not speak to Mr. Smith about the Leura that day; when I first went down there I saw that she looked very deep; I went round to the opposite wharf to look at her disc: the water was quite still; I saw that the centre bar on the port side was immersed under water; I then went ahead of the ship; I saw that she had a slight list to starboard; I told Captain Pain something; he requested the wharfingers to do something; loading was stopped; he went away and came back again in ten minutes, and he told me something, and I did something; she went to sea, I saw her go; she had about 13½ inches freeboard when she went away; she had passengers on board; 15 inches is the Customs register. Cross-examined by Mr. Bull: It was about ten minutes or a quarter to 12 when I first saw her; she left about quarter past; I spoke to Pain about 5 minutes after I got on the wharf; loading ceased then, and no more cargo was taken on board; I could have stopped her from going had I chosen to do so, but I did not think it necessary; I was 20 feet off when I saw her disc.

John Pain, on oath, stated: I am master of the steamship Leura, trading from Melbourne to Sydney; the register is on board the ship; I cannot sail without it; it is in my custody; I was on board the vessel on 4th November, 1882; Mr. Lee told me something, but I did not look at the side of the vessel, or at the disc; he gave me a letter; he gave me to understand that my ship was loaded, and I took in no more cargo after that; he did not say that the disc was under water; I sailed immediately after that from Sydney; I know Mr. Edmund Edmonds Smith, the defendant here; I have been for four years captain of the Leura; I saw and spoke to Mr. Smith before I went to sea, on the 4th instant, and received directions from him; I went up to the office, and I told him that Mr. Lee objected to any more cargo going on board the ship; Mr. Smith said, "Well, then, stop at once—do not put any more on board, if Mr. Lee objected;" Mr. Smith is our manager and agent here; we do occasionally receive instructions from him about the ship, but I very seldom see him; my owners are in Melbourne. Cross-examined: Lee said that the ship was sufficiently loaded; I know and recognise Mr. Lee's authority; he did not say to me that either disc was under water; I know from the look of her that the ship Leura was not overloaded; she made a good passage, 43 or 43½ hours, going down; no life was endangered; John Smith, the carpenter's life was not endangered; I put both load lines on myself; she now draws three inches less water; the owner in Melbourne told me to shift it—make it lighter; I ran her for three years with the deeper load-line; she never suffered £5 damage from stress of weather; I think her one of the safest of vessels I know.

Re-examined: Mr. Lee came to me at the wharf; he did not say her line was under water, or that I was liable to a penalty; in Melbourne before we discharged cargo I saw the disc was far out of water, several inches out.

Charles W. Gallois, on oath, stated: I am first officer of the s.s. Leura; I remember the 4th November instant; I was on the vessel on that day; I went away with her; I did not see Mr. Smith on that day; I have seen him on different occasions (register of the s.s. Leura produced, put in, marked A); Mr. Smith did not instruct me about cargo on that day.

Cross-examined: I have been an officer of this vessel six months; I know Mr. Lee, the inspector of the Marine Board; I saw him on the 4th November; I made inspection of her load-line on various occasions up to a quarter of an hour before I saw Mr. Lee; I looked on the starboard side; she had a list to starboard; I don't think the ship was loaded to her mark, the straight bar through the centre of the disc was above the water; it was a portion of my duty to see the vessel loaded; at the outside not more than 10 tons could have been put aboard during the half-hour from 11.30; I remember, on arrival in Melbourne, going with Captain Paine, looking over the vessel; we had not discharged any cargo; her loading lines then were from five to six inches out of the water; about 30 or 40 tons of coal would have been used; no lives were imperilled on her way down; she seemed buoyant as usual, and made good time; she is as fine a sea boat as I have been in on the coast; she did not strike me as being unseaworthy at all.

John Pain recalled, on oath stated: We average about 50 tons from wharf to wharf; the load-line was from 5 to 6 inches out of the water on arrival at Melbourne, in the middle of the ship; it would take about 15 tons to an inch to bring her down.

John Smith, on oath, states: I am carpenter on board the Leura; was on board on the trip on 4th November last, from Sydney to Melbourne; I never made any complaint to anyone about the vessel; I don't think my life was imperilled; I am sure it was not; I am of opinion that the Leura was seaworthy on that day; I was nailing up the goods as they came on board on that day; I do not know Mr. Lee; do not remember seeing him on that day; I know the loading line; I did take notice of it on that day before we were leaving, aquarter of an hour or 20 minutes; the loading line on the starboard side at the time I looked was not down to the water after loading, and before the departure of the steamer; I saw it on the port side sometimes; I take notice and report to the mate on the loading line, and sometimes take the draft of the vessel; the loading line on the port side was not under water; if Mr. Lee says it was 1½ inch under water, that is not correct.

The case was dismissed.

SYDNEY MERCANTILE PROVIDENT ASSOCIATION.

The Sydney Mercantile Provident Association held a general meeting of members at the Temperance Hall on Tuesday evening, Mr. Thomas Davis, as chairman of directors, in the chair. After reading the advertisement convening the meeting, the chairman read a letter from the Bank of New South Wales enclosing a cheque for £100. The letter evoked applause from the meeting. The chairman spoke at some length in reference to this donation, showing as it did that the association was slowly but surely advancing in the sphere of usefulness that it has always been predicted it would attain. Mr. Hennessy (of Hoffnung and Co.) here handed in a cheque from that firm for the sum of 25 guineas. The chairman then read Mr. Black's report on the society's financial status, capabilities, and prospects. The report was as follows:—

"In a letter addressed to me by the secretary of your association, I am asked for my opinion as to the soundness of the basis on which the institution is established, as to the contributions required for certain benefits to be granted to its members, and generally as to its usefulness and the probability of its success. The objects of the institution proclaim its usefulness, and therefore it would be superfluous to dilate on them. With a membership already secured of about 200, there need be no apprehension concerning its success, if the contributions from the members were sufficient to provide the benefits proposed to be granted them. But this is not the case, for the institution is founded on a semi-philanthropic basis, and it hold out indefinite promises of assistance and relief to members obviously in excess of what an entrance fee of 10s. 6d., and an annual subscription of £1 1s. can purchase. The association is not a friendly society, pure and simple, intended to be self-supporting, neither can it be called a benevolent society for the relief of paupers, but a provident institution pecuniarily aided or subsidised by those who are willing to help those who help themselves. The benefits proposed to be granted are:—1. To provide pecuniary assistance to members in need thereof. 2. To contribute towards the maintenance of the widows and children of deceased members. 3. To provide medical and surgical advice and assistance to members, and to the wives and children of members. 4. To secure medical advice and drugs to all members at greatly reduced cost. The above benefits are indefinite, and I can understand that it would not be in harmony with the scope and character of the institution to assign specific amounts, because they must necessarily depend upon the amount of the voluntary donations. What I apprehend you want, however, is that minimum benefits should be assigned on the basis of the subscriptions the members do pay. The present annual income of the association may be stated at £270, made up of the members' subscriptions of £210, and interest on the fund already accumulated, which I have estimated at £60 per annum. To arrive at any estimate of the benefits which can be provided from this income, certain assumptions must necessarily be made, and these are set out below. Assuming that the members are tolerably equally distributed over the ages 20 to 40, the 200 will experience collectively about 181½ weeks of sickness in each year; that is, there will approximately be 3½ persons constantly sick. If medical attendance cost £2 per week per patient, the total expense assuming all to be paid for would be £364 per annum. If, however, only one in every five sick persons is in need of gratuitous attendance, this expense will be reduced to £73 per annum. There will, therefore, remain out of the income of £270, the sum of £197 per annum towards payments to widows, and this amount will safely permit of the sum of £100 being paid at the death of each member, the expected number of deaths being nearly two per annum. In other words, the present subscription of £1 1s., and the interest on the fund will enable the association to pay £100 on the death of each member, and to defray medical expenses at the rate of £2 per week on the assumption that free attendance is supplied to one-fifth only of the number of sick members. The truth of these deductions is, however, subject to the condition that the income from interest will grow *pari passu* with the increase of subscriptions; that is, that the fund from donations which is now, say £1000, will be £2000 when the members number 400. It will be observed that the payment of £100 on the death of each member is here said to be secured by a premium of about £1 per annum. It should be explained that this premium would not be sufficient for such a benefit (even omitting the question of expenses of management) if obtained from a regularly constituted life office. At age 30, the net annual premium for an assurance of £100 (assuming 6 per cent. interest) would be £1 7s. 3d.; the sufficiency of the smaller premium depends on the assumption that the average age of the members will be preserved at its present standard by the influx of new members and the egress of old ones whose improved position will render them indifferent to any assistance from the funds. Having thus hypothecated the contributions, there will be no source (except the entrance fee of 10s. 6d., which, I understand, is imposed) from which to pay expenses of management, or to provide pecuniary assistance to necessitous members. It will be necessary to check these deductions from year to year with the experience of the association, and it will then be seen, before any mischief can arise, whether the subscriptions are sufficient to provide the promised benefits. The benefit derivable from the reduction in the cost of medical attendance and drugs is not dependent on any calculation. I do not think much prominence has been given to one of the objects for which the association was established. I refer to a provision for a registry being kept of situations vacant and of members out of employment. The organisation of the association is calculated, I think, to do much good in this direction and without entailing scarcely any expense. The association is well supported by the leading warehousemen in Sydney, and its affairs managed by gentlemen in their employment. Then as regards the membership, care is, I understand, taken to admit none but worthy members; nothing, therefore, could be more suitable than that such an association should act the part of intermediary between employers and employes. Let that scheme be practically carried out and I should hope and expect, as the directors observe in their first annual report, 'That the time is not distant when to be a member of the Sydney Mercantile Association will be considered an honour and a passport to mercantile society.'"

A vote of thanks to Mr. Black was carried unanimously.

The progress report was read, and on the motion of Mr. Tilliop, seconded by Mr. Westley, was adopted, and carried unanimously. Mr. Hillier moved a vote of thanks to the chairman, which was carried unanimously, after being seconded by Mr. Read.

EASTERN SUBURBS HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The regular monthly meeting of the Eastern Suburbs Horticultural Society was held on Thursday, the 23rd instant, in the schoolroom, Point Piper-road. There was a very fair attendance—Mr. W. Brown, Mayor of Paddington, occupied the chair. The display of pot plants, though not large, was very attractive and well grown. There was also a grand display of cut flowers. The following is a list of exhibits:—Mr. G. Morris, gardener to Mr. G. N. Russell, Edgecliff-road: A fine collection of pot plants, including a fine plant of Rose of Castille, begonias, Count Alfred de Laming, and Argyrostigma. Mrs. Dr. Nott: Six well-grown pot plants, four ferns, one grand fuchsia, Black Prince, and Hibiscus variegata. Mr. Thomas Blair: A well-grown plant of Davallia dissecta, two well-grown begonias, and a splendid plant of musk. Mr. L. Lasseque, gardener to Mr. C. J. Roberts, C.M.G., Potts' Point: A collection of cut flowers, including some very fine pansies, stocks, penstemons, verbenas, carnations, and Phlox drummondii. Mr. Smith, gardener to Mr. J. T. Neale, Potts' Point: A collection of cut flowers, including Bouganvillia glabra, bouvardias, roses, gladiolus, Phlox drummondii, pansies, verbenas, and fuchsias. Mr. W. Brown: 12 very fine gladiolus; also 36 cut flowers, including Bouganvillia glabra, double stocks, fuchsias, candituffs, hibiscus, roses, and bouvardias. The chairman, before calling on the exhibitors to explain their exhibits, announced that the fuchsia show will be held in St. Matthias' new schoolroom, Old South Head-road, on the 14th, 15th, and 16th December; that there would be the usual plant distribution and Christmas tree, and he hoped that the exhibitors and members would use their best endeavours to make the show a success. The exhibitors then explained their exhibits, and a vote of thanks to the exhibitors and chairman terminated the meeting.

No lead, poisonous or mineral ingredients are contained in Rowlands Macassar Oil, the best and safest preserver and beautifier of the hair, both of children and adults. Ask for Rowlands', of 20, Hatton Garden, London.—[ADVT.]

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—NOVEMBER 28.

Irazu, barque, 370 tons, Captain Brady, from Wollongong. Captain, agent.

NOVEMBER 29.

John Wesley, brig, 238 tons, Captain Lancaster, from Tonga 14th instant. Passengers—Mrs. E. W. Parker, Mrs. G. Middlemass, Messrs. E. W. Parker, Middlemass, Fione Manu, J. M. A. Johnstone, and 1 in the steerage. H. P. Palser, agent.

Hunter (s.), 310 tons, Captain J. M'Arthur, from Eden, via ports, 28th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Bray, Messrs. Bray, Gentle, Peterson, Disher. I. S. N. Co., agents.

PROJECTED DEPARTURE.—NOVEMBER 30.

R.M.S. Australia, for San Francisco, via Auckland and Honolulu.

CLEARANCES.—NOVEMBER 29.

Elliott, brig, 285 tons, Captain James Neil, for Shanghai.

Lapwing, schooner, 240 tons, Captain T. T. Watts, for Gisborne, N.Z., via Newcastle.

Gunga (s.), 1257 tons, Captain C. E. Saunders, for Levuka, Fiji. Passengers—Mrs. Moss, Messrs. Helms, Cousens, W. P. Lawrie, J. T. Solomon, A. Fairgreives, A. A. Fairgreives, Moss, Nesbit, and 28 in the steerage.

Ly-ee-Moon (s.) 1202 tons, Captain G. Tait, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. G. Wiseman, Mrs. Cox, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Queensborough, Mrs. Morris, Mrs. D. Hill, Madame Borbin, Miss Forbes Scott, Miss Bateman, Miss Archer, Miss Murphy, Miss Irving, Miss Bruyeres, Rev. E. T. Atkinson, Messrs. Wilson, Thompson, R. Forster, James de Lacey, G. Wiseman, Rutherford, Teuton, B. Holt, Castle, Hindmarsh, E. Allan, J. Alford, J. Morris, Rickett, Bobbin, C. Wright, and 35 in the steerage.

COASTERS INWARDS.—NOVEMBER 29.

Bessie Maud, from Macleay, with 30,000 feet timber; Venus, from Brisbane Water, with 80,000 laths, 2500 palings; Lismore (s.), from Richmond River, with 4000 mats sugar; Dewdrop, from Cape Hawke, with 20,000 feet timber; Maggie Taylor, from Manning River, with 17,000 feet timber; Industry, from Newcastle, with 130 tons coal; Menschikoff, from Newcastle; Kembla (s.), from Newcastle, with 92 bales wool, 50 bags potatoes, 150 bags coke, 51 casks and 11 cases wine, 29 bags bones, 114 hides, 10 baskets prawns, 1 hogshead tallow, 37 cases biscuits, 10 cases fruit, 11 bags vegetables, 11 [illegible], 7 [illegible], and 1 bale tobacco, 14 baskets fish, a quantity furniture, and 40 packages sundries; Lubra (s.), from Morpeth, with 257 bales wool, 152 bales hay, 40 bags bonedust, 6 cases seed, 3 bales skins, 107 bags potatoes, 10 pigs, 2 coops poultry, 40 sheep, 2 cases eggs, 6 casks tallow, 326 loose sheepskins, 4 boxes raisins, 1 cask currants, 1 boiler, quantity of machinery, 200 bags coke, 4 bags turnips, 2 parcels.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—NOVEMBER 29.

Bessie Maud, for Macleay River; Venus, Aileen, for Brisbane Water; Lismore (s.), for Richmond River; Dewdrop, for Cape Hawke; Maggie Taylor, for Manning River; Industry, for Newcastle, with 30,000 feet timber, 30 tons iron; Menschikoff, for Newcastle.

IMPORTS.—NOVEMBER 29.

[A special charge is made for consignees' notices in this column.]

John Wesley, brig, from South Sea Islands: 160 tons copra, 45 bags fungus, and 2 tons coffee.

Ex Jerusalem: 100 cases Moir's fresh herrings, 25 cases Moir's kippered herrings, 5 cases Moir's spiced herrings, 10 cases Moir's preserved bloaters, 10 cases Moir's ling fish, 2 puncheons ling fish, 20 cases Dutch [illegible], 10 cases Overall's kippered herrings, 5 cases Overall's Finnan haddocks; 100 cases Dairymaid milk, 10 cases Keen's ground rice; 10 cases Keen's patent groats—TILLOCK AND CO., 780, George-street South.

EXPORTS.—NOVEMBER 29.

Elliott, for Shanghai: 497 tons coal.

Gunga (s.), for Levuka: 28 packages drapery, 4 casks cutlery, 113 cases [illegible], 23 bags salt, [illegible] soda, 11 packages boots, 2 cases [illegible], 20 kegs lead, 15 cases 1 cask brandy, 24 cases geneva, 2 cases whisky, 14 casks 8 hogsheads 3 cases ale, 15 casks stout, 35 cases wine, 16 cases nails, 10 packages soap, 9 packages hardware, 4 cases tobacco, 1 package maps, 26 cases biscuits, 35 cases fruit, 22 cases jam, 61 casks 41 drums 20 cases oil, 6 cases acid, 259 sacks 210 quarter-sacks flour, 580 bags rice, 24 bales cornsacks, 79,000 bricks, 57 boxes tea, 10 packages rope, 13 cases salmon, 19 cases sardines, 2 cornshellers, 8 cases sewing-machines, 5 packages machinery, 13 cases milk, 40 bars, 107 bundles, 150 plates iron, 20 cases galvanised screws, 17 cases galvanised iron, 50 bundles ridging, 50 bundles gutters, 16 bundles down pipes, 10 bundles angles, 5 bundles hoops, 1 propeller, 5 cases fluid, 8 cases drugs, 1275 pieces timber, 4 horses, 150 sheep, and sundries.

Ly-ee-Moon (s.), for Melbourne: 506 bales wool, 50 barrels herrings, 85 cases nails, 7 packages boots, 100 cases whisky, 82 hogsheads molasses, 72 bags oysters, 42 bags maize, 18 boxes tobacco, 55 kegs butter, 1061 bags sugar, 9 cases tea, 7 barrels coffee, 7 crates bottles, 200 boxes fish, 20 barrels oil, 1 case glass, 3 casks glassware, and sundries.

CUSTOM HOUSE.—Entered Outwards,—November 29: Zeus, schooner, 271 tons, Captain Christopherson, for Rotterdam; Lapwing, schooner, 240 tons, Captain T. T. Watts, for Gisborne, N.Z., via Newcastle; Esk (s.), 517 tons, Captain H. Paterson, for Hobart, via Newcastle.

The Orient liner, Chimborazo, sailed from Aden for Australia yesterday.

The name of Miss Farrell was accidentally omitted from the passenger list of the Derwent (s.), which arrived from Queensland on Sunday.

The following is the list of passengers booked per R.M.S.S. Australia, sailing to-day. For San Francisco: Colonel and Mrs. C. K. Hawkes, Mr. and Mrs. Clementson, Mr. and Mrs. Dulmeyer and child, Madame Hanchar, Madame Jourset, Mdlle. Farbat, Rev. C. Fontaine, Mrs. Saunders, Messrs. R. H. Williamson, E. G. Williams, J. S. Titheradge, James Holme, W. Doyle, F. and M. Ohelmeyer, Charles Kabbo, M. Hamond, J. E. Fowler, G. D. Valentine. For Auckland: Mr. and Mrs. Milner Stephen, Mr. and Miss Beath, Mr. and Mrs. McCooey and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. F. Scarr child and maid, Miss Hodgson, Messrs. Pahug, W. Lynch, D. Isles, J. Jones, S. Thomas, W. Harold.

The Hunter (s.) left Eden at 8 a.m. on the 28th, Merimbula and Tathra same day, and Wollongong at 9.45 a.m. on the 29th; arrived at the company's wharf at 2.20 p.m. same day, having experienced strong southerly breeze to Jervis Bay, moderate south-west to Wollongong and Sydney, and heavy head sea and rain and thick hazy weather throughout the passage. Cargo: 109 bales wool, 50 cases maizena, 10 bags cattle food, 24 cheeses, 4 pieces castings, 12 packages furniture, 4 bundles skins, 1 bag wool.

There is evidence on almost every hand of the progress the colony is making, but in no direction is this progress manifested more strikingly than in the harbour steamers, which are a vast improvement as compared with those in use in a previous decade. It would seem, however, that there is to be no standing still in regard to this matter, but that new and improved vessels are to be constructed. Amongst orders which have been given to shipbuilders recently is a commission to Mr. Rock Davis, of Brisbane Water, to build a steamer 90 feet long, 18 feet beam, and 7 feet depth. The vessel is to be engined by Messrs. Plenty and Son, of London, and it is expected that the machinery will arrive here in a week or two. Mr. James Halstead, the proprietor, expects to have his new ship ready in the early part of January.

The big John Wesley, which many people erroneously think is still a missionary vessel, arrived yesterday morning from a cruise in the South Sea Islands, having as cargo copra, fungus, and coffee. She left Sydney on 7th August last for Tonga, which, favoured by wind and weather, she reached on the 20th of the same month. She called at Nabai, in the Friendly Group, Vavau, Apia, and Wallis Island, in the order stated, and then visited Fortuna, whence she returned to Tonga. She left the latter island on her return voyage to Sydney on the 14th instant, and had moderate N.E. winds and fine clear weather all the way to port. The weather amongst the islands was very unsettled and squally.

It may be mentioned that Mr. Dunn has two more steamers under way at his yard at Blue's Bay. The first, ordered by Mr. W. Waterhouse, is to be 110 feet long, 20 feet beam, and have a depth of 9 feet. She is to be engaged as a tug, but will be fitted up for the conveyance of passengers also, so that she may be availed of for excursions, &c. Her engines, which are to be of 50 horse power, are to be obtained from Messrs. Plenty and Son, of London, and are expected to send her along at a rate of 10 knots. According to contract she is to be built of kauri and ti-tree, copper-fastened throughout, and to be completed in two months. The next vessel is a steam yacht, which is being constructed to the order of Mr. F. Dibbs. She is to be 78 feet long, 12 feet beam, and her engines are expected to give her a speed of 14 knots. Her fittings are to be of a superior kind, and it is expected that she will fully maintain the reputation of her builder.

Yesterday, at about noon, there was launched from the shipbuilding yard of Mr. Dunn, of Blue's Bay, North Shore, a steamer intended for the trade between Port Stephens and Sydney. The launch was highly successful, the vessel gliding off into the water as if to the manner born. Miss Alice Maude Muston, the daughter of one of the owners, performed the duty of christening the vessel, which was named the Karuah, and the crowd who assembled gave three hearty cheers when she was seen to be fairly afloat. The Karuah is 112 feet long, 20 feet beam, and has a depth of eight feet, which will give her a register of about 120 tons. She will have accommodation for about 25 passengers, whose comfort has not been forgotten in the matter of ventilation, &c. As to the model of the Karuah, but one opinion is expressed, and that is that Mr. Dunn has added another to his many successes in this respect. The Karuah is constructed of bluegum throughout, and is copper-fastened and trunnelled. She will be out of the builder's hands in about a fortnight, but her machinery will not arrive from England for two or three weeks. Messrs. Plenty and Sons, of London, constructed the engines, which are being imported through Messrs. Mason Brothers. After the launch, "Success to the Karuah and her enterprising owners, Messrs. Bate and Muston," was drunk in bumpers, and the health of "The Builder" was no less warmly pledged.

TELEGRAPHIC SHIPPING NEWS.

BRISBANE.—Departure: November 29, Glanworth, for Sydney. The Keilawarra (s.), for Sydney, arrived at Maryborough. The Egmont (s.), from Sydney, arrived at Rockhampton this afternoon. The Elamang (s.), for Cooktown, arrived at Townsville yesternight.

BALLINA.—Arrivals: November 26, Carn Dhu, from Newcastle; Amphitrite, Lismore (s.), Saucy Jack, from Sydney. 27th, Alpha, from Newcastle. Departures: November 27, Alice Jane, Lismore (s.), for Sydney. 29th, Neptune, for Sydney; May Newton, schooner, passed south at 1 p.m.

RICHMOND HEADS.—Departure: November 29, Neptune, for Sydney. You Yangs (s.) passed south at noon, and Mary Newton at 1 p.m.

CLARENCE HEADS.—Arrival: Ruby, schooner. Departure: November 20, Helen Nicoll (s.), for Sydney.

PORT MACQUARIE.—November 29, Derwent (s.) passed north at 4.30 p.m., and Waratah south at 3 p.m.

MANNING RIVER.—Departure: November 29, Alice Templeton.

SEAL ROCKS.—November 29, Queen of the South (s.) passed at 5.30 p.m., Murray (s.), 8.30 a.m., City of Grafton (s.), 9.10 a.m., Quiraing (s.), 9.30 a.m., Australian (s.), 10.50 a.m., Ne Oblie (s.), 5.15 p.m., Comerang, 5.50 p.m., all bound north.

NEWCASTLE.—Arrivals: November 29, Maitland (s.), Coonanbara (s.), Garron, Venture, Catherine Agnes, Zoe, Escort, Magic, May, from Sydney; Alfred Hawley, from Hobart. Departures: November 29, Barrabool (s.), Tamar, Morpeth, Nemesis, Boomerang (s.), for Sydney; W. Turner, for Suva, with 620 tons coal; Pactole, for Noumea, with 524 tons coal; Decima (s.), for Hongkong, with 1700 tons coal, 20 bales fungus; Bella Mary, for Thames.

PORT STEPHENS.—Arrival: November 29, Coraki (s.), disabled. Departures: November 29, Union, Eliza, Allan, Glosserial, Emily, Agnes, Mary Peverley, Victory, Emily Ann, Monarch, Annie Cochrane, Jonathan, Cushat Doo; Coraki (s.), passed S. at 7.50 a.m.

WOLLONGONG.—Arrivals: November 29, Dairymaid (s.), Illawarra (s.), Gemil (s.). Hunter (s.), from Sydney. Departures: November 29, Dairymaid (s.), for Shellharbour; Illawarra (s.), for Kiama; Gemil (s.), Norman, Little Pet, Harold, Margaret Jane, William and Alexander, for Sydney.

KIAMA.—Arrival: November 29, Lass o' Gowrie, from Sydney. Departure: November 29, Victor, for Sydney.

JERVIS BAY.—Departures: November 29, Alice May, Retriever, Ino, Alfred Edward, Moses Fletcher, Bonnie Dundee, for Shellharbour; Ariel, Mary Ann.

ULLADULLA.—Departure: November 29, Caledonia, from Sydney.

EDEN.—November 29, two steamers passed north at noon and 1 p.m.; and a steamer south at noon.

GABO ISLAND.—Arrival: November 29, Julius, schooner, from Melbourne, 4.10 a.m.; Keeby (s.), passed north at 9.35 a.m.; a barque passed north at 4.35 a.m., Leura (s.) westward at 2.5 p.m.

GREEN CAPE.—November 29: Rodondo (s.), in sight, bound north, at 7.30 p.m.; a barque passed north at 5.15 p.m., and a barque south at 5.30 p.m.; Glaucus (s.) passed north at 10.55 a.m.

MORUYA HEADS.—Departure: November 29, Eliza, for Sydney.

NELSON'S BAY.—Arrivals: November 29, Huntley Castle, Agnes Rose, Advance, Helena Davies, Susie, Guiding Star, from Sydney. Active, windbound.

MELBOURNE.—Arrivals: November 30, Rosetta (s.), Afghan, Cambrian Monarch, from London; Rotomahana (s.), from New Zealand; Mangard (s.), from Launceston; Ben Dourn, from Glasgow; Benjamin F. Hunt, from Calcutta; Bon Accord, from Mauritius. Sailed: November 29, Hinden, for Launceston; Southern Cross (s.), for Hobart; City of Adelaide (s.), for Sydney; Te Anau (s.), for New Zealand.

ADELAIDE.—Departure: November 29, Laveyrt, for Western Australia.

FOREIGN SHIPPING.

[PER MERCHANT SHIPPING AND UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.]

LONDON, Nov. 25.

Arrival: Ravenscraig, ship, from Lyttelton August 5.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORTS.—NOVEMBER 29.

Western Australia.—Fine at Perth, with light E.S.E. breeze and smooth sea. Albany, cloudy, gloomy, light S.E. breeze and moderate sea.

South Australia.—Stations on and near coast are cloudy, with fresh breeze generally from S. 0·01 rain fell at Cape Borda, and also moderate sea at that station. The barometer has risen about ·13.

Victoria.—Cloudy weather at Omeo, and showery at Portland Wilson's Promontory; squally also at the latter station. 1·20 rain fell at Lake Entrance; ·23 at Melbourne; ·80 at Wilson's Promontory; ·57 at Echuca; and ·13 at Portland. Smooth and moderate sea on coast; wind, blowing fresh between S.W. and W. The barometer has risen about ·14.

Tasmania.—Blowing fresh from the W., and cloudy at Low Head.

New Zealand.—Generally fine, with very high barometer; wind blowing from N.W. at Wellington, and from N.E. at Russell and Bluff.

New South Wales.—Cloudy generally; rainfall general throughout the colony. (See Weather Map.) Wind between S.E. and S.W. Bourke reports 2·58 rain, and river rising; at 9 a.m. it was raining at Moree, Narrabri, Armidale, Bendemeer, Walcha, Murrurundi, Mount Victoria, Peron, Taree, Port Macquarie, and drizzling at Wollongong, besides four other stations reporting showery weather; rough sea at Moruya Heads. The barometer has risen about ·21 on S.E. coast. A succession of thunderstorms and 47 points of rain at Temora yesterday. Rain at Nelson's Bay, 0.44; at Marsden's, 0.87; at Taralga, 0.51; and at Taree, 0.27.

Queensland.—Fine, with light breeze from S.E. at Rockhampton and Cooktown, and from N. at Brisbane; 1.14 of rain fell at the latter station; slight sea at Townsville.

3 P.M. OBSERVATIONS.

Victoria.—Melbourne, S., 15, cloudy, temperature 60°; Cape Otway, W., 28, cloudy, moderate sea, temperature 56°; Portland, S., 28, cloudy, smooth sea, temperature 61°; Wilson's Promontory, W.S.W., 34, fine, squally, temperature 56°.

New South Wales.—Sydney, N.E., fresh, dull, light rain, smooth sea, temperature 60°; Newcastle, S., raining, moderate sea, temperature 68°; Port Macquarie, N.E., 11, raining, moderate sea, temperature 71°; Forbes, S.W., fine, temperature 81°; Goulburn, calm, dull, temperature 71°; Menindie, S., 13, clear, fine, temperature 71°; Wentworth, S.W., fine, temperature 79°; Deniliquin, S.W., fine, cool, temperature 67°; Albury, calm, fine, temperature 71°; Moruya, S.E., 20, cloudy, moderate sea, temperature 62°; Cape George, S., 42, cloudy, moderate sea, temperature 62°.

STATE OF RIVERS.

Murrumbidgee: At Wagga, 5 feet 11 inches above summer level; at Hay, 2 feet 5 inches above summer level, falling; at Balranald, 4 feet 3 inches above summer level. Murray: At Euston, 14 feet 5 inches above summer level. Darling: At Wentworth, 12 feet 2 inches above summer level; at Pooncarie, summer level; at Menindie, 7 feet above summer level; at Wilcannia, 8 feet 6 inches above summer level; at Bourke, 4 feet 3 inches above summer level, rising.

ASTRONOMICAL MEMORANDA FOR NOVEMBER 30.

Sun rises at 4.44 a.m., sets at 6.55 p.m.; Moon rises at 11.5 p.m., sets at 9.11 a.m.; Mercury, 4.14 a.m., 6.9 p.m.; Venus, 5.24 a.m., 7.56 p.m.; Mars, 4.54 a.m., 7.8 p.m.; Jupiter, 8.22 p.m., 6.14 a.m.; Saturn, 5.25 p.m., 4.1 a.m. New moon, 11th; full moon, 25th.

High water at Fort Denison, November 30: 11.57 a.m., 11.55 p.m.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

In the Stock and Share market to-day very little business was reported. Joint Stock Bank and Wesley Tin were rather dearer; Nymagee Copper scarcely so firm. Others were about the same as will be seen in our summary columns. The following sales were reported:—Mercantile Bank, £5 19s.; Bank of New South Wales, 57½, Queensland National Bank, 8⅝; Wesley Tin, 28s. 6d.; Newcastle Steam, 22s. 9d.

The half-yearly meeting of the Newcastle Steamship Company was held at Newcastle to-day; Mr. Joseph Wood in the chair. The report showed that after writing £3000 off ship property, there was a credit balance of £7551, from which the directors recommended the payment of the usual dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, absorbing £5000, the adding of £2500 to insurance fund, which will then stand at £9000, and the transfer of £2000 to the new steamer account, leaving a balance of £52 to be carried forward to next account. The report was adopted, and the meeting authorised the directors to order a new passenger steamer.

The second annual report of the Haymarket Permanent Land, Building, and Investment Company was held last night, Mr. Jas. T. Tillock presiding. The report showed that the net profits for the year amounted to £14,356, out of which it was proposed to pay a dividend for the past year at the rate of 25 per cent. per annum on the monthly balances of the paid-up capital (which would absorb £2373), and carry the balance (£14,712) forward to the credit of profit and loss. During the year £34,417 had been advanced on mortgage, the total amount on the 15th November being £52,161, the other assets including £33,325, balances owing on land sold, and £10,833, the value of land not sold. The paid-up capital amounted to £14,191; deposits and other liabilities, £66,170.

We are informed that all the additional shares issued by the Compagnoni Palace Cafe and Catering Company, have been allotted to the shareholders.

Messrs. Jones and Black report having floated the Stockton Coal-mining Company. The capital is £60,000 in 60,000 shares of £1 each, of which the late proprietors take 30,000 fully paid up, the balance being issued to subscribers. The property to be worked is known to have seams of coal 13 feet thick; and the company has the right of water frontage to the Newcastle harbour.

Our monthly monetary and commercial review will be found in the summary columns.

In the Import markets, the elections and the close of the month together have greatly limited operations. Although bakers' lots of best Adelaide flour are still selling to £15, and of Victorian to £14 10s., the market is decidedly weaker. Small lots of New Zealand flour, in quarter sacks, selling up to £12 10s. New Zealand wheat 4s. to 4s. 6d. Australian wheat worth to 5s. 6d. Sales of dried fruit continue to be made at late quotations; muscatels sold at 1s. 3d. At auction, to-day, a catalogue of colonial sugars was for the most part withdrawn; only one small parcel of 150 packages of low white being sold at £33 10s. The market for the better classes of colonial sugars is somewhat firmer, but the lower qualities are still selling at late rates, ranging from £24 10s. for ration sorts. A parcel of 100 tons of rice was placed at a price not named. Hops continue to be firmly held, and best are worth 4s. 6d.; American packet hops selling at 2s. 6d. In liquors, Martell's single star was sold at 34s. 6d.; Red Heart rum was done at 22s. Still an active demand is noted for bottled ales. A shipment of Polar Bear stout cleared at 8s. 9d.; Pig stout, 10s. 3d. and 7s., quarts and pints respectively; Boar's Head, 9s. 3d. to 9s. 6d., and 6s. 3d. to 6s. 6d, quarts and pints. More business was done in Roederer's champagne at yesterday's quotations, and fair trade sales of wines continue to be noted. Light weight Manila cigars were done at 57s. 6d. In metals trade is fairly active, but no change in values has transpired. Stocks of cement continue large, and prices low; Robin's, in parcels, sold at 15s. 6d. At the timber sale at Messrs. Fraser and Co.'s auction rooms to-day higher values were realised, except for doors. The following were the prices obtained:—Ex City of New York: Skirting. 1 x 10, 19s. 9d.; 1 x 9, 19s. 3d.; 1 x 8, 18s. 3d. Architraves, 1¼ x 6, 17s. 6d.; 1¼ x 5, 17s. 9d.; 1½ x 5, 17s. 3d.; 1¼ x 4, 10s. 9d.; 1 x 4, 9s. 6d. O. G. mouldings, 1 x 3, 6s. 6d.; 1 x 2, 3s. Canadian clear pine, ex Samaria, 29s. 9d. to 30s. 9d. Architraves, 1½ x 6, 17s. 6d.; 1½ x 5, 12s. 3d. Crown mouldings, 9s. 6d.; bead mouldings, 10s. 6d.; Scotia, 7s. 6d. to 9s. Mouldings, ex Ocean, 4s. 3d. There was only a small quantity of farm produce at the Darling Harbour sales this morning, and notwithstanding that there was a good attendance of buyers, bidding was not brisk. Oaten hay ruled at from 6s. 2d. to 7s. 1d., for trusses and bundles: new lucerne, in truss, 3s. 8d. per cwt.; straw, in bundles, clean samples, 4s. 1d. to 4s. 2d. per cwt.; oaten chaff, in bales, 7s. 1d., in bags, 5s. 3d. per cwt.; new oaten hay, in bundles, 3s. 10d. to 5s. 6d. per cwt.; new wheaten, in bundles, 2s. 3d. to 4s. 9d. per cwt., in sheaves, 2s. 9d. per cwt.; wheaten and oaten hay, 4s. 5d. per cwt. On the wharf, lucerne hay prime quality, sold at £3 per ton, secondary quality from 40s. to 50s. per ton. At auction sales lucerne hay sold at from 40s. to 60s. per ton; oaten hay, 54s. per ton; new potatoes, 8s. to 9s. per cwt.; eggs, 1s. 5d. to 1s. 6d. per dozen; butter, 10d. to 1s. per lb.; cheese, 9d. to 10d.; honey, 5d. to 6d.; lard, 9d. to 10d.; potatoes, N.Z., £6, Circular Head £6 to £7 per ton; onions, £7 to £8; maize, 4s. 9d.; chaff, £6 to £7 per ton.

Messrs. Mort and Co. offered 3200 bales wool at auction to-day. There was again a large attendance of buyers, and competition for good to superior greasy and scoured was very animated. Faulty lots, and washed fleece generally, were not so much wanted, but even for these business was readily done when owners' limits were not excessive; 2360 bales were sold. Greasy brought up to 13½d., several lots fetching from 12d. to 13½d.; scoured, 15d. to 21½d.; and ordinary washed fleece, 14d. to 18d. per lb. The prices realised for the following well-known brands give the best indication of the market, viz.:—TW over BY, 23 bales greasy at 10d.; H over MB over Rosevale, 11 at 13d.; [illegible], 50 at 12¾d.; [illegible], 30 at 12d.; Jones over Merigal, 28 at 9½d.; MA over Hand, 65 at 10¾d.; Frankfield over HH, 20 at 12d.; OR, 54 at 12d.; LH, 29 at 12d.; RD conjoined, 24 at 12½d.; JMM Weetalabah, 47 at 11¼d.; — over L over Junee, 11 at 12¾d.; Mudgee over AM, 27 at 13¼d.; PH, 8 at 13¼d.; AM in diamond over Mudgee, 35 at 11¼d.; BN in parallelogram, 50 at 12d.; HD&Co. over Burren, 40 at 8½d.; Head over Waterloo, 52 at 11d.; FG, 24 washed fleece at 18d.; CY over Cotway, 21 at 17d.; — over CO, 11 at 17½d.; C in diamond, 27 at 17¼d.; BC in diamond, 20 at 17¼d.; Brisbane Grove over Thorn and Co., 58 scoured firsts at 19½d., 9 crossbred at 18d.; T. P. Fagan over Coomamble, 56 scoured at 19½d.; JRC over Dundee, 6 firsts at 21½d., 6 seconds at 20¼d., 5 thirds at 17¼d.

We regret to say that the old-established firm of Saber and Sons have been compelled to file a petition for liquidation, by arrangement, in the Bankruptcy Court, London, pending an offer of composition. The liabilities are stated to be £30,000, including contingent claims. The amount owing in the colony is about £6000.

Messrs. R. Goldsbrough and Co. report by telegraph from Melbourne:—

"We have this week offered 5500 bales, and sold 4617. Prices for good woods continue firm, but inferior merino and coarse crossbreds are a shade lower. Greasy ranged from 7d. to 13d., and inferior to good average, washed, 16d. to 21¼d."

The Customs duties received to-day were as follows:—

Spirits, £1117 13s. 10d.; wine (still), £31; ditto (sparkling), £19 11s. 11d.; ale, porter, and beer (in bottle), £11 1s. 3d.; tobacco and snuff, £35 10s.; ditto (unmanufactured), £378 17s. 6d.; cigars, £235 7s. 11d.; tea, £50 8s.; coffee and chicory, £76 15s. 6d.; sugar (unrefined), 6s. 3d.; opium, £47 17s. 6d.; rice, £41 12s. 5d.; dried fruits, £41 14s. 2d.; nuts, £23 3s. 2d.; malt, £51 0s.; specific duty, £817 9s. 9d.; fisheries royalty, £2; pilotage, £36 4s. 8d.; harbour and light dues, £2 9s. 8d.; total, £3160 9s. 6d.

Messrs. Macdermott, Loughnan, and Scarr report having sold for Mr. W. H. Holt his Woonoona station, Burke district, Queensland, consisting of 75 square miles, with 1100 head of cattle, for the lump sum of £3950—Mr. A. Macpherson, purchaser.

STOCK SALE.

Messrs. William Sloane and Co. report having sold 108 draught colts, unbroken, rising three years, on account of Messrs. Berkelman and Lambert, of Listowel Downs, Mitchell district, Queensland, 50 colts; on account of Messrs. Kilgour and Macsay, of Alpha station, South Kennedy district, Queensland, 43 colts; and on account of Messrs. Kilgour and Woodhouse, of Jarbiton station, South Kennedy district, Queensland, 15 colts: in all 108 colts, price £25 per head; purchasers—the Colonial Sugar Refining Company, Mackay. Also, on account of D. J. Wallace, Esq., of Terrick Station, Mitchell District, Queensland, 15,600 6-tooth wethers; purchasers—the Darling Downs and Western Land Company, Limited. Also, in conjunction with Messrs. B. D. Morehead and Co., on account of J. D. Macansh, Esq., of Canning Downs Station, Queensland, 3800 crossbred wethers; purchaser—D. J. Wallace, Esq., of Normanby Station, Queensland.—[ADVT.]

LATEST COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Consols are at 102½.

Tin, £99 5s.

At the wool sales 9000 bales were offered to-day. The market is quiet, with a small attendance of buyers.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

MELBOURNE, WEDNESDAY.

Victorian Mining Stocks.—Sales: Berry Consols No. 1, 23s. to 26s.; Belmont and Saxby, 40s. 3d. to 40s. 6d.; Egerton, 80s. to 82s.; Hepburn Estate, 17s.; Lone Hand, £16 to £16 3s. 6d.; Long Tunnel Extended, £15 15s.; Long Tunnel, £106; Queen's Birthday, £8; Ristori, £6 10s. to £6 11s.; South St. Mungo, 18s.; Working Miners United, 99s.

Flour is selling slowly at £10 7s. 6d. to £10 15s. A considerable advance has taken place in wheat, which, at an auction sale, realised 5s. 6d. to 5s. 9d. Holders privately demand higher rates. Victorian maize at auction brought 5s. 1½d. to 5s. 3d. A small parcel of New South Wales privately realised 5s. 6d. There is a good demand for sugars. Sales from £28 for Queensland to £34 for Mauritius. The demand for tinned fish continues to improve. Bavarian hops are selling at extreme rates.

ADELAIDE, WEDNESDAY.

Wheat is quoted at 4s. 6d. to 5s. Flour has a limited trade at £11 10s. for ordinary, and £12 5s. for leading brands. Red Star rum, 30 o.p., 3s. 10½d. Hennessy's Battleaxe, 35s. 3d. to 35s. 6d. Booth's case gin, 12s. Ale and stout are difficult to place.

DESPATCH OF MAILS FOR EUROPE.

FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM, HONOLULU, AND SAN FRANCISCO, VIA AUCKLAND.

Despatched by	Date.	Letters.	Newspapers.	Late Letters.
P.M.S. Australia.	This day, Nov. 30th.	Newspapers, books, &c., noon. Registered, noon. Unregistered, 1 p.m.* Postage, 6d. ½oz.	Noon. Postage, 1d	—

* Except United Kingdom, which will close at 2 p.m.

Late letters received at Post Office 2.20 p.m., extra fee 6d; and Custom-house, 2.45 p.m., extra fee 1s.

FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM, CONTINENT OF EUROPE, &c.

P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Kaisar-i-Hind, via Melbourne.	Tuesday, Dec. 5.	Registered, 4.30 p.m. Unregistered, 6 p.m. Postage, 8d ½oz. "Per Kaisar-i-Hind"	4.30 p.m. Postage, 2d	Extra fee 6d. 5.30 p.m.

ABSTRACT of SALES by AUCTION THIS DAY.

G. KISS.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.; at the Camperdown Yards, at 2, Horses.

T. COSGROVE AND CO.—At the Bazaar, at 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.

W. INGLIS AND CO.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.

W. INGLIS AND SON.—At their Yards, at 11, Milch Cows, &c.; at 1.30, Calves, Lambs, &c.; at 3, Fat Cattle; at Homebush, at 11, Fat Sheep and Cattle.

BRUNKER AND WOLFE.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Sheep; at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, Fat Sheep; at their Stores, at 3, Wool and Sheepskins.

G. MAIDEN.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cows, &c.

J. R. HAMILTON.—At the Rooms, at 11, Clocks, Ornaments, Jewellery, &c.

HARRISON, JONES, AND DEVLIN.—At Homebush, Fat Cattle and Sheep.

HILL, CLARK, AND CO.—At Homebush, Fat Cattle and Sheep; at the Chamber of Commerce, at 2, Sheepskins; at 3, Wool.

LEEDS AND WILSON.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle; at Chamber of Commerce, at 2, Sheepskins; at 3, Wool.

PITT, SON, AND BADGERY.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep; at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 2.30, Calves.

R. P. SIMPSON.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Sheep.

T. SULLIVAN AND SON.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Sheep.

WILKINSON, GRAVES, AND LAVENDER.—At Homebush, Fat Sheep; at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 2.30, Fat Lambs.

RICHARDSON AND NIXON.—At Newtown, at 7, Wood, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 8, Wood, &c.

DENT AND PERRY.—At Newtown, at 7, Wood, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 8, Wood, &c.

G. WELLS.—At Newtown, at 7, Wood, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 8, Wood, &c.

C. MOORE AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Drapery, Clothing, Hats, &c.

HARRIS AND ACKMAN.—At the Rooms, at 233, George-street, at 11, China, Vases, &c.

B. R. HARRIS AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Clocks, Watches, Jewellery, &c.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Houses and Land.

RICHARDSON AND WRENCH.—At the Chamber of Commerce, at 2.30, Wool.

MORT AND CO.—At Darling Harbour, at 11.30, Wheat, Bran, &c.

TATE BROTHERS.—At their Rooms, at 11, Flour, Oats, Bran, &c.

KELLETT AND ALFORD.—At their Rooms, at 11 and 2, Fancy Goods, Jewellery, Books, &c.

J. BRIDGE.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Sheep; at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 2, Fat Lambs.

H. L. DUNN AND SON.—On the Premises, Fairleigh Cottage, Glebe, at 10.30, Furniture and Effects, Horse, Van, &c.; at the Rooms, at 10.30, 12, and 2, Unredeemed Pledges; at Camperdown, at 4, Building Materials.

R. J. HUGHES AND CO.—On the Premises, Cleveland-terrace, Paddington, at 11, Furniture and Effects.

ELLIS AND CO.—At their Yards, at 1, Calves, Pigs, &c.; at 3, Cows, &c.

Special Advertisements.

THE SYDNEY SOAP COMPANY—SYDNEY AND NEWCASTLE. Head office—30, Clarence-street.

BRITISH PLATE GLASS, A LARGE ASSORTMENT, just landed. Goodlet and Smith, 493, George-st.

GOODLET AND SMITH, TIMBER AND GALVANISED IRON Merchants, George-st., near Bathurst-st.

CHAMPAGNE. HEIDSIECK and CO.'S DRY MONOPOLE, of all the Wine Merchants. THEODORE SATOW and CO., LONDON, Sole Agents for Great Britain, India, and the Colonies.

WAUGH'S BAKING POWDER OBTAINED the ONLY FIRST CLASS AWARD for Highest Degree of Merit. WAUGH'S BAKING POWDER IS THE BEST.

GOSTLING'S PORTLAND CEMENT obtained the ONLY FIRST AWARD at the Melbourne International Exhibition. GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO., Sole Agents.

Special Advertisements.

NEVILLE GRIFFITHS FOR EAST SYDNEY.

GRIFFITHS FOR EAST SYDNEY.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.

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C. Carugati	D. O'Keefe
T. Quinlan	J. T. Ellis
G. J. Waterhouse	G. A. Woods
A. W. Norton	E. Beard
	Benjamin Backhouse

&c., &c.

Will address the Electors TO-NIGHT, at Deeble's Hotel, Woolloomooloo Bay, near Manly Beach steamers, at 8 o'clock.

Committee meet at 1, Hunter-street from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily.

ROBERT J. KING, W. BOWMAN CADELL, Hon. Secretaries.

See what the Evening News of 29th November says:—

"It is a most significant thing that while, at the nomination for East Sydney, two members of the Ministry were literally howled down by their auditors, the four Opposition candidates received a veritable ovation. In the case of Mr. Griffiths this was especially remarkable, since his business connects him with the pastoral interest which it suits the Government just now to represent in a peculiarly odious light, and in his published address there occurs a trifling slip, of which a certain goody journal has endeavoured to take advantage, to the prejudice of Mr. Griffiths' candidature. It is quite true that Mr. Griffiths has no parliamentary experience, but it is also true that some people are like the Secretary for Mines, whose experience has reduced him to a hopeless state of mental confusion. But on the question of the hour—the land—Mr. Griffiths is an authority. When he talks about that he understands what he is saying. He does not declaim against any class, but he tells us what will be the best means to repair the mischiefs which have resulted from the blundering of ignorant demagogues and hysterical enthusiasts. It is, or should be, enough to quote one of the many statistical facts that have been brought forward by Mr. Griffiths, and others,—that 14 persons hold among them 2,300,000 acres, which again means that the average freeholds of those persons are 160,000 acres each, an area which represents a block of land 25 miles long by 10 miles wide, equal to 10 ordinary old-fashioned squattages. It is quite time that this question should be dealt with by men of practical experience like Mr. Griffiths, rather than by inept, speculative theorists like Dr. Renwick, or illiterate brummagem puritans like Sir Henry Parkes, who talks about 'interpretating' Mr. Stuart's proposals."

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

REVISION OF THE LAND LAWS.

VOTE FOR NEVILLE GRIFFITHS, the man who has a special knowledge of that burning question.

ROLL UP. ROLL UP. POLL EARLY.

ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

VOTE FOR REID BARTON M'ELHONE GRIFFITHS AND LAND REFORM.

ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

VOTE FOR REID BARTON M'ELHONE GRIFFITHS AND LAND REFORM.

ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Beware of lying Government reports and trickery to-day. The "Official Bunch" will die hard.

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ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Who is it not only defies you to keep him out, but commands you to swallow Green too? Why, The Dictator.

ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Who got up a mock deputation of Civil servants, whom he has snubbed for so many years? Why, The Dictator.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

The first man returned to the New Parliament is a MINISTERIALIST, who voted for the LAND BILL.

WILLIAM TEECE—GOULBURN.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Sir HENRY PARKES, Dr. ARTHUR RENWICK, and Alderman JAMES GREEN.

The COMMITTEES will please MEET at 7.30 o'clock a.m., at HODGE'S COMMERCIAL HOTEL, King and Castlereagh streets, THIS DAY. THIS DAY, TO PREPARE FOR THE POLL.

HY. GORMAN, JOHN S. JAMIESON, Joint Hon. Secs.

MR. DANIEL O'CONNOR for WEST SYDNEY.

MEETINGS at MILLER'S POINT and the ROCKS.

Mr. DANIEL O'CONNOR will Address the Electors of West Sydney THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at Mr. H. Bond's Captain Cook Hotel, Miller's Point, at 8 o'clock.

And afterwards, at Mr. Wm. Halloway's Black Dog Hotel, Gloucester and Essex streets, at 9 o'clock.

GEO. SMITH, P. SAUNDERS.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

Mr. J. C. NEILD has NOT RETIRED from this contest, as rumoured.

T. S. PARROTT, J. BRIGNELL, E. BLUMSEM, Hon. Secs.

BOTANY.

Mr. JOHN SUTHERLAND will Address the Electors of Botany in the MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, BOTANY, TO-NIGHT, at 8 o'clock.

SIMON DAVIS, PASSENGER PER POTOSI.—Please call at the office of A. Brodziak, Hamilton-street.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

We bought in CHINA for the CHRISTMAS SEASON the FINEST CONGOU PROCURABLE, and packed it in 5lb. blackwood boxes, ornamented with Chinese gilt figures. The result is a very handsome package. This Tea is called "CHINA'S PRIDE, HER CHOICEST TEA," and as each box bears this name on the label, the public will easily recognise the genuine.

ONE OF THESE BOXES OF TEA would be A WELCOME CHRISTMAS PRESENT to the recipient, especially to a person in delicate health, which would be improved by the use of this EXQUISITE TEA.

These Boxes are Sold by the Grocers at ONLY 20s EACH.

We have also a parcel of SOUCHONG TEA (Seaou little, and Cheong planted, so-called because the labour and expense being very great, only a small quantity is produced), which is so much esteemed by the wealthier classes of England, but had not been previously introduced here, owing to its high cost. We being direct buyers from the Chinese, all commissions are saved, and we are enabled to supply the Sydney traders with these delicious teas to sell at prices as follows:—

THE CHOICE SOUCHONG, at 2s 6d per lb.

THE CHOICEST SOUCHONG, at 4s per lb.

The consumers of these Teas (especially of the latter one) has an unusual treat.

The fact of our Mr. J. H. Love, the buyer of our Teas, being a Tea Analyst, enables us to guarantee the purity and wholesomeness of our Teas.

We have the largest stock of the finest and purest Teas ever before seen in the colony.

CLIFFORD LOVE and CO., SYDNEY, and FOOCHOW, CHINA.

NOW LANDING, New X mas Fruits, Currants, Elemes, Figs, Muscatels, and Sultanas.

JAS. MACGREGOR, 308, George-street.

CHRISTMAS CARDS AND PRESENTS.—Special consignment of the most Beautiful Works of Art. FINE ART PUBLISHING CO., 1, Sydney Arcade; and 19 and 21, Royal Arcade.

Special Advertisements.

TATTERSALL'S ANNUAL RACE MEETING.

NEW YEAR'S DAY, 1883.

ENTRANCES CLOSE THIS DAY, THURSDAY, BEFORE 4 P.M.

THIS DAY.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION, at the TEMPORARY SALE ROOMS, 233, GEORGE-STREET, 57 PACKAGES, ex Pheis, from London, FINE WORKS of ART, in KERAMIC WARE, HAND-PAINTED CHINA, CHOICE DESSERT SERVICES, DECORATED PORCELAIN, in profuse variety, WEDGWOOD VASES, FLOWER-STANDS, TRIPODS, PORCELAIN FIGURES, DEJEUNER SETS, &c., &c.

To Connoisseurs, Admirers of Fine Art Productions, Fancy Repositories, Gentlemen Furnishing, Glass, China, and Earthenware Houses, &c., &c.

HARRIS AND ACKMAN WILL SELL THE ABOVE BY AUCTION, AT THE TEMPORARY FURNITURE SALE ROOMS, 233, GEORGE-STREET NORTH (where an elaborate and thorough display can be effected), THIS DAY, at 11 O'CLOCK.

NO RESERVE. Terms at sale.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE CRICKET MATCH and the ELECTIONS, which are to take place next Saturday, the sale of LYNTON HEIGHTS, Illawarra Railway Line, has been POSTPONED for one week, namely, until SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.

HARDIE and GORMAN.

LYONSVILLE, FIVEDOCK, near Drummoyne and Birkenhead, NEXT SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

KENSINGTON GREEN. NEXT SATURDAY WEEK. WATKIN and WATKIN.

GOOD WINE NEEDS NO BUSH.

NEITHER DOES QUEEN'S GROVE ESTATE, ASHFIELD HEIGHTS, REQUIRE ANY PUFFING.

In consequence of the projected departure for Europe of the owner,

T. S. HUNTLEY has received instructions to sell this PICK OF ASHFIELD.

One of the choicest of our many charming Suburbs.

Plans are now ready.

Day of Sale is SATURDAY, December 9, at 3 o'clock, On the Ground.

Situated on the south side of, and only a few minutes' walk om the Railway Station, adjoining Education Park.

TITLE, TORRENS'.

THE ASSYRIAN CAME DOWN LIKE A WOLF ON THE FOLD to those who invested in the Melbourne Cup, but those who will invest in the SELLWOOD ESTATE at Auburn Railway Station on SATURDAY, December 16, will soon have cause to rejoice over the increase in value of their purchases.

Suburban Railway Lands are safe. They constantly go up in price.

Terms very easy. Send for a plan.

T. S. HUNTLEY, Auctioneer.

HURSTVILLE, Illawarra Railway.—For SALE, cheap, a fine block of LAND, near the Railway Station. Apply by letter to H. R., Herald Office.

AUCKLAND NATIVE LANDS COLONISATION CO., LIMITED.

Capital, £500,000, in Shares of £1 Each.

100,000 Shares reserved for Allotment in Sydney.

Calls on Application, 1s; on Allotment, 1s; and thereafter as required, 1s. Calls at intervals not under 3 months.

For details see the Prospectus in the ordinary columns of this paper.

I HAVE RECEIVED ADVICE FROM AUCKLAND THAT THE COMPANY IS FORMED, and that applications are already before the Native Land Court on their account.

THE SHARE LIST FOR SYDNEY WILL CLOSE NOT LATER THAN THE 30th NOVEMBER NEXT, and the Shares will be allotted in the order of application.

J. MULLENS, Broker to the Company.

34, Hunter-street, Sydney, November 21, 1882.

THE LONDON CHARTERED BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1852.

Capital paid up, £1,000,000.

The Court of Directors in London having declared a dividend for the half-year ended the 30th June last, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, such dividend (with the addition of 8d in the £ in lieu of income tax) will be available to the shareholders on the colonial registers, at Melbourne and Sydney respectively, on FRIDAY, 1st proximo.

CHARLES GUTHRIE, Inspector and General Manager.

Inspector and General Manager's Office, Melbourne, 27th November, 1882.

THE ANGLO-AUSTRALIAN INVESTMENT, FINANCE, AND LAND CO., LIMITED, Offices: 259, George-street, are now prepared to receive Deposits on following terms:—Three months, five per cent.; six months, six per cent.; and twelve months, seven per cent. per annum.

OUR TEAS, BEING BOUGHT IN FOOCHOW CHINA, FOR CASH, by our Mr. J. H. LOVE, who is a competent tea analyst, THEIR PURITY, QUALITY, and CHEAPNESS, are by this means guaranteed, and competition by any "COLONIAL FIRM" is rendered impossible. These truths will be appreciated by the shrewd business man, and understood by even the most verdant son of commerce.

CLIFFORD LOVE, and CO., Foochow, China.

TO WHOLESALE BUYERS OF TOBACCO, Cigars, and Cigarettes.—Saywell's Tobacco Co., Limited, offer special advantages both in quality and price. 6, Park-st., Sydney.

ALL THE WROUGHT AND CAST IRON, UPWARDS of 300 TONS, in connection with the late GARDEN PALACE, will be sold by auction, by JAMES RODD, upon the Ground, NEXT MONDAY, at 11, under instructions from the Colonial Architect. Printed lists may be had from the auctioneer.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

DON'T BE MISLED by misrepresentations, but REMEMBER THE NAME, and ask for JOSEPHSON'S OINTMENT.

PENFOLD AND CO., TOBACCO MERCHANTS and Importers, 376, George-street, entrance down the gateway between Messrs. Sands' and Brush's, near G. P. O.

SYDNEY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD. Price 2d. Subscriptions 14s per quarter.

THE ECHO, an Evening Newspaper. Published at Hunter-street, Sydney. Price 1d. Subscriptions 6s 6d per quarter.

THE SYDNEY MAIL AND NEW SOUTH WALES ADVERTISER. A weekly Journal, with numerous illustrations. Price 6d. Subscriptions 6s 6d per quarter.

OFFICES in LONDON—8, GEORGE-YARD, LOMBARD-STREET, where files of the above papers may be seen.

The following NEWSPAPER and ADVERTISING AGENTS are authorised to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for the above-named Journals:—

LONDON.—Mr. GEORGE STREET, 30, Cornhill, E.C.

LONDON.—Messrs. BATES, HENDY, and CO., 4, Old Jewry, E.C.

LONDON.—Mr. F. ALGAR, 11, Clement's-lane, Lombard-street, E.C.

LONDON.—Messrs. GORDON and GOTCH, St. Bride-street, Fleet-street, E.C.

LONDON.—Mr. F. H. B. PHILLIPS, 131, Fleet-street, E.C.

BIRMINGHAM.—Mr. R. S. KIRK, 96, New-street.

LIVERPOOL.—LEE and NIGHTINGALE, 15, North John-street.

BRISTOL.—JAMES and HENRY GRACE, Royal Insurance Buildings.

EDINBURGH.—ROBERTSON and SCOTT, 13, Hanover-street.

EDINBURGH.—KEITH and CO., 65, George-street.

GLASGOW.—W. PORTEOUS and CO., 15, Royal Exchange-place.

. Copies of each journal are filed at the above offices for the use of advertisers.

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The Sydney Morning Herald.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1882.

The two Ministerial candidates for East Sydney somewhat divided the duty between them at the nomination, but they were not entirely consistent with one and another, or with themselves. Sir HENRY PARKES did not venture to eulogise the Land Bill. On the contrary, his answers to the questions put by Mr. FORSYTH, show that he differs as much from it as many of the members do who voted against it, and whom he dismissed for having the courage of their opinions. His own preference goes in favour of agricultural areas, and he would limit the squatter's power of purchase to one homestead section. These two views carried out, would mean a totally different land system from that which he is trying to ram down the throats of the people. He never volunteered thus much of explanation till he was catechised on the hustings, and now that we know his opinions, it does not seem wonderful that he should have been reticent. Where he was disposed to be eloquent, if the audience had been more willing to listen to him, was in expatiating on what the Government had done, and what they were willing to do. Now, although on the present occasion Sir HENRY PARKES has placed himself in a false position, and though the constituency is bound in self-respect to record its conviction that he is on the wrong side, it will not on that account forget and underrate his services in the past, or doubt his willingness or ability to do good service in the future. But that is not the question before the public. It is not the question he himself has put before the public. If his eloquence persuades the country to send back a new Parliament to support the Administration, then the old land policy is fastened on the neck of the country for another term of years. The electors are bound to protect themselves against that. There are elections when the consideration of men is more important than that of measures; there are others when measures are more important than men. The present election is one of the latter kind. It is now or never for the country to pronounce on the Land question. There has not been such a chance for twenty-one years. There may not be such another for a long time. The Government has chosen the issue, let them stick to it.

Dr. RENWICK screwed up his courage to do so. In opposition to his former self, and in opposition to the tone of his colleague, he tried to defend the Land Bill. He maintained that the bill had for its object the removal of all the abuses which had grown up under the law in respect of dummying, blackmailing, and auction sales. As a successful physician, Dr. RENWICK knows the difference between treating symptoms and striking at the root of the disease. The Land Bill deals only superficially with the abuses that have arisen. The Opposition asks for a policy that shall go deeper down. That is the real difference between the two sides, and the country is called upon to decide which is the best policy. The bill of the Government will leave the main evil just where it was; it will not protect a single run against wanton damage, it will not diminish the antagonism of classes, it will not diminish the pressure on the pastoral lessees to use every artifice to secure their investments. It is because it will not do this that the public do not recognise in it a reasonable settlement of the question.

There is a curious exposition of constitutional law in the address of Sir JOHN ROBERTSON to the electors of Mudgee which ought not to be passed by unnoticed, even amid the interest that attaches to his discussion of the Land question. Even he himself gives it precedence in his address. Not that he puts it first — no Minister who understands the art of governing would do that. The railway to the district comes first, the Constitutional question second, and the Land question third. But as a Minister responsible for advising the dissolution—perhaps, if the whole truth were known, more responsible than any other, notwithstanding Sir HENRY PARKES' statement, "I dissolved Parliament"—he felt it necessary to say a word or two in defence of the course pursued; and this is what he says: "We could resign our offices, relieve ourselves from trouble and responsibility, and leave the rights of the people at the mercy of gentlemen, the leading objects of whom are retrogressive in the extreme; or we could advise his Excellency the GOVERNOR to dissolve Parliament. You are doubtless already aware that we took the latter course, and that his EXCELLENCY accepted our advice. Thus all that has been done for the people by their representatives during the period of responsible government, and now in jeopardy, is faithfully remitted, without tamper or restriction, to you and the other electors of the colony." There is, of course, only one construction to be put upon this, and that is that the liberties of the people would not have been safe if Ministers had resigned and allowed another Ministry to be formed. Whenever Sir JOHN ROBERTSON has been in power these liberties were safe. Whenever he went out and Sir HENRY PARKES came in they were also safe. During all the years in which the see-saw was kept up they were safe. When the two men combined to share the Government between them they were still safe, but the moment they quit office the popular liberty is in peril. It will probably be news to the electors of Mudgee, and certainly to the electors of the colony at large, that the maintenance of their liberties depends so largely upon two men, both of whom are getting old. If the case were as thus represented, the Mudgee people would hardly be deserving of the suffrage; and it is certainly not very complimentary to tell them that they cannot take care of themselves without Sir JOHN and his colleague to shepherd them. It might have been supposed that the people had something to do with the establishment of responsible government, and with its consequences, and that they would still know how to comport themselves if any one attempted to tyrannise over them. If Mr. STUART had been summoned to form a Government, and Sir JOHN ROBERTSON had been relegated for a time to the Opposition benches, in what way would anything that the people value have been placed in jeopardy? He could have been vigilantly watching the Government, and could have sounded the trumpet at the approach of danger. Does he mean to say that justifiable warnings would have been totally unheeded, that the people would have been caught napping, and would have lost their liberties before they knew anything about it? If such a thing were possible, the people of this colony would be singularly unfitted for self-government, and a dissolution, which puts everything into their hands, would be simply casting pearls before swine.

It will be interesting to know whether the constitutional view, as put before the electors of Mudgee, formed part of the case put before the GOVERNOR, and whether his acquiescence in the advice tendered was due to his feeling the force of this argument. We do not know at present by what means he was persuaded, as the explanation tendered to his constituents by Sir HENRY PARKES was very meagre.

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If we are to assume that the only reason given by Sir JOHN ROBERTSON formed the basis of the advice, then the PREMIER and the GOVERNOR must have united to take a very low view of the people.

But we may ask by what right Sir JOHN ROBERTSON states that the leading objects of those who oppose the Land Bill are "retrogressive in the extreme?" What have these gentlemen ever said or ever done to justify such a slur being passed upon them? What right has he to assert that they are less patriotic than he is, and to send them to their constituents for that reason? Will the constituents take the same view of the moral and intellectual qualities of these gentlemen, or do they know them better? Certainly it does not help Sir JOHN ROBERTSON's argument to represent those who are opposed to him as actuated only by bad motives. If he does not know better, he is not prepared to teach the people; if he does know better, he is abusing his position. No doubt there is much to vex and worry him in the present state of public opinion, but it is a pity he cannot defend his Land law without imputing ignominious motives to those whom he cannot convince. He does not degrade them by such a course, but he does demean himself. His own honesty of purpose has been cheerfully acknowledged by those who differ from him. It is a pity he cannot be as magnanimous himself.

Several cases of expulsion for making false entries in the school registers have recently been reported from Victoria, and a few days ago we reported a case that has lately taken place in this colony. In Victoria the teachers who have abused public confidence have been exposed as well as expelled. Here, for some reason or other, it has been deemed that expulsion is quite sufficient. The public are told that a teacher has perpetrated the offence named, but they are not told who the teacher is, or where he has been employed. The idea seems to be that the loss of a situation is punishment enough for tampering with a school register, and that while the man who does this should be sent about his business, nothing further should be done to hurt his feelings, or to destroy his prospects. For a disgraceful act a school teacher must not be disgraced. It may be doubted whether the community at large will take so lenient a view. In business houses the falsification of entries is regarded as a crime, and a crime it undoubtedly is. The man who treated the books of his employer as the teacher in question treated his school register would, in all probability, be arrested by a policeman, and sentenced to years of imprisonment. What is there that makes the falsification of a roll a less serious offence than the falsification of a ledger? There is really nothing. Other things being equal, the guilt of the schoolmaster is greater than the guilt of the ledger-keeper. As a rule, the trust placed in the one is greater than that which is placed in the other, and if the schoolmaster's trust is a more sacred one the consequences of abuse are more serious. It is the business of a schoolmaster to inculcate honesty, and how can he do this unless he himself is honest. The public will not be gratified to learn that the Government regards the falsification of school registers as a comparatively trivial affair. It is well enough to think of the teacher concerned, but the whole body of teachers has to be thought of likewise. Many a man who would risk making a wrong entry, if no more serious consequence was likely to follow than the loss of position, would hesitate if the loss of his situation meant the loss of reputation also. Governments, like Judges, have to punish not only because a wrong act has been done by one man, but that wrong acts may not be done by other men. Punishments are of little use unless they act as deterrents.

It is worth inquiring also whether, as well as severely punishing men who do falsify the rolls, they ought not to adopt some measures to prevent a repetition of the offence. A very little inquiry will show that under the existing school regulations the temptations to make false entries are greater than they ought to be, and are likely to prove too much for the honesty of many teachers. In this colony the schools are graded as well as the schoolmasters. The status of the school depends upon the number of its pupils, and upon the number of the pupils also depends the salary of the teachers. Not only so, but the class of a school may vary from quarter to quarter. A school that belongs to the first rank this week may belong to the second rank next week, and at certain stages half-a-dozen pupils, more or less, may make all the difference to the school, and to the school teachers. A few children less than 600, for example, may entitle a master to a second-class salary, while a few more may entitle him to a first-class salary. A slight difference in the figures on the roll may make a difference to the schoolmaster of a hundred a year. In some of the lower-class schools, where the teachers, whether inadequately paid or not, are certainly very poorly paid, a difference of half a score of pupils may be a very serious one indeed for the teachers. A man who contrives to exist on £250 a year, may find it very difficult to get on on £150. According to our regulations, if a school falls from a first-class to a second-class, the salary of the teacher falls from £400 to £330. If a school falls from a second-class to a third, the teacher's salary drops from £330 to £252. Thus a slight difference in the attendance makes to the teacher a difference of more than £100 a year. It must be seen that under such a system as this the inducements to fraud may become very powerful indeed, and in outlying districts the teacher who is inclined to study his interest at the expense of his principles can do so with comparative safety. It is well worth the consideration of the Government whether so much ought to depend on the state of the school register, and whether, with the amount of confidence now placed in school teachers, the falsification of the rolls ought not to be considered a more serious affair than the Government seems to have regarded the one referred to in our issue of a few days ago.

The COLONIAL TREASURER, addressing his late constituents at Young, on Tuesday, said that many of those members who voted against the Land Bill were personal friends of the Ministry, and again some of the opponents of the Ministry upon the Land Bill would, if returned, be the best friends of the Ministry in the new Parliament. What, in the name of the land law and all the misunderstanding and confusion it involves, does Mr. WATSON mean? Does he intend to suggest that personal friends of the Ministry ought not to have voted against the Ministerial bill, although they regarded it as a proposal to compromise, if not to sacrifice, the interests of the country? That would be personal government, and no mistake. Or does he wish the public to suppose that these personal friends of the Ministry, having subordinated their private friendship to their sense of public duty once, would be satisfied, and go into a new Parliament to vote for the bill which they rejected in the old one? That would be a strange sort of consistency. Or does Mr. WATSON mean that because the Ministry was beaten by its friends, the beating was of little or no significance? If so, it was hardly a friendly thing for the Government to turn its friends out in the cold, and expose them to the necessity of either losing their seats or doing violence to their own convictions. A Government appealing to the country because a bill has been rejected, says in effect that it believes the country will accept and approve that bill. And when the bill has been rejected by the personal friends of the Ministry, the declaration of the Ministry is that its friends shall either abandon their opinions or take the consequences. "Honesty," however, may be "the best policy" in political as well as commercial life, and the general election may show that faithfulness to opinion and to the public interest is more likely then unfaithfulness to be followed by agreeable consequences. Ministers have made the grave blunder of putting all their friends to the choice between loyalty to them, and loyalty to themselves and the public interest.

An anonymous letter having some time ago been sent by a Civil servant to the COLONIAL SECRETARY, to ascertain what the Government intended to do with regard to the introduction of a bill for the regulation of the Civil Service and the superannuation question, Sir HENRY PARKES invited some of the officers to meet him. These officers met the PREMIER on Tuesday. In ordinary circumstances there would be nothing remarkable in this request, or in compliance with it; but with an election pending on which the fate of the Ministry rests, the interview seems to have been instituted, to say the least of it. Who was responsible for the time fixed does not appear. The PREMIER told the officers to come, and he received them. But it is very evident that it would have been better if they had not paid their visit at this particular juncture. The PREMIER had appealed to the country on the Land Bill. It might have been anticipated that on Tuesday morning, when these gentlemen called on him, he was busy preparing the case to be submitted to his constituents within an hour or two afterwards. Such a time was hardly favourable for a calm and impartial consideration of the matter the officers were concerned about. The PREMIER and his Ministry were on their trial. The deputation represented constituents who are judges of the question which the Government have submitted, and it is contrary to all notions of right to seek to influence judgment by matters which have no legitimate bearing upon it. It is known that a large number of Civil servants are electors of East Sydney. The question remitted for their consideration in the present election is the Land Bill; and in all the circumstances it would have been as well if the side issue had not been introduced, as to whether they shall or shall not get a Civil Service Bill if they vote for or against the measure. Views expressed or promises given by any one in an extremity are not valued at very much. They usually lack consideration. On the present occasion this appears to be so. Sir HENRY PARKES speaks of the extreme difficulty of regulating the Civil Service, and while he promises that if the Government remain in office a bill shall be introduced, the vagueness of his speech is so marked as to make it a matter of doubt whether, if the election were not at hand, he would have been disposed to receive a deputation at all. He ought to have been better prepared to deal with the subject, or to have left it alone. On the eve of an election the latter course would have been the preferable one. Whether the Civil servants are liable to be swayed from their duty to vote conscientiously on the Land Bill by any considerations of special advantage will remain a secret of the ballot-box.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

A VERY alarming state of affairs appears to prevail in Dublin. On Saturday evening 10 men, armed with revolvers, attacked a posse of six detectives, in one of the principal and most crowded thoroughfares. One of the detectives, Cox, was shot dead, and one of the miscreants mortally wounded. The affray lasted a considerable time, and naturally created the utmost excitement and alarm. On Monday, one of the jurymen who had convicted a prisoner, was suddenly attacked from behind by two men, and stabbed with swords in six places. This occurred when he was entering his home. Latest accounts give no possible hope of his recovery. In connection with the attack upon the detectives four arrests were made. The Government are offering a reward of £5000 for information which will lead to the arrest and conviction of the men who so savagely attacked the juryman. The funeral of Cox was so largely attended that it partook of a public character. These and other outrages, and the lawlessness which appears to have revived, have caused a dread panic in the city. Fenian firebrands are reported to be terrorising in all directions, the numerical strength of the constabulary force has been increased, and the Government has put into operation the "curfew" clause of the Coercion Act, which prohibits citizens from leaving their homes at night without a permit from the authorities.

REGARDING Egyptian affairs our cablegrams this morning contain some interesting information. The Earl of Dufferin, after carefully considering the evidence taken by the committee against Arabi, has come to the conclusion that it does not sufficiently establish his connection with the late massacres or acts of incendiarism, and advises that the counts referring to those charges should be dropped. The Tories in the British Parliament have resolved not to embarrass the Government by criticism of their Egyptian policy. The total expenses of the recent war incurred by England and India amounts to £4,500,000. The false prophet of the Soudan is reported to have been deserted by an immense number of his followers.

IT is reported that a rupture has occurred in the informal parleying between Great Britain and France, in regard to the claim of the latter to exercise a protectorate over Madagascar. A large deputation waited upon Earl Granville, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and urged upon the Government the propriety of interposing an emphatic protest against the avowed designs of France upon a peacefully disposed and helpless nation. The guarded reply which Earl Granville gave is indicative of the anxiety of the Government not to irritate France more than necessary, pending the settlement of the Egyptian question.

GENERAL items of news by cable this morning state that the Procedure Bill is still being debated in the House of Commons, the committee having adopted 13 of the resolutions. Parliament is to be formally prorogued to-morrow until February. The typhoid epidemic in Paris is abating. The Basuto chief Mapoch has been defeated by the chief Masupha, and is suing for peace. The balance of the South Australian loan has been subscribed for at par; and in regard to New South Wales Stock it is reported that the delay in converting our debentures into inscribed stock is creating discontent. The heavy rains in Prussia have caused a flood in the Rhine, and a stoppage of traffic. M. Gambetta has had one of his arms seriously injured through the accidental discharge of a revolver he was handling.

THE polling for East Sydney takes place to-day, at the hustings, Hyde Park; and for Newcastle, at Newcastle: and nominations for Albury, Bathurst, Camden, Newtown, and Paddington.

THE nomination for South Sydney yesterday was not so largely attended as usual, owing, no doubt, to the cold and showery weather. The following candidates were proposed:—Messrs. J. Davies, W. T. Poole, S. Burdekin, G. L. Carter, G. Withers, John Harris (Mayor), and J. D. Olliffe. The show of hands was declared by the Returning Officer, Mr. R. Fowler, to be in favour of Messrs. Olliffe, Harris, Poole, and Withers, in the order named. A full report of the proceedings will be found elsewhere. The nomination for Balmain, for which constituency there are now two vacancies, also took place yesterday. Mr. Jacob Garrard (the retiring member), Mr. W. A. Hutchinson (Mayor of Balmain), Alderman John Taylor, and Mr. William Pritchard were nominated. Each of the candidates spoke in opposition to the Ministerial Land Bill, including Mr. Garrard, who explained that he supported the second reading in Parliament with the view of having the bill amended in committee. The show of hands was in favour of Messrs. Garrard and Hutchinson. The polling will take place on Saturday. The nomination of candidates to represent the Glebe electorate in the forthcoming Parliament, took place in the Town Hall, Glebe, at noon. Sir George Wigram Allen and Mr. Michael Joseph Fitzpatrick were nominated, and the show of hands was largely in favour of Sir G. W. Allen. Mr. Fitzpatrick demanded a poll. At the nomination for Parramatta, three candidates were proposed, viz., Messrs. J. S. Farnell, Mr. C. E. Fuller, and Mr. Hugh Taylor. The show of hands was declared to be in favour of Mr. Taylor.

SEVERAL candidates for Parliamentary honours addressed meetings last evening. Mr. D. O'Connor addressed the electors of West Sydney at the Masonic Hall, and a vote of confidence in him was enthusiastically passed. The hall was densely thronged, and many people tried in vain to obtain admittance. Mr. G. H. Reid, in the course of a speech he made to a large meeting in front of the Oxford Hotel last evening, said he had it on good authority that canvassers had that day been going round to the public offices requesting the public servants to plump for Sir Henry Parkes. Mr. John Sutherland, a candidate for Redfern, addressed a large meeting at the Town Hall, Redfern. He denounced the land laws rather forcibly, and said the whole country was clamorous for an improvement on them. At the conclusion of his address he was favoured with a unanimous vote of confidence. Mr. G. R. Dibbs, who is a candidate for election as one of the representatives of the district of St. Leonards, addressed a very large meeting of the electors at the School of Arts, St. Leonards, when the usual vote of confidence in Mr. Dibbs was carried unanimously. Mr. Ebenezer Vickery, a candidate for the representation of the Paddington electorate, was warmly received at a meeting of electors of that district, held in the Paddington Municipal-chambers. Mr. Pigott addressed a meeting of the electors of Canterbury in the Ashfield School of Arts. He was given a quiet and respectful hearing, being frequently applauded

THE P. and O. Company's steamer Rosetta reached Melbourne yesterday morning, and our English mails, dated London, October 20, were despatched by special train from Melbourne at 7.15 to overtake the regular mail train, which reached Wodonga at the usual time, and the bags came on from Albury at 3 p.m., so as to reach here in time for the usual 9 a.m. delivery to-day.

THE mails for the United Kingdom will be kept open at the General Post Office up to 2 p.m., to allow as much time as possible for replies being sent to letters coming to hand via Suez. Late letters will be received for the United Kingdom at the General Post Office as usual, and at the Custom-house at 2.15 p.m.; late fee 1s., in addition to the ordinary postage.

THE public will no doubt be gratified to learn that the operations in connection with the Government diamond drills are proceeding very satisfactorily. As soon as money was appropriated for the purpose by Parliament, Dr. Renwick, the Minister for Mines, at once gave instructions for obtaining six diamond drills and eight water augers. At present there are three of the latter on a new line from Bourke, direct to Mount Poole. Each is in charge of a staff of men, who are provided with stores for 20 weeks, and the object of the Department is to put down bores at points 15 miles apart. Another boring apparatus is starting at Girilambone, in the Cobar district, and one at Grafton has bored to a depth of about 30 feet. Three of the water augers are being prepared for operations at Gulgong, Milparinka, and Junee Junction. Of the diamond drills one is to start at the Holt-Sutherland Estate, which is to make a 3½ inch bore, and to be used in search for coal. Another has been at work at Wyong Creek also in search for coal. A third drill is to be utilised near Hanging Rock, and three are being prepared for being sent to the districts in the west in search for water. A special feature about these useful instruments is that they have been made adaptable to either steam, or horse, or other power.

HIS HONOR the Primary Judge stated in court yesterday that, having regard to his requirement of security from administrators by bond with sureties in respect of real estate passing to them under the Act of 20 Victoria, No. 20, in like manner as for the due administration of personalty, and in consideration of the difficulty sometimes experienced by persons otherwise entitled to administration in finding sureties for an amount sufficient to cover the value of their intestates' real estate, he should be prepared to accept, when occasion should appear to him so to require, security to the value only of the personalty, and say one year's income from the realty, on the following condition:—The condition would be that the letters of administration granted in such cases be made subject to a special proviso precluding the intestate's real estate from being dealt with by the administrator, except to the extent of one year's renting and income, without a Judge's order made in pursuance of the 3rd section of the Act. His Honor further intimated that he should discontinue the practice hitherto pursued of personally signing probates and letters of administration. He said that the astonishing number made the task burthensome and vexatious; and he considered that, however expedient it might have been thought to give them the sanction of a Judge's signature, when the actual duty of deciding on the grants of probates and administrations was allowed to be performed by officers of the court, the course was neither necessary nor fitting, now that the Court itself acted judicially in such matters. Therefore all future instruments of probate and letters of administration would be issued under the seal of the Court and the signature of the Registrar. In estates of value exceeding £100 they would be so issued as "by Act of Court," and in estates of less value "on petition," such petition having been just endorsed with a Judge's fiat given out of court on application to him by the Registrar or Ecclesiastical Clerk.

IN the Supreme Court, yesterday, the case of Everett v. Bayliss, already tried twice, was called on, and the plaintiff was nonsuited. Perry v. the Borough of Balmain, an action for damages occasioned by the bad state of repair of Mort-street, was part heard. His Honor the Chief Justice will sum up to-morrow. The hearing of the trespass action Mow Sang v. Chisholm was resumed, and had not concluded when the Court rose. His Honor the Primary Judge dealt with a number of applications for probates and letters of administration as well as motions to pass accounts subsequently. His Honor disposed of a number of motions and general petitions in Equity.

THE Hon. Ivo Bligh and his team of English cricketers arrived, yesterday morning, by train overland from Melbourne. The leading members of the Cricketing Association were at the station to meet them, and they were driven in two four-horse drags—the professionals to the Metropolitan Hotel, the amateurs to the Exchange Hotel. A fuller report of the reception will be found in our cricket column.

IN another column will be found a full report of the case of the Marine Board v. Messrs. Howard Smith and Sons, in respect of the alleged overloading of the Leura. In the brief notice given yesterday it was inadvertently stated that the case was dismissed on technical grounds. It was, however, really dismissed because it was not supported by the evidence, and as will be seen by references to the report itself, the principal witness, whose life was alleged to have been endangered, swore that his life was not in danger, that the ship was seaworthy, that he never complained to anybody, and that the disc was not under water, as alleged. Further, it was stated by Captain Pain, to show the ship was not overloaded, that the load-line had formerly been three inches higher on the vessel's sides, but that the owners had directed it to be lowered in order to leave a good margin for any possible oversight.

YESTERDAY the weather was completely changed from what it had been for the three or four previous days. In the morning the wind blew almost a gale from the southward, and topcoats were a necessity, not only to keep out the rain, but to retain warmth in the body. Towards the afternoon the wind lulled somewhat, but rain continued to fall at intervals, and seemed to have set in. Along the coast the sea was reported to be rough, and in many of the towns in the interior rain was reported to be falling.

AT a meeting of the Associated Fat Stock Salesmen, held yesterday morning at the Post Office Cafe, for the purpose of reconsidering the question of paying a rebate commission to the Meat Preserving Company, the following motion was unanimously resolved upon:—"That the motion passed at the last meeting of the association, by which it was decided to withdraw the subsidy to the Sydney Meat Company, be now rescinded, and that a letter be written to the directors requesting them not to buy out of the market unless absolutely unavoidable, and when purchasing at the yards to do so only from the associated agents who subsidised them." At a recent meeting of the associated salesmen it was resolved to discontinue the payment of any rebate commission to the company in consequence of their having made outside purchases, and as some dissatisfaction has since been expressed by certain agents at the action taken, a special meeting was convened for yesterday, and the adoption of the above resolution took place as stated.

THE following candidates have passed the Civil Service examination, held in the country districts, on the 6th November, in connection with Sydney University:—G. J. Burnage, G. E. Grothers, Annie Digman, A. Dransfield, E. W. Fitzgerald, S. W. Haddon, Jessie E. Heath, A. M. Hill, W. S. Jacob, H. Johnson, A. G. Little, J. Love, W. Mash, D. G. M'Dougall, Caroline M'Rae, Rebecca Morton, J. Musgrave, P. P. Quinlan, A. J. P. Reynolds, J. Robin, P. T. Smith, R. Steele, Sarah F. Thorne, E. C. Watson.

WE notice that the new powder hulk, Pride of England, having completed her alterations, has been taken over by the Government, and has been towed down to Spectacle Island, where she will shortly receive on board a quantity of explosives, after which she will be towed to her permanent moorings in Middle Harbour.

IN consequence of severe and dangerous illness Mr. R. B. Smith has been unable to visit his constituents during the present general election, but resolutions have been passed to elect him in his absence. The certificate of Dr. Renwick states that Mr. R. B. Smith has been dangerously ill, and that it would be at the risk of his life if he were to attempt at present to go to the Macleay.

WE are informed that a meeting of clergymen of the Church of England was held in the Church Society's House, Phillip-street, on Tuesday last, presided over by the Dean, having for its object the consideration of the expediency of forming an association for open-air preaching. A large number of the Sydney and suburban clergy were present. After considerable discussion, in which there was a very general expression of opinion that some special efforts were required to reach the masses who do not attend any religious services, while there were differences as to the best mode of accomplishing the object, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—"That the present meeting entirely sympathises with the proposal to carry out preaching to the masses in the open air where it is found necessary and practicable, and when it can be carried out upon the lines of the Church of England." The concluding clause was understood to mean under parochial arrangement.

A CLERK named Patrick James Shoppee was yesterday, at the Central Police Court, committed to take his trial at the next Quarter Sessions on two charges of having unlawfully obtained certain moneys from the firm of George Withers and Co. by means of false pretences. It appeared from the evidence that Shoppee, having occasion on behalf of the firm to get a number of signboards painted, arranged with a man to paint them, supplying him without permission with paint from the stores in Messrs. Withers and Co.'s premises. He then drew up two fictitious bills—the work having been done in two portions—in which he charged a good price for the painting, and presenting them to the firm, obtained cheques for the amounts, to be paid ostensibly to the person who was supposed to have sent in the bills, one Melville, who had in fact no greater claim to existence than the parties in the celebrated action of Doe v. Roe. Having got the cheques, which were duly presented at the bank and cashed, Shoppee receipted the bills and paid the painter a comparatively small sum. However, the painter did not feel altogether satisfied, the more so as Shoppee had paid him less than they had bargained for; and the two meeting a quarrel ensued, and the painter then went to Messrs. Withers and Co., and inquiries being made into the matter, the fraud was laid bare.

ANDREW PENNANT, a sailor employed on the Ly-ee-Moon, was knocked down by a hawser whilst the vessel was being taken off the slip at Pyrmont yesterday morning, and sustained a fracture of the left leg. He was removed to the Infirmary.

THOMAS WALKER, who was injured on Tuesday by falling off scaffolding in King-street, died in the hospital yesterday morning, at a quarter to 5, the cause of death being the shock, complicated with hemorrhage, and dependent on some internal injury. An inquest will be held at the coroner's office to-morrow.

THE conductor of one of the Marrickville trams (John O'Rourke) fell off the car yesterday while passing along George-street West, and sustained injuries which necessitated his removal to the Infirmary. On examination it was found that he had a scalp wound on the back of his head, a blood humour over the lower part of his back, and some bruises about the lower hip. He was admitted.

AN INQUEST was held by the City Coroner yesterday, at the Observer Tavern, into the circumstances surrounding the death of a coloured seaman named Moosta Jooma, whose body on the previous day was found floating on the water near the R.M.S. Kaisar-i-Hind. Evidence was adduced showing that the deceased had been employed on the vessel in the capacity of a fireman, and that he was missed four days since. The jury returned an open verdict of found drowned.

THE *Wangaratta Dispatch* narrates the following particulars of a terrible accident which occurred at Eldorado on Thursday evening last:—"It appears a girl aged about 10 years, daughter of Mr. M'Gregor, was standing on the road when a person on horseback was passing, and before the poor girl could get out of the way the animal stumbled and fell on top of her. In stumbling the animal somehow threw up a lump of a stick four feet long and about the thickness of a man's wrist. In falling the blunt end of the stick was in contact with the horse's shoulder, the sharp end meeting the girl's right breast. The weight of the falling horse sent the stick right through the poor child's body, entering at the right breast and coming out at her back by the shoulder, and then entering the ground, pinning her to the earth. The mother of the poor girl, after several ineffectual attempts, succeeded in dragging the stick out of the poor little sufferer's body, the end being still covered with earth after coming right through, the precaution of cleaning the end before drawing it not having been thought of. So great was the force which sent the wood through the child's body that all the bark was pealed off. Dr. Haley did all in his power for the poor little sufferer, but considers the case a hopeless one."

THE following is the order of the musical service at St. Andrew's Cathedral for Thursday (Anniversary of Consecration):—Morning: Te Deum, Smart; anthem, "What are These," Stainer. Evening: Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis, Arnold in A; anthem, "Judge me, O Lord," and "I will give Thanks," Mozart's 12th Mass.

THE performance of "La Mascotte" this evening will be under the patronage, and in the presence of, the Hon. Ivo Bligh and his team of English cricketers.

OVERLAND PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

ALBURY, WEDNESDAY.

The following passed through to-day:—

For Sydney: Mr. and Mrs. G. H. S. Walpole, Mr. and Mrs. L. Thomas and child, Mrs. Burgess Watson, Miss Joseph, Miss Williams, Mrs. P. Lawrence and infant, Mr. Leeper, 2 nurses and 2 children. Major Flood Page, Miss Pearce, Miss Lumsdaine, Miss Fitzgerald, Messrs. D. A. M'Donald, A. V. Henderson, J. T. Lawson, L. A. Gilmour, T. Ryan, W. P. Green, J. W. Allen, G. Adel, D. Gee, T. Quirk, J. E. Campbell, F. Layton, J. Arnold.

For Melbourne: Messrs. F. G. Simpson, A. Amos, G. Chandler, James W. Wheeler, J. F. Byrne, F. England, W. J. Green, W. Hunter, R. Drummond, J. T. Cole, Mr. and Mrs. M. Hegarty, Miss Chard, Mr. and Mrs. H. Bennett.

THE VACANT BISHOPRIC OF SYDNEY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—Referring to the cablegram in this morning's *Herald*, in which it is stated that the offer of the Bishopric of Sydney had been declined by the Rev. Canon Fleming, I think it my duty to inform you that I am the only person authorised to make such an offer on behalf of the Diocese of Sydney, that the only person to whom I was authorised to make it was the Right Rev. Edward Parry, D.D., Bishop Suffragan of Dover, and that he is the only person to whom the offer has been made by me.—I am, &c.,

WILLIAM M. COWPER.

Deanery, November 29.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

OUR SPECIAL TELEGRAM.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

It is understood that the Government has abandoned the intention of a January session of Parliament.

THE TYPHOID EPIDEMIC IN PARIS.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

The typhoid epidemic in Paris is abating.

THE PROPHET OF THE SOUDAN.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

It is reported that Es-Senoussi, the prophet who recently raised his standard in the Soudan, has been deserted by 70,000 of his followers since the suppression of the rebellion.

THE DISTURBANCES IN BASUTOLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

The tribal war in which Mapoch and Masupha, two powerful chiefs of the north-east Transvaal, have been for some time engaged, has ended in the defeat of the former, who is now suing for peace.

THE SOUTH AUSTRALIAN LOAN.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

The balance of the 4 per cent. South Australian loan of £1,000,000 has been subscribed for.

TORIES AND THE EGYPTIAN POLICY.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

The Tory party in Parliament have arrived at the determination not to embarrass the Government by criticising their Egyptian policy.

FRANCE AND THE MALAGASY EMBASSY.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

A great deputation waited yesterday on Earl Granville, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and referring to the arrival of the fugitive Malagasy Ambassadors from Paris, and the aggressive attitude which has been assumed by France towards Madagascar, urged on Government the propriety, as well as expediency, of interposing an emphatic protest against the avowed design of France of forcing a protectorate upon a peacefully-disposed and helpless nation. The Imperial Government are manifestly anxious to avoid irritating France during the progress of the Egyptian settlement, and Earl Granville gave a guarded reply.

NEW SOUTH WALES INSCRIBED STOCK.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

Discontent is being manifested at the delay which has taken place in the conversion of the New South Wales Government debentures into inscribed stock.

THE BOERS AND THE BRITISH.

LONDON, Nov. 29.

The Boers have decided to send an envoy to England, with the object of promoting better relations with the British.

ABOLITION OF THE COURT OF VALUERS IN IRELAND.

LONDON, Nov. 29.

Yielding to pressure, the Government has decided to abolish the Court of Valuers in Ireland.

PROPOSED ENLARGEMENT OF THE SUEZ CANAL.

LONDON, Nov. 29.

It has been decided to enlarge the Suez Canal at an estimated cost of 30 million francs.

HEALTH OF M. GAMBETTA.

LONDON, Nov. 29.

M. Gambetta, who has been suffering from an attack of fever, occasioned by an accident from the discharge of a revolver, is now recovering, the fever having subsided.

THE OVERFLOW OF THE RHINE.

LONDON, Nov. 29.

The overflow of the River Rhine is the highest that has taken place during the present century. The adjacent provinces are now completely inundated.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

RAINS IN PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.

Heavy and continuous rains have fallen in Prussia, in consequence of which the Rhine has overflowed its banks, causing a total stoppage of traffic in many districts.

FRANCE AND MADAGASCAR.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

A rupture has occurred in the parleying which has been proceeding for sometime between the envoys from Madagascar and France on the subject of the latter country's action in that island, and the negotiations have been suspended. The native envoys despatched by the Queen of Madagascar, for the purpose of making representations on her behalf as to the state of affairs in that island, have arrived in London.

LONDON, Nov. 29.

In reply to a deputation which waited upon him yesterday, Earl Granville, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, stated that he was not aware of the existence of any treaty giving France the power of establishing a protectorate over the island of Madagascar.

S.S. CHIMBORAZO.

ADEN, Nov. 27.

The Orient S. N. Company's s.s. Chimborazo sailed from here for Australian ports to-day.

ACCIDENT TO M. GAMBETTA.

PARIS, Nov. 28.

M. Gambetta, whilst handling a revolver, accidentally pulled the trigger, and the shot discharged ploughed the whole length of his arm. He is now suffering from fever.

THE PROCEDURE BILL.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

The Procedure Bill is still being debated in the House of Commons, and the thirteenth of the new resolutions has been adopted.

PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

Parliament will be formally prorogued on Friday until February, when it will again meet.

THE COST OF THE BRITISH OCCUPATION OF EGYPT.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Gladstone introduced the Supplementary Estimates for the expenses of the occupation of Egypt till October, amounting to £1,060,000. Hereafter the Egyptian Government pays the cost of the occupation. The total expenses of the war, which has been incurred by England and India, amounts to £4,500,000.

ARABI'S CONNECTION WITH THE MASSACRES.

CAIRO, Nov. 28.

After careful consideration of the evidence taken before the Committee of Inquiry, the Earl of Dufferin has come to the conclusion that it does not sufficiently establish Arabi's connection with the late massacres and incendiarism. He has therefore advised the Egyptian Government to drop the counts of the indictment which refer to those charges.

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY ELECTION.

LONDON, Nov. 29.

As was expected, the completed returns of the polling for Cambridge University election show a large majority for the Hon. Cecil Raikes.

ALARMING STATE OF AFFAIRS IN DUBLIN.

THE "CURFEW" CLAUSE ENFORCED

[BY CABLE.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 28.

Mr. Field, one of the jury who convicted one of the brothers Walsh recently, when entering his residence in Dublin last night, was attacked from behind by two men, and stabbed with swords in six places. The assassins escaped in a car which was waiting for them.

LATER.

An immense concourse of persons of all classes in Dublin followed the body of Cox, the detective who was murdered on Saturday night by Fenians, to the grave, the event assuming the proportions of a great public funeral.

A panic of dread pervades the city of Dublin in consequence of the late atrocious murders and the revival of lawlessness generally, it being known that several Fenian firebrands are terrorising in all directions for the purpose of paralysing the administration of justice and securing funds for the brotherhood.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Intelligence is to hand from Dublin of another attempted murder. One of the jurymen in the late Hynes trial was proceeding along the road, when he was attacked by a party of men who drove up in a car, and when they came up to him alighted and stabbed him savagely, leaving him for dead. They then remounted the car and drove off. The injured man is sinking rapidly, with no hopes of his recovery.

Further particulars state that a bailiff who witnessed the occurrence tried to prevent the escape of the murderers, and he also was stabbed. The perpetrators of the crime managed to effect their retreat, and up to the present have not been captured.

Nov. 28.

In consequence of the frequency of crimes and deeds of violence, the Dublin police have been largely augmented, and the constables armed with revolvers.

The Dublin juryman who was attacked by a party of men yesterday, now lies in a moribund state, and no hope is entertained of his recovery. There is reason to believe that the perpetrators of the outrage are members of the gang which attacked the detectives on Saturday.

Nov. 29.

Owing to the recent renewal of outrages in Dublin, the "Curfew" clause of the Coercion Act, which provides that no person shall be abroad at night after a certain hour without a permit from the authorities, is being stringently enforced in that city.

The Government has issued a proclamation offering a reward of £5000 for information which shall lead to the conviction of the murderers of the juryman on Monday last.

INTERCOLONIAL NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

VICTORIA.

MELBOURNE, WEDNESDAY.

A meeting of the Victoria Champagne Company was held to-day to place the unallotted shares, numbering 400, on the market, and to clear off the overdraft. The company has over 7000 dozen in the cellars ready for market next month. Mr. L. L. Smith mentioned that an order of 5000 dozen had been received from a large wine salesman in London.

At a meeting of the Harbour Trust, to-day, it was resolved to petition the Assembly, calling attention to the lamentable deficiency in wharfage accommodation, and praying for an extension of the powers of the trust in order that they might provide for the rapidly increasing wants of the port.

The case of Clarton v. Strongman, where defendant, a solicitor, was sued for compromising an action against the wishes of his client, has been decided practically in favour of defendant.

The tender of S. Bryant Lowe, at £9952 for the erection of a lighthouse on Cliffy Island has been accepted.

The torpedo which was lost from H.M.S. Nelson during practice on Monday was recovered this evening.

The tender of James Paterson has been accepted for the supply of 60,000 tons coal for the Victorian railways at Melbourne at 19s. 6d. per ton; and of Huddart Parker and Co., for 20,000 tons at Geelong at 21s. per ton. One of the conditions attached to Paterson's contract is that the coal shall be either screened Wallsend, Old Lambton, or Newcastle Company's coal, and that supplied by Huddart Parker and Company, from one of the above companies or the Co-operative Company's mine. The Western Port Coal Company have informed the Minister for Railways that 300 tons are now at the pit's mouth ready for removal. A large number of miners have been engaged with the view of offering the coal in larger quantities and with greater expedition.

A Caledonian fair, the object of which is to liquidate debt of £6000 on the West Melbourne Presbyterian Church, was opened by the Mayor in the Town Hall to-day.

A Parliamentary rifle match, held in connection with the Rifle Association meeting, took place to-day. There were only eight competitors. The match was won by Woods, who scored 42 out of a possible 50. Mason was second, and Williams third.

The Senate of the University agreed in committee to-day to a proposal to reduce the number of "pass" subjects in the first examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts to four. A long discussion took place on the proposal that it be optional for candidates for the same degree to take French or German languages and literature, instead of Greek. The discussion was finally further adjourned.

Sir Bryan O'Loghlen, who was suddenly seized with an attack of dizziness whilst speaking on the Land Bill in the Assembly this evening, is believed to be suffering from overwork in the public departments.

It is understood that Mr. Anderson purposes moving in the Legislative Council, whilst the Railway Bill is under consideration, that a new clause be inserted, the effect of which will be to limit the annual expenditure on railway construction, such limit not to be exceeded except by consent of Parliament.

An action was commenced in the Supreme Court to-day, in which Cornelius Power, lately an engine-driver on the Victorian railways, sues the Board of Land and Works for damages and injuries sustained, owing to the engine he was driving having come into collision with another engine at Tallarook station in July of last year. The plaintiff alleges that the mishap occurred in consequence of a defect in the machinery rendering him unable to stop his engine.

In the Equity Court to-day the case of Clark v. Andrews came on. The plaintiff was executor of the

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Hon. John Neville, who died in February last, leaving property to the executor in trust to give two medals annually of the value of £20 each to the Sydney and Melbourne Universities, to be awarded to students for proficiency in certain branches. The action was brought to recover possession of shares and debentures of the value of £400 belonging to Neville, but which the defendant claimed that Neville gave to his wife. The case is not concluded.

An auctioneer named Buckhurst was fined £20 and costs at the Emerald Hill Police Court this morning for carrying on business without a license. The defendant's partner in business had a license, but this did not meet the requirements of the law, and the Bench had no alternative but to inflict the minimum penalty. The maximum penalty is £100. Another auctioneer, named Mills, was similarly fined under identically the same circumstances. The information was laid by common informers, who receive half the fines. Proceedings, it is said, will be taken in nearly a score of other cases.

The sitting of the Education Commission to-day was devoted to hearing the news of a deputation representing the Bible in State Schools League. It was urged that the programme of the league should be adopted by all Protestant denominations in the colony. The introduction of Bible reading into the State schools was not to interfere in the least with the essential principles of the National system of education, but they simply wanted a system of moral and undenominational teaching based on the Bible.

QUEENSLAND.

BRISBANE, WEDNESDAY.

The Premier arrived at Cairns last night, and was entertained at a very successful banquet. The hon. gentleman was received with great enthusiasm. Mr. Archer arrived at Townsville last night, and intends going on to Charters Towers to-morrow.

The Charters Towers railway is to be opened on Monday. All the festivities connected with the opening are to be at the Towers. The Premier is expected at Townsville on Saturday.

A man named Monk, was accidentally knocked down the hold of the Roma (s.), yesterday, and died in the hospital the same evening.

The schooner Isabella Gollan went ashore at Walker's Point a few miles south of Cooktown, but was got off the rocks this afternoon, and returned to Cooktown. The damage is presumed to be trifling, as the vessel is making very little water.

Harry Bertram, a Government auctioneer at Bundaberg, has been arrested on a charge of embezzling £140. He pleaded guilty, and was committed for trial.

The Cingalese difficulty at Bundaberg remains unsettled. The men refuse to recognise the agreements.

The Comet claim at Maytown cleaned up 216 tons for 594oz.

It was raining during the greater part of last night, and the sky was cloudy and threatening all day.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

ADELAIDE, WEDNESDAY.

An influential committee has been formed for the reception of the Australian Eleven.

At the last meeting of the City Council to-day, previous to the elections on the 1st proximo, the Mayor was the recipient of a hearty vote of thanks, the aldermen and councillors speaking in laudatory terms of his Worship.

News has been received from Farina that the Great Northern Railway line has been washed away in eight different places, and it is not yet known whether the train got there yesterday.

The balance of the South Australian loan has been subscribed for at par. The Treasurer had previously declined an offer from an English syndicate to take it if allowed 1 per cent. commission.

Walter Thompson, a very old colonist, well known in agricultural circles, is dead.

The Government are taking special steps to bring the regulations with regard to nominated immigrants before the people here, with a view of promoting that class of immigration.

It is unlikely that the University authorities here will insist upon Mr. Morris carrying out his engagement.

The Dean of Adelaide has issued circulars inviting the clergy of the diocese to advocate temperance principles.

Mr. T. G. Waterhouse, of London, has subscribed £150 towards the building fund of the Semaphore Institute.

A little girl named Weidenbach, with a boy named Summers, fell into the Torrens Lake from the Exhibition landing stage this afternoon. The girl was rescued by Mr. Prevost, but the boy was drowned.

Samuel Reeve, on a charge of embezzlement, laid by the Port Wakefield Shipping Company, was to-day committed for trial at the Supreme Court. Several fresh charges were laid. Prisoner reserved his defence. Bail refused.

It is understood that Mr. J. H. Angas has sold to a private company a number of his Northern runs, comprising freehold property, between 45,000 and 50,000 acres at Remarkable, and leasehold runs at Stuart's Creek, Wirrialpa, Arrowie, and Whittata, altogether an area of about 9000 square miles. The purchasers take all the sheep, about 70,000 head, about 15,000 head of horses and cattle. The price has not transpired, but it is believed to be between £300,000 and £350,000.

It is expected that the Australian Eleven will play Ivo Bligh's team on the Adelaide oval. The only difficulty appears to be the fixing of a suitable date. The match will probably take place during the first or second week in January.

At a meeting held this afternoon at the late Mr. Townsend's office, a resolution was passed expressive of the high sense of the late Mr. Townsend's invaluable services to the community, also remarking that it was impossible to measure the extent of good he had accomplished. A copy was directed to be sent to Mrs. Townsend.

PARLIAMENT OF VICTORIA.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MELBOURNE, WEDNESDAY.

In the Assembly to-day, Mr. Berry asked the Treasurer whether he had received a telegram from the Agent-General, explaining the reason of the failure of the South Australian Loan. Sir Bryan O'Loghlen replied that a telegram had been received, but it contained no information beyond that which had already been published. He (Sir B. O'Loghlen, thought that the failure of the loan was due to the minimum being fixed too high and the insufficient notice given. He believed that South Australia could double or treble the amount if she went the proper way about it. Mr. Kerferd considered the failure of the loan as owing to par being asked for a 4 per cent. loan, and expressed the hope that the Treasurer would not deem himself bound by any pledge given in the House to fix the minimum not below par. It was important, in order to obtain a good position to redeem the debentures following in May or October, that the Treasurer should be free to adopt any course he thought advisable. Sir Bryan O'Loghlen said it might be necessary to exercise discretion about par, and he promised to give the subject careful consideration. At present, however, he saw no reason why par or something higher might not be obtained. The time devoted to private members' business was occupied by the Tramway Bill. Subsequently the debate on the Land Bill was resumed by Mr. Berry. Considerable interest was manifested as to the position he would assume in regard to the leasing scheme. The hon. member was very cautious, and declined to commit himself to the scheme until a definite public opinion existed on the subject. Meanwhile he was prepared to vote against the Government bill. He believed the system of free selection before survey was good in itself, and he was disposed to think that where it had failed the fault was due not to the law itself, but to defective administration. There was one reason why he refrained from adopting the licensing scheme which had been taken up by the younger and more enthusiastic members of his party, and that was that he feared it might be misunderstood by the country, and that its defeat might lead to the adoption of the Government bill. He considered that the measure, instead of correcting the existing evils, would exaggerate them. Sir Bryan O'Loghlen rose to reply, but after a few sentences, apologised to the House, being unable to proceed, and resumed his seat. Mr. Bolton continued the debate, which was subsequently adjourned.

In the Legislative Council the Railway Bill was further considered in committee. A large number of subsections of clause 3, specifying the proposed lines, were further postponed, with the object of calling evidence. Several lines, principally in Gippsland, were passed, but it is probable that some will be re-committed. Professional witnesses were examined with regard to several other proposed lines. The bill to amend the Diseases in Stock Act, introduced in the Legislative Council by Mr. Cumming, was circulated this evening. The chief object of the measure is to abolish the compulsory guaranteeing of stock coming here from other colonies, and to allow such stock to be landed at once if passed by the inspectors.

CIVIC PROGRESS IN ADELAIDE.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ADELAIDE, WEDNESDAY.

The Mayor's report, presented at the meeting of the City Council to-day, showed that the total receipts were £83,131, the expenditure £84,760. The bonded debt amounted to £84,700. The report of the Hydraulic Engineer in reference to the statement recently made as to some drainage pipes being too small, shows by calculations based on valuable statistics as to area, population, and rainfall, that the pipes are capable of carrying off from six to 15 times the quantity likely to be discharged into them at present. The report further states that the smells arising from the ventilators are due to the want of sufficient sewage to prevent occasional stagnation, and that this will be remedied when the whole system is fully applied. It was shown that 33,000 square yards of tar paving had been laid down during the year, and 20,105 tons of metal placed on the roads. The present mileage of the city streets is 64½ miles. The lamps now lit number 667. The assessment for 1883 will be £187,211, an increase on the previous year of £81,148. The birth rate for the year ending September 30th, was 36·325, and the death rate 21·8. In the matter of public reserves, 64,100 trees are now growing in the parks and plantations of the Corporation, 13,100 having been planted during the year.

The Mayor, in the course of his remarks, stated that a rate of 4d. for drainage would be now sufficient in lieu of the present rate, and the Government would be requested to make a reduction.

COUNTRY NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

NEWCASTLE, WEDNESDAY.

The usual half-yearly meeting of the Newcastle Steamship Company has just been held. A very satisfactory report was adopted; the usual 10 per cent. dividend being declared.

It has been raining nearly all day. The weather is now changing to cold.

District Court Judge Dowling gave an important decision to-day as to the payment of rates upon houses built upon the Commonage. The Hamilton Municipality sued a party named Marchant for £1 8s. as a test case. The defendant pleaded through Mr. Moore that as the land upon which the house was built belonged to the Crown the municipality had no right to assess it. His Honor ruled that the fact of defendant being actually in occupation of the house was quite sufficient to render him liable to pay the rates, and that it was no business of the municipality to enquire into the title or lease under which such occupation was held. His Honor gave Mr. Moore the privilege to appeal if he thought proper.

GLEN INNES, WEDNESDAY.

It is raining in torrents.

ROCKY MOUTH, WEDNESDAY.

A fine shower passed over the Grafton district, extending to Rocky Mouth downwards, this afternoon.

Rocky Mouth telegraph station was connected with Clarence Peak to-day by wire, and now only awaits an operator.

Mr. Brooks, in charge of the Observatory, has commenced work nightly, but the weather so far has been rather cloudy.

GUNNEDAH, WEDNESDAY.

There was another splendid fall of rain last night; over an inch fell. The weather is close and muggy. Prospects are most encouraging for the remainder of the summer. The rain was heavier at Narrabri, Walgett, Goodooga, and Brewarrina.

The store stock market is brisk.

The Namoi River is falling.

TAMWORTH, WEDNESDAY.

The weather is unsettled and showery every day. It rained from about 2 a.m. to 8 a.m. incessantly, and at times heavily. The sky cleared during the day, but it commenced again to pour heavily at about 5 p.m., and it is still raining.

FORBES, WEDNESDAY.

The body of a man was found, with his throat cut, near the river. The jury returned an open verdict; but the opinion of the medical man was that the man had been murdered, as he had a severe wound on the forehead. He is not known here; but an empty purse was found on the body, and letters addressed William Tew, North Gippsland.

Very heavy rain fell last night, lasting several hours.

CANNONBAR, WEDNESDAY.

Captain Datson, late manager of the Girilambone copper mine, died yesterday. Deceased was 64 years of age, and had been ailing for some time past; his death, therefore, was not altogether unexpected. His remains were followed to the grave by a great number of people.

It is intended to commence smelting at the mines in a few days. Grand returns are anticipated.

A Court of Petty Sessions has been established here, and Constable Atkinson has been appointed clerk for the same.

The weather is hot, but grass and water are in abundance.

COBAR, WEDNESDAY.

A heavy thunderstorm and downpour of rain occurred yesterday afternoon. The lightning struck the wires and entered the telegraph office, coruscating round the machinery and disappearing with a loud report down the earth wire. The battery was off at the time, and no one was hurt.

Heavy rain fell again this morning, making 84 points from yesterday to 9 this morning. All the tanks on the road from Nyngan to Cobar are full to overflowing, and the country in all this neighbourhood is saturated.

The weather is still promising more rain.

NYMAGEE, WEDNESDAY.

The weather is now showery, with every indication of a repetition of last Tuesday's downpour.

WELLINGTON, WEDNESDAY.

A very heavy shower fell on Monday. In three hours 110 points were registered. Last night it rained steadily, and 95 points were registered.

The Quarter Sessions should have begun to-day, but there is neither Judge nor Crown prosecutor, who are detained at Molong.

MOUNT M'DONALD, WEDNESDAY.

Heavy rain fell last night, 168 points being registered.

WEST MAITLAND, WEDNESDAY.

It has been raining all day.

GOULBURN, WEDNESDAY.

The condemned criminal Cunningham was hanged this morning at 9 o'clock. Death was instantaneous. He passed a bad night, and did not sleep at all.

COOTAMUNDRA, WEDNESDAY.

Very heavy rain fell yesterday—over an inch in a few hours. The races are postponed until to-morrow. To-day is beautifully fine and cool. The hay crop will suffer considerably through the rain, as it was only partially harvested.

NOWRA, WEDNESDAY.

Splendid rain fell during last night, and the weather is still cloudy and threatening. The Shoalhaven races have in consequence been postponed till Thursday and Friday.

TUMUT, WEDNESDAY.

A terrific storm of wind and rain passed over the district yesterday afternoon. The belt of the disturbance was narrow, but great havoc was done to gardens and orchards in its path. Trees were uprooted, large buildings blown down or unroofed, sheets of iron being torn and twisted like paper. The rain has filled out the wheat splendidly, and strengthened the corn and tobacco, but has damaged a little hay.

JERILDERIE, WEDNESDAY.

There is great rejoicing over the fact of Owen and Co.'s tender having been accepted for the Narrandera-Jerilderie Railway.

STIMULANTS and insufficient amount of exercise frequently derange the liver. Eno's Fruit Salt is peculiarly adapted for any weakness of the liver. A world of woes is avoided by those who keep and use Eno's Fruit Salt. "All our customers for Eno's Fruit Salt would not be without it upon any consideration, they having received so much benefit from it."—Wood Brothers, chemists, Jersey, 1878. Price, 2s 9d and 4s 6d. Sold by all chemists. Caution: Legal rights are protected in every civilised country. Examine each bottle, and see the capsule is marked "Eno's Fruit Salt." Without it, you have been imposed on by worthless imitations. Sold by all chemists. Price, 2s 9d and 4s 6d. Directions in sixteen languages "How to Prevent Disease." Prepared only at Eno's Fruit Salt Works, Hatcham, London, S. E., by J. C. Eno's Patent.—[ADVT.]

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

THE TURF.

Racing men are reminded that the general entry for the Tattersall's Annual Race Meeting to be held at Randwick on New Year's Day is to close with the secretary, Mr. James Perry, at Tattersall's, at 4 p.m. to-day. At the same time nominations must be made with Mr. T. S. Clibborn for the events which are to be run under the auspices of the A. J. C. on Boxing Day. One sovereign will nominate for each of the events to be run at the meetings mentioned, and numerous entries are expected. Rupert has been scratched for the Summer Cup, and the following horses have been withdrawn from Tattersall's Cup: Proctor, Comet, Rupert, Tillimby, Lord Burghley, and Kathleen Mavourneen.

The following are the complete scratchings for the A. J. C. Summer Cup up to date:—Proctor, Creswick, Lord Burghley, Comet, Master Avenel, Balmoral, Strathearn, Rupert, Flying Jib, Lord of the Lake, Godiva, and Aide-de-Camp. Tillimby has been scratched for the Anniversary Handicap. Silver Arrow has been so freely backed for the Summer Cup that 6 to 1 is now the best offer to money.

If horses are scratched for the December Stakes and the Summer Cup before 4 p.m. to-day, no liability will be incurred.

CRICKET.

THE ALL-ENGLAND ELEVEN.

The Hon. Ivo Bligh and his comrades arrived yesterday morning from Melbourne by the mail train. Notwithstanding the early hour of the train's arrival, the leading members of the New South Wales Cricketing Association were at the station to receive them. Having briefly welcomed the visitors, they were driven in two four-horse drags to their quarters—the amateur portion of the eleven to the Exchange and the professionals to the Metropolitan. Owing to the rainy weather, they did not visit the ground in the morning, but in the afternoon they braved the weather, and a majority of them indulged in practice at the nets, their movements being keenly watched and criticised by a fair sprinkling of spectators. The sodden condition of the turf did not admit of the exhibition of "taking" cricket, but sufficient was seen to convince the on-lookers that they are a fine lot of batsmen. Mr. Bligh, whose hand has not yet sufficiently recovered from the injury he sustained on board the Peshawur, was among the bowlers who gave the batsmen practice. The style of Mr. C. T. Studd was much admired, and it was noticed how very strong he is on the leg side. Indeed, in that respect, all those who batted yesterday betrayed a strong *penchant* for anything to leg. Mr. G. B. Studd is also a very neat player, but apparently lacks the power of his brother. W. Leslie shaped well, and Mr. A. G. Steel batted in a manner which suggests havoc to bowling averages, and Mr. Vernon wields his bat like a workman. Mr. W. W. Read, with not so taking a style, plays good cricket. After over an hour at the nets, the members of the Association and many of our leading cricketers assembled in the committee room, when Mr. Bligh and his team were formally welcomed to New South Wales and their healths drunk in bumpers of champagne. Mr. R. Teece, in the absence of any of the vice-presidents, in a brief speech alluded to the great benefit cricket in the colonies had derived from these periodical visits from the cricketers of England, and as they had improved in the past by the high standard of cricket exhibited by the English elevens, he hoped that the visit of Mr. Bligh and his fellow-cricketers would have a similarly elevating effect upon colonial cricket. He concluded by cordially welcoming the English Eleven, assuring them that the New South Wales cricketers would do all in their power to make their stay a pleasant one. The toast was received with cheers. Mr. Bligh, in response, stated that they had everywhere been received with the greatest kindness and hospitality. He was extremely gratified with the warmth of the welcome they had received at the hands of the New South Wales cricketers, but he could not say as much for the warmth of the weather.

ENGLAND V. NEW SOUTH WALES.

All the arrangements for the match to-morrow on the Association Ground between the All-England Eleven and eleven of New South Wales are well nigh complete, and with fine weather a grand display of cricket may be safely anticipated. Our men are in good batting form, and are by no means weak in bowling, for it must be remembered there is the right arm of Evans to lead the attack. Though on paper victory seems to incline to the visitors, our men do not in the least despair, and no doubt they will make a gallant bid for winning honours. The New South Wales team met yesterday afternoon in the pavilion for the purpose of electing a captain, and the chosen one was Mr. Powell, the popular skipper of the University eleven. Our men could not have made a better choice, as Mr. Powell has experience, coolness, and discernment, the three great necessary qualifications for a captain, and as he is an extraordinary lucky cricketer, fortune may still be kind and return him a victorious commander. The English Eleven will be Messrs. C. T. Studd, G. B. Studd, W. W. Read, G. F. Vernon, C. F. H. Leslie, E. F. S. Tylecote, A. G. Steel, Bates, Barlow, Barnes, and Morley. The last-named, it may be mentioned, has not quite recovered from the severe shock he received in the collision between the Peshawur and a barque in the Indian Ocean. Mr. W. Goddard will act as umpire for the Englishmen, while Mr. James Swift will perform like duties for our representatives.

The Wellesley and Christchurch clubs met for the first time this season on the ground of the former, at Burwood, when the Wellesleys scored a win. For the Wellesleys, Alsop 17, Hardy 10, in the first innings, and Hurst 61, in the second innings, were the principal scorers; while for the Christchurch, Bennett 15 was the only one who reached double figures. The scores were—Wellesleys, first innings, 46; second innings, 93. Christchurch, first innings, 45; second innings, seven for 14.

The first eleven of the Britannia and Liverpool Clubs met at Liverpool on Saturday last, and resulted in an easy victory for the latter by 20 runs. The scores were—Liverpool, 65; Britannia, 35. Owing to the excellent bowling of Jones and Spence, none of the visitors reached double figures; the latter obtaining five wickets for 11 runs. W. H. Goodman and H. Wheeler were the chief contributors with the bat for the local team, scoring 28 and 19 respectively.

The 2nd Osbornes and Liverpool 2nd met at Liverpool on Saturday last, the result being an easy victory for the latter by 53 runs. The scores were—Osbornes 33, and Liverpool 85. Seaton, for the former, played very well for 16, while E. Wheeler and J. Antill played in fine form for the latter team, scoring 26 and 19 respectively. W. R. Goodman trundled in fine form for the latter obtaining 9 wickets for 13 runs.

A match between the North Sydney and Balmain Waratah Clubs was played at the latter's ground on Saturday last, the result being a win for the North Sydneys by 14 runs. The scores were—North Sydney, 56 (O'Hara 28), (Kay 15); Waratahs, 42. W. Smith and Kay bowled successfully for the winners, and the wicket-keeping of Tripp is worthy of mention.

The Victoria and Rugby Clubs met on the ground of the latter, and a very good game resulted in an easy victory for the Victoria by three wickets and 2 runs. For the winners G. Crisp played a sterling innings for 35, which included a 6, a 5 three 3's, four 2's, and the rest singles, he was well assisted by C. Callaway, who obtained 22; while the batting for the losers was performed by Connell, A. R. Gregory, and Morris, with 28, 11, and 11 respectively, while the bowling was entrusted to C. Callaway for the winners, and for the losers was divided between Turner, M'Coy, and Daws. The scores were: Rugby C.C., 76, and Victoria C.C., 78 for 7 wickets.

A one-innings match between the Alexandria and Waverley Clubs was played at Double Bay on Saturday last, resulting in an easy victory for the former by six wickets and 24 runs. The visitors went first to the wickets, and put together a total of 53, Dole and Ireland contributing 25 and 13 respectively by good play. The local team quickly mastered the bowling of their opponents, and when time was called had made 77 with the loss of four wickets, Smithers and Gale playing well for 19 each, and T. Van Heekeran 16. Ellis and Macintosh bowled in fine form for the Alexandrias, M'Donald being the most successful trundler for Waverley.

BOWLING.

On Saturday, 25th instant, a friendly match was played on the Redmyre green, between the City and Union Recreation Clubs, which was won by the City Club. Although the visitors were successful on this occasion, it was universally admitted by them that the play of the local team was excellent, and that it was by no means an easy victory. The following were the scores:—

CITY CLUB.—No. 1 Rink.		UNION CLUB—No. 1 Rink.	
Leader—Mr. G. T. Evans...		Leader—Mr. Wild ...	
Scorer—Mr. T. C. Hinchcliff		Scorer—Mr. G. Todman ...	
Measurer—Mr. R. N. Sadleir		Measurer—Mr. G. Hardie...	
Captain—Mr. A. Forsyth ...	32	Captain—Mr. T. B. Rolin...	23
No. 2 Rink.		No. 2 Rink.	
Leader—Mr. J. Johnston ...		Leader—Mr. J. Vernon ...	
Scorer—M. J. Cutter ...		Scorer—Mr. W. Newman...	
Measurer—Mr. U. W. Carpenter		Measurer—Mr. J. Williams	
Captain—Mr. J. Forsyth ...	42	Captain—Mr. D. Vernon ...	24
No. 3 Rink.		No. 3 Rink.	
Leader—Mr. I. Dunshea ...		Leader—Mr. L. Myles ...	
Scorer—Mr. G. M. Miller ...		Scorer—Mr. D. Kircaldie ...	
Measurer—Mr. J. R. Hamilton		Measurer—M. G. Cowdery	
Captain—Mr. H. S. Bird ...	32	Captain—Mr. A. C. Johnson	24
Total points ...	106	Total points ...	71

Won by the City Club by 35 points.

After the play was over the teams assembled in the pavilion, and the health of the winning team was proposed and responded to by Mr. A. Forsyth, the president of the City Club, who expressed his opinion that the Union was the coming club, and that the City Club would have to look to its laurels. The toast of the health of the members of the Union Club and that of the worthy president (Mr. John Dawson) having been enthusiastically acknowledged, the visitors left for Sydney, highly pleased with their hospitable reception and the enjoyable afternoon they had spent in the charming suburb of Redmyre.

RIFLE SHOOTING.

On Saturday last the long-talked-of competition between the honorary members of No. 1 Company, 1st Regiment V.R. (old force), took place on the Paddington Range, for the three trophies presented by Captain John Cooper. The close finish showed that the gentleman entrusted with the handicapping had gauged the quality of the shooters fairly well. Conditions—Seven shots at each range; no sighting shots; blind handicap:—

	500 yards.		600 yards.		Handicap.		Total.
Mr. John Stuart Mason, 1st prize...	27	...	28	...	4	—	59
Mr. Herbert Mann, 2nd prize ...	23	...	20	...	14	—	57
Mr. A. Pelham Wood, 3rd prize ...	23	...	20	...	14	—	57
Mr. James Mitchell	32	...	24	...	0	—	56
Hon. John Marks, M.L.C.... ..	31	...	18	...	5	—	54
Mr. Robert Marks	27	...	20	...	7	—	54
Mr. F. C. Trebeck	19	...	25	...	5	—	49
Mr. Barlee	17	...	22	...	7	—	46

Our Grafton correspondent telegraphs that a gentleman in the district has offered to back E. C. Laycock, and find £200, to row Rush on Clarence waters. It is understood Rush signifies acceptance. All depends upon the decision of Laycock, who has been communicated with.

BORDEAUX WINE EXHIBITION.

Mr. Augustus Morris, honorary secretary of the New South Wales committee for the Wine Exhibition, has courteously handed to us for publication copies of the following letters, received by the committee from the Hon. the Colonial Secretary:—

"5, Westminster Chambers, Victoria-street, S.W.,
"5th October, 1882.

"Sir,—I have the honour to forward, for your information, copy of a letter addressed to me by Mr. Bonnard on the 22nd ultimo, having reference to the result of the jury appointed to examine the colonial wines at the Bordeaux Exhibition. "I have, &c.,
"SAUL SAMUEL.
"The Honorable the Chief Secretary, Sydney."

"Bordeaux, Sept. 22, 1882.

"Sir,—I have had the honour to receive, in due time, the kind letter which you were pleased to favour me with on the 8th instant, and I now pray you to accept my respectful thanks for the contents of that letter.

"Since then most of my time has been taken in preparing the exhibits for the jury, and consequently submitting them. The jury appointed by the Société Philomathique began its operations on the 10th instant, and finished with our wines on the 20th, in the afternoon. I had the honour to telegraph to you on that day that the general result could be accepted as very satisfactory for our colony. I must, however, add that the wines which have obtained the highest marks are to be submitted to a second examination later on, so that we can hardly say the matter is closed. So far, we have obtained eight recommendations for gold medals, 15 for silver medals—that is to say the jury has given to our exhibitors such marks as will entitle them to the medals above mentioned, but there is nothing decided as yet by the Société Philomathique about granting medals or certificates. Our red wines are considered as very superior to the white. Our highest marks for red have been from 21 to 23, the highest mark obtainable being 25; but for our white wines I could not prevail upon the jury to allow us above 18, and we have obtained that result in one instance only, the next being 16. However, from 16 to 20 entitle the grantees to silver medals. I wish I could have taken upon myself to withdraw a good many samples; the average mark of the colony would have been much higher. As it is, we average about 11, the maximum being 25, and the minimum nil. The members of the jury were very severe and hard to please, and you will be surprised to hear that several European countries, and some districts of Spain have had to suffer very much. As it is, the New South Wales wines have superior marks to those obtained by the Navarre and the provinces of Valence, Sagunto in Spain, by the kingdom of Servia, by the wines from Roumelia and some parts of Italy and Hungary, and also by the Republic of Chili.

"The jury is now going on with the wines from Victoria, but I have not been able to ascertain with what results as yet. I must say that the jury desire that its decisions should not be known by outsiders, and the President of the Société has requested that no information whatever be given to the press until the final results are settled.

"It will certainly please you to know that the new wines from 1882 are amongst those which have obtained some of the highest marks, and I believe some important orders will be sent shortly to the colony to secure their shipment by one of the Bordeaux steamers.

"The whole of the jurors were very enthusiastic about wines, and the most competent expressed themselves as confident of the great future reserved to the colonial wines trade and industry.

"I have had the honour to send you, a few days ago, a copy of a Bordeaux paper, giving an account of my second lecture on New South Wales, and also the account of the last sitting of the French National Congress of Geography. I desire to call your attention on the motion I made, to the effect that in the interests of the colonisation *Oceanie*, and for the sake of moral geography, no more convicts should be sent by France to New Caledonia.

"I met with a great deal of opposition. It was even proposed that there should be no discussion at all. The delegate of the Minister of Marine submitted that the Congress was not prepared for such an important question, but the Commandant De la Richerie, late Governor of New Caledonia, supported me very warmly, with several other members; so that ultimately it was decided to reject the motion, but to retain it on the records of the Congress, to be brought forward again next year.

"Mr. De la Richerie told me he will take it in hand, and asked me to provide him with every available official and other information from Sydney to prove that no British colony had ever been successfully founded with the convict element, such as the one sent by France to Neumea.

"I feel very pleased at having started the first bell, and hope it will lead to a prompt and proper study of the question by the French authorities. Some local papers here have thought proper to tell me that, representing here English interests, I should abstain from discussing French questions, but I consider that on this point the interests of both nations are exactly alike, and I replied further that my motion was made in the interests of the geography, moral and politic, as well as physical of the world.

"I expect the printer of the French edition of "N. S. Wales in 1881" will have delivered to me the 1000 copies ordered towards the beginning of October. They do work very slowly here. As soon as they are received, I will send copies to each Chamber of Commerce in France, Belgium, Holland, and Switzerland, as agreed with the Hon. F. M. Darley. The postage on each copy is rather high, being 60 cents. I beg to remind you that I have not been provided with any funds as yet to cover the expenses connected with the printing, &c., &c., of that book, the account for which I have, however, not yet received from the publisher. I ordered about 60 copies to be half bound, for presentation to certain authorities, and I have the honour to send you one of these by this day's mail, with the letter enclosed herewith.

"The colony of Victoria does not intend to remain behind us, and I am told that a pamphlet referring to that colony is now being printed for distribution to the extent of not less than 5000 copies, besides other volumes, such as the year-book, and various statistics, being also offered to any man of standing. The hon. the Agent-General for Victoria has lately sent to the Executive Secretary 100 photographic views of his colony. The whole of these have been framed, and are now exhibited in the Victorian Court. The Government of South Australia has also sent to his representative very large maps of that colony; but I believe the New South Wales Court is, after all, the most attractive of all, although we have only a few photographs and smaller maps. It is intended to close the exhibition early in November, when the Société Philomathique having obtained good proceeds from the exhibition since its opening, is likely to conduct the closing ceremonies and festivals on a great scale. It is said that three of the leading members of the Ministry will be present.

"Allow me to express a wish that you might find time to come to Bordeaux also with the Hon. F. M. Darley, to see by yourself what has been done, to hear the opinions of the people, and assist at the distribution of the recompenses.

"In accordance with previous correspondence, I intend to leave for Spain in about 10 days or a week's time. I will go to Paris and Champagne, and perhaps in Burgundy about Monday or Tuesday, returning here on the 1st of October. The weather is so unpropitious that the vintage this year all over France and Spain, is likely to be poor and bad, and it will also be much later than usual in the year.
"I have, &c., "HENRY BONNARD,
"Executive Secretary for the Colony of New South Wales at Bordeaux.
"The Honorable Sir Saul Samuel, K.C.M.G., Agent-General for New South Wales, London."

MINING INTELLIGENCE.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

MOUNT M'DONALD, WEDNESDAY.

Grant's Amalgamated Company have just finished a trial crushing from a new place; 12 tons of stone yielded 1oz. 4dwt. per ton. The reef is over two feet wide. The stone was crushed at the Association Battery. Much indignation here amongst the miners, owing to a fresh injunction being placed on Patterson and party's block claim.

NYMAGEE, WEDNESDAY.

The output for the week ending the 25th of November is 174 tons of ore smelted, producing 69 tons of regulus, equal to 31 tons of fine copper.

Gresley Lukin and Co. have the following telegraphic advice from Gympie:—"Our North Phœnix crushed 419 tons, yielded 493 ounces of gold. Dividend 1s. 6d. per share declared."

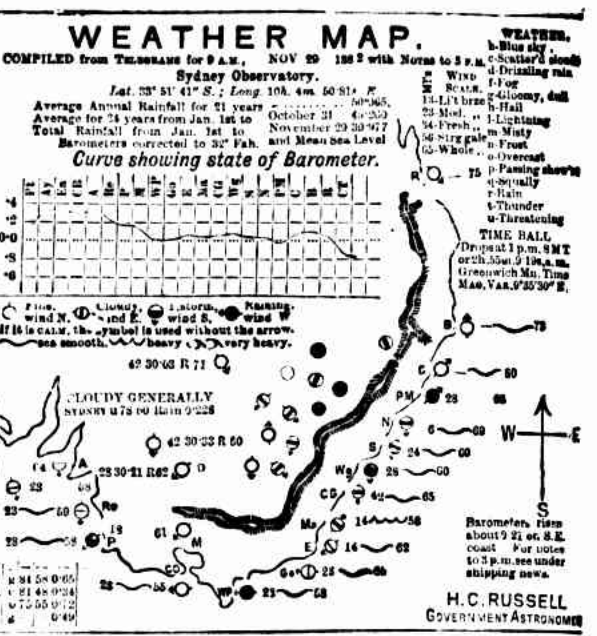
Messrs. Molhado and Curtis report the yield from the Working Miners' United Gold-mining Company for the past fortnight to be 333oz.

The mining manager of the Queen of the Mount Gold-mining Company, Mount M'Donald, reports:—"During the week I have had the main shaft sunk 10 feet, the total depth now being 63 feet. The further sinking of this shaft I intend to get done by contract, as I want all the available miners on the mine to get out stone. The stone is looking splendid in the main level (150 feet), giving excellent prospects, and the country is getting easier going south. The south end looks well also, giving out payable stone. We have had a very severe thunderstorm with very heavy rainfall, which, however, did us no material damage, owing to our elevated position. I have been disappointed this week in not being able to crush, as the battery was not available, but hope to do so early next week, when I hope to give favourable news of this mine." Telegram received 29th instant:—"Started crushing to-day at Association Battery; everything going on well."

PERSONS whose avocations are sedentary and confine them indoors, are especially in need of some wholesome stimulant; we therefore confidently offer them that world-renowned tonic, WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.—[ADVT.]

Stations.	wt	m'x	m'n	ra'in
Casino ..	b	96	59	0
T'nt'rfield	o	83	55	0
Moree ..	r	87	70	0·65
Grafton ..	b	90	69	0
Gl'n Inn's	u	82	59	0
Inverell ..	b	91	50	0
Bourke ..	b	85	68	2·58
Narrabri.	r	100	59	1·30
Armidale.	r	75	58	—
Bendem'r	r	84	52	0·98
Gunned'h	r	87	67	1·86
C'n'ruble.	b	86	62	0·65
Tamw'rth	c	96	65	0·74
Coonab'n	p	81	62	1·46
P.M'q'rie	r	79	65	1·00
W'lcannia	.	—	—	—
Murr'udi	r	81	63	0·87
Cassilis ..	.	—	—	—
Mus'b'ok	u	94	58	0·27
Dubbo ..	u	84	63	0·89
Menindie	o	73	57	0
Mudgee..	p	83	65	0·91
Maitland	p	93	72	0·10
Hill End .	p	—	—	1·03
Newcast'e	g	80	63	0·19
Orange .	u	79	54	1·75
Bathurst	u	82	56	0·88
S. Forts 68	g	83	54	0·83
M.Vict'ria	r	85	68	0·62
Cond'b'in	o	70	51	0·30
Picton. ..	r	86	52	1·01
Carcoar..	g	75	61	1·29
Wentw'th	o	72	50	0
Young ..	b	79	61	0·71
Wolf'g'ng	r	74	53	1·13
Hay	b	76	42	0
Moss Vale	.	—	—	—
Euston ..	b	72	47	0·13
Goulburn	g	82	53	0·29
Wagga ..	b	83	56	0·39
Cape Geo.	c	84	50	1·97
Queanb'n	u	77	60	1·20
Deniliq'n	b	79	42	0·65
Moruya ..	g	71	55	0·58
Kiandra	c	60	21	2·47

Stations.	wt	m'x	m'n	ra'in
Albury	.	—	—	—
B'd'lla	g	81	58	0·65
Cooma	c	81	48	0·24
Eden	o	75	55	0·12
Gabo	g			0·49



ASSOCIATED FAT STOCK SALESMEN.

A special meeting of the Associated Fat Stock Salesmen was held yesterday morning at the Post Office Café, George-street, for the purpose of reconsidering the question of rebate commission to the Sydney Meat Preserving Company, and approving of and signing the agreement of association for the ensuing year.

Mr. William Clark was voted to the chair.

A letter was read from Messrs. Wilkinson, Graves, and Lavender, expressing surprise at the resolution recently arrived at by the association to discontinue giving a rebate commission of ½ per cent. to the Meat Preserving Company on all purchases of fat stock made by them at the Homebush Yards, and adding that it was an unjust, unwise, and illjudged action, on the following grounds:—1. The commission on sales was raised from 2½ per cent. to 3½ per cent. on the distinct understanding that ½ per cent. should be given to the Meat Company; 2, the Meat Company may have taken up some large contracts on the face of the agreement; and, 3, prices for fat stock, more particularly sheep, would greatly suffer in the market, as the company in all probability would buy outside.

Mr. W. H. GRAVES explained that no notice was given of the intention to hold the meeting at which the resolution above referred to was arrived at, and consequently he was absent, and had not then the opportunity of protesting against it on behalf of his firm.

Mr. H. S. BADGERY said the rebate commission of ½ per cent. was given to the Meat Preserving Company with a view of protecting prices in the market to a certain extent. The company, however, had recently bought stock outside, and it was considered then that they were not fulfilling their part of the agreement. It was therefore thought advisable to do away with it entirely.

Mr. R. M. PITT remarked that the sole object the association had in view in allowing the Meat Preserving Company the half percentage was the protection of prices in the market, and it would be a very great mistake to tender any such amount to the company unless it was expressly agreed that all their purchases were made in the yards. If they were made there the salesmen would receive some substantial support. He moved,—"That a subsidy of ½ per cent. be paid to the Meat Preserving Company as heretofore on all sales of fat stock made to them at the yards, provided that the directors of the company agreed that they would only purchase stock at the yards and from the associated salesmen."

Mr. A. P. SIMPSON seconded the motion. He thoroughly concurred with the remarks of the mover.

Mr. W. H. GRAVES moved, (as an amendment,—"That the motion passed at the last meeting of the Associated Salesmen, relative to the present matter, be now rescinded, and that a letter be forwarded to the directors of the Meat Preserving Company requesting them not to buy outside unless absolutely unavoidable; and when purchasing at yards, that they might only do so from the associated agents, who subsidised them." The only argument which he had heard adduced in justification of the resolution arrived at at the last meeting was that the company had made purchases outside. He thought that they had a perfect right to buy outside if they chose to do so. But assuming, for the sake of argument, that there was sufficient reason for abandoning the agreement, the matter should not have been decided upon in such a summary way. The Meat Company should have got notice that if they bought outside the association would not pay them any rebate commission. He considered that the matter of discontinuing the allowance to the company had been decided upon in a too hasty manner, and he had no doubt that if his amendment were carried into effect the difficulty would be at once met.

Mr. DEVLIN seconded the amendment.

After a brief discussion Mr. Pitt withdrew his motion.

Mr. BADGERY observed that it would be better not to make any stipulation in the matter.

Mr. JOSEPH LEEDS remarked that he did not intend to act in concert with the association in regard to the payment of a rebate commission to the Meat Company, but he had resolved to act independently, and pay the company a percentage of ½ on all fat stock purchased from him. He referred to his having reduced his rate of selling commission to 2½ per cent., and he said he adopted this course simply because he thought he could benefit his own business.

Mr. BADGERY deprecated the remarks of the previous speaker, and added that he never knew a single instance in which a man who had reduced his charges below those of others in the same dealing had benefited himself.

The motion was, on being put, carried without a single dissentient.

Mr. SIMPSON, as one of the gentlemen to whom the idea of paying a rebate commission to the Meat Company was partly due, explained that the company received at the rate of about £4000 per year from the associated salesmen in the manner alluded to, and it was in order that they (the company) might be brought to a sense of their duty that such a resolution was passed at the last meeting.

It was decided to postpone the matter of approving of and signing the agreement of association for the ensuing year until Friday morning next, when a meeting will be called for the purpose.

Mr. GRAVES informed the meeting that, on an occasion when the selling commission was reduced in Melbourne from 5 per cent. to 3½ per cent., several stockowners desired the agents to increase it again to 5 per cent. They said that they received better prices for their stock when a commission of 5 per cent. was charged than when they were required to pay a less percentage. In order to show that certain squatters who had stock in this colony were willing to pay 3½ per cent. as at present, Mr. Simpson read a letter from Messrs. G. A. and P. Mein, dated Melbourne, expressing their approval of and satisfaction at the rate of charges now adopted.

A vote of thanks to the chairman then closed the meeting.

COMMERCIAL.

MELBOURNE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

MELBOURNE, WEDNESDAY.

Messrs. Powers, Rutherford, and Co. report:—Fat Cattle: 1350 yarded. Prices were 20s to 30s higher than last week. We sold 280 through the yards and 400 stores outside. Sheep: 12,000 yarded, prices being fully 6d higher. We sold 3000 through the yards and 30,000 stores in Riverina and Victoria.

Messrs. Dal. Campbell and Co. report:—Fat Cattle: 1300 penned, 300 being from Riverina, and the balance Victorian. Biddings were brisk for good beef, and prices advanced from 15s to 20s., but medium and inferior showed little change. Best pens bullocks made £15 15s, cows £9 10s. Fat Sheep: 12,000 yarded. Business was lively, prices showing an advance 6d per head. Best merino wethers 11s.

Messrs. Richard Gibson and Co. report:—Fat Cattle: Only 1350 forward, owing to trucks being engaged for store cattle. About 800 arrived from Riverina, the remainder being from Victoria. Prime pens were very scarce. The demand was brisk throughout, and prices ruled fully 20s per head higher than last week. We quote prime pens of bullocks £12 to £13; cows to £9 5s. We sold 150. Sheep: Owing to the supply being moderate sales were brisk at an advance of 6d per head, 54lb. to 58lb. wethers fetching 10s to 11s 6d. We sold 5400 for various owners.

Messrs. King and Cuningham report:—Fat Cattle: 1350 penned; few prime in; prices for such were about 25s higher; other sorts firmer; best £15, a few £16 5s; good to £11 10s; cows to £10 10s. Our sales were drafts from the Upper Murray and near town, also 840 bullocks from Evesham station, Queensland, delivered at Barringun. Sheep: 13,000 in; up 6d; merino wethers, 11s; we sold 2000. Lambs: 3000 in; higher; best made 9s 6d.

New York at present possesses the largest church organ in the world, containing 115 registers. This is to be exceeded by an organ for the cathedral at Riga. It is being built by the firm of Walcker and Co., of Ludwigsburg, near Stuttgart, who are also the builders of the famous music-hall and first church organs in Boston, Mass., and several others in various cities of the United States. This organ will be unique of its kind, and will be built with all the latest improvements. By a special arrangement, it will admit of being played not only from either the lower or the upper gallery, but also by two organists at one and the same time, the upper pedals being worked by a gas-motor, whilst the lower pedals are worked by means of bellows. The instrument will cost 90,000 marks.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—In Weakness of Children its efficacy is unequalled. Thomas Hunt, Esq., F.R.C.S., late Medical Officer of Health, St. Giles's and Bloomsbury, writes:—"In badly-nourished infants, Dr. de Jongh's Cod Liver Oil is invaluable. The rapidity with which two or three teaspoonfuls a day will fatten a young child is astonishing. The weight gained is three times the weight of the Oil swallowed, or more. Children generally like the taste of Dr. de Jongh's Oil, and when it is given them often cry for more." Sold only in capsuled Imperial Half-pints, Pints, and Quarts by all chemists. Sole Consignees, Ansar, Harford, and Co., 77, Strand, London.—Agents at Sydney, Elliott, Brothers.—[ADVT.]

Late Advertisements.

ELECTORATE OF THE GLEBE

SIR G. WIGRAM ALLEN'S COMMITTEE.

Mr. W. T. Pinhey, Alderman W. Bull, A. Thornley, sen., Mr. G. Munro, S. Samper, G. W. Tate, F. W. Artlett, R. C. Smith, T. L. Clarke, A. M'Cauley, R. Kelly, M. Conlon, J. Gleeson, R. W. Meyers, W. D. Banks, W. G. Bean, W. Stevenson, W. J. Singleton, T. Edwards, A. W. Gillies, J. Wright, J. Tucker, J. B. Laverack, J. Myers, John Conlon, W. Gallagher, sen., M. Gallagher, jun., T. Rigby, J. Gallagher, R. Greer, J. Kelly, G. A. Mansfield, A. M. Allen, R. C. Allen, W. Kilpatrick, R. Nott, Joe Dummett, Frank Bull, J. G. Purves, Walter Church, S. Downes, W. Harkness, C. J. Banks, H. Dean, E. A. Banks, J. Bullon, T. Daniells, Walter Scott, Angus Westman, James Jones, J. R. Harris, J. Newland, P. J. Newland, J. H. Seamer, M. M. Smith, Alfred Warr, F. M. Harvie, Alderman Dunn, Alderman G. Wells, Alderman P. Lucas, R. Rubb, F. C. Passau, James Flanagan, H. Shute, sen., G. Warr, Andrew Allen, S. Johnson, F. Gleeson, W. B. Allen, J. Harvey, John Geddes, R. Thornley, jun., Sydney Bull, Fred. Bull, N. Wright, T. R. Smith, Sydney Smith, T. J. Chapman, C. Perry, S. H. Smith, J. P. Walker, H. Field, R. H. Prescott, John Tate, J. Melliday, J. Kimber, John Harris (Mayor), S. H. Munce, Thos. Conlon, S. H. Walker, P. Milwain, Robert Fowler, J. Barnet, W. P. Timmins, P. H. Whitfield, E. J. Hinder, John Greer, J. Wilson, jun., H. Oakley, C. Rovle, D. Elphinstone, J. Wilson, sen., R. Briant, sen., R. Briant, jun., W. Briant, G. T. Bean, G. Spence, sen., G. Spence, jun., John Irving, M. T. Roonan, Richard Hind, H. Priestly, Herbert Thompson, H. Daley, T. H. Rainford, A. Kingcott, J. Slater, James Taylor, T. Bailey, G. Venters, Joseph Wilkie, Joseph Somerville, W. Wilkie, F. Robinson, W. Robinson, B. Mullavey, M. Hart, W. Watson, J. H. Freeland, Alex. Stephen, Dr. A. A. West, T. M. Adams, J. Dickinson, E. Oakley, S. Bryen, J. French, S. Wilson, F. A. Banks, R. M'Elwain, H. Barnes.

With power to add to their number.

SAM. DUNCAN } Joint Hon.
THOS. FIELD } Secretaries.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

The first man returned to the New Parliament is a !!MINISTERIALIST!! who voted for the LAND BILL.

WILLIAM TEECE—GOULBURN.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Sir HENRY PARKES, Dr. ARTHUR RENWICK, and Alderman JAMES GREEN.

The COMMITTEES will please MEET at 7.30 a.m. at HODGE'S COMMERCIAL HOTEL, King and Castlereagh-streets, THIS DAY. THIS DAY. TO PREPARE FOR THE POLL.

HY. GORMAN } Joint
JOHN S. JAMIESON } Hon. Secs.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY.—E. W. SULLIVAN, the chosen representative of labour, will ADDRESS you TO-NIGHT, at 8 o'clock, at FAY'S HOTEL, Haymarket. Give him the FOURTH VOTE.

S. BURDEKIN for SOUTH SYDNEY.

S. BURDEKIN will ADDRESS the ELECTORS at SPRAGG'S ZIGZAG HOTEL, corner Crown and Campbell streets, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp.

W. COCHRAN
W. T. NEWELL } Secs.
R. LUCAS

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

F. ABIGAIL will ADDRESS THE ELECTORS at MR. THOMAS' CENTRAL BOARDING-HOUSE, King-street, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, after his address at Miller's Point, at 9 o'clock.

T. JESSEP, Hon. Sec.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE GLEBE.

Gentlemen,—The dissolution of Parliament renders it necessary that I should again appeal to you for election as your representative in the Legislative Assembly.

I have had the honour of being returned as your member in six consecutive electoral contests. I have devoted whatever ability and energy I possessed to the performance of my Parliamentary duties, and your local wants have always had my earnest attention.

I am not conscious of having done anything to impair your confidence or weaken the trust which you have hitherto reposed in me, and if you should see fit to re-elect me I shall, as hitherto, use my best exertions for the political and social welfare of this electorate, whose interests it has always been my study to promote.

G. WIGRAM ALLEN.

23rd November, 1882.

ELECTORATE OF THE GLEBE.

Sir G. WIGRAM ALLEN'S COMMITTEE will meet at Priestley's Currency Lass Hotel, Glebe-road, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, 30th NOVEMBER, at 8 o'clock.

A full attendance is requested.

SAMUEL DUNCAN } Joint
THOS. FIELD } Hon. Secs.

WANTED, 2nd COOK (man), in a Club House; none but a sober man need apply. 115, Bourke-st., W'm'loo.

WANTED, General SERVANT; must cook well, Mrs. Bromell, Carlton House, corner York and Margt. sts.

WANTED, Three MEN. Balmain Meat Works.

WANTED, competent private rooms WAITER; references required. Petty's Hotel.

WANTED, a PERSON, who thoroughly understands shirt-making. Apply 43, Brisbane-street, off Oxford-st.

WANTED, middle-aged WOMAN, to take charge of sick person and make herself useful; none but sober need apply. Mrs. Alfred Law, Olgar House, Gottenham-street, Glebe. Apply early.

RESPECTABLE LAD wanted; good wages. Hawthorne and Co., Botany-rd., Waterloo, opp. Glover's, grocer.

NOTICE.—Anyone found harbouring ALICE FERRIS after this date will be prosecuted.

IN Woollahra Pound, Black Draught HORSE, branded AR near shoulder.

STRAYED, a Bay HORSE, from 65, Market-street, with harness on.

SYDNEY PUCK ALMANAC, 1883.—55 WOODCUTS. TUESDAY NEXT. PRICE, SIXPENCE.

HAWKESBURY RIVER AND WINDSOR EXCURSION.

FRIDAY next, 2.15, via Manly; and SATURDAY, via Windsor, 5 p.m. MADDOCK'S, George-street, or P. R. S. Wharf, King-street.

BRISBANE WATER.—S.S. Defiance, Mondays and Fridays, from King-street Wharf, 7.30. No. 4 Jetty, Circular Quay, 8 a.m.

Late Advertisements.

S. BURDEKIN FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

WORKING COMMITTEE
to secure the return of
S. BURDEKIN FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

Angus Cameron, Esq.	G. Harrison
Michael Chapman	J. Soaney
Thomas Chapman	C. Soaney
W. O. Banks	W. J. Talbot
Patrick Healey	A. Briscoe
John Starkey	J. Smith
R. H. Sadlear	P. Buckley
J. M'Bride	T. Carroll
S. Mulroney	E. Salt
John Tierney	J. Dunne
Michael Tierney	A. Quinn
James Gordon	Alderman Wadsworth
James Service	J. Boyle
R. J. Dunford	J. M'Cabe
W. Service	G. E. Lucas
W. Creagh	R. H. Lucas
C. W. Sedgrove	J. Greay
H. Browne	J. Dixson
W. Cunningham	A. Dixson
George Wacey	H. Wallis
Patrick Keogh	J. Murray
Charles Evans	P. Callaghan
James Buckley	W. M'Moon
James Leonard	A. Kayser
Michael Buckley	A. Byrne
Thomas Buckland	J. Reddan
David Mason	J. P. Reddan
James Green	W. Reddan
A. S. Gordon	W. Page
B. James	J. Bradford
R. Walling	J. Craydon
J. Bailey	W. Craydon
J. Bailey	T. Wood
C. W. Bailey	John Shortland
J. Bowers	A. Carroll
W. H. Bowers	H. Adams
C. J. Bowers	J. Barrett
E. J. Campion	F. Brett
R. Campion	J. Bryce
J. Campion	J. Dickson
H. W. Campion	J. Benson
Thomas Chapman	W. Grant
John Duncan	W. M'Padden
F. Moore	J. Gilbert
J. Moore	H. W. Harper
J. Radford	P. Herdon
J. Wilson	J. K. Kelsey
J. Wilson, jun.	J. Leonard
J. Moon	J. Williams
G. Prendergrast	J. M'Cabe
J. Cooney	W. Brereton
J. Egan	J. J. Stucker
T. Carroll	T. W. Thompson
S. Jones	W. Beattie
F. Bonfield	W. M'Anally
S. Bonfield	John Green
Dr. Byrne	Patrick Sherlock.
M. Hogan	

W. COCHRAN, W. T. NEWELL, R. LUCAS } Secs.

Committee Rooms—Palace Hotel, Haymarket.

EDMUND BARTON for EAST SYDNEY.

EDMUND BARTON
for
EAST SYDNEY.

COMMITTEE.

Dr. Robert Armstrong	Mr. W. H. Hicks
Dr. Benjamin Backhouse	Mr. Sebastian Hodge
Mr. E. C. Batt	Mr. G. E. R. Jones
Mr. Robert Butcher	Mr. George Moss
Mr. Vincent Brown	Mr. F. M'Donald
Mr. C. J. Buckland	Mr. A. G. Mackenzie
Mr. Sidney Cohen	Mr. John Newton
Mr. William Clark	Mr. Philip Sheridan
Mr. Alfred Chandler	Mr. Richard Teece
Mr. R. M. Faithfull	Mr. T. F. Thompson
Mr. F. Bevill	Mr. A. J. Brady
Mr. M. J. Caraher	Mr. T. Thornton Gray
Mr. F. Curtiss	Mr. B. Byrnes
Messrs. Keary Brothers	Dr. Belgrave
Messrs. Fitzgerald and Collins	Mr. G. J. Brady
Mr. C. Bath	Mr. S. H. Smyth
Mr. Owen Friend	Mr. H. Harris
Mr. R. T. Kirby	Mr. A. Julian
Alderman Dean	Mr. J. Borlase
Mr. J. C. Cattell	Mr. Francis Punch
Mr. G. F. Jones	Mr. James Brierly
Mr. F. E. Sloper	Mr. Thomas Chapman
Mr. Josiah Mason	Alderman Beare
Mr. W. F. Edmunds	Mr. A. S. Gilder
Mr. William Henderson	Mr. J. C. Cattell
Mr. A. Ashdown	Mr. R. D. Adams
Mr. J. B. C. Miles	Mr. George Gerrard
Mr. R. A. Watson	Mr. Arthur Hill
Mr. F. W. Creaghe	Mr. F. B. Freehill
Mr. Joseph Lowe	Mr. J. G. M. Wild
Mr. Joseph Haynes	Mr. J. Swadling
Mr. J. T. Wilshire	Mr. C. F. Stratton
Mr. D. G. Alsop	Mr. D. Williams
Mr. G. H. Greenwood	Mr. H. R. Blomfield
Mr. H. Buist	Mr. J. Kirkpatrick
Mr. H. Chambers	Mr. A. Haynes.
Dr. W. E. Warren	

SIDNEY COHEN, FRANK M'DONALD, G. E. RUSSELL JONES } Hon. Secs.

EDMUND BARTON
for
EAST SYDNEY.
INTELLIGENCE, ABILITY,
and
STERLING HONESTY.

EDMUND BARTON for EAST SYDNEY.

EDMUND BARTON for EAST SYDNEY.

EDMUND BARTON for EAST SYDNEY.

EDMUND BARTON, for EAST SYDNEY.

G. E. RUSSELL JONES, SIDNEY COHEN, FRANK M'DONALD } Hon. Secs.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

TO THE ELECTOR (name unknown)
who sent Mr. BARTON a question in writing yesterday.

MR. BARTON
is in FAVOUR of such an AMENDMENT in MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION as will enable the HOUSEHOLDERS to VOTE whether their rates are paid direct or included in their rent to the landlord.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Who
IMPORTED the FIRST COLOURED LABOURERS,
and
THEN STARVED THEM?
PANJUGGLER PARKES.

WHO TRIED
on the
NORTH SHORE BRIDGE SWINDLE
to mulct the country in £800,000 for what could have been done,
for
HALF A MILLION LESS?
PANJUGGLER PARKES.

WHO PROMISED
AT CAMERON'S MEETING,
last Monday Night,
TO HAVE ALL THE CORRESPONDENCE
about the
NORTH SHORE BRIDGE
published in Tuesday Morning's Papers,
AND LIED?
PANJUGGLER PARKES.

If you like all these
HOWLING SWINDLES,
Vote for PARKES,
the GREAT PANJUGGLER.

ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

VOTE FOR BARTON
and Land Law Reform.

BARTON
and no more Squandering of your Patrimony.

BARTON
and no more Jobbery.

BARTON
and no North Shore Jobs.

BARTON
and Parliamentary Consistency.

BARTON
and Justice to Public School Teachers.

BARTON
and Industrial Education.

BARTON
and full access to Art Gallery
and
other Public Institutions.

BARTON
and Justice to Civil Servants.

VOTE FOR
REID, BARTON, M'ELHONE and GRIFFITHS.

VOTE FOR PARKES, TO-DAY.

VOTE FOR RENWICK, TO-DAY.

VOTE FOR GREEN, TO-DAY.

PARKES FOR EAST SYDNEY.

RENWICK FOR EAST SYDNEY.

GREEN FOR EAST SYDNEY.

BE EARLY AT THE POLL.

BE EARLY AT THE POLL.

BE EARLY AT THE POLL.

BE EARLY AT THE POLL.

BE EARLY AT THE POLL.

COMPOSITORS.—Be early at the poll, and erase the name of your enemy who imported fifty Eurasians from India and turned his own countrymen into the streets of Sydney.

CABMEN, FIREMEN, and others who gain a livelihood by working late at night and on Sundays—show by your vote your disapproval of the restrictive clauses of Parkes's Licensing Act.

DOWN with the Despot who has deprived the working man of his dinner beer on Sundays.

VOTE for REID, BARTON, M'ELHONE, and GRIFFITHS.

ST. LEONARDS ELECTORATE.

GEORGE RICHARD DIBBS
addresses
THE ELECTORS
at
MANLY BEACH,
TO-NIGHT.

Steamer leaves Milson's Point at 7 p.m., and Blue's Point at same hour.

JOHN JAGO, Chairman of Committees.

GLEBE ELECTORATE. M. G. FITZPATRICK will ADDRESS the Electors at HARRIS' HOTEL, Glebe-road, at quarter to 8, and at Smith's FRIEND-IN-HAND HOTEL, Cowper-street, at 9 THIS EVENING. Committee meet at Murphy's Hand and Heart, at half-past 9. JOHN SWARBRUCK, Sec.

UNITED CLUB.—A Special General Meeting of Members will be held This Evening, at 8 p.m. W. Miller, sec.

Parliamentary Elections.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

If Lord Harris and Mr. Murdoch were opponents in the Electioneering instead of
the
Cricket
Field,
which would you sooner vote for—
The man who would accept gracefully in a fair open-handed match,
"OUT,"
or the gentleman who would say,
"BILLY, YOU MUST GO, GO OUT,
I
AM
HARRIS!"

So it is now with the two JOHNS.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

VOTE
for
Vindictive and Malicious
JOHN,
a man who would
RUN
to
EARTH
any Poor Animal that, with
ANOTHER KICK,
would
CARRY
him
TO ETERNITY.

P.S.—The Britisher never Kicks a Man when he is down.

THE ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF HARTLEY.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the abovenamed electorate will be held at noon, at the Courthouse, Hartley, on the 11th day of December next, for the Nomination and Election of a Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the Electoral District of Hartley. In the event of more than one candidate being proposed, and a poll demanded, the Polling will take place on THURSDAY, the 14th day of December next, at the following places:—Lowther, Tarana, Ben Bullen, Porter's Retreat, Hartley, Lithgow Valley, Mount Victoria, Oberon, Rydal, and Wallerawang. The polling will commence at 8 a.m., and close at 4 p.m. of the same day.

JOHN THOMAS LEE, Returning-Officer.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF THE NEPEAN.

GENERAL ELECTION.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the Nepean Electorate will be held at the Courthouse, Penrith, at NOON, on SATURDAY, the 2nd day of December next, for the purpose of Nomination and Election of one member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the above-named Electorate.

In the event of more than one Candidate being nominated, and a poll demanded, the Polling will take place on TUESDAY, the 5th day of December, at the following places, commencing at 8 a.m., and closing at 4 p.m. of the same day:—

Boland's, on the Bathurst-road; Castlereagh, Emu Plains, Luddenham, Penrith, Eastern Creek, St. Mary's, Sydney.

J. KING LETHBRIDGE, Returning Officer.

Nepean, 27th November, 1882.

NEPEAN ELECTION—Polling Day, 5th December.

NEPEAN ELECTORS,
Vote for
T. R. SMITH,
who has always served you faithfully.

NEPEAN ELECTORS,
Vote for
T. R. SMITH,
who knows your local wants, and will supply them.

NEPEAN ELECTORS,
Vote for
T. R. SMITH,
and Liberal Land Laws.

FARMERS, FARMERS,
Vote for
T. R. SMITH,
and Cheap Railway Rates for your produce.

NEPEAN ELECTORS,
Vote for
T. R. SMITH,
and present Public Schools Act.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE BOGAN.

Gentlemen,—The Government having sustained an overwhelming defeat on the Land Bill, have appealed to the country to uphold their policy on the land question, and to reverse the decision of the representatives of the people. They have done this at the most inconvenient period of the year for procuring a satisfactory expression of public opinion; at a time when your ordinary pursuits demands your closest attention; they have done it also in a way to render this expression as difficult as possible by rushing the elections all over the country, and without making any provision for the public services of next year, which provision ought easily to have been made two or three months ago. You are aware that the calling together of Parliament was unreasonably delayed, making the feasibility of doing the public business well-nigh hopeless. Thus, they have done nothing, and they have dissolved Parliament. The most extraordinary fact is that this dissolution has been obtained on no new policy. The bill which the Assembly rejected by a great and significant majority was but an attempted consolidation of the Land laws already in existence, and could only be said to have the negative merit of stating the details of those laws in a somewhat more compact and easy fashion; but there was not a single new principle embodied in the measure, so that practically you were asked to decide whether the Land laws of the past 20 years have, in your judgment, proved so satisfactory in their working as to demand that they should be perpetuated in their present form. It is of course well known that a very strong and almost universal feeling pervades all classes of the community in opposition to the continuance of these laws, and that a profound impression exists that some attempt should be made by Parliament to put an end to the unfortunate and unprofitable class conflicts and dissensions engendered by the struggles of both classes of persons interested directly in the land, which the present law does so much to create and intensify. Amongst the indictments made against the present laws are that the runs have not returned sufficient rental; but we know it is impossible to obtain a good rent unless you give a secure tenure, and it is owing to the fugitive nature of the lessees' rights that they have been compelled, in order to protect their property, to purchase enormous tracts of territory, and aggregate large freehold estates, such as those enumerated in the address to his constituents of Mr. Alexander Stuart, leader of the Opposition in the late Assembly. I am bound to say that these large estates, mainly formed under pressure and the urgent need of self-protection, can scarcely be considered profitable to the owners for pastoral purposes, and no one can doubt their evil effects with regard to the future settlement of the country. And as for the conditional purchasers who were to have been settled on the soil with homes for themselves and families, it appears there have been under the operation of the law well nigh 40,000 selections forfeited or lapsed, or been made void, comprising an area of about four and a half million acres and in last year alone close upon a quarter of a million acres selections were voided. So, while the operation of the law has resulted in compulsorily bringing into creation great accumulations of large part of the public territory in few hands, it has signally failed in producing the very result which it was hoped it would attain—that of planting upon the soil a large body of industrious, thriving, and contented people.

You are aware that I have the deepest possible interest in the question before the country, but I think I may fairly affirm that my interests are those of the people of the country, and that I have done nothing, either as a private citizen or as a member of the Legislature, to forfeit my title to your confidence in my integrity. I am fully convinced that the law which you are asked to sanction has not been productive of unmixed benefit to either of the great producing classes of the country; that it has crippled the enterprise of the squatter, while it has failed in promoting agriculture, and I think the time has arrived to subject it to an entire reform.

You are also aware that suggestions have been stated by Mr. Stuart that amendments have been tabled by Mr. Garrett, and that propositions have been advocated by Mr. M'Elhone, with some of which I agree, and my own views on the direction of this change of policy will be placed before you without reservation and without delay. I hardly think it necessary that I should say anything to you on any other subject than that which the Government has solely placed before you as the issue of this election. They have shown a disposition to try and confuse the issue by suggesting rather than declaring that other interests are involved in this appeal. These suggestions have not the slightest foundation in fact. The education question has been definitively settled, and it becomes now simply the duty of an honest representative to secure the just administration of the law.

I have, as you know, always favoured the introduction of local self-government, and hope to see a measure introduced and carried, in view of the needs and requirements of the colony, enabling the inhabitants of the interior to provide for their public works, thus doing away with the highly-centralised and bureaucratic system which has been allowed to grow up under the present condition of affairs.

The extension of a system of railways which can be so easily made over the vast level plains of the inland country (being the most economical roads) will always have my earnest support.

I am also deeply impressed with the vast importance of taking means to secure permanent water supply for the dry districts of the colony, believing that next to the land question, the question of water supply concerns in the most vital manner the future prosperity of this country, and the development and utilisation of vast tracts of land now almost unused, thus adding fresh sources of wealth and production, and throwing open new fields to the enterprise and progress of the people of the colony.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,
Yours faithfully,
P. A. JENNINGS.

Double Bay, Sydney,
November 27, 1882.

VOTE for STUART, REID, and CO., and Chinese Immigration.

PARKES versus ROBERTSON,
or
GARVAN versus WATSON.

Public and Private Wharfs Questions to wit!

ELECTORS attend to your own interests.
Invest in one or more of the various Properties which will be submitted to public auction, THIS DAY,
by the
HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited,
Corn Exchange, Haymarket.

PRETTY SUITES on view at the Royal Furnishing Arcade To-day. Turn to Campbell Brothers' adv., page 18.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF THE HAWKESBURY.

GENERAL ELECTION.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of the Hawkesbury will be held at the Courthouse, Windsor, at noon on TUESDAY, the fifth day of December next, for the Nomination and Election of one Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the said Electoral District.

In the event of more candidates than one being proposed, and a poll demanded, the Polling will take place on MONDAY, the eleventh day of December next, at the following places. The Polling will commence at 8 a.m. and close at 4 p.m. of the same day, as under:—

Enfield
North Kurrajong
Pitt Town
Richmond
Romery's, near Box Hill
The Mouth of Colo River
Turner's, on the Windsor-road
Upper Colo
Wilberforce
Windsor
Wiseman's Ferry
Putty, at Robert Ridge's.

Before nomination it is required by the Electoral Act that a deposit of FORTY POUNDS must be paid to the Returning Officer, which must be in cash.

JAS. B. JOHNSTON, Returning Officer.

Windsor, November 25, 1882.

ELECTORS of the HUNTER.—Vote for the Delegate to the Free Selectors' Conference, and great land-law reformer, W. RICHARDSON, Esq., a gentleman of unflinching principle.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS.

Mr. JOHN HARRIS,
the
MAYOR OF SYDNEY,
was
M. L. A.
for
WEST SYDNEY
for
some years, during which time he only opened his lips
upon one occasion,
and that was to ask for a pair.

Therefore, as we believe in the old saying—
that
"A still tongue makes a wise head,"
WE DESIRE YOU
to
SUPPORT HIM
for
THE SOUTH.

JOHN F. FERGUS
W. R. ADAMS
FRED. ELPHINSTONE,
Electors of West Sydney.

ELECTORS GENERALLY!

ATTEND THE OPENING SALE
of the
THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED,
THIS DAY, 30th instant, at 11 o'clock a.m., and secure for yourselves a speedy return of your money with large profits.

Most liberal terms.
No delays. Civility, Integrity, and Punctuality.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

THE KNIGHT OF THE HAMMER
of
THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited,
with his usual urbanity,
WILL PROFESSIONALLY ADDRESS
THE ELECTORS
THIS DAY, the 30th INSTANT,
at 11 o'clock a.m.,
at the Company's Property Sale Rooms,
Corn Exchange, Haymarket,
at 11 o'clock a.m.,
on the advisability of every elector becoming independent of the Land Bill, by Purchasing
A SUBURBAN COTTAGE
or an
ALLOTMENT OF FREEHOLD LAND.

For further particulars see advertisements and order of sale.

THE ELECTIONS.

In consequence of the Elections, the Auction Sale of LYNTON HEIGHTS Subdivision, on the Illawarra Railway Line, has been postponed for one week, namely, until
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.

Plans ready.

HARDIE and GORMAN.

Medical, Chemicals, &c.

SULPHOLINE LOTION.—An External Means of CURING SKIN DISEASES. There is scarcely any eruption but will yield to "Sulpholine," and commence to fade away in a few days. Ordinary pimples, redness, blotches, scurf, roughness, vanish as if by magic; while old, enduring skin disorders that have plagued the sufferers for years, however deeply rooted they may be, "Sulpholine" will successfully attack them. It destroys the animalcule which cause these unsightly, irritable, painful affections, and always produces a clear, healthy condition of the skin. "Sulpholine" Lotion is sold by most Chemists, and ELLIOT BROTHERS, Sydney. Bottles, 2s 9d. Made only by J. PEPPER and CO., London.

TARAXACUM and PODOPHYLLIN.—This fluid combination, as a stimulant to disordered liver, is safer than calomel, blue pill, or destructive antibilious medicines. In all cases of congestion or liver complaint, Taraxacum and Podophyllin sets the sluggish liver in action, moves the stomach very gently indeed, giving a sense of clearness and comfort within a few hours. The symptoms of liver derangement—headache, torpidity, costiveness, flatulence, heartburn, sense of over-repletion, shoulder pains, repugnance to food, general discomfort and depression—are quickly dispelled by Taraxacum and Podophyllin. Prepared solely by J. PEPPER and CO., London. Insist on having the correct preparation. Bottles, 2s 9d and 4s. 6d. Sold by Chemists everywhere.

PEPPER'S QUININE AND IRON TONIC possesses all the powers of these valuable tonics in banishing diseases and symptoms traceable to weakness. It rouses and develops the nervous energies, causing increased action of all the nerve centres, enriches the blood, promotes appetite, dispels languor and depression.

PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC strengthens the nerves and muscular system, improves digestion, animates the spirits, thoroughly recruits the health and strength. Bottles (32 doses), 4s 6d. Sold by chemists everywhere. Insist on having Pepper's Tonic. Made only by J. Pepper and Co., London.

HAVE YOU TRIED IT? WHAT? Why GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER, the greatest remedy the world ever saw or heard of. It is purely vegetable, and guaranteed not to contain one particle of any kind of mineral. It may be taken by either sex, old or young, without the slightest danger. It will positively cure you of liver complaint, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, dyspepsia, &c., &c. Will you try it? If you do you will bless the day you read this. Price, 3s 6d. All chemists sell it. Wholesale by ELLIOTT BROTHERS, Sydney and Brisbane.

LIVER COMPLAINTS.—Dr. KING'S DANDELION and QUININE LIVER PILLS (without mercury). THE BEST REMEDY FOR BILIOUSNESS, STOMACH DERANGEMENT, FLATULENCE, PAINS BETWEEN THE SHOULDERS, BAD APPETITE, INDIGESTION, ACIDITY, HEADACHE, HEARTBURN, and all other symptoms of disordered liver and dyspepsia. The safest and mildest pills for every constitution.

In Boxes at 1s 1½d, 2s 9d, sold everywhere.
Prepared by Jas. Rorke, London.

CHURCHILL'S SYRUPS OF LIME, IRON, AND SODA.—Recommended by the faculty for consumption and all diseases of debility. Free from any unpleasant taste or smell. ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, Wholesale Agents, Pitt-street.

MARSHALL'S Tonic Nervine cures drunkenness by destroying alcoholic craving, 4s 6d. Marshall Bros., Market-st.

ABRAHAM'S PILLS (Dandelion), perfectly harmless, gently harmonising with the liver and kidneys, are the established remedy of the nineteenth century.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT and PILLS.—Nervousness pains, neuralgia, face, ear, and tooth ache, as well as rheumatism, are relieved and cured by these soothing remedies. Holloway's Ointment should be rubbed over the affected parts twice a day. Sold at 78, New Oxford-street, London, and all druggists.

FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN.—CLAYTON and CO.'S Millefleur Toilet POWDER is guaranteed free from any deleterious compound, and is the best article for either the nursery basket or the ladies' toilet table. Price, 4d each packet. WASHINGTON H. SOUL, 177, Pitt-street, next Punch's Hotel.

PILLS FOR FEMALES.—Dr. Conquest's, 2s, by post 2s 4d; Dr. Warner's Steel and Pennyroyal, 1s 6d, by post 1s 10d; Hooper's, 1s, by post 1s 3d; Nurse Lilly's, 1s, by post 1s 4d; Widow Welch's (Kearsley's), 2s 9d, by post, 3s 3d. Postage stamps or money orders received. WASHINGTON H. SOUL, 177, Pitt-street, near Punch's Hotel.

THE MATCHLESS PAIN-KILLING CREAM is the best assistant in removing Colds and Coughs, rendering mustard and other plasters unnecessary; and for recent attacks of Rheumatism, or Pain from Bruises, Sprains, and Lumbago, it is almost "miraculous" in its curative powers. It is used at the largest hydropathic institution in England by the chief physician. Price, 1s. WASHINGTON H. SOUL, 177, Pitt-street, next Punch's Hotel.

MEDICATED LOZENGES and JUJUBES at 3d per oz., viz.:—Black Currant, Cough, Ipecacuanha, Paragoric, Delectable, Tolu, Cayenne, Ginger, Rose, Gelatine, Peppermint, Lavender, Liquorice, Lemon, Coltsfoot, Aniseed, Chlorate of Potash (for ulcerated throats), Musk, and others. Cachou Lozenges, for the breath, 6d oz. CLAYTON and CO.'S Glycerine Jujubes, for allaying the tickling or irritation of the uvula and slight cases of colds and coughs; also their Carbolic Jujubes, for bad cases of sore throat—both very useful for children, as well as adults, each 6d per box.

WASHINGTON H. SOUL,
Pitt-street, next Punch's Hotel.

LANGTON'S CONCENTRATED COMPOUND EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA.—"One ounce in half a pint of water is equal to half a pint of the decoction of the London Pharmacopœia." To be had of all chemists, in 10oz. and 20oz. bottles; each bottle bearing signature, Langton Brothers, Scott, and Edden.

Wholesale Agents—
E. PROSSER and CO., Sydney.

COUGH WHILE YOU CAN! Because, after taking Dr. Thompson's American COLTSFOOT COUGH LINCTUS, you will not be able to cough. Price, 1s. Sold by all chemists and storekeepers, wholesale by all wholesale houses, and the Sole Agent for the Australian colonies. WASHINGTON H. SOUL, 177, Pitt-street, next to Punch's Hotel.

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the
Cricket
Field,
which would you sooner vote for?
The man who would accept gracefully in a fair open-handed match,
"OUT,"
or the gentleman who would say,
"BILLY, YOU MUST GO, GO, OUT,"
I
AM
"HARRIS."

So it is now with the two JOHNS.

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LIBERAL TERMS.	15 per cent. cash deposit, residue in 7 years, at 5 per cent. per annum.
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FOR SALE, a Block of LAND, 180 feet frontage, depth 108 feet, with weatherboard cottage, 3 large rooms, with outhouse, stable, &c., Joun-street, Botany, near Old Half-way House. Apply Mr. Parker's, near Half-way House; or S. Martin, John-street, Botany. Price, £280.

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SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

If Lord Harris and Mr. Murdoch were opponents in the Electioneering instead of
the
Cricket
Field,
which would you sooner vote for—
The man who would accept gracefully in a fair open-handed match,
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or the gentleman who would say,
"BILLY, YOU MUST GO, GO OUT;
I
AM
HARRIS!"

So it is now with the two JOHNS.

Drapery, Haberdashery &c.

FRENCH'S Cheap Boot Mart, 661, George-street, Haymarket, for the best Colonial Boots in town; splendid value at lowest prices.

ENORMOUS Success of French's Great Clearing Sale, which will last only a week or two longer. Very few English boots left. Come early.

FRENCH'S Cheap Boot Mart for a splendid quality in Ladies' Russian Leather boots, reduced to 4s 9d; former price 7s 6d.

FRENCH'S Cheap Boot Mart for Children's Russian Leather boots, reduced to 3s 11d; former price 5s 6d. Only a few of these left.

FRENCH'S Cheap Boot Mart for Gents' Clump-soled calfskin boots; capital for wear and fit. Only 8s 6d; reduced from 10s 6d.

FRENCH'S Cheap Boot Mart for a lighter calfskin boot, well cut and well made, therefore sure to fit and wear well. Only 7s; formerly 10s 6d.

FRENCH'S Cheap Boot Mart for Youths' Calfskin Mock Lace Boots, 5s 11d; former price 8s 6d. Boys' Calfskin M. L., 3s 6d and 4s 6d; formerly 5s 6d and 6s 6d.

FRENCH'S Cheap Boot Mart for the well-known Clump-soled boots for youths; unequalled for wear. Only 5s 6d and 6s; formerly 6s 6d and 7s 6d.

FRENCH'S Cheap Boot Mart for Children's Clump-soled boots, splendid wear and perfect-fitting, 3s 11d and 4s 6d; former prices 5s and 5s 6d.

FRENCH'S Cheap Boot Mart for maids' and youths' Leather boots, neat and strong; only 4s 6d, worth 6s 6d. Try them.

FRENCH'S Great Clearing Sale. French's well-known, capital-fitting, splendid-wearing Colonial Boots very much reduced.

FRENCH'S Cheap Boot Mart for ladies' neat leather boots; just the thing for rough use and damp weather; only 4s 11d, formerly 7s.

FRENCH'S Cheap Boot Mart for strong, neat, little leather boots for children, 2s 6d, 3s, and 3s 6d; former prices, 3s, 6d, 4s, 4s 6d.

FRENCH'S Cheap Boot Mart for a splendid line of infants' boots, 2 to 5, now offered at 1s 6d and 1s 11d, former prices 2s 6d and 3s 6d.

FAMILIES should seize this opportunity and secure a Stock of French's Boots for themselves and children, especially as the GREAT CLEARING SALE will only continue a week or two longer.

NO other proof of the wonderful value given need be adduced than the rapidity with which E. French's extensive stock has been cleaned; and as he will finally retire from the business, this will be the only chance of securing his WELL-KNOWN COLONIAL BOOTS for ladies, gentlemen, and children.

BOOTS in the city; splendid value at lowest prices. Try them.

ENORMOUS Success of the Great Clearing Sale, which will only last a week or two longer. Only a few English Boots left. Come early.

FRENCH'S Cheap Boot Mart for a capital Russian leather boot for ladies; price, only 4s 9d, former price 7s 6d.

PRETTY SUITES on view at the Royal Furnishing Arcade To-day. Turn to Campbell Brothers' adv., page 18.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

VOTE
for
Vindictive and Malicious
JOHN,
a man who would
RUN
to
EARTH
any Poor Animal that, with
ANOTHER KICK,
would
CARRY
him
TO ETERNITY.

P.S.—The Britisher never Kicks a Man when he is down.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS.

Mr. JOHN HARRIS,
the
MAYOR OF SYDNEY,
was
M. L. A.
for
WEST SYDNEY
for
some years, during which time he only opened his lips
upon one occasion,
and that was to ask for a pair.

Therefore, as we believe in the old saying—
that
"A still tongue makes a wise head,"
WE DESIRE YOU
to
SUPPORT HIM
for
THE SOUTH.

JOHN F. FERGUS
W. R. ADAMS
FRED. ELPHINSTONE,
Electors of South Sydney.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Municipal Elections.

No. 82-80.

Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, 28th November, 1882.

ELECTION OF ALDERMEN, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given, in terms of the Sydney Corporation Act of 1879, that the citizens hereunder mentioned have been duly nominated to fill the offices of Aldermen for the City of Sydney, viz.:—

MACQUARIE WARD. BURDEKIN, SYDNEY, of 105, Macquarie-street, nominated by CHARLES JAMES ROBERTS, of Potts' Point, and MICHAEL M. M'GIRR, of Summer-hill and York-street—and others.
LEES, SAMUEL E., of 238, Victoria-street, nominated by HENRY CHAPMAN, of William-street, and EDWARD HORDERN, of Darlinghurst-road—and others.

COOK WARD. DAVIES, JOHN, of Bourke-street, nominated by GEORGE HILL, of 207, Albion-street, and W. M. ALDERSON, of Bourke-street—and others.
PARKER, EDMUND REUBEN, of 3, Crown-street, nominated by DAVID MACKEY, 311, Crown-street, and JAMES HEGARTY, of 480, Crown-street—and others.

FITZROY WARD. M'MAHON, PATRICK, of Roslyn-street, nominated by THOMAS J. CHAPMAN, of 458, George-street, and EDWARD HORDERN, of Darlinghurst-road—and others.
POOLE, JAMES, of 162, William-street, nominated by JOHN STEWART, 308, Upper Dowling-street, and JOHN M'ELHONE, Macleay-street—and others.

DENISON WARD. JONES, EVAN, of Petersham, nominated by MATTHEW HARRIS, Crown-road, Ultimo, and FREDERICK J. GIBBONS, of 117, Sussex-street, and another.
MEEKS, JOHN, of Hereford-street, nominated by JOHN M'LEOD, of 68, Mary Ann-street, and ANDREW M'CREDIE, of 81, William Henry-street.

JOHN HARRIS, Mayor.

Chas. H. Woolcott, Town Clerk.

No. 82-79

Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, 28th November, 1882.

ELECTION OF ALDERMEN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ballot for the election of Aldermen for the City of Sydney will take place between the hours of 8 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., on FRIDAY, the first day of December, 1882, at the undermentioned places, viz.:—
MACQUARIE WARD—Temperance Hall, Pitt-street.
COOK WARD—Cottage, Crown-street Reservoir.
FITZROY WARD—Premises, No. 163, Palmer-street.
DENISON WARD—Hall's Assembly Rooms, Sussex-street South.

JOHN HARRIS, Mayor.

Chas. H. Woolcott, Town Clerk.

DAVIES, FOR COOK WARD.

ALDERMAN JOHN DAVIES
is a CANDIDATE for RE-ELECTION,
and respectfully solicits your Vote and Interest.

POLLING DAY, 1st DECEMBER.

S. KIPPAX, A. M'NEIL } Hon. Secs.

DAVIES FOR COOK WARD.

The Committee and all friends willing to assist in securing the Re-election of Mr. Alderman JOHN DAVIES will please MEET at FREEMAN'S HOTEL, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp, to make final arrangements for the Polling on the following day.

S. KIPPAX, A. M'NEIL } Hon. Secretaries.

COOK WARD.

The Joint Committees of Messrs. Parker, Mason, and Fletcher are requested to Meet THIS EVENING, at 7.30, Central Committee Rooms, to make final arrangements.

JOHN P. GREEN, Secretary.

PARKER FOR COOK WARD.

PARKER FOR COOK WARD,
PARKER,
PARKER, PARKER, PARKER.
Poll early TO-MORROW.

DENISON WARD.

EVAN JONES
is a Candidate, and respectfully solicits your VOTE and INTEREST.
Polling Day—FRIDAY, December 1, 1882.

DENISON WARD.

Alderman MEEKS' Central Committee Rooms, at F. Smith's, Burrangong Hotel, Haymarket.

DENISON WARD.

Electors of Denison Ward, Alderman JOHN MEEKS is a Candidate for Re-election.

DENISON WARD.

ALDERMAN JOHN MEEKS' COMMITTEE
will please attend final Committee Meeting
THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp.
Every member requested to attend.

THOMAS LAW, General Secretary.

ELECTORS OF DENISON WARD.

Gentlemen,—In Municipal Elections it should be the aim of each candidate to confine himself to facts, and such matters concerning and bearing upon the economical and beneficial working of the Municipal Council, and not waste the time of the electors at public meetings in attacking and running down the opponent candidates by statements which, if carefully and thoroughly investigated, will be found to have been ventilated with no other object than to throw dust in the eyes of the electors, and endeavour by such means to secure votes. I am accused of "having done nothing" for the ward. I consider it due, not only to myself, but to the electors of Denison Ward, to place before you the following documentary evidence, and ask you, gentlemen, after having read the same, to say if the statement "I have done nothing" is a fact.

Many ratepayers are unable to attend public meetings from various causes, and consequently lose the opportunity of hearing the views of a candidate and asking questions. The following will be found to be a condensed account of a few of "the things I have done" during my term of three years in office as one of the aldermen for your ward. From such account, I trust that each ratepayer will carefully, impartially, and generously arrive at a conscientious conclusion to whom he will record his vote on Friday next, December 1.

I have the honor to remain, yours respectfully,

JOHN MEEKS.

A meeting of the friends and supporters of Alderman John Meeks, one of the candidates for the representation of Denison Ward in the City Council, was held last evening (November 18) at Hall's Turon Inn, George and Harris streets.

Mr. J. Murphy presided, and stated that he had not only closely observed Alderman Meeks during his three years' tenure of office as representative of Denison Ward, and been highly with the way that that gentleman had discharged his duties, but he had been told by several members of the City Council that Alderman Meeks was one of the most zealous and highly respected aldermen of the city. (Cheers.) New blood was well in its way, but to get new blood they should not put out a tried and true servant for the mere sake of putting in an inexperienced and untried man. (Cheers.) He (the chairman) had been a candidate, but he could not justify himself in doing anything to oust a good servant, and he therefore retired. Mr. Meeks had retired altogether from business, and was now prepared to give the whole of his time and services for the benefit of the citizens.

Alderman MEEKS said that, in reference to his opponent, Mr. Evan Jones, he wished it to be understood that he considered that gentleman had a perfect right to contest this or any other ward if he liked; and if the electors thought Mr. Jones a better man than him, they should vote for him. On the other hand, if they thought he had done his duty during the time he had been an alderman he claimed their votes. (Cheers.) Shortly after he went into the Council he seconded a resolution which led to the adoption of the eight-hour system. (Cheers.) He had the pleasure of giving his casting vote in favour of the election of his colleague, Mr. Fowler, and he thought that gentleman had discharged his duties as well as any of his predecessors. The following year he gave his vote in favour of another colleague, Mr. Harris, who had made such an excellent Mayor that he was re-elected. He (Mr. Meeks) had no hesitation in saying that he would give his vote in favour of Mr. Harris's re-election once more. Under the Act which gave the Mayor power to condemn old and dilapidated buildings, Mr. Harris had done great and good service to the city. (Hear, hear.) During the last year Mr. Harris had condemned upwards of 1000 old buildings. (Hear, hear.) As long as a gentleman had the firmness and fearlessness to condemn these old buildings, he was worthy of re-election to the Mayoral chair. There was an Improvement Board created under the Act he referred to. He did not believe in that Improvement Board, which made the more ruinous the more sittings it had, but did very little other good. He was not in favour of the Transit Commission. The Corporation made the streets, but the Government got the money. Sir Henry Parkes promised to bring in a bill to remedy this anomaly, but he had not done so. Mr. Meeks referred to the part he had taken in reference to the exposure of the frauds in connection with the Town Hall foundations, the Town Hall plastering, and the removal of coals at the Botany waterworks. He narrated the particulars of the action he had taken in connection with the gas supply. He had been deputed by the City Council to attend a Parliamentary select committee, appointed by the Legislative Assembly to inquire into proposed legislation in connection with the Australian Gas Company, and he had afterwards proposed and assisted at a municipal gas conference. He had much pleasure in stating that now the Gas Company were prepared to meet the Council in a fair spirit. The action he had taken led to the introduction into the Legislative Assembly, by Mr. Poole, of an amending Gas Bill, which had so commended itself to the Government that Sir Henry Parkes had promised to take the bill up as a Government measure. He intended in future to urge the appointment of a lamp inspector, a meter inspector, a gas examiner, and the erection of indicators. (Cheers.) The necessity for reforms of that kind was generally admitted, and when it was known that the City Council paid the Gas Company £10,000 a year, and the suburbs another £10,000 a year, it would be readily understood that the public had a great interest in this question. (Hear, hear.) It had been said that he had done nothing for the ward. The following figures would show what he had succeeded in having expended in Denison Ward from December, 1879, to December, 1882:—Forming, ballasting, and metalling, £8872 10s; kerbing and guttering £5594; paving with cube sets, £7500; water mains, £868; sewers, £3250 16s; lamps, £360; retaining wall and iron railings, £2936; water troughs and drinking fountains, £84; alteration of permanent levels, £500; total, £29,665. (Cheers.) The reduction of taxation seemed to be a popular cry, but it was impossible for the City Council to do those public works without money. He believed that next year the council would get £25,000 from the Government, and they would then be able to relieve the taxation. He strongly urged unity of action on the part of the city and suburban councils. The Melbourne City Council had the benefit of the receipts from publicans' licenses, vehicle licenses, weights and measures, wharfage rates, and abattoir licenses. The Sydney City Council had none of these sources of revenue; but if the city and suburban councils worked together they would bring such influence to bear upon the city and suburban members of Parliament that they would get some such concession made to the municipal councils. He believed that the whole of the city revenue should be devoted to city purposes, and not be used to make roads or build bridges hundreds of miles away in the interior. (Cheers.) Alderman Meeks referred to a number of local matters in connection with the ward, in which he had been actively interested, and promised to devote his earnest attention in the future to the wants of the ward in particular, and the city in general. (Cheers.)

On the motion of Mr. R. Chandler, seconded by Mr. Hutchinson, a vote of confidence in Alderman Meeks was unanimously agreed to.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

FITZROY WARD.

We, the undersigned, have requested P. MACMAHON, J.P. (of Macquarie Bond), to place himself in Nomination for the representation of Fitzroy Ward in the Municipal Council, and pledge ourselves to use our best endeavours to secure his return:—

E. Flood, M.L.C.	John Hourigan, J.P.
John Solomon, J.P.	Alex. Kethel, J.P.
Thomas J. Chapman, J.P.	Wm. Hughes, J.P.
W. G. Murray	John See, M.L.A.
John Hughes, J.P.	Alderman Thos. Playfair
Alderman J. D. Young	H. E. A. Allen
J. B. Street	Dr. Chas. Degner
Alderman James Green	Alex. Maxwell
Dr. Leibius	R. J. King
Richard Holdsworth	Dr. M'Lean
James Kidman	Wm. Eveleigh
W. P. Manning	Gregory Board
M. De Lissa	F. A. Oatley
Benjamin James	Edward Newton
Walter Bradley	Edward Bennett
Henry Sadler	Andrew Fitzgerald
John Malony	P. J. Hourigan
Frederick Gannon	James P. M'Namara
S. J. Hardy	Henry Williams
J. C. H. Baass	Stephen Long
T. G. Kelly	Coleman Cantor
J. B. Bassetti	Stephen Baker
Chas. Gerber	Thos. Richards
Thos. E. Davies	Daniel Guilfoyle
Sydney Cohen	C. Carugati
Frank M'Donald	Daniel Douglas
William Drome	C. Perrin
Captain Linklater	W. Harris
George L. Nixon	Richard O'Malley
Denis M'Grath	J. Sheerin
Michael M'Grath	Henry Harris
Thos. Stapleton	Harry A. Solomon
John Torpy	Charles Monks
John Donnellan	Edward M'Namara
Fredk. Penny	P. Pigott
Daniel Mullens	Charles Fisher
Alfred Usher	Charles Kelsey
Joseph Brady	John Beahan
H. A. Thompson	J. A. Flower
John M'Kay	W. Brereton
Robert A. Lyons	Timothy Murray
Thos. Coonan	C. Halstenburg
John Sheedy	H. Kinsella
James Toohey	John O'Brien
Wm. Becke	Patrick Coyle
Michael Connors	Thomas Cronin
Lewis Mahon	John [illegible]
James Hunt	Joseph Slade
Nicholas Punch	James M'Mahon
Alex. Henderson	Captain Summerbell, and others.
John O'Reilly	
S. A. Joseph, M.L.C.	

FITZROY WARD.

P. MACMAHON, J.P.,
IS A CANDIDATE,
and respectfully solicits your vote and interest.
THE COMMITTEE MEET EVERY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at Mr. S. PUNCH'S, late Dimond's Hotel, William-street.

WILLIAM KENNEDY, F. A. OATLEY } Honorary Secretaries.

FITZROY WARD.

Mr. JAMES POOLE, 162, William-street,
is a candidate, and respectfully solicits your vote and interest.

The COMMITTEE MEET EVERY EVENING, at Mr. THOS. KEARY'S HOTEL, William-street, at 7.30 p.m. sharp.

THOMAS BIRKS, Chairman of Committee.
M. QUINLAN, J. REYNOLDS, J. E. BAYLIS } Hon. Secretaries.

MACQUARIE WARD.

All the members of S. BURDEKIN'S COMMITTEE are requested to MEET at Green's Sir Hercules Robinson Hotel, Oxford-street, at 8 o'clock sharp, on THURSDAY EVENING, and bring all electoral rolls with them.

W. COCHRAN, W. T. NEWELL, R. LUCAS } Secs.

S. BURDEKIN for MACQUARIE WARD.

Rally round the Man who never deprived the Working Man of his Liberty and his Rights.
Public Baths, Free Footpaths, Good Streets and Less Taxes.

MACQUARIE WARD.

S. BURDEKIN.
VOTE
for the Independent Candidate, who will serve you honestly.

MACQUARIE WARD.

S. BURDEKIN.
VOTE
for the man who has the time and the ability to serve you.

S. BURDEKIN for MACQUARIE WARD.

Ratepayers rally round S. BURDEKIN on December 1, and place him at the head of the poll.

MACQUARIE WARD.

S. BURDEKIN, M.L.A.
VOTE
for the
INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE,
who will
SERVE YOU
HONESTLY.

MACQUARIE WARD.

S. BURDEKIN, M.L.A.
VOTE
for the
MAN who
HAS THE TIME
and the
ABILITY
to
SERVE YOU.

S. BURDEKIN for MACQUARIE WARD.

Rally round the Man who never deprived the Working Man of his Liberty and his Rights.
Public Baths, Free Footpaths, Good Streets, and Less Taxes.

S. BURDEKIN for MACQUARIE WARD.

VOTE
FOR THE MAN
WHO WILL DO JUSTICE TO THE CITY.

S. BURDEKIN for MACQUARIE WARD.

THE RIGHT MAN
in the
RIGHT PLACE.

S. BURDEKIN for MACQUARIE WARD.

Rally round the Man who seeks to serve no man, but will see justice done to your Ward.

Attend his Meeting TO-NIGHT.
S. BURDEKIN, for MACQUARIE WARD.

VOTE for the Man who will not Disgrace the Council or the Ward he represents.

Attend his Meeting TO-NIGHT.
S. BURDEKIN, for MACQUARIE WARD.

VOTE for the Man who has a Large Stake in the Field, and whose interest will be his to cut down your taxes.

Attend his Meeting TO-NIGHT.
S. BURDEKIN, for MACQUARIE WARD.

VOTE for the Man who will not allow you to be imposed upon by unjust taxes.

Attend his Meeting TO-NIGHT.
S. BURDEKIN, for MACQUARIE WARD.

S. BURDEKIN will Address the Ratepayers of Macquarie Ward, TO-NIGHT, at 8 o'clock sharp, at M'Sweeney's Hotel, corner Riley and Woolloomooloo streets.

Ratepayers, please attend, as this is S. Burdekin's final meeting for Macquarie Ward.

Rally round and make no mistake, but vote for S. Burdekin.

W. COCHRAN, W. T. NEWELL, R. LUCAS } Secs.

MACQUARIE WARD ELECTORS.

Be EARLY at the POLL, TO-MORROW, and record your VOTES in favour of your old and tried representative,
ALDERMAN S. E. LEES,
who has served you faithfully in the past, and pledges himself to you for the future.

ALDERMAN S. E. LEES
for
MACQUARIE WARD.
POLLING DAY, TO-MORROW,
Temperance Hall.

ELECTORS OF MACQUARIE WARD.

VOTE for ALDERMAN S. E. LEES, and Sanitary Reform.
VOTE for ALDERMAN S. E. LEES, and City Improvements.
VOTE for ALDERMAN S. E. LEES, and attention to your wants.
VOTE for ALDERMAN S. E. LEES, and Reduction of Rates.
VOTE for ALDERMAN S. E. LEES, and Independence of Action.
VOTE for ALDERMAN S. E. LEES, who has done his duty, and is not afraid to face his old constituents.
VOTE for ALDERMAN S. E. LEES, the Popular Candidate.
POLLING DAY, DECEMBER 1,
Temperance Hall.

Public Companies.

AUCKLAND NATIVE LAND COLONISATION CO., LIMITED.

CAPITAL £500,000
In Shares of £1 each.

200,000 shares are offered in Auckland, Sydney, and Melbourne. 300,000 shares are reserved.

The shares are to be called up as under: 1s on application; 1s on allotment; and the balance as required, in calls of 1s each, at intervals of not less than three months.

If the Company is not formed the Deposits will be returned in full.

Sydney Committee of Reference
(no local board being required).
The Hon. Sir G. Wigram Allen | William Macmillan, Esq. (Messrs. A. Macarthur and Co.)
Dr. Fischer | Ebenezer Vickery, Esq.
John Keep, Esq.

Accompanying this memorandum is the original prospectus of the Company, issued in Auckland; but, as the nature of dealing in native lands is not understood here, these few words are offered in explanation of the project.

The lands of the native tribes of New Zealand are held by the tribe, and not by the individual members of the tribe. They use them within their boundaries at will for cultivation or other purposes, but cannot part with them until they have been surveyed by a licensed Government surveyor, and the exact area ascertained. Immense tracts of land are, therefore, at present unused altogether. When the owners of a block of native land decide upon placing it in the Native Land Court, at their request a survey is made and the area ascertained. It is then advertised in the Government Gazette, to be adjudicated upon at a certain time and place, when all natives having claims to the block must attend. The Court, after hearing the claimants, grant a certificate of title to the owners, and allot to them their interest in the block. The Court in all cases reserves an ample area for the use of the tribe, which cannot be sold. The block can then be sold by the natives holding the certificate, and the transfer to the Company is registered under the Land Transfer Act, the Government being responsible for the area and title.

The position of the Company can be illustrated thus:—Negotiations are now on foot for the purchase of two large blocks of land, one of which is at present going through the Court, and Hunua Puke, one of the Provisional Directors, holds a large interest in the same.

The greater field of operations contemplated are several blocks in the King country, between Te Awamutu and Taranaki, estimated to contain over four million acres. The lands to be operated on commence within one hundred miles of Auckland, and are accessible by rail within three miles, trains running daily. The population on this area is not above 4000 souls at the outside, and in this body of natives the title to this land is vested. The natives do not utilise more than 1500 acres of this vast area.

The operation of sale is beneficial to both sides. The natives have wealth in land which they cannot realise, and purchasers of land are waiting for opportunities of settlement they cannot get.

The Company steps in and solves the difficulty. The land in bulk is worth about 5s per acre, and sells, when cut up, for rates varying from £1 10s to £3 per acre, averaging about £2 10s.

A great deal of the land in question is agricultural land, which will yield 40 bushels of wheat, or 60 bushels of oats, to the acre. The larger part is fern land, which, when laid down in English grasses, will carry 4 long-woolled sheep to the acre. There is very little bush or forest land in this block.

The calls to be made on the shares are very small, as the titles take some time to pass through the Native Court.

The prospectus explains the various ways in which it is proposed to effect the purchases, and pay the native owners.

An extract from the European Mail of 8th September, 1882, is appended, which will show that a large English Company is being formed for the same purpose, and it must be obvious that gentlemen residing on the spot are more likely to work the idea successfully than a management so distant as London. The profit on these purchases and sales is very large, and nothing is required but honourable and intelligent management to realise it. The transaction is profitable to buyer and seller, and the demand for lands thus liberated is greater than the supply.

It need only be added that no promotion-money is paid to any one. The only charge on the Company will be the brokerage and ordinary expenses of floating the scheme.

Application must be made in the annexed form, and accompanied by a cheque for the application-money. No allotment will be made under 100 shares.

J. MULLENS,
Broker to the Company.

34, Hunter-street, Sydney,
6th November, 1882.

MELBOURNE, November, 1882.

I, Kennedy Hill, of Auckland, Provisional Director of the Auckland Native Lands Colonisation Company, limited, do hereby certify the above explanation of the prospectus is a correct account of the objects and prospects of the Company. As a resident in Auckland for 12 years, and acquainted with the district of the King Country to be operated upon, I speak from intimate and personal knowledge.

KENNEDY HILL.

Witness—JAMES SMALLEY.

Extract from the European Mail, of 8th September, 1882.

The following paragraph has gone the round of the London papers, and we believe it has been officially supplied:—"Two important meetings were held at the latter end of the session in the Conference Room of the House of Commons, at which many prominent members of Parliament and others were present, to take into consideration a scheme for the arrest of the decay of the native race in New Zealand, and for the establishment of permanent peace between the native and European races. The effort was suggested by the presence in this country of the three New Zealand chiefs, who will shortly return to their native land, and by whose hands it is proposed to send a letter to the chiefs in New Zealand, suggesting the scheme for their consideration and recommending it for their adoption. The need for some such scheme is said to exist in the fact that, contrary to the policy of the chiefs, the native lands are being rapidly alienated, and the proceeds squandered without any permanent provision for the future maintenance of the race, except in some cases by certain inalienable reserves, and it is anticipated, if this system continues unchecked, the race will before long be thoroughly pauperised and degraded, and rapidly disappear. It is proposed, by means of an agency or association, to be originated in this country, to which all the waste lands may be transferred for the purpose of opening up colonisation, and sale, to invest by way of sinking fund, the prime value, or first cost of the land, as it is gradually sold at enhanced values to settlers, in permanent inalienable annuities, to be granted by the Government of New Zealand in favour of the individual owners of the land and their hapus, as long as they may have any, and the shareholders in the association to share with the native owners in any further profit or improved value of the land. The quantity of land proposed to be dealt with in this plan is 10,000,000 acres, the prime value 8s per acre, the enhanced value 40s per acre, and on the assumption that 200,000 acres would be sold annually it is estimated that within a minimum of 13 years or a maximum of 18 years all the present owners of the waste lands of the colony will have entered into the enjoyment of the interest on the capital value of their land, or £4,000,000, and there will be still left on hand a fund in land for subsequent sale and subdivision of about £14,000,000. Although suggested in the interest of the natives, it is said to be somewhat doubtful if the co-operation of the race can be secured, seeing the inter-tribal jealousies which exist, and the host of enemies which it will arouse, as it is calculated to overturn the existing system of land-sharking, by which unscrupulous men have lived and fattened on the natives, and who will necessarily misconstrue and malign the motives which have suggested the innovation, and who will do their utmost to arouse the suspicions and opposition of the natives. The chiefs at present in this country are said to strongly advocate the plan; but it is doubtful whether their influence is such as to secure perfect accord amongst the tribes whose support it is desirable to obtain, in order to carry out the scheme in its entirety. The movement has received the approval and support of the Earl of Shaftesbury, the Bishops of London, Liverpool, and St. Asaph, Sir Penrose G. Julyan, K.C.M.G.; the Deans of Canterbury and Peterborough, Canon Liddon, the Right Hon. A. J. Mundella, M.P.; Mr. Alderman Fowler, M.P.; Mr. Alderman W. M'Arthur, M.P.; Mr. Alexander M'Arthur, M.P., and several other influential gentlemen."

In critising the scheme the *Daily News* remarks:—"This is a mere sketch of a scheme which will have to be worked out in a very careful and elaborate detail. It will, of course, have the violent opposition of the 'land sharks,' and of all the colonists who benefit by the unjust treatment to which the natives are now subject. It will probably be viewed with distrust by many of the Maoris themselves. But it has at least the advantage of suggesting a mode by which the waste lands can be opened up without doing any injustice to their owners. It is a sort of scheme for pensioning off the natives, who would then be quietly provided for. If the Maori race should die out the Colonial Government would be its heir; if it survived, the Maoris would be practically fundholders under the New Zealand Government. If the Maori difficulty can be met in some such way as this it will be fortunate for both races. The three chiefs who are about to return to their countrymen will use their influence to urge it on their acceptance, and they will at the same time be able to assure the Maori people that their complaints have not been unnoticed in England."

PROSPECTUS
of the
AUCKLAND NATIVE LANDS COLONISATION COMPANY, Limited.

Capital, £500,000, in 500,000 shares of £1 each.

200,000 Shares are now offered to the Public. 300,000 Shares to be Reserved for Natives in future issue.

One Shilling payable upon Application. One Shilling upon Allotment. Calls not to exceed One Shilling each, to be made at intervals of not less than Three Months.

Provisional Directors:

J. B. Whyte, M.H.R.	W. R. Vines
G. B. Morris, M.H.R.	T. T. Masefield
J. Chambers	John Reid
C. C. M'Millan	Kennedy Hill
E. R. Claude	Franz Scherff
Geo. Heldship	Major Jackson
Hunrama Puke	Captain Colbeck
Ko Kaukiuta	

with power to add to their number.

Bankers: The Bank of New Zealand.
Brokers: The Auckland Brokers' Association.
Solicitors: Jackson and Russell.
Secretary pro tem.: Franz Scherff.

The objects of the AUCKLAND NATIVE LANDS COLONISATION COMPANY (LIMITED) are the acquisition and settlement of native lands in the North Island of New Zealand upon terms which will be to the mutual advantage of the native owners, of the shareholders in this company, and of the colony in general.

In order to carry out this object, it is proposed:—
1. To acquire interests in lands in such way as the natives may prefer, either by purchase by lease, or by acting as their agents on such terms as may be agreed upon.
2. To pay for such interests acquired at the option of the native owners, either cash, paid-up shares, or debentures, for the whole or any part thereof, as circumstances and mutual advantage may dictate.
3. To allow the native owners who take paid-up shares interest at the rate of 5 per cent. upon the amount of the paid-up shares in excess of the amount paid up on contributing shares.
4. To issue to any native owner declining to take cash or paid-up shares debentures of stipulated amounts bearing interest at 5 per cent.
5. The capital required to carry on necessary operations of the company to be provided by colonial and European shareholders, and such capital shall be employed in defraying expenses of management, completing titles, effecting surveys and subdivisions into farms and township lots, opening means of access, conducting the sale and leasing of lands, promoting the formation of special settlements, and generally in utilising the lands vested in the company to the best advantage.
6. To set apart and legally secure adequate and inalienable reserves for the benefit of the native owners.
7. To convey to the Government an agreed percentage of land as required for public works and other purposes, at a figure slightly in advance of cost price.
8. To induce native owners to become large shareholders, to settle permanently upon lands the titles to which have been individualised, and to be represented on the directorate.

It is a well-known fact that the profits arising from the purchase and sale of native lands in the North Island are enormous, and it is equally well known that such profits have up to the present time been confined to the capitalist alone, because of the many obstructions arising from the laws relating to native lands, and to the [illegible] expenditure of money required for purchase [illegible].

The Auckland Native Lands Colonisation Company, Limited presents to small investors advantages identical with, and in excess of those enjoyed at the present only by capitalists, the shares having been fixed so low that men of small means may be placed on the same footing as the capitalist.

No more fitting opportunity than the present could be seized for the purpose of attaining the objects aimed at by this company, because—
1. The quantity of fertile Crown lands in the North Island at the present time available for settlement is insufficient to meet the demand.
2.—The Government have ceased operations in purchasing native lands.
3.—The natives owning land in the King Country are almost unanimous in their desire to bring their valuable lands under the operation of the Land Court and dispose of them to Europeans.
4.—It is confidently anticipated that the Government will favour the establishment of this Company, which will go far to relieve them from all anxiety about providing for the future wants of the natives.

This company will place all land acquired under "The Lands Transfer Act," so that the title will be indefeasible, and it will then be able to dispose of the same at great advantage. The land will be sold for cash, or on deferred payments, or disposed of in the manner most conducive to the interests of shareholders.

Under these circumstances it is believed that the establishment of the Auckland Native Lands Colonisation Company (Limited) will provide for the natives the readiest and most beneficial method of placing their lands for sale, lease, or settlement. The ever-increasing demand for lands in New Zealand amongst all classes of colonists and intending emigrants from Great Britain, the rich quality of the lands in the King Country, the fact that they are within easy access by rail from Auckland, their suitability for occupation, and their annually-increasing value, are considerations which present to investors a prospect of remuneration unequalled probably by any proposal ever submitted to the public.

Applications for shares will be received by the Secretary, at his Offices, Fort-street, until TUESDAY, the 31st October, 1882.

Auckland, September 29, 1882.

Form of Application for Shares.

To Mr. JOSIAH MULLENS,
Broker for the Auckland Native Lands Colonization Company, Limited.

I request that you will allot me..............Shares in the above Company, and I hereby agree to accept the same, or any less number that may be allotted to me, subject to the provisions of the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association constituting the Company. I hand you herewith the sum of £...... being a deposit of one shilling per share.

(Signature)..............
(Name in full)..............
(Occupation)..............
(Address)..............

No.......... Received..........

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

Established 1817.

Capital, £1,000,000. Reserve, £500,000.

HEAD OFFICE: — SYDNEY.

Directors:
Thomas Walker, Esq., President | Hon. Sir G. Wigram Allen, M.L.A.
William Laidley, Esq. | Hon. Thomas Cadell, Esq., M.L.C.
Thomas Buckland, Esq.
Robert Lucas Tooth, Esq., M.L.A.

Auditors:
Robert C. Close, Esq. | Sydney Burdekin, Esq.
Shepherd Smith—General Manager.

LONDON OFFICE: — OLD BROAD-STREET.

With Branches in all the Australian Colonies and New Zealand; and Agencies in Tasmania, India, and the East, the United States, Hamburgh, and the United Kingdom.

The Bank allows interest on fixed deposits; collects for its customers dividends of public companies, and interest on debentures; and invests money on their behalf in public securities in the Colonies or Great Britain; undertakes the Agency of other Banks; and conducts all customary Banking business.

CORNWALL FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL ... ... £100,000.
RESERVED FUND £80,000,
with unlimited liability of Shareholders.

MARINE and FIRE RISKS accepted at the Lowest Current Rates.

GEO. A. LLOYD and CO.,
Agents for New South Wales.

362, George-street, Sydney.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF SYDNEY.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT, 1873.

Paid up Capital £300,000
Reserve Fund £120,000

DIRECTORS:
The Hon. Sir John Hay, K.C.M.G., Chairman.
Hon. Henry Mort, M.L.C.
George S. Caird, Esq.
Hon. Wm. Busby, M.L.C.
Hon. Philip Gidley King, M.L.C.

AUDITORS:
Jas. Scroggie, Esq.
H. E. Cohen, Esq.

MANAGER:
F. A. A. Wilson.

SECRETARY:
Hector Allen.

BRANCHES:
487, George-street, Brickfield-hill
Redfern, corner of Cleveland and Regent streets
Gisilambone,
Gosford
Nyngan.

LONDON BANKERS:
The National Provincial Bank of England.
London Office, 158, Leadenhall-street.
Director—Edward Chapman, Esq.
Agent—G. H. Alexander, Esq.

This Bank transacts all usual Banking and Financial Agency Business on the most favourable terms.

Bills discounted daily.

Bills negotiated and advances made against wool and other produce shipped to England for sale.

BANK OF AUSTRALASIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1835.

Capital paid up, £1,200,000.
Reserve Funds and Undivided Profits, £424,916.

London Office 4, Threadneedle-street, E.C.

Branches at Sydney, Albury, Howlong, Maitland, Muswellbrook, Narrabri, Newcastle, Tamworth, and Wallsend in New South Wales; and also in Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand.

Agents and correspondents throughout England, Scotland, and Ireland; and in France, Germany, South Africa, India, China, Mauritius, Java, North America, and New Caledonia.

The Bank allows interest on deposits for fixed periods, and also transacts all usual Banking business.

A Share Register is kept in the colonies, to which shares on the English Register can be transferred without charge.

EDWD. HUGHES, Manager.

Sydney, May, 1879.

THE SOUTHERN INSURANCE COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE: MELBOURNE.
CAPITAL, £1,000,000.

Branch Offices:
LONDON and ADELAIDE.
SYDNEY BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
J. S. Mitchell, Esq., chairman
John Keep, Esq. | Albert A. Smith, Esq.
Edward Lord, Esq.
HENRY CORNWELL, Secretary.

AGENCIES:
At Mauritius, Bombay, Fremantle, Geelong, and Warrnambool.

MARINE RISKS upon Specie, Wool, Minerals, and other Merchandise accepted on favourable conditions, and Policies made payable in LONDON, if required.

ENGLISH, SCOTTISH, AND AUSTRALIAN CHARTERED BANK.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1852.

Capital paid up, £720,000, with power to increase to £1,000,000.
Reserved Funds, £130,000.

London Office, 73, Cornhill, E.C.

Branches at Sydney and suburbs: Wollongong, Bulli, Kiama, Moss Vale, Broughton Creek, Nowra, Marulan, Goulburn, Burrawang, and Milton; and in Victoria, South Australia, and Palmerston (Port Darwin).

Agents and correspondents in Tasmania, New Zealand, the United Kingdom, India, and the East, Mauritius, the United States, South America, Berlin, Hamburg, and Copenhagen.

The bank allows interest on deposits for fixed periods, and transacts all usual banking business.

FLETCHER DIXON, Manager.

PACIFIC FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF SYDNEY.

Capital—£1,000,000.

DIRECTORS:
R. Saddington, Esq., Chairman.
Alfred C. Garrick, Esq. | Louis Phillips, Esq.
W. H. Eldred, Esq. | J. B. Hoare, Esq.

Marine and Fire risks of every description accepted at current rates.

E. L. MONTEFIORE, Manager.

MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA.

Established 1869, and Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

THE SECOND OLDEST MUTUAL LIFE OFFICE IN AUSTRALASIA,
THE FIRST TO ISSUE POLICIES FREE FROM ALL RESTRICTIONS,
and the only one ESTABLISHED within the last THIRTY YEARS which has declared a BONUS on an absolutely PURE PREMIUM VALUATION.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

Post Magazine (London).
"A well-managed and deservedly prosperous Society. The expenses of administration are among the most moderate that come under our notice at home or abroad."

The Insurance Agent (London).
"We consider the amount of business obtained highly satisfactory, and congratulate the Executive on their great success."

Insurance Times (New York).
"Conservative management and honourable business policy have always distinguished the career of this Office. Notwithstanding an ever active and sometimes unscrupulous competition from its rivals, it is steadily pushing ahead, each succeeding year showing an increase of business over its predecessors, while at the same time the expenses of management are kept within reasonable limits."

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"We can say without hesitation that the resources and accounts have always appeared to us most satisfactory. The policy has been to build up the society upon prudent and conservative principles rather than upon the less sure foundation of grasping business at any price."

Principal Office:
GEORGE and WYNYARD STREETS, SYDNEY,
with Branches at Auckland, Brisbane, Melbourne, and Adelaide, and 200 Agencies.
A. D. [illegible], Secretary.

THE AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.

Incorporated by Act of Council, 1853.

Paid-up Capital, £500,000, with power to increase to £1,000,000.

Reserve Fund, £190,000.

DIRECTORS:
Edward Lord, Esq., Chairman | Hon. Jeremiah B. Rundle, M.L.C.
William B. Walford, Esq. | Moses Moss, Esq.
G. A. Murray, Esq. | Walter Friend, Esq.

AUDITORS: Albert A. Smith, Esq., G. Durham, Esq.

SOLICITORS: Messrs. Robertson and Fisher.

GENERAL MANAGER: Vincent Wanostrocht Giblin.

HEAD OFFICE: SYDNEY.
F. Adams, Assistant Manager. | G. G. Blaxland, Accountant.

CITY AND SUBURBAN BRANCHES:
Haymarket | Redfern | Glebe | Burwood.

LONDON OFFICE: 18, KING WILLIAM-STREET, E.C.

DIRECTORS:—William Mort, Esq., Hon. William Hemmant.
MANAGER: John Christie.
BANKERS:—The National Provincial Bank of England (Ld.).

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E. GRIFFITH, Inspector. A. J. GREVILLE, Assistant Inspector.

Albury	Gilgandra	Orange
Armidale	Glebe	Parkes
Ballina	Glen Innes	Parramatta
Balranald	Goulburn	Raymond Terrace
Bathurst	Grafton	Redfern
Bega	Grenfell	Rockley
Bombala	Gulgong	Rylstone
Bourke	Hay	Singleton
Bundarra	Haymarket	South Grafton
Burwood	Hill End	Temora
Cassilis	Hillston	Tenterfield
Cobar	Inverell	Ulmarra
Cobargo	Kempsey	Urana
Condobolin	Lambton	Wagga Wagga
Cooma	Maclean	Wallsend
Coonabarabran	Menindie	Wentworth
Coonamble	Molong	West Maitland
Copeland North	Morpeth	Wilcannia
Cowra	Mudgee	Wollombi
Deniliquin	Murrumburrah	Woodburn
Dubbo	Narandera	Yass.
Forbes	Newcastle	

BRANCHES IN QUEENSLAND.
H. P. ABBOTT, Inspector, A. KERR, Assistant Inspector.

BRISBANE	Gympie	Rockhampton
Allora	Ipswich	Stanthorpe
Bowen	Mackay	Toowoomba
Charters Towers	Maryborough	Townsville
Clermont	Ravenswood	Warwick.
Gladstone		

The Bank discounts bills, makes advances upon approved security, negotiates produce bills and documents, grants drafts and credits upon all its Branches and Agents at current rates, allows interest upon fixed deposits, negotiates or collects bills payable at any of the abovementioned places or elsewhere; collects dividends on local stocks for its customers free of commission, also interests on debentures, and undertakes the custody of them; are open to transact every kind of banking business, and to undertake the agency of other banks upon such terms as may be agreed upon.

THE UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA, LIMITED.

Established 1837. Incorporated 1880.

Paid-up Capital, £1,500,000
Reserve Funds 880,000 Together, £2,380,000.
Reserve Liability of Proprietors 3,000,000

Total Capital and Reserve Funds £5,380,000

Head Office: 1, Bank-buildings, Lothbury, London.

BANKERS:
Bank of England and Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie and Co.

COLONIAL ESTABLISHMENTS.
Inspector and General Manager—John F. M'Mullen, Esq.
Assistant Inspectors—Fred. M. Innes, Esq., and J. F. M'Mullen, Jun., Esq.
Chief Officer for New Zealand—Joseph Palmer, Esq.

NEW SOUTH WALES.
Sydney—No. 68, Pitt-street North;
No. 609, George-street South.
Newcastle, Junee | Wagga Wagga, Hay | Deniliquin.

VICTORIA.
Melbourne, Geelong, Portland, Ballarat, Allendale | Sandhurst, Stawell, Daylesford, Clunes, Rochester | Maryborough, Smythesdale, Alexandra, Tarnagulla, Egerton.

QUEENSLAND.
Brisbane, Townsville | Rockhampton, Mackay | Toowoomba, Maryborough.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.
Adelaide | Port Adelaide.

TASMANIA.
Hobart, Launceston | Oatlands | Latrobe.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.
Perth, York | Albany, Geraldton | Fremantle.

NEW ZEALAND.
Auckland, Hawera, Palmerston North, Thames, Hamilton, Napier, Port Ahuriri, Waipukurau, Wellington | Gisborne (Poverty Bay), Nelson, Hokitika (West Coast), Greymouth, Christchurch, Sefton, Ashburton | Rangiora, Southbridge, Lyttelton, Timaru, Waimate, Dunedin, Invercargill, Oamaru.

LEVUKA, FIJI.

AGENTS throughout the United Kingdom, India, China, America, and elsewhere.

The Bank grants Letters of Credit on demand, or bills at three or thirty days' sight, upon its branches, at the customary rates, on the money being deposited. Similar Letters of Credit may be procured from its Agents in all the principal towns throughout England, Scotland, and Ireland. The Bank also negotiates, and sends for collection, Bills on the Colonies, the terms for which may be obtained on application at its London Office. At its Branches in the Colonies it undertakes all description of Banking and Exchange business.

CIRCULAR NOTES are issued by its branches, in sums of £10, £20, or £50, negotiable by its correspondents in the chief cities on the Continent of Europe, in North and South America, Ceylon, Mauritius, India, China, Japan, and Africa.

DAVID FINLAYSON, Manager.

Sydney, August, 1882.

THE CITY BANK, SYDNEY.

Paid-up Capital, £240,000, with power to increase to £300,000.
Reserve Fund, £32,500.

DIRECTORS:
The Hon. James Watson, Esq., M.L.A., Chairman.
Hon. George Thornton, Esq., M.L.C. | John Lyons, Esq.
Hon. S. A. Joseph, Esq., M.L.C. | The Hon. W. M. Alderson, Esq., M.L.C.

AUDITORS:
The Honorable Robert Wisdom, M.L.A.
H. C. D'Arcy-Irvine, Esq.
MANAGER: William Neill.
SECRETARY: Edmund Rouse.
ACCOUNTANT: Thomas T. Orton.
SOLICITOR:
W. W. Billyard, Esq.

HEAD OFFICE: PITT-STREET, SYDNEY.

CITY BRANCHES.
EASTERN BRANCH:
99, Oxford-street—E. B. Croft, Manager.
WESTERN BRANCH:
King and Sussex streets—J. Waugh, Manager.
COUNTRY BRANCHES:
Young—F. Strachan, Manager.
Kiama—R. Christmas, Manager.
Bathurst—H. E. Rouse, Manager.
Carcoar—R. M. Lindsay, Manager.
Cootamundra—A. G. H. Sandeman, Manager.

AGENTS:

London ...	... The London Joint Stock Bank.
Scotland ...	... The Commercial Bank of Scotland.
Queensland ...	... The Queensland National Bank.
Victoria ...	... The National Bank of Australasia.
" ...	... The City of Melbourne Bank.
Tasmania ...	... The Bank of Van Diemen's Land.
New Zealand ...	... The Bank of New Zealand.
South Australia ...	... The National Bank of Australasia.
" " ...	... The Commercial Bank of South Australia.
Western Australia ...	... The National Bank of Australasia.
India ...	... The Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.
China ...	... The Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.
New York ...	... The Agents of the Bank of California—Laidlaw and Co.
San Francisco ...	... The Bank of California.
Valparaiso ...	... Banco de Valparaiso.
Batavia ...	... Netherlands India Commercial Bank.
Venice ...	... S. A. Blumenthal and Co.

This Bank adopts and transacts all usual banking business within the colony, and with any of the places abovenamed, and elsewhere.

THE UNITED INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital, £500,000. Unlimited Liability.
HEAD OFFICE—283, GEORGE-STREET, SYDNEY.
Directors:
Jas. Ewan, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. R. Hill, M.L.C. | Hon. J. B. Rundle, Esq.
Hon. Edward Flood, M.L.C. | S. Dickinson, Esq.
Hon. L. W. Levy, M.L.C.

FIRE and MARINE INSURANCES of all descriptions (including WOOLSHEDS and WOOL therein or in transit to shipping port, or WOOL FROM SHEEP'S BACK TO LONDON) effected on liberal terms.

BRANCHES:
ADELAIDE—G. W. Cotton
AUCKLAND—A. Heather
BRISBANE—W. H. Snelling
CHRISTCHURCH—J. S. Jameson
DUNEDIN—Neill and Co., Limited
LONDON—William Rae, Jerusalem-chambers, Cornhill, E.C.
MELBOURNE—John Watson, The Exchange
NAPIER—D. Balharry
NELSON—Moss Davis
WELLINGTON—J. Stuart Reid.

AGENCIES for FIRE INSURANCE in all the principal towns of NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND, and NEW ZEALAND.

T. M. TINLEY, Acting Manager.

ELECTORS of SOUTH SYDNEY.—Hold the fort or something else—immaterial which, so long as you hold and redeem promise made of attending the Great Land and Property Sale at the Haymarket Auction Company, Limited, Rooms, Corn Exchange, on THURSDAY, 30th instant, at 11 o'clock. Our view on the great Land question is that every father, mother, and child should be a landed proprietor; and to meet this desired end, our summary of really goods things to be submitted on the above day will place each and all of you in the aristocratic scale at very little cost. So attend, and secure a feather from fortune's cap.

TO SPORTSMEN.—For SALE, cheap, a first-class Breech-loading GUN, by Cowles, of Sydney, with fittings complete. Peters' Town Office, 183, Riley-street, Woolloomooloo.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

IF you are about to Buy a Drawing-room Suite, visit the Royal Furniture Arcade Studio.

Situations Wanted.

AS GROOM and COACHMAN, young man, references, open till Saturday. S. E. C., Herald Office.

A SITUATION wanted as House or House and Parlour Maid; good refs. A. G., 164, Dowling-street.

A WIDOW LADY requires SITUATION as Housekeeper or Companion; good needlewoman. E. D. A., Herald.

A YOUNG Person offers her services in any capacity to lady or family in return for passage to England in s.s. Potosi. Address L. E. C., Post-office, Haymarket.

A YOUNG LADY, with excellent references, and four years' hospital experience, desires PASSAGE to England in consideration of services as nurse or attendant. Address Alpha, West End Cottage, Spicer-street, Woollahra.

BARNET SIMONS, now disengaged, requires a few days WORK in a garden. 283, Pitt-street.

BY trustworthy person, as working Housekeeper; fond of children; references. Address M. B., Newtown P. O.

BOOKKEEPER or CLERK.—Young Man, of large experience, is open to an ENGAGEMENT as above; five years in last situation, exceptional testimonials. Please address L., 210, Herald Office.

DROVER wants EMPLOYMENT. Address Drover, care Robert Logan, Hillston, Lachlan River.

HOUSEKEEPER desires ENGAGEMENT; good references. 154, Arthur-street, Moore Park.

HOSPITAL Dresser, Dispenser, and Bookkeeper wants an APPOINTMENT; good testimonials. Address T. C. A., Gordon and Gotch.

LAW.—Experienced Man, from London, can assist solicitor; permanent or temporary. Lex, Herald Office.

SITUATION wanted by young Girl, in small family. 66, Morehead-street, Redfern.

SITUATION wanted as COACHMAN. Address Coachman, Holmwood, Newtown.

SITUATION required as Clerk, &c., by young man (21), good penman and accountant; 4 years' experience in Shipping house; first-class references. H. L., 244, Forbes-street.

TO Tradesmen and Others.—Experienced Bookkeeper is desirous of evening Employment, terms mod. N. S., Herald.

TO SURVEYORS and Land AGENTS.—Wanted, by Draughtsman, constant WORK. Apply Y., Herald Office.

TRAVELLER (Western Towns) requires one or two commissions. Apply early, Ethra, Herald Office.

TWO competent young Men require Country JOB, as Carpenters and Joiners. F. G., Post Office, Sydney.

TO GROCERS.—Wanted, a SITUATION, as assistant in a store; knowledge of bookkeeping. J. G. K., Bristol House, Australia-street, Newtown.

TO SURVEYORS.—A young Man desires SITUATION as Assistant; good field experience and references. Apply Anxious, Herald Office.

TWO energetic Men about to travel inland are desirous of obtaining COMMISSIONS in any profitable line of business. Address J. M. M., G. P. O.

TIMEKEEPER or Storekeeper.—Wanted, immediate EMPLOYMENT, by a steady respectable Man, good penman, reliable references. Address R. B., Post-office, Redfern. Open for a week.

TO AUCTIONEERS.—A gentleman lately from Europe, aged 27, seeks an ENGAGEMENT, Sydney or colonies; 8 years' experience; thoroughly proficient. Austin, Herald Office.

TO WAREHOUSEMEN.—Wanted, by first-class Salesman, MANAGEMENT Manchester, slop, or stuff department; large experience; well known to town and country buyers; open one week. Manchester, Herald Office.

WANT Places, M.-aged Man, garden, milk, useful, refs., 12s; Men, off the Austral; others, 83, Market-street.

WANTED, a SITUATION, as Engine-driver; good testimonials. H. D., 39, Merriman-street, Miller's Point.

WANTED, a SITUATION, by a steady young Man, references good. Address 1001, Herald Office.

WANTED, SITUATION, as useful Companion. Address Clara, Post-office, Glebe.

WANTED, SITUATION, as Nurse and Needlewoman, in suburbs. J. M., G. P. O.

WANTED, by young Person, SITUATION, Parlourmaid or H. P.; competent. M. M., Post-office, William-st.

WANTED, by respectable person, SITUATION, as Lady's Help; country preferred; no wages expected. Adeline, Herald Office.

WANTED, by a French Dressmaker, a SITUATION, as Manager in a house of business; country not objected to. Open for a week. Address E. D., Herald.

WANTED, by an elderly Man, come up from the country, a JOB, as Enginedriver; no objection to do a little blacksmithing if wanted; land and sea experience. Address R. F., Herald Office.

WANTED, by young woman (with child, 18 months), SITUATION, as General Servant, near Sydney; good references; wages moderate. S. M., care Mr. Taylor, Public School, Wilberforce.

WANTED, a SITUATION, as Accountant, Advertising Clerk, or Publisher for first-class daily or weekly newspaper; ten years' home and colonial experience, highest references. Apply Zoa, Herald Office, Sydney.

WIDOW, well educated, experienced, seeks ENGAGEMENT as Housekeeper, where servant is kept, or other place of trust; highest references, open one week. Trust, Moss Vale P. O.

Businesses for Sale.

FOR SALE, Fancy Goods BUSINESS, with Millinery and Dressmaking combined. Furniture of four rooms; lease, low rent, and price reasonable. Fashionable suburb. Profits, £5 per week. Apply Alpha, Herald Office.

SUPERIOR Furnishing Ironmongery, Plumbing, and Gasfitting BUSINESS, &c., for SALE, in a leading country township; excellent premises, at low rental; price very moderate. E. RAMSAY, House Agent, Sydney Arcade.

A CAPITAL Grocery and Drapery Business for SALE, in rising suburb, good Shop, &c., cheap. E. Ramsay, Arcade.

RESTAURANT in city, only £40, very convenient, must be sold. E. Ramsay, agent, Sydney Arcade.

BUER and CO., Hotel Brokers, and General Business Agents, Market and Elizabeth streets, are doing all the business now; 11 hotels and 7 other businesses sold last week. They are so well known, you know.

BUER and CO.—Boardinghouse, splendid position, well furnished, full of boarders; grand paying house this.

PRINGLE, 130, King-street.—Splendid paying Dairy Business; capital opportunity; to a steady man a fortune.

SHEPHERD and CO.—Businesses and Hotels, city and suburbs, £15 to £500. Corner Park and Castlereagh streets.

FOR SALE, Restaurant and Boarding-house, having 14 permanent boarders, 67, George-street North. Reasons given.

GRANT and CO., 10, Park-st.—Hotels, £175, £220, £300, £350, £400, £600, £800, to £5000; liberal assistance.

GRANT and CO., 10, Park-st.—One of the best established Confectionery and Catering Businesses in Sydney.

THE Greatest Bargain in the City. Tobacconist's Shop and Shaving Saloon, &c., given away, £45. Grant and Co.

HOTEL.—LEASE for 7 YEARS, the Goodwill and License of that OLD ESTABLISHED and SPLENDID BUSINESS HOUSE, Williamson's Wine Vaults in Regent-street and Cleveland-street, for AUCTION SALE, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, at 11 o'clock.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

JOSEPH and CO. offer several Family HOTELS, city, which they do not advertise. Particulars, 102, King-street.

JOSEPH and CO. offer well-furnished HOTEL, Surry Hills, £350; lease, 5 years. See this great bargain.

BOARDING Establishment for Sale, splendid stand; always full; price and rent mod. W. Richards, 41, Arcade.

BOOT and SHOE BUSINESS for SALE, a sacrifice, doing a large business. W. Richards, 41, Arcade.

PRINGLE has for Sale, Boarding Houses, Business, Hotels, &c., also, Farms; Houses wanted, £500 to £1000.

WATCHMAKER and Jeweller BUSINESS for SALE, with shop fittings, plateglass showcases, large iron safe; rent low; best thoroughfare; bargain, £160, must be sold. C. Sinnm, at 302, Elizabeth-street.

Miscellaneous.

RAILWAY PLANT for SALE, consisting of locomotive, earth waggons, dobbins, pumps, barrows, &c., &c. Apply to

JNO. WALREN,
Railway Contractor's Office,
Wellington, N. S. W.

BOYS' Velocipedes, 22s; Perambulators, 16s; Invalids' Carriages (all kinds), at Anderson's Factory, Parramatta-st.

BABIES' four-wheel Sleeping Carriages, Cradles, Rockers, Swings; also Repairs. Anderson, Parramatta-st.

CANARIES. CANARIES. CANARIES.

Just arrived, ex La Hogue, the finest collection of Norwich CANARIES imported, from the celebrated Macleay Brothers, of Norwich. Inspection invited.

S. J. FLETCHER, Markets.

PURE-BRED Black and Tan English Terrier DOG for SALE. Seen at 28, O'Connell-street.

FOR SALE, Butcher's SCALES, Weights, Trays, &c. Apply Mrs. Tighe, Oxford-street.

FOR SALE, 300 dozen Ale and Wine BOTTLES. Apply Steward, ship Bann, Grafton Wharf, Sydney.

HORSES and Cattle taken to graze on grassy and well watered run. Rose, West-street, Petersham.

LEFT-OFF Clothing and Old Gold Jewellery wanted, large or small quantities. Dawson, 135, Bathurst-street, E.

TO FARMERS, &c.—Oilskin Covers for Haystacks, cheap. Goldstein's Oilskin Factory, 215, Lower George-st.

WANTED, a Milch COW, with calf at foot. D. Mitchell and Co., 143, Clarence-street.

WANTED, immediately, live SNAKES, in any quantity. Little Barnum, Herald Office.

WANTED, Second-hand Fireproof Iron SAFE. Maker, size, and price, M., care of Gordon and Gotch.

WANTED to RENT, an enclosed YARD, with one or more Storerooms attached, suitable for storage of machinery. W. B. Henderson, Superintendent of Drills, Department of Mines.

WANTED, a FARM, of 400 or 500 acres, for dairy purposes, with cottage and orchard preferred, within easy reach of Sydney. Address, with particulars, Farm, Burnett's news agency, Woollahra.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

If Lord Harris and Mr. Murdoch were opponents in the Electioneering instead of
the
Cricket
Field,
which would you sooner vote for—
The man who would accept gracefully to a fair open-handed match,
"OUT,"
or the gentleman who would say,
"BILLY, YOU MUST GO, GO OUT."
I
AM
HARRIS."
So it is now with the two JOHNS.

SUMMARY OF NEWS

FOR TRANSMISSION TO EUROPE, VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

From November 2 to November 30.

POLITICAL.

Events in the political world have progressed to an extent that was not dreamt of at the time of our last summary via San Francisco. Our Legislature was then engaged in pushing through a measure that had long been urgently demanded, and which seemed to be in a very fair way of becoming law. The Land Bill had been introduced and read a first time, and although it was expected to be a perfect bone of contention, there was no anticipation whatever that the debate on the second reading would terminate in less than three or four weeks, even though the Government proposed to take an additional night each week for their business. Now, however, we are in the very thick of a general election. The debate on the second reading of the Land Bill came unexpectedly to a close on Thursday, November 16, when the Government were defeated on a division of 43 to 33. The Premier at once moved the adjournment of the House until the following Tuesday, which was agreed to. On that day, however, the Executive Council met, and issued a proclamation proroguing Parliament until the 12th December. It was, of course, known that this was only the preliminary step towards a dissolution, which in fact was proclaimed on the following Thursday, November 23. Another proclamation was put forth at the same time, summoning a new Parliament, for which the writs were at once issued, and now we have already had some of the nominations over. That for East Sydney took place on Tuesday, when the candidates proposed were Dr. Renwick, Sir Henry Parkes, Mr. G. N. Griffiths, Mr. E. Barton, Mr. G. H. Reid, Mr. J. M'Elhone, and Alderman Green. The various candidates having addressed the meeting a show of hands was taken, which was declared to be in favour of Messrs. Reid, M'Elhone, Barton, and Sir Henry Parkes. A poll was demanded, which takes place to-day.

The results of the session thus prematurely closed may be summed up as follows:—Leave was given for the introduction of 35 public and 9 private bills. At the present time only three of the public bills have received the Royal assent. These are the Evidence in Summary Convictions Bill, the Barristers' Admissions Bill, and the Consolidated Fund Revenue Bill—the latter being a measure to provide funds for carrying on necessary public works, especially as regards railway stations, sidings, and so on. There are five bills which have passed through both Houses and now only await the Governor's assent—which will probably be given in the course of a few days—to be placed upon the statute book. These are the Guarantees Law Amendment Bill, the Employers' Liability Bill, the Diseases in Sheep Act Amendment Bill, the Mining Act Further Amendment Bill, and the Wharfage and Tonnage Act Amendment Bill. With regard to the following measures, although leave has been given to introduce them, they have not yet been produced—Plans of Land Registration Bill, the Local Government Bill, the Consolidated Stock Bill, the General Savings' Bank Bill, the Sale and Supply of Gas Bill, the Pastures and Stock Protection Bill, the Electoral Act Amendment Bill, and the Conditional Purchases Validation Bill. There is another measure, which is formally introduced at the commencement of every session by way of asserting the right of Parliament to proceed with business irrespective of the reasons adduced by the Crown for calling them together. This bill, the title of which is the Ordnance Land Transfer Bill, was read the first on the opening day of the session, and then quietly allowed to drop. Two bills only have been rejected on the second reading—the Dower Act Amendment Bill and the Crown Lands Acts Amendment Bill. The Right of Challenge in Felony and Misdemeanor Bill was so altered in committee that its mover declined to go on with it; and the Limitation of Oaths Bill, after being taken through committee and reported, was allowed to drop. The Prickly Pear Destruction Bill came up for the second reading, but objection was taken that it was not properly before the House, not having been preceded by a message from the Crown. The Speaker sustained the objection, and the bill, in consequence, lapsed. The Animals' Protection Bill was set down for the second reading on November 14, but the mover had the order of the day discharged, and the bill was withdrawn. The Contagious Diseases Bill was referred to a select committee for inquiry and report, but at the close of the session the committee had not had time to conclude the investigation. The Violation of Children Bill was on the paper for the second reading on the 20th October, but was abandoned and withdrawn. The Forests Bill had been read the second time, and was taken into committee *pro forma*. It was not proceeded with further, and therefore lapsed. The Watering-places and Reserves Bill passed through all its stages, and was sent to the Legislative Council, and had not been finally dealt with by that Chamber when the session closed. The Land Machinery Bill had been introduced and read the first time, but had not reached the second reading. The Fire Brigades Bill had passed through the ordeal of the second reading, and was in committee, but had not been reported to the House. The Law of Seduction Bill had been read the first time, but had not advanced beyond that stage. The Bathurst Presbyterian Church Land Resumption Bill and the Supreme Court Procedure Bill were also awaiting the second reading. One of the most important measures of the session, unfortunately lost through the present crisis, was the Criminal Law Amendment Bill. The necessity for such a measure was generally admitted, and it was therefore allowed to pass the second reading, on December 13, almost without debate, but it received very minute attention in Committee of the Whole, the discussion of the several clauses having lasted over nine nights; but on October 19 it was reported to the House, and the report was adopted. The bill was read the third time on the 24th, and forwarded to the Legislative Council. The Upper Chamber lost no time in dealing with the measure. It was read the second time, and had been considered in Committee of the Whole as far as the 347th clause—more than two-thirds of the bill—when the unlucky circumstances arose which led to the sudden break-up of the Parliament.

Of the nine private bills only three have passed into law, and two of these remnants from the previous session—the Cudgegong Town Hall Bill and the Tamworth Gas Company Bill. The Institute of Surveyors' Incorporation Bill was ruled out of order by the Speaker, on the ground that it went beyond the leave given. The following bills had all been referred to select committee, were reported upon, and were awaiting the second reading:—The Forest Lodge at Tarlo Estate Bill, the Blandford Proprietary School Bill, the Dubbo Gas Company Bill, the Rotton's Estate Bill, and the Albury Gas Company Bill. The Mort's Bay Improvement Bill was, on the last day the House met, referred to a select committee, but of course must now remain over until the meeting of the new Parliament.

SOCIAL.

In consequence of the injuries sustained by many of the passengers who were in the mail train which recently ran into a goods train at Bathurst, a number of claims for compensation were sent in to the Government, and most of them have been settled. The Montague-Turner Troupe have received £400. £150 of this sum is made up of various amounts representing the claims of members of the troupe generally, two of whom have been awarded £30 each, one £25, one £20, one £15, and others £10 or £5 each. The balance, £250, goes to the principals of the troupe, and covers the loss which they sustained by being delayed two nights in Bathurst, by having to go to the expense of reprinting and advertising, and by having to pay for the hiring of halls.

The Rev. Dr. Stephenson, a distinguished English Wesleyan minister, who has been making a tour of the colonies, is paying a visit to Sydney.

A special meeting of the committee of the National Shipwreck Relief Society was held to consider the applications for relief from the widows and families of the crew of the ill-fated Woniora. To the widow of Captain Laundson, who had been a consistent member of the society since its commencement, the sum of £61 15s. was voted, this being the amount she is entitled to under the membership clause, to which amount the committee supplemented the sum of £250; to Mrs. Rice, widow of the chief engineer, a sum of £105 was granted, in addition to £20 already voted for temporary assistance.

The committee of the Charity Organisation Society held a meeting on November 22, at which a summary of the daily register was read, showing that during the month 103 persons had applied for relief, consisting of 29 married couples, 36 widows, 9 deserted women, and 29 single men.

A meeting of the trustees of the Australian Museum was held in the boardroom, on the afternoon of Tuesday, 21st November, at which the following resolution was, on the motion of the Crown trustee, unanimously agreed to:—"1. The trustees of the Australian Museum, while in common with their fellow-colonists lamenting the national loss sustained by the burning of the Garden Palace, desire to express their sympathy with the committee of the Technological and Ethnological branch of the museum—Mr. Alfred Roberts, Mr. Hunt, and Professor Liversidge—in the misfortune which they more especially have sustained by the destruction of the valuable collection of objects in that department. The trustees feel it to be due to those gentlemen to record the sense entertained by the board of the zeal and industry devoted by them to the superintendence of that branch, by which they had succeeded in completing a most interesting addition to the public property ready for exhibition—when the fruit of their labours was swept away in the general ruin. 2. That a copy of the preceding resolution, signed by the chairman and countersigned by the secretary, be sent to each of the gentlemen mentioned."

A number of ladies are endeavouring to bring about a salutary change in the mode of selling fruit. The way in which the more delicate produce of gardens and orchards is tossed about before it reaches the consumer deprives it of its freshness, and suggests unpleasant associations. Strawberries are crushed, plums and cherries are deprived of their bloom, and pears of the finer sort are bruised. The ladies desire to change all this. Baskets of very simple construction are made of wood sliced to the thickness of cartridge paper.

A very old Sydney resident has given in the *Herald* his recollections of Chapel Row (now known as Castlereagh-street), when it extended from Hunter-street only as far as Park-street. The term "Row" seems to have been very commonly used in those days, for George-street was called Sergeant-Major's Row; Kent-street, Back Soldiers' Row; Castlereagh-street, Chapel Row; Phillip-street, Back Row East; Bligh-street, Bell Row; and Spring-street, Spring Row. A description is also given of the old Sydney racecourse, now known as Hyde Park. At the time referred to, Park-street East and William-street were not in existence, and the only road leading to what is now known as Darlinghurst was South Head-road (Oxford-street). When the old racecourse was closed, Macquarie-street was continued through it to Liverpool-street, following the line of the central avenue, but the new street was afterwards closed up, and the reserve has since remained intact, with the exception of the division caused by the continuation of Park-street into Woolloomooloo. In the old days it was the custom to bury suicides on the old racecourse. The bodies were buried with stakes through them at the intersections of the cart tracks.

The "Wayze-goose," or annual picnic, given by the proprietors of the *Sydney Morning Herald*, *Sydney Mail*, and *Echo*, to their employés, took place at the Sir Joseph Banks Hotel, Botany Bay, on Saturday, November 25. Two special trams were engaged for the occasion, one starting about 10 o'clock, the other at noon, and the whole party were thus safely and conveniently conveyed to their destination. On arrival the usual amusements were commenced, including cricket, quoits, and a capital programme of races and other athletic sports; while in the pavilion dancing was kept up with spirit all through the day, with the exception of the hour devoted to dinner. When the time for that very important part of the ceremony arrived, the company, consisting of nearly 500, including ladies and children, sat down to a repast which Mr. Frank Smith had provided in really first-class style. There was abundance of everything, and everything was of the best, and the attendance left nothing to be desired. Mr. Smith deserves the greatest praise for the manner in which the arrangements were carried out. After the dinner had been exhaustively discussed, the chairman, Mr. E. Ross Fairfax, proposed "The Health of the Queen." Dr. Garran then gave "The Firm and its Journals," to which Mr. E. Ross Fairfax replied, concluding by proposing "The Departments of the Establishment," for which Dr. Garran, Mr. Hugh George, and Mr. S. Cook responded. Mr. Curnow, in feeling terms, proposed "Absent Friends," coupled with the name of Mr. J. R. Fairfax. "Our Guests" was proposed by Mr. Hugh George, and responded to by the Rev. J. G. Fraser and Mr. T. Richards, Government Printer. The "Health of the Ladies" was proposed by Mr. S. Cook, and Mr. C. Fairfax and Mr. Pratt had the honour of replying. This concluded the programme of toasts, and the dancing and other sports were immediately resumed and kept up with unflagging zest until the hour arrived for returning. All got back safely, having spent so pleasant a day that the Wayzegoose of 1882 is not likely to be soon forgotten. The tram arrangements, it should be mentioned, were admirable.

Edison's system of electric lighting was introduced in the *Sydney Morning Herald* establishment on November 3, for the first time. The arrangements, which were carried out by Mr. H. H. Kingsbury, were not complete in details, but the experiment was a signal success, the incandescent lamps shedding a pure soft brilliancy, destitute of the blinding glare so noticeable in the arc lamps. The compositors speak highly of the quality of the light.

The 9th of November was duly observed as a general holiday throughout the colony in honour of the 41st anniversary of the birthday of the Prince of Wales. During the earlier part of the morning some of the streets presented a more than usually animated appearance, even for holiday time, for a great deal of interest centred in the procession of the fire brigades from the Prince Consort statue to Prince Alfred Park, but long before the day had half gone the main portion of the city appeared almost deserted. Where the people lingered longest, though intent upon getting out of town, was at the Bridge-street tram terminus and the different tram stopping places between Bridge-street and Liverpool and Oxford streets. About 6000 people visited the Prince Alfred Park to see the contests between the fire brigades; the railway trains conveyed large numbers of excursionists into the country; and very considerable patronage was bestowed upon the Balmain Regatta. One of the pleasantest sights during the day was the manner in which the Botanic Gardens and the Domain were utilised by many hundreds of people, and apparently by several organised picnic bodies. In that part of the Domain where Mrs. Macquarie's chair is situated, picnicers were very numerous, but in the Gardens every patch of shade had its occupants with their hampers, and the Lower Gardens throughout the day wore the appearance of a public picnicing ground. The freedom with which the people seated themselves upon the grass, or amused themselves with various innocent pastimes, was not in any way checked. Though, with the exception of doing no injury to the trees or flowers, the people appeared to act in just the manner that is seen at places of holiday resort down the harbour, there was no interference by anyone connected with the Gardens, and the people who had chosen these lovely grounds as a picnicing green enjoyed themselves as much as any of those who went out of town. On making up the traffic-sheets, the tramway officials find that the total number of fares collected on the Prince of Wales' Birthday amounted to 106,030.

We are informed that the president of the Intercolonial Presbyterian Conference of 1882 has received through his Excellency the Governor a copy of the reply by the Secretary of State for the Colonies to a petition from the Conference praying that British protection and justice might be permanently established over the New Hebrides Islands, and that if practicable, the group might be annexed to the British Crown. The reply states that while the Secretary of State has not been able to advise her Majesty to take any steps for the annexation of the New Hebrides or the establishment of a British protectorate over them, the Government are considering whether measures cannot be devised for the better prevention of disorders in the Pacific generally, and are awaiting the return of Sir Arthur Gordon in order that they may confer with him on the whole subject before determining what course should be adopted.

A very successful demonstration took place on November 10, at the Royal Arcade, in connection with the opening of the building. A very large number of members of Parliament, aldermen, and representatives of the leading commercial interests of the city attended a banquet, at the invitation of Messrs. Withers Brothers, the proprietors of the Arcade. Speeches were made by Sir Henry Parkes, Mr. J. F. Burns, M.L.A., Mr. A. Cameron, M.L.A., and the Messrs. Withers and others, in connection with the toasts of "The Parliament," "Municipal Institutions," "The health of the Proprietors of the Arcade," &c. Sir Henry Parkes formally opened the Arcade on the next day, at noon. In an architectural sense it will prove one of the most attractive edifices that has yet been designed for the city. The credit in this respect belongs to Mr. Thomas Rowe, the well-known architect, who has done much of late in assisting to construct new Sydney. The Royal Arcade is the second venture of the kind launched in Sydney. It contains on the ground floor 31 shops, the average size of these being 12 feet 6 inches frontage by 20 feet depth. The George-street front—67 feet 6 inches—has three shops, the entrance to the arcade, and an entrance at each side, both leading to the first floor. The Pitt-street frontage—63 feet 6 inches—has two shops, the entrance 14 feet wide, and also an entrance at each end, leading to the first floor. The first floor contains 36 offices, with a corridor running at the rear each side of the arcade from George-street to Pitt-street, and possessing two direct staircases on each street. The corridors are well lit by skylights and windows, and are very light and airy. The second floor at George-street has five offices, and a photographic gallery 50 feet x 14 feet, with dark, printing, toning, and solar rooms, two dressing-rooms, and a reception-room, fitted with every convenient requisite. This gallery is situated on the southern side of the arcade, above the offices. The second floor, Pitt-street, contains three large-sized offices. The whole of the offices and corridors are approached by elegant easy-going staircases.

A meeting of the committee of the New South Wales Aborigines' Protection Association was held on November 13, the Hon. John Marks occupying the chair. The secretary presented a statement of accounts, showing that a total amount of £1156 17s. 10d. had been expended by the association, and on the 30th June last the society had overdrawn its account £23 1s. 1d. The receipts since that date had not sufficed to meet the current expenses. Letters were read from the superintendents of Maloga and Warangesda Aboriginal Stations, stating that they were in a most necessitous condition, and a small grant in aid was made to each station.

On Monday, November 6, our columns contained an announcement of the death of the Rev. H. H. Gaud, one of the "fathers" of the Wesleyan Methodist Church. Mr. Gaud had for some years been resting at Parramatta from the labours of a long and honourable ministry. He lived to see the denomination to which he was devoted become one of the powerful Protestant associations in Australia. Election to the chair of one of the intercolonial conferences and a succession of the most important circuits showed the esteem in which his character and abilities were held by his brethren.

The following particulars of the cruise of a labour vessel, the Roderick Dhu, and the atrocities committed by the natives of some islands on which return Polynesian labourers were landed, are taken from the *Maryborough Chronicle*:—"The Roderick Dhu, under the command of Captain Turner, with Mr. Lynn as Government agent, left Maryborough in July last, passed Woody Island on the 15th, and Breaksea Spit on the 17th of that month; experienced heavy weather at first, then westerly winds until she sighted Aneiteum on 1st August. During the run across one of the 75 return boys, who had shown signs of mental aberration for some days, became a raving maniac, and attacked all those Polynesians near him with a tomahawk. A general emeute appeared imminent, and, as a number of boys were getting out their arms to defend themselves against the furious attacks of the madman, the Government agent drew his revolver and shot the latter dead. The island of Tanna, in the New Hebrides group, was worked on the 4th August. A number of returns were landed and 23 recruits obtained. On the 17th the vessel anchored in Havannah harbour to procure wood and water. She left again on the 16th, and voyaged north. At the island of Paama, situate between Ambrym and Apii, several return boys belonging to that thickly-populated island were landed, with their boxes, on the beach opposite their village. Directly the boats pushed off from the beach, shots were heard, and it transpired that the boys just landed were attacked by the natives on shore, murdered, and their boxes looted. During the day a canoe full of natives came off to the schooner, and offered for sale a roasted leg and an arm, which they said belonged to two of the boys landed that morning. They urged that it was 'very good kiki.' The canoe was ordered away, and none of the occupants were allowed to board the vessel. The Roderick Dhu proceeded to Aoba, and while the boats were pulling along shore in search of recruits a shower of arrows came from a thicket on the beach, but fell a few yards short of the boats. The attack was not responded to by the boats, which then returned to the schooner. Subsequently, while the vessel was at Malicolo, inside the N.E. Islands, the boats were treated to a running fire of musketry from a gang of natives ensconced behind some scrub. The fire was returned by the boats, but no one appeared to be hit on either side, and the natives did not attempt to show themselves in the open. Continued recruiting about the adjacent islands with considerable success, and on October 2, when again off Malicolo, spoke the schooner Ceara with 118 recruits on board, bound for the Johnstone River, Queensland. On October 11 the Roderick Dhu brought up off the black beach of Ebo, on the island of Apii, to obtain fresh water."

The lumper's strike still continues, and the discharging and loading of vessels is much retarded thereby.

The agricultural statistics for the year ended 31st of March last have been issued by the Registrar-General. The returns are merely a series of tables, but by these we are enabled to make certain calculations which tend to show that during the year 1881 the colony, in an agricultural sense, retrograded in an extraordinary manner. In 1881 there were 40,302 holders of land, exclusive of those holding land for pastoral purposes, and they held 27,873,498 acres. In January, 1882, it appears there were only 39,354 holders, holding 27,692,208 acres. In January, 1881, there were 710,337 acres under cultivation; in January, 1882, only 645,068 acres. Thus in one year the reduction in what really is a very small area was no less than 65,269 acres. Although the past year was not an unfavourable one to agriculturists this is the verdict of the statist. The decrease column is extraordinarily heavy. Dealing only with principal crops, as compared with the statistics of last year, the position is as follows:—Decrease: acres under crop, 65,269; wheat, 31,259; maize, 9718; barley, 1630; oats, 1575; rye, 208; millet, 11; potatoes, 3152; tobacco, 166; vines, 673; sown grasses for green food for cattle, 26,715; gardens and orchards, 3085. Decrease in yield: Wheat, 311,389 bushels; barley, 28,177 bushels; potatoes, 7788 tons; wine, 88,319 gallons. Whereas the increase upon last year affords only the following items:—Increase in area under crop: Arrowroot, 89 acres; sugar cane (productive), 516; sugar cane (unproductive), 678; sown grasses (for hay), 15,458; orangeries, 362 acres. Increase in yield: Maize, 412,059 bushels; oats, 445 bushels; sugar, 1,461,040lb.; hay, 24,336 tons; oranges, 1,353,778 dozen. Despite the decrease in area, the averages of the principal crop are higher than appeared in the returns of last year. Wheat in 1882 affords an average of 15 4-5ths bushels per acre; maize, 42 bushels. Last year the averages were: Wheat, 14¾ bushels; maize, 35 bushels. Decennial tables similar to those furnished by the statist are subjoined:—

THE SINKING OF THE AUSTRAL.

In our last summary via Suez, published on the 21st November, we gave full particulars of the sinking of the splendid Orient liner Austral in Neutral Bay, in the harbour of Port Jackson. The Austral, while lying snugly at anchor in Neutral Bay, on November 11, receiving coals from a tender alongside, suddenly listed over, and her ports being open, the water poured in so rapidly that she foundered in a few minutes. There were on board at the time the officers and crew, numbering between 70 and 80 men, and of these five are known to have perished; the others just succeeded in saving themselves by jumping into the lighter alongside the ship. The most of them were in their berths sound asleep at the time the alarm was raised, and had only time to rush out half naked as they were and escape. Of course, as might be justly imagined, a great uproar and confusion arose on board amongst the terrified crew, and their shrieks and cries for assistance were, fortunately, by no means without avail. Very soon boats were observed approaching the scene of the disaster, having been despatched to the locality from the different ships lying in the harbour, and also from the shore. By the assistance of these boats the crew—as many as had been fortunate enough to get on board the lighters alongside the vessel—were nearly all removed at once to the Sailors' Home at Circular Quay. Some of them, together with Captain Murdoch, the commander, were taken on board the colonial warship Wolverene. They were mostly in a half-clad state, whilst others had scarcely a stitch of clothing about them, as they did not even have time, after being aroused from their slumbers, to obtain their clothes. On being awakened a general rush for the gangways was made, and many of the alarmed occupants of the vessel were subjected to severe jostling in their frantic endeavours to escape, all on board having been terror-stricken by the suddenness of the disaster. An inquest was held on the bodies of John James Perkins (the purser), Thomas Alexander, engineer, and three Arab firemen. A vast amount of evidence was taken as to the probable cause of the sinking of the vessel, which was published in our summary of November 21, as before stated. The inquest terminated on that day, and at 10 a.m. the jury retired to consider their verdict, and at noon the Coroner inquired as to whether they had agreed, and he was met with a reply in the negative. He ordered them to be locked up again, and at a quarter to 3 o'clock the Coroner was sent for. The foreman then stated that there was no possibility of a verdict being arrived at. The Coroner remarked that he did not feel justified in discharging them until they had deliberated at greater length. They were then locked up until nearly 5 o'clock, when they brought in a verdict to the effect that the captain and officers of the vessels had been guilty of gross negligence. The Coroner pointed out that such a verdict amounted to one of manslaughter, and he, therefore, could not accept it unless the officers were specified. The verdict was withdrawn, and subsequently the jury were locked up until 9 p.m., when they returned into court with a verdict to the effect that the deceased men met their deaths through drowning caused by the sinking of the Austral, they being on the vessel at the time, and that the jury were of opinion that the captain, his chief officer, chief engineer, and carpenter committed grave errors of judgment in not taking better precautions to secure the safety of the ship. The preliminary work in connection with the raising of the Austral is being pushed forward with the utmost energy. It has been found necessary to make some alterations with respect to the operations of the divers, whose numbers have been reinforced. There are now 15 divers employed, and it has been found more convenient to have all working at the same time. And to expedite as much as possible the work of closing the ventilators and ports, it has been arranged that the divers shall work from eight to nine hours daily. This plan is more advantageous than that of employing the divers in two shifts. The divers have brought up some of the drawing-room furniture, and that has suffered to a very serious extent from submersion in salt water. Considerable progress has been made with the erection of staging for the pumps. The steamer is fitted with a very complete system of ventilation, and it is owing to this fact, to a great extent, that the operations of the divers will necessarily occupy some considerable time longer. At the request of the Government, the inquiry, which the Marine Board intended to have commenced on Monday last, into the circumstances surrounding the sinking of the Austral has been postponed.

STRANDING OF THE NORTHAMPTON.

At the meeting of the Marine Board, on Monday, 20th, there were present Captains Hixson (president), Broomfield, Jenkins, and M'Lean, and Commander Lindeman (secretary).

Dr. Sly read the following statement by the captain, and subsequently addressed the board in advocacy of the arguments there put forth:—"To the Marine Board of New South Wales. Gentlemen,—I appear before you this day, in pursuance of your summons, 'to show cause why my certificate as master should not be suspended or cancelled;' in other words, to urge you to arrest and reconsider the report on which you have agreed—that I 'recklessly navigated the ship Northampton by sailing her at considerable speed towards the coast of New South Wales, and that I omitted necessary precautions by not taking afternoon sights and soundings to verify the ship's position on the night of the 20th October, prior to her striking in shoal water.' The result of your finding is a very grave reflection upon my professional capacity and prudence, and you have been pleased to add a rider which most painfully reflects on my personal conduct and character; and I am certain you will afford me every latitude and consideration while I respectfully comment on the facts or allegations before you, on which you have founded your report and appended your rider. And I have preferred thus to prepare and read my statement because your verdict is fraught with serious consequences to me, and it is my duty to my employers, to my family, and to myself, to avert its confirmation if I can honourably do so. It is always distasteful to a man conscious of his own integrity to fortify his character by the production of certificates earned through a life of toil from those who have placed confidence in him. But there are occasions when this delicacy must be set aside, and in my present exigency I feel it right to refer to my career, because from a knowledge of it, and from that alone, can you judge of the probabilities of my competency and of my personal character, which are both involved and assailed. I am the son of a naval officer, and was educated at the Greenwich School, and had a thorough nautical training. At an early age I went to sea in the mercantile marine service. In due time, nay, in a very short time after I was out of my articles, I was acting master, and I obtained a first-class Trinity House certificate as master upwards of 35 years ago. My employment has been in the Mediterranean, the East and West Indian, and of late years in the colonial trade. Throughout I have been honoured with the confidence of my employers, and I submit for your perusal certificates from some of the most respectable shipowners in the United Kingdom, covering a consecutive period of 25 years, all testifying to my competency, my sobriety, good judgment, and integrity as a master. From the date of my last certificate to the present time, 11 years, I have commanded ships for my present employers, the Merchant Shipping Company, and throughout I have had important charges, and been entrusted with large discretion in ships' employment. I have carried passengers to and from the East Indies and the colonies. I have made eight successful voyages with immigrants, and neither my professional nor personal conduct has ever been impeached. I hold the usual gratifying testimonials from passengers, and from the authorities I have always received certificates of approbation, and been paid all conditional gratuities. In 1865, I received my commission as a lieutenant in the Royal Naval Reserve. Gentlemen,—I submit that this brief narrative of my sea life entitles me to ask you to pause before submitting a report which—on account of this one accident—is calculated to blast the good reputation I have earned, and always enjoyed, and to relegate me in the evening of life from my calling, with the stigma that in your judgment I am, 'a reckless and incautious navigator'; and I should not ask this, if I did not feel strongly that I was justified in the course I took with my vessel, and that at the most the accident was the result of an excusable error in the estimate of the ship's position, which does not call for such severe censure as your reports mete out. I beg of you, gentlemen—look through the ship's log-book, take before you the charts, especially the one on which the ship's position at noon of the 20th October is marked—bear in mind that my daily observations were checked by my officers, that I had no reason to doubt the accuracy of the ship's chronometer by which I navigated, and on which I relied; that there was no wilful omission respecting the afternoon's sight, the state of the atmosphere alone prevented it, and I submit that taking the vessel, under easy sail (all small sails and mainsail stowed, and ready for any contingency of meeting vessels or sighting land), towards a coast which I and my chief officer believed to be 25 miles ahead at 7 p.m., which I knew to have deep water to close in shore; steering, as I thought I was, direct for my port of destination, expecting to fall in with the pilot boat—with lookout from masthead and forecastle, with foghorn continually blowing—does not warrant the decision at which you have arrived. I admit that I made an error in my estimate of the ship's position, and it will be hard enough to bear if on this you determine that it was an 'error of judgment;' but even so, I further and most respectfully submit that, under all the circumstances, it does not merit the suspension of a certificate held untarnished for 35 years, by authority of which I have successfully navigated large and valuable ships hundreds of thousands of miles, conveying in them enormous and costly cargoes and some thousands of passengers. Surely, surely, gentlemen, a sense of justice will prevent you from ignoring the evidence I have submitted of my care and prudence throughout my life, and also from applying to me the terms of 'reckless navigator' for one error of judgment. I address myself now to your 'rider,' with which you have not specifically dealt, but which, left as it is, is most damaging. Again I refer to the evidence you 'elicited,' and I state on honour that I was not under the influence of liquor either shortly after the vessel struck or was beached, and I solemnly repeat the evidence I gave when recalled by you, and I ask you to credit my statement supported as it is, by the antecedents of my life, corroborated as it is by Dr. Strutt's evidence before the Immigration Board, which I would have tendered to you had you desired. He was with me all the night of the accident, and having twice voyaged with me, his opinion should have weight. I refer also to Dr. Euan's unqualified testimony, and I contrast this mass of evidence with that of the mates, to whom I own I spoke roughly, charging them with neglect of their duty and absence from their posts when the ship was so critically circumstanced; and even these men, while evidently retaliating my accusations, admit that they never saw me under the influence of liquor during the voyage. Gentlemen, I did not in these few hours of anxiety forfeit my own self-respect, or the character for sobriety which I have borne all my life. I frankly admit, that having been very ill for three weeks, suffering acutely from rheumatism, and from an ulcerated foot, borne down and depressed by weakness, the shock of the accident fell heavily on me, and I was nervously prostrate and unmanned—this arose from the causes I have set out, and calls rather for sympathy than censure. You invite me to produce such witnesses as I may think fit. Gentlemen, although many of my brother ship-masters would testify that they do not consider me blameworthy, I do not purpose thus reopening the inquiry. The evidence is before you, and I ask you to reconsider it in connection with this statement, and I would fain hope that the result will be my exoneration from your censure, and in now handing you my certificate No. 2339, I express my earnest trust that it may be returned to me without reproach on my professional conduct or personal character. I have endeavoured to review this matter with all the respect and consideration which I have for the president and wardens of the board, and I trust my statement may have its proper and fair weight.—JOHN C. CLARE, master of the ship Northampton, of the Merchant Shipping Company's fleet. Sydney, 20th November, 1882."

After deliberation the board announced that Captain Clare's certificate would be suspended for nine months. The board then adjourned.

OPENING OF THE IRON COVE BRIDGE.

The iron bridge over Iron Cove, which is one of the finest structures of the kind in the colony, was opened for public traffic on November 2. The Hon. John Lackey, Minister for Works, performed the opening ceremony, and Sir Henry Parkes, Colonial Secretary; Sir John Robertson, Minister for Lands; the Hon. F. B. Suttor, Minister for Public Instruction; the Hon. W. J. Foster, Minister for Justice, and several other members of the Assembly, were present. The event, which was marked with demonstrations of a joyful character, as the bridge completes communication between a large and fertile locality and the metropolis, was witnessed by several hundreds of persons belonging to the adjacent districts, and including a large number of school children, who had arrayed themselves in holiday attire. After its consummation the Ministers and about 140 other gentlemen attended a banquet in the large hall at the Gladesville Asylum. At this the chair was occupied by Mr. J. S. Farnell, M.L.A., and several speeches having a political flavour about them were delivered. Operations were commenced in April, 1878, by levelling the ground, repairing jetties, and proceeding with the masonry. In April, 1879, the necessary machinery having arrived, the cylinder-sinking was commenced at the Parramatta River Bridge in May, 1879. The first girder was lifted into a position in April, 1880, and the bridge opened for traffic in February, 1881. Alterations or additions to the bridge, chiefly consisting of 13 feet additional cylinder-sinking, and 423 yards of extra masonry and concrete were rendered necessary by unsound rock having to be cut away, chiefly under water, and the construction of locking gear for the swing bridge. At the Iron Cove bridge operations commenced in April, 1878, and both bridges were carried on together, when it was found advisable to suspend operations in April, 1879, in order to complete the Parramatta bridge. Work, however, was resumed in November, 1880, and completed on 8th November, 1882. The deviations from the contract design were considerable in this bridge, in consequence of the Sister's Rock, on which it was proposed to found the western abutment, proving hollow beneath. It was necessary to move the bridge some 50 feet west of its first position. This brought the eastern abutment into much deeper water, and involved the necessity for deep water foundations, a cofferdam, and large additions to the masonry. This bridge, as the work was being carried out by the Department, and questions were raised as to the desirableness of having a swing-bridge, was raised three feet higher than was originally proposed, to give more headway. In addition to this foundations had to be sunk to an average of 30 feet greater depth than proposed. In three piers the depths are 105 feet, 98 feet, and 93 feet, which are as deep as any cylinders have attained anywhere. These unusual depths made it necessary to increase the diameters of the cylinders from 4½ feet to 6 feet in all the deeper piers. This has caused great delay and considerable addition to the cost. The additional length of cylinder was 414 feet, or one-third of the whole, nearly all of which were 6 feet cylinders. A great deal of time was lost by one cylinder having gone out of position, and an 8 feet cylinder was sunk round it, with a view of drawing it, which failing, the 8 feet cylinder was weighted with a weight greater than any ever likely to come on the bridge, and then connected with coned lengths, and the ordinary superstructure put on. The extra quantity of concrete and masonry in abutments was 1300 cubic yards. Both bridges, by the introduction of intermediate cross-girders, will carry a light railway or tramway. The cross-girders can be ordered by telegraph from England, and be put in position without any interference with the traffic. The probable cost will be £6000. The cost of the bridges has been about £100,000. The plant accounts are not yet closed, so that the amount of this cannot be given exactly. £54,000 was for the contract for ironwork, additional cylinders, and locking gear. This leaves the cost of erection about £46,000, or £1168 less than the lowest tender, not counting the extras, which would amount to much more than the excess over the estimated £14,000, so that it may be considered that the work has been done, notwithstanding all the delays, within the amount estimated by the engineer, £32,000.

ALL-ENGLAND ELEVEN v. ELEVEN OF VICTORIA.

The first contest between the Hon. Ivo Bligh's team and Eleven of Victoria, played on the Melbourne Club Cricket Ground, resulted in an easy victory for the Englishmen by 10 wickets. The visiting eleven were captained by Tylecote, who was fortunate in winning the toss. The play of the Englishmen, who went in first, seems to have been good all through, no less than six out of the eleven gaining double figure distinction. C. T. Studd, who was so successful with the bat against Murdoch's team, enjoys the honour of having made the top score of 56, while C. F. Leslie follows close on his footsteps with 51 not out. Bates and Barlow likewise played well for their respective contributions of 48 and 44, while Tylecote proved his worth as a batsman by putting together 37. Several easy chances were missed by the Victorians. Turner, behind the wickets, missed Bates—a very simple chance of stumping—early in his innings. Tylecote also gave Kelly, at point, an easy chance, which was not accepted. Vernon ought to have been stumped by Turner, and Leslie should have been run out. The English team, however, batted with great vigour, and those who saw them at the bat prophesy some tall scoring for the visitors during the tour, when they get properly into form. Cooper, who obtained five wickets, appeared to trouble his opponents most, and it is thought he did not make enough use of his own bowling during the innings. M'Shane obtained two wickets, and bowled in something like his old form; but he was severely punished at times. Bruce and Logan, from whom much was expected, did not come off, the one wicket obtained by the former costing 42 runs, while Logan did not capture any, and 33 runs were obtained from him; and Edwards, who has earned considerable fame as a trundler in the intercolonial matches, took one wicket at the cost of 39 runs. The Victorians, with the heavy task before them of making 273, opened their innings inauspiciously, three of their best batsmen being dismissed for 16 runs. J. Swift and Scott, both of whom had made over a century in club matches, failed, Scott being run out before he had time to score, and Swift being splendidly caught by Barnes for 8. The third victim was Edwards, who was given out l. b. w. to Steel. J. Rosser and Turner got together, and for a time, and they jointly overcame what at one time looked very much like a "funk" setting in. Turner played with vigour and confidence, and being ably seconded by Rosser hopes were entertained of a long stand being made between the batsmen. Various changes of bowling were resorted to, which caused the batsmen to play more carefully. Just before the half-century was reached W. W. Read went on with "lobs." Though such a change was ridiculed, it, nevertheless, came off, as Read clean bowled Turner, after that player had put together 25 runs by unusually steady play for him. Baker then fell a victim to the underhand bowler; and as five wickets had now fallen for 65 runs, the Victorians despaired of securing anything like the number of runs necessary to save the "follow on." Kelly joined Rosser, only to see the latter snick one of the slows into the wicket-keeper's hands. Rosser's 22 was the best performance of the Victorian first innings. Bruce, who followed, did not stay long. After giving Barnes an easy catch at short-leg, the professional soon after had the satisfaction of clean bowling him. M'Shane went to the assistance of Kelly, and the two veterans made a determined stand against the bowling and brought the total up to 100, when Kelly, in trying an unusually short run, was run out, as he should have been on several previous occasions had the Englishmen picked the ball up clean. The end had now come, as A. G. Steel sent W. H. Cooper's stumps flying before the Victorian captain could get an opportunity of scoring. Naturally depressed, the Victorians commenced their second innings, being 169 runs behind. A splendid start was made by Kelly and Scott, both of whom hit out with great freedom, Scott especially playing good cricket. In half an hour 30 runs had been telegraphed, when Kelly snicked a ball from Barlow into the hands of Leslie at short-slip. Edwards, who followed, after making a brace, had his wickets disturbed by a fast one from Barlow. Swift joined Scott, and by dint of steady play the score mounted to 50. Barnes, who had just relieved C. T. Studd, then clean bowled Scott in his first over. Scott played very good cricket for his 26 runs. (3 for 52.) Rosser, the next comer, immediately began to score, and, principally through his agency, 70 were hoisted on the board, shortly after which Rosser was bowled off his pads by a head ball from Bates. Turner, who succeeded, soon brought the score up to 89, but in making an attempt to send the ball out of the ground he gave Bates at cover-point a difficult chance, which was declined. But this good fortune for Victoria was succeeded by a disaster to Swift, who, in playing back to a ball well up from Steel, had the mortification to knock his own wicket down. Baker opened with two good hits, and then succumbed to a beautiful ball from Bates. M'Shane came next, and it was expected that he, with Turner, would be able to play out time, but Steel sent down a peculiarly enticing ball, which, getting Turner in two minds, bowled him. Bruce joined M'Shane, and when the score had reached 121 time was called, both batsmen being not out. On the resumption of the match on Monday afternoon not even the most sanguine supporter of the Victorians expected anything but a one-innings defeat, as there were 48 runs to get with three wickets to fall. M'Shane added seven more to the score, when he was caught off Bates. Cooper, who followed, played awkwardly, but managed to keep up his wicket, while Bruce, his partner, kept busily augmenting the score and showing fine cricket. Cooper should have been caught twice, but he seemed to bear a charmed life. Despite many changes in the bowling, 140 and then 150 appeared. There were loud cheers when the score reached 169, a point which saved a one-innings defeat. Cooper, satisfied with what he had done, retired, caught at the wickets by Tylecote off Barnes, making way for Logan, who did not have a ball, as Bruce, after making 40, sent one from C. T. Studd into the hands of G. B. Studd, leaving the Englishmen one run to get to win. M'Shane's first ball sufficed to end the match, as it passed the wicketkeeper and went for four byes. The attendance was about 17,000 during the three days. The weather on the two first days was fine, but on the third it rained.

ENGLISH ELEVEN.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
G. B. Studd, b Cooper	1	not out	0
Bates, c Swift, b M'Shane	48		
Barlow, b Cooper	44	not out	0
C. T. Studd, b M'Shane	56		
A. G. Steel, b Cooper	2		
W. W. Read, b Edwards	1		
Barnes, c and b Cooper	1		
Tylecote, st Turner, b Cooper	37		
Leslie, not out	51		
Vernon, b Scott	17		
Morley, b Bruce	3		
Sundries	12	Byes	4
	273		4

BOWLING ANALYSIS.—Cooper, 140 balls, 89 runs, 9 maidens, 5 wickets; Edwards, 112 balls, 39 runs, 12 maidens, 1 wicket; Bruce, 62 balls, 42 runs, 1 maiden, 1 wicket; Scott, 44 balls, 21 runs, 4 maidens, 1 wicket; M'Shane, 100 balls, 37 runs, 12 maidens, 2 wickets; Logan, 48 balls, 33 runs, 2 maidens.

VICTORIAN ELEVEN.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Swift, c Barnes, b Steel	8	hit wicket, b Steel	18
Scott, run out	0	b Barnes	26
Edwards, l b w b Steel	3	b Barlow	2
Rosser, c Tylecote, b Read	22	l b w, b Steel	11
Turner, b Read	25	b Steel	17
Baker, c Tylecote, b Read	5	b Bates	5
Kelly, run out	20	c Leslie, b Barlow	14
Bruce, b Read	2	c G. B. Studd, b C. T. Studd	40
M'Shane, b Bates	14	c Alexander (sub.), b Bates	15
Cooper, b Steel	0	c Tylecote, b Barlow	8
Logan, not out	2	not out	0
Sundries	3	Sundries	13
	104		169

BOWLING ANALYSIS.—First Innings: Steel, 104 balls, 15 runs, 15 maidens, 3 wickets; Barnes, 76 balls, 32 runs, 4 maidens; Bates, 65 balls, 14 runs, 8 maidens, 1 wicket; Read, 48 balls, 28 runs, 3 maidens, 4 wickets; C. T. Studd, 44 balls, 6 runs, 6 maidens; Barlow, 41 balls, 6 runs, 8 maidens. Second Innings: Steel, 84 balls, 34 runs, 4 maidens, 3 wickets; Barlow, 64 balls, 31 runs, 7 maidens, 3 wickets; C. T. Studd, 93 balls, 19 runs, 16 maidens, 1 wicket; Bates, 80 balls, 27 runs, 10 maidens, 2 wickets; Barnes, 45 balls, 19 runs, 4 maidens, 1 wicket; Read, 16 balls, 8 runs. Read, 1 no ball in first innings.

The English team arrived in Sydney yesterday morning and play a match against a New South Wales team (minus the colony's contingent in the Australian team) on the 1st, 2nd, 4th, and 5th December.

ARRIVAL OF THE AUSTRALIAN ELEVEN.

The Australian cricketers arrived by the steamer City of New York on Saturday, 18th, about 1 o'clock, the ship being decorated with flags, in honour of the victorious band of cricketers on board. The members of the New South Wales Cricket Association, together with a number of cricketers, went down the harbour on board the steamer Victor to meet the Australians and convey them to their quarters. They were too late, however, to effect their purpose, so they steamed back again to Circular Quay, where 300 or 400 people had assembled on the wharf to welcome the colonial team. As soon as the steamer drew alongside three cheers were given for our champions, who were then driven in a four-in-hand drag to the Exchange Hotel, where they were formally welcomed by Mr. R. Teece, on behalf of the New South Wales Cricketing Association. Champagne being called for, Mr. Teece, in a few felicitous remarks, alluded to the great deeds of the team in the old country, and welcomed them back to Australia. The healths of the Eleven were most enthusiastically drunk, and Mr. Murdoch replied in a few happy words. The ceremony being concluded, the Eleven lost no time in gaining their quarters at the Metropolitan Hotel, where a large crowd was anxiously awaiting their arrival. During the afternoon several members of the Eleven put in an appearance on the Association Ground, each man being cheered by the members as he entered the pavilion reserve. A complimentary banquet to the Australian Eleven, to congratulate them on their return from their successful tour in England, took place at Aarons' Exchange Hotel on Tuesday. Mr. M. H. Stephen, Q.C. (senior vice-president of the New South Wales Cricket Association), presided; Sir George Innes and Mr. Richard Jones occupied the vice-chairs.

The toasts of "The Queen," and "The Prince of Wales and the Royal Family," having been loyally honoured,

The CHAIRMAN proposed "The Health of the Australian Eleven." (Prolonged cheering.) County after county had surrendered their colours, but we were scarcely prepared for the grand achievement which consummated their victories—(cheers)—and associated for ever the Oval with the Australian team. (Cheers.) In the presence of thousands, whose hearts beat high with expectation, when triumph seemed to be within the grasp of the Englishmen, our men rose with the occasion—(cheers)—with hope never abandoned till success seemed possible, then ripened into certainty, and at last, amid breathless silence and intense excitement, the last wicket was shattered, and terminated an event which would shed lustre upon the Australian team as long as English cricket would exist. (Loud cheers.) It was not skill and strength alone that conduced to that result. When the excited plaudits of the multitude filled the air, and when the more sober comments of the press were published, it was in recognition of higher qualities that shone conspicuous in our champions. (Cheers.) They exhibited in a high degree Australian pluck—(cheers)—endurance, patience, dogged determination, good temper, discipline, and united conduct. (Cheers.) It was said of the team that they were men well qualified to play an honourable part in the service of their country and in the more serious contests of life in following out their respective vocations. The possession and exercise of those qualities showed that they were not mere cricketers, but true men. (Cheers.) It certainly was a gratification to see and hear that the quick eye and nimble hand of Blackham had no rival—(cheers); it was pleasing to know that Boyle, justly termed the famous Victorian—(cheers)—could take 144 wickets for less than 12 runs each; it was a gratification to know that they could not exorcise our Spofforth—(cheers)—that they could not expel the demon, to which they attributed his supernatural performances—(cheers)—and we were proud to have it confessed that Murdoch—(loud applause)—that Murdoch was a batsman second to none in the world—(loud cheers)—and a captain unsurpassed in tact and judgment. (Cheers.) In fact, it was admitted that the whole team were the exponents of perfection in cricket, or as near an approach to it as was attainable with the bat, the ball, and the field. To use an expression now well known in England, not a breath was heard against any one of them. (Cheers.) It would have been idle to have expected uninterrupted success, but they knew how to take defeat. (Applause.) They knew when they were beaten, except while the game lasted, and they were in the field, and they could accept the most rigid interpretation of the laws of cricket. (Cheers and laughter.) These successes were due to the union of these colonies, whose representatives were in the team. No bickerings or petty jealousies impeded their successful career, and why? Because they did not exist among them. (Cheers.) They all worked with one end in view with one accord, and the result he had stated to-night. He hoped that the union to be established hereafter would be on a broader and more lasting basis, and that this would be the harbinger of the success we would attain then. (Loud applause.)

Mr. MURDOCH, who was received with prolonged cheering, said that the duty imposed upon him to-night was the hardest he ever had in his life. The honour rendered to the team on this occasion was one that would never be forgotten by any member of the Australian team of 1882. It was an honour that any man in the whole of Australia might very well be proud of. They were sent forth by the whole of Australia to do a certain thing—to uphold the honour of Australian cricket in England—the mother of our national game. (Cheers.) Ever since cricket had been played here,—ever since the mother country sent out teams to teach us to play, we had only been too willing to learn. We had taken advantage of the lessons shown us, and we had only to thank those exponents for the proficiency we had attained. (Cheers.) A very few years ago the most sanguine one in our midst would not have anticipated that at so early a period as 1882 there would be assembled such a gathering as this to welcome back the cricketers who had ventured to beard the lion in his den. (Cheers.) Ever since he had been able to play cricket his highest ambition had been to play in a match against all England, and not only play, but beat England. Not only had that wish been gratified, but he had the honour—which he would rather have than any other which he might obtain—of being the captain of the first Australian team that ever beat an English team. (Cheers.) When he said an English team, he meant one that was considered all through England as fully representative of English cricket. (Cheers.) In the Australian team there was the greatest harmony, and they had but one wish—to win, and to uphold the honour of Australian cricket. That famous game, that would never, he was sure, be forgotten, that was fought at Kennington Oval, was a source of great gratification to them. They did not think of themselves. The one thought, when the last wicket fell, was what would they think in Australia. (Loud applause.) They knew very well with what anxiety their movements had been watched and that, as far as this particular match was concerned, it was regarded as a trial test. It had been regretted that there had not been more than one match against England, but he could assure them that it was not the fault of the Australian team. He desired to express his obligations to those friends in England who had been so kind to the team, and he was sure that those friends would not take it amiss if he mentioned one or two names, notably Mr. Dangar, the president of the New South Wales Association—(loud cheers)—and another gentleman not so well known here, but who took the greatest interest in the colony, Mr. Enoch Taylor. (Cheers.) Throughout their tour they had not only conducted themselves in the cricket field as became cricketers, but in all other positions they had always endeavoured to conduct themselves in a way that should always be exhibited by anybody hailing from the Australian colonies. (Cheers.) They had always tried, to the best of their ability, to advance the interests of the colonies that gave them birth, and they hoped that the trip would render the colonies some benefit. He returned his sincere thanks for the very great kindness they had received since their return, and he hoped that upon any occasion that they might be called upon to fight for their respective colonies, they might be as successful as in the old country. (Cheers.)

The toast was also acknowledged (in response to calls from the company) by Messrs. Boyle, [illegible], Horan, Bonnor, and Beale.

AQUATICS.

The fourth-class yacht race between the Doris and the Mabel took place on Saturday afternoon, 18th, and resulted in favour of the former. The flag for the start fell at 2 p.m., and both yachts crossed the line soon after, the Mabel a few seconds ahead. She went off quickly, and put about near Pinchgut, crossing the Doris. The Mabel, however, appeared to lose wind when standing to North Shore, and Doris here crossed her, and being favoured by puffs from North Shore, went steadily away, and finding in the E.N.E. wind exactly what she wanted to show her best points, she increased her lead both in the wind and running, and won easily without time allowance. The various points were rounded as follows:—Manly: Doris, 3h. 12m. 30s.; Mabel, 3h. 19m. 10s.; Shark Island: Doris, 3h. 4m. 15s.; Mabel, 3h. 57m. 20s.; Fort Denison: Doris, 4h. 4m. 40s.; Mabel, 4h. 15m. 20s.; Sow and Pigs: Doris, 4h. 50m. 30s.; Mabel, 5h. 2m.; Fort Macquarie: Doris, 5h. 28m. 30s.; Mabel, 5h. 46m. The Doris was well handled throughout the race, but the Mabel's crew did not appear to advantage, especially in setting the squaresail after rounding Shark Island, this being slowly and awkwardly done, while in the second round she could very well have carried a topsail. The wind was light and full of flaws, and generally from the E.N.E. There should be some interesting racing between the Doris, Mabel, and Ione, when the latter boat, after her refit, is put into commission.

The different events in the second contest for the Krug Challenge Cup have just been decided. It may be remembered that the prize, which is valued at £100, was given by Messrs. Curcier and Adet to the amateur scullers of Australia for competition in outriggers; the sculler winning the cup on two occasions to retain possession of it for good. The first race was rowed in June last, and Mr. Fitton, of Melbourne, proved the winner. Unfortunately, upon the present occasion, business engagements prevented him from competing, otherwise there would have been far more public interest in the event. The second series commenced on November 23. In consequence of the number of entries the contest was divided into heats. The first heat consisted of J. Arthur, S.R.C., 11st. 4lb.; C. W. Gaden, S.R.C., 12st.; J. Trimble, M.R.C., 10st. 10lb. F. Ives, 9st. 3lb., was entered, but did not put in an appearance. It was won by Gaden. The second heat was contested by—A. Sharland (Hobart), 11st. 3lbs.; G. W. Brett, M.R.C., 11st. 8lb.; D. D. Middleton, S.R.C., 10st. 6lb.; C. A. Bros, M.R.C., 10st. 8lb., and was won by Brett. The final heat, which was one of the best contested races ever seen on the Parramatta course, was won by Gaden.

On the same afternoon a race took place between Edward Trickett and William Clifford, in watermen's skiffs, over the champion course, for £100 a-side. Trickett started favourite at 6 to 4. Clifford hails from the Illawarra district, is a fine specimen of humanity, and has made good use of the time he has been here in acquiring a good style of rowing. The boats used were working skiffs and very heavy. Mr. W. Smythe acted as umpire. The men started by mutual consent, and the start was a good one; but shortly after passing Uhr's Point, a bad foul occurred, and the boats were locked together for a few moments, Trickett was the first to get away, and before Clifford was under-way had a lead of four lengths. The umpire wisely called the men back, and both stopped rowing. Returning to the start they again got away on even terms, Clifford showing in front in the first 50 yards. After passing Uhr's Point, Trickett drew up, and after a desperate struggle got the lead, and, increasing it, passed the mile point two lengths ahead of his opponent. Clifford, nothing disconcerted, pulled a fine long powerful stroke, but on Gasworks had not improved his condition. Nearing Putney he commenced to gradually draw up, and off Putney Point was only a length astern. Soon after Trickett commenced to exhibit signs of distress, and rowed a much shorter stroke, lacking power and life, Clifford continued to draw up, and eventually passed the ex-champion, who seemed completely exhausted. It was now Clifford's race; and though the excitement up to this point was intense, it now lapsed, Clifford increasing his lead at pleasure, passing Tennyson Point two lengths ahead, Gladesville by four lengths, and eventually winning by several lengths. Both men were loudly cheered at the finish.

VICTORIAN RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

The Intercolonial Rifle Match was contested this year by New South Wales, Tasmania, and Victoria. The South Australian team, which was expected, was unable to come, a fact which occasioned much regret. Owing to the inclemency of the weather, the shooting took place under exceptional difficulties. The marksmen were drenched to the skin; but nevertheless the scoring was remarkably good. The conditions of the Intercolonial match were 300, 500, and 600 yards, with 15 rounds each, breech-loading rifles not less that Martini-Henri bore with Government sights, any position. Open to the teams, 10 men aside from the local forces of all the Australian colonies:—

The following are the scores in the Intercolonial Match:—

VICTORIA.

	Yds. 300	Yds. 500	Yds. 600	Total.
Gunner Hanby	57	62	67	[illegible]
Private Newenham	56	67	63	[illegible]
Captain Templeton	60	67	59	[illegible]
Lieutenant Diaper	58	61	58	177
Private Walers	55	58	62	[illegible]
Private Morgan	50	66	57	[illegible]
Major Sleep	53	63	54	170
Lieutenant Tilley	56	65	48	169
Sergeant Dubberlin	54	57	57	[illegible]
Private Hanney	49	56	50	[illegible]
	548	622	577	1747

TASMANIA.

	Yds. 300	Yds. 500	Yds. 600	Total.
Gunner Peart	57	67	61	185
Corporal Humphries	60	65	60	185
Sergeant Lovett	58	58	64	180
Corporal Paul	58	62	55	175
Sergeant Kenny	57	69	44	170
Corporal Baird	54	69	46	[illegible]
Captain Room	55	63	48	[illegible]
Sergeant Guarr	58	48	53	[illegible]
Private Bowden	58	59	47	[illegible]
Corporal Gow	46	57	58	[illegible]
	563	617	541	1721

NEW SOUTH WALES.

	Yds. 300	Yds. 500	Yds. 600	Total.
Sergeant Hagney	61	61	62	184
Corporal Simmons	68	67	48	183
Lieutenant Cook	51	62	61	174
Private Menzies	51	69	56	174
Private Slade	63	62	43	170
Colour-Sergeant Gee	51	59	59	168
A. B. Palmer	44	63	61	168
A. B. Nelson	58	54	56	164
Staff-Sergeant Brady	48	57	51	156
A. B. Fenn	46	56	46	144
	591	608	537	1686

Majority for Victoria over Tasmania 26 points, and majority over New South Wales 61 points.

THE RAILWAYS.

The report of the Commissioner for Railways for 1881, is thus summarised:—"The total expenditure for construction was £14,892,713, of which the sum of £13,301,597 was expended on the lines opened for traffic. The net earnings were £705,892, yielding 4.74 per cent. to the total capital expenditure, and 5.31 per cent. to the capital expended on lines open for traffic. At the close of the year 995 miles of line were open for traffic, and 573 miles were in

course of construction. The rolling stock consisted of 233 locomotives, 530 coaching and 4849 goods vehicles. The value of the railway materials, in the conveyance of which 113 vessels were employed, amounted to £409,710, and the freight and insurance to £42,911, making a total of £452,621. During the year, 88,192 trains, of which 50,882 were passenger and 37,310 goods trains, were run a distance of 3,923,929 miles. The earnings amounted to £1,444,266, and the working expenditure to £738,334, or 51·12 per cent. of the earnings. 6,907,312 passengers travelled, of whom 2,021,365 were first-class, and 4,882,947 were second-class. Included in these figures are 13,979 season-ticket holders, representing 2,511,122 journeys. The proportion percentage of these classes is for first-class passengers 14·90, second-class 48·75, and for season-ticket holders 36·5. The merchandise traffic consisted of 1,029,611 head of live stock, 224,387 bales of wool, 1,330,339 tons of minerals, and 625,642 tons of general goods. The earnings per mile open were £1510, the expenditure was £772, the net earnings were £728. The earnings per train mile were 88·33d., the expenses 45·16d., and the net earnings 43·17d. There was an increase of 207,547 in the number of first-class passengers, of 386,829 second-class, and 872,798 in the journeys made by season ticket holders, also an increase in receipts of £98,525 from coaching traffic, and of £184,681 from goods traffic—making a total increase of £283,209. The interest upon capital invested in lines open for traffic increased from 4·36 to 5·31 per cent."

PUBLIC WORKS.

The following is an abstract of a return published in the Statistical Register of Public Works executed last year :—

RAILWAYS.

Expenditure on extensions not opened for traffice at end of 1881.

—	Expenditure up to end of 1881.	Amount Expended in 1881.
Narrandera to Hay	£343,847	£299,787
Dubbo to vicinity of Bourke	93,421	86,229
Wallerawang to Mudgee	222,286	185,906
Tamworth to Uralla	760,177	311,296
Uralla to Glen Innes	100,307	88,571
Glen Innes to Tenterfield	8,394	3,624
Gunnedah to Narrabri	161,482	150,805
Narrandera to Jerilderie	1,336	965
Sydney to Wollongong and Kiama	8,760	4,301
Goulburn to Cooma	10,002	2,633
Albury to the River Murray	413	390
Cootamundra to Gundagai	2,557	1,377
Murrumburrah to Blayney	4,640	1,718
Orange to near Forbes	2,933	1,806
Homebush to Waratah	16,997	4,536
Trial surveys on lines not sanctioned	41,665	4,065
Total expenditure in 1881		£1,852,978
Total expenditure on finished lines		13,111,907
Total expenditure on unfinished lines		1,781,115

TRAMWAYS.

—	Expended up to end of 1881.	Amount expended in 1881.
Redfern to Hunter-street	£28,450	£5,188
Liverpool-street to Randwick	46,126	26,550
Darlinghurst to Waverley and Woollahra	24,331	24,001
Crown-street to Cleveland-street	5,651	5,651
Newtown and Marrickville	12,208	12,208
Rolling stock	63,021	46,406
Machinery	669	156
Furniture	1,198	...
Workshops	11,283	9,269
Campbelltown to Camden	14,529	13,848
Forest Lodge and Glebe Point	4,419	4,419
Redfern to Botany	7,129	7,129
Newtown to Cook's River	297	297
Trial surveys on lines not sanctioned	1,049	598
Total finished tramways		£181,659
Total unfinished tramways		38,658
Expended in 1881		158,626

ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS.

Amount expended in 1881 ... £26,795

ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Amount expended in 1881—

St. Leonards to Manly	£57
Rocky Point-road to George's River	339
Cook's River Dam to Rocky Point-road	299
South Head Roads	5,753
Glenmore-road	4
St. Peters to Botany	179
Newtown and Cook's River Roads	4,012
Green's-road, Paddington	786
Tom Ugly's Point to main South-road, Croydon	178
Total expended in 1881	433,154

SEWERAGE.

Amount expended up to end of 1881—

Sewerage, City of Sydney	15,425
Prince Alfred Hospital, drainage	5,000

HARBOURS AND RIVERS.

—	Expended up to end of 1881.	Expended in 1881.
Sea-wall, Botanical Gardens, towards Macquarie Point	£8,815	...
Continuation and formation, Macquarie-street, and sea-wall	20,050	£109
Sea wall, Dawes Point	8,341	933
Sea wall, Coogee Bay	2,766	...
Steam cranes, Darling Harbour	6,723	220
Increased wharf accommodation, Sydney	45,607	25,537
Reclamation, Rushcutter Bay	18,798	4,940
Deodorisation of blood, Glebe Island Abattoirs	1,025	240
Public Wharf, Botany	5,262	1,611
For leading marks, eastern channel, Sydney Heads	442	442
Total expended		£313,217

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Total expended on works finished during the year	£336,684
Total expended on unfinished works	301,299
Expenditure in 1881	402,800

RELIGIOUS.

The missionary barque John Williams returned to port on November 22, after a cruise in the South Sea Islands, extending over five months. Beyond the record of the usual routine work, the log of the John Williams contains only one item of general interest, and that is the announcement of the death of the wife of the Rev. Mr. Newill, one of the missionaries.

The eleven Wesleyan ministers who recently arrived from England in the Peshawur have been appointed by the Rev. George Martin, President of Conference, and have proceeded to the following circuits:—Rev. J. Hulme to Newtown, Rev. A. Cooper to Parkes, Rev. F. Boyer to West Maitland, Rev. J. Bryant to Macleay, Rev. J. R. Jeffreys to Wagga Wagga, Rev. C. E. Butler to Shoalhaven, Rev. C. Prescott, B.A., to Parramatta; Rev. J. Scott to Richmond River, and the Revs. W. H. Harrison, C. James, and W. Lucas to Queensland.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

There has been little change in matters dramatic during the fortnight, the principal occurrence of interest being that Mr. W. E. Sheridan, an American actor, who is undoubtedly very clever, has commenced a season of legitimate drama at the Gaiety Theatre. His Shylock has interested everyone, and his next impersonation — Sir Giles Overreach—is reported to be very good. Mr. Sheridan succeeded Mr. G. S. Titheradge, a young actor who for the last three or four years has held the foremost place on the Australian stage, as an interpreter of light comedy parts, and of the heroes of the society drama. He is clever, intelligent, graceful, and refined, and so theatre-goers here regret that he has determined to visit America, for the Americans have a habit of, when they once obtain a good thing, not parting with it again, and so we fear we have seen the last of Mr. Titheradge. "La Mascotte" is still on at the Theatre Royal, and is likely to go until Christmas; while at the Opera House Miss Emelie Melville is still playing "Giroflé Girofla." There have been no concerts of importance during the month.

THE WEATHER, AGRICULTURAL, AND PASTORAL.

Nine weeks of spring have passed, and it may be said each of these has been propitious to graziers and agriculturists. The weather has been mild, and there has been a fair share of moisture accorded to the soil. The pastures are in excellent condition, and the cereal crops, concerning the fate of which much anxiety was expressed at the close of winter, are healthy, and promise a good yield. The sugar-crushing season of the Northern rivers is almost ended. The yield has been very satisfactory. The young maize on the Clarence looks well. Stripping is being carried on at Bingera. The rain has hindered shearing to some extent, but large quantities of wool are arriving in this city. Regarding the clip's condition, the greasy wools which have reached the port are considered light. In many lots there are signs of the severity of the past season. It is thought that the average per sheep will fall below that of last year, but as there are more sheep to shear, the total quantity shipped may not fall much below last year's return. That it will be to some extent less is agreed upon all sides. The fat stock markets still afford rather high quotations. Best beef is worth 25s. per 100lbs., and 56lb. shorn sheep are sold at 10s. 6d. each.

OBITUARY.

Mr. James Greenwood, M.A., died on Sunday night, November 5, at his residence, Paddington. The deceased gentleman, who was a graduate of the University of London, was born in the West Riding, Yorkshire, England, in the year 1838, and came from England as *minister of the Baptist* denomination to fill the pulpit of the Baptist Church in Bathurst-street. That position he occupied for several years, and until the agitation by the Public Schools League for secular, compulsory, and free education was at its height, when he left the Bathurst-street Church and withdrew from his calling as a *minister of the Gospel* with some intention of studying for the Bar; but he was diverted from that intention by the movement connected with the education question, and shortly afterwards was elected to the Legislative Assembly as the champion of the Public Schools League and one of the members for East Sydney. He was a man of great breadth and variety of knowledge, of extensive reading and patient research, and of scholarly tastes. He never spoke or wrote without great preparation, and never felt any labour too great for securing the object he had in view. His capacity for patient and thorough examination of any subject he took in hand was in fact remarkable, and he had a peculiar aptitude for statistical investigation. Many of the statistical returns issued by the Government have been greatly improved in consequence of his suggestions. For a considerable period he was a contributor to the columns of the *Sydney Morning Herald* and the *Echo*.

INTERCOLONIAL.

VICTORIA.

Two more State school teachers, named Emerson and Blanch, have been dismissed for falsifying the rolls.—The action, Hardy against the Board of Land and Works, a claim for £3656 compensation for 15 acres of land taken by the Railway Department, is concluded. The Government Arbitrator had awarded £457, which plaintiff refused to accept. The jury gave a verdict for £313.—In connection with the application for probate to the will of the late Patrick Higgins, the reserved decision was given on the 21st November. The applications were granted, the Judge considering that it was not necessary to require an executor who was residing in New South Wales to provide security.—In the Assembly the Loan and Inscribed Stock Bills were read a third time, passed, and forwarded to the Legislative Council for consideration.—Ogle, the solicitor's clerk who was recently brought from England, in custody, on a charge of embezzling moneys belonging to his employer, has been committed for trial.—A return has been presented to Parliament, on the motion of Mr. Tucker, showing the appointments and promotions made in the public service since 1881. The return is voluminous, the documents comprising 79 pages, 51 of which are devoted to the Railway Department, with every change in the service. The great bulk of the promotions appear to be consequent on the death, superannuation, or retirement of officers, or an increase in the salary made by the regulations, and amongst the new appointments are these of nearly 3000 day labourers temporarily employed at various times in the Railway Department, as well as appointments consequent on ordinary changes, such as compositors and machine hands at the Government Printing Office, who took the places of others who left.—At the Presbyterian General Assembly, the Rev. M. M'Donald's resolution approving of the proposed declaratory act on the confession of faith, was carried after a very protracted discussion, but the form of its adoption was deferred pending the anticipated union of the Presbyterian churches of Australia.—At the inquiry by the Pilot Board into the grounding of the ship George Thompson, the board found the pilot guilty of an error of judgment in attempting to take the ship inside the Heads in her then disabled condition; but as the pilot urged that the reason he did so was on account of the threatening weather and the disabled state of the ship, the board did not charge him with default.—A charge of endeavouring to defraud the Customs has been laid against Captain Elliott of the ship Erato, who recently sold a diamond pin at Portland. Elliott states that he had no intention of defrauding the revenue, and requested the Minister to deal with his case. Mr. Graves decided to impose a fine of three times the value of the pin.—At the sitting of the University Council appointments were made to the five new professorships. Mr. E. E. Morris, late of the Church of England Grammar School, was appointed to the chair of English, French, and German Languages and Literature, conditionally on the Adelaide University, to which Mr. Morris was recently appointed, consenting to release him from his engagements. Professor Andrew was appointed to the chair of Natural Philosophy; Dr. Allen to that of Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy and Pathology; Mr. C. E. Kernot, engineering; and Mr. J. D. Kerkland, to that of chemistry. The salary attached to each professorship, which is tenable during good behaviour, is £700 per annum.—A complimentary dinner was given to Sir W. J. and Mr. Joseph Clarke, by the council of Trinity College on November 27, to celebrate the founding of the Clarke Buildings. A large number were present, including the Bishops of Melbourne, Newcastle, and Northern Queensland, the Rev. Canon Stephen of Sydney, and Chief Justice Stawell. The toast of "Our Guest" was drunk with much enthusiasm.

QUEENSLAND.

Negotiations have been completed for the amalgamation under the Companies' Act, of the firms of Parbury, Lamb, and Co., M'Ilwraith, M'Eacharn, and Co., together with George Raff of George Raff and Co. and George Parbury, London. The company will absorb Parbury Lamb's business at Brisbane and M'Ilwraith and M'Eachran's in Rockhampton, also Raff's interest in the firm of Raff and Company. Possession of wharfs and premises is to be taken on 1st January. A measured area of scrub land on the Chinese plantation at Cairns gave three and a-half tons of dry sugar to the acre from 12 months' plant cane.—Several men were fined in various sums at Bundaberg for aiding and inciting the imported Cingalese to disorder. In the first case against the Cingalese for absconding from their hired service the agreement was held to be valid, and the offenders were sentenced to three months each in Brisbane gaol if they refuse to return to work. The prisoners elected to go to gaol.—In the Supreme Court, John Hurley, of Maryborough and Barrum, brought an action against the Hon. W. H. Walsh for slander, £1000 damages. The Chief Justice gave judgment for plaintiff, £10 and costs.—At a great mass meeting held at Charters Towers, Mr. Shibley, M.L.A., presiding, resolutions were passed condemning the introduction of Cingalese, and petitioning the Government to stop immigration or convene Parliament.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

Mr. William Malcolm has chartered a vessel for South Africa, to bring 100 ostriches. The Governor and several members of the Ministry, with about 90 gentlemen, visited the ostrich farm, near Gawler, and expressed themselves much gratified with the progress made. There are 74 birds nearly all reared on corn. The Governor said that the colony was eminently suited to the successful prosecution of the industry. Mr. Malcolm stated that he intended sending to Natal for 50 pairs of ostriches, and two men to take charge of the consignment. He was absolutely certain that the industry would prove a brilliant success. Some young birds had been clipped with satisfactory results, and he had not a moment's hesitation in saying that within a year the export of feathers would reach at least £500,000.

As an instance of the promptitude of the Trust and Agency Company, it was mentioned at the annual meeting that an estate of several thousands had been dealt with in which a power of attorney had to be obtained from the Northern Territory, and the whole estate was realised, and the whole of the proceeds distributed within two months of the decease of the client. The total cost, including probate and legacy duties, was less than 6 per cent.

At a meeting of the Marine Board it was decided that our national flag was the British, and the Board showed no disposition towards moving to secure one.—Reports from the northern districts state that one of the most violent thunderstorms ever known there have just occurred. In some places from an inch to over an inch and three-quarters of rain fell, flooding the creek and dams. At Gawler several buildings were damaged by a gale of wind.

NEW ZEALAND.

The New Zealand Shipping Company have arranged for a monthly steam service to England, and are contracting for the building of a fleet of 4000-ton refrigerator steel steamers. Meantime the company purpose to charter first the British King, which sails for London on January 20.

FIJI.

The Governor of the Fiji Islands, Mr. Des Vœux, in replying to a communication from the Planters' Association, urging the necessity of representing to her Majesty's Government the desirability of reconsidering the decision formerly arrived at with respect to loans in aid of Indian and Polynesian immigration to Fiji, says that he has given his best consideration to the letter dated September 1st, 1882, addressed to the Colonial Secretary on behalf of the Planters' Association of Fiji with reference to a proposed loan in aid of Indian and Polynesian immigration; but while sincerely desirous of assisting employers in obtaining the required labour, he feels that Government aid can only be justly given in respect of such immigrants as may be confidently expected to repay, by their services, the cost incurred for bringing them to the colony. The cost in the case of Polynesians is now such, that it is extremely doubtful whether any other than the most profitable industries, conducted on a larger scale of operations, can be expected to make it remunerative. The Governor believes that to aid the smaller plantations in obtaining Polynesians would only, in very exceptional cases, advance their prosperity, and would almost certainly involve the colony in serious loss.

COMPANIES' MEETINGS.

FEDERAL BANK OF AUSTRALIA.—The first report of the Federal Bank of Australia, Limited shows gross profits, for the half-year ended 30th September, amounting to £7954; premium on shares, £9456; together, £17,411. Current expenses absorbed, £4585; rebate on bills current and interest accrued on deposits, £2652; leaving £10,173. Out of this the directors wrote off the whole of the preliminary expenses, amounting to £8961; leaving £1205 to be carried forward. The report was adopted at the recent meeting of shareholders in Melbourne.

BANK OF NEW ZEALAND.—The half-yearly meeting of the proprietors of the Bank of New Zealand was held at Auckland on the 26th October, the Hon. James Williamson in the chair. The report showed that the net profit for the half-year ended 30th September, after full appropriation for all known bad or doubtful debts and in reduction of bank premises and furniture accounts, amounted to £98,921; to which was added previous balance of £11,003, making available for division £109,925, which was appropriated as follows:—To payment of dividend at rate of 10 per cent. per annum, £50,000; to bonus equal to 5 per cent. per annum, £25,000; to addition to reserve, £25,000; making that fund £600,000, leaving £9925 to be carried forward. The report was adopted. Mr. J. M. Cosh Clark was elected a director, and a vote of thanks passed to the directors and officers.

HOLT-SUTHERLAND ESTATE LAND COMPANY.—At a special meeting of the Holt-Sutherland Estate Land Company, Limited, held on the 21st instant, the clause in the articles of association limiting the qualification of directors to not less than "ten" shares, was amended by inserting the word "five" in lieu of the word "ten."

GREAT BLAYNEY COPPER-MINING COMPANY. — At a special general meeting of shareholders of the Great Blayney Copper-mining Company (presided over by Mr. Thomas M'Gregor), a resolution was passed that in view of there not being sufficient funds to pay off liabilities the company be wound up, and that the existing shareholders shall have prior rights in the formation of a new company under the No-liability Act, holders of all shares to contribute alike. The resolution before taking effect has to be confirmed at another meeting.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.—At a special meeting of the members of the Australian Mutual Provident Society on the 22nd inst., a new scheme for the election of directors was adopted. The method of election is that the names of candidates for the directorate are to be printed and sent out to every member of the society in the colonies, each member being requested to vote for the number of directors required to fill up the vacancies, and to forward his ballot paper by post only to the secretary. It was also resolved that the future division of bonuses be annual instead of quinquennial. The remuneration of each of the directors was fixed at £200 a year, and of each of the auditors at £150.

AUSTRALIAN GASLIGHT COMPANY.—At a special general meeting of the proprietors of the Australian Gaslight Company held on the 27th instant, Mr. M. Metcalf presiding, a resolution was passed unanimously approving of the introduction of a bill into Parliament to obtain power to increase the capital of the company, to limit the liability of the shareholders, to raise money by the issue of debentures or otherwise, and to hold additional land.

MONETARY REVIEW.

The money market has strengthened considerably during the past month. The demand for accommodation shows no abatement, and an advance of 1 per cent. has been made in the discount rate. For deposits, the nominal interest quotations are as before at some of the banks, while others quote 3½, 4½, and 5½ for three, six, and twelve months' respectively. The bank returns from the various colonies show that the advances are augmenting more rapidly than the deposits and other available funds, and sufficiently explain the hardening tendency of the market. From a general abstract of the sworn returns of the bank liabilities and assets for the quarter ended 30th September, published in the *Government Gazette*, we take the total figures, and place beside them in brackets the figures for the previous quarter. Liabilities:—Notes in circulation: £1,603,313 [£1,595,502]; bills in circulation, £53,041 [£58,920]; balances due to other banks, £693,345 [£581,858]; deposits not bearing interest, £8,079,601 [£8,560,286]; deposits bearing interest, £14,135,093 [£13,384,806]; total liabilities, £24,664,396 [£24,181,372]. Assets: Coin, £3,007,532 [£3,117,286]; bullion, £68,326 [£65,431]; landed property, £678,357 [£658,324]; notes and bills of other banks, £98,634 [£92,882]; balances due from other banks, £2,710,075 [£3,497,211]; notes and bills discounted and all other debts due to the banks, £24,440,329 [£22,890,098]; total assets, £31,003,255 [£30,321,234]. The returns of the Federal Bank appear in the list for the first time. It will be seen that the deposits not bearing interest amount to £480,685 less than the amount in the previous quarter, but those bearing interest are £750,287 in excess of the June figures. The total deposits amount to £22,214,694, an increase of £269,602 for the quarter. On the credit side it will be seen that the advances show an increase of £1,550,231, while the coin and bullion held are valued at £106,859 less than the amount at credit on 30th June. A further call of 5s. per share has been paid in Saywell's Tobacco Company. The share list of the City of Sydney Consumers' Co-operative Ice Company was closed on the 20th instant, the whole of the shares having been applied for. At a special general meeting of the Great Victoria Gold-mining Company, Limited, on the 22nd instant, the resolutions passed at a previous meeting to increase the capital from £13,000 to £17,000 were confirmed. In Permewan, Wright and Co., Limited, carriers and shipping agents, a fresh issue of 3500 new £2 shares, for the purpose of extending the company's business in this colony, has been floated at 62½ per cent. The Prospectus of the Auckland Native Lands Colonisation Company, Limited, has been published. The capital is £500,000, in £1 shares, of which 200,000 are now offered to the public, 300,000 being reserved for natives and future issue. The objects of the company are the acquisition and settlement of native lands in the North Island of New Zealand. The prospectus has also been published of the Crocodile Creek Alluvial Gold-mining Company, Limited; capital, £16,000, in 32,000 shares of 10s. each, 20,000 of which are offered for subscription at 5s. per share. The mining property to be worked is at Rockhampton, Queensland. During the month dividends have been declared as follows: Wesley Tin, 1s. per share paid on the 16th instant; Great Britain Tin, 1s. per share paid on the 27th instant; Brickwood Tin to be paid to-morrow.

Bank rates are 3 to 3½ to 4 to 4½, and 5 to 5½ per cent. for money lodged for three, six, and twelve months' respectively. The discount rates are 7 per cent. for three months', 8 per cent. for four months', and 9 per cent. for five months' bills. The selling rate of exchange on London, 60 days' sight, is ½ to ⅝ per cent. premium; ¼ to ½ per cent. discount being the buying rate.

In the Stock and Share markets very little business has been done during the past month. The higher rates obtainable by capitalists for money from banks and other institutions have lessened the demand for the ordinary stocks. Business has been largely of a speculative character in copper shares.

BANKS.—The market has been fairly steady for this description of stock. But little business has been done, there being comparatively few buyers. New South Wales and Commercial are about 20s. lower; City and Queensland National also being somewhat lower. The course of sales has been Commercial, 108, 107; Joint Stock, 16¼; Mercantile, 5¾, £5 18s. 6d, 6, £5 19s.; New South Wales, 57½; Queensland National, 8¾, 8½; Federal, 20s. 3d., 20s. 6d.

STEAM.—In steam shares scarcely any business has been reported. Australasian are 15s. dearer, though no sales have been reported. Clarence and Richmond Rivers, Hunter River, and Illawarra are unchanged without business. North Shore Ferry sold at 27s. and 27s. 6d.; Newcastle at 22s. 6d. and 22s. 9d.; Port Jackson, unaltered, without sales.

INSURANCE.—Under this head little has been done, and stocks generally are without much alteration in value. The only sales reported were in Mercantile Mutual at 1s. 7d., Sydney Marine at 45s., and United at 60s.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Australian Gaslight are scarcely so dear, with sales at 12¾; Castlemaine Brewery dearer; Commercial Building and Investment somewhat weaker. A further call of 5s. has been made in Saywell's; the only reported sale was at 19s. 9d. Hudson Brothers rather lower, with sales at 10s. 3d., 10s. 6d., 10s., and 9s. 9d. Sydney Exchange have been sold at 10½. Shale and Oil are 6d. dearer, with sales at 16s. 6d. and 17s. Sydney Freehold brought 19s. 6d. Volunteer land orders have maintained value, and sold at 183.

MINING.—Coal shares are somewhat dearer, Wallsend having advanced 10s., with sales at 23½ and 24½; Waratah have been sold at 9½, and Vale of Clwydd at 26s. In Copper shares—Great Cobar have sold at 75s. 6d., 75s., 72s. 6d., 73s., 74s., and 74s. 6d.; Nymagee have fluctuated in value having during the month declined from 33s. to 30s. 6d., and afterwards advanced to 34s. Wesley Tin have advanced in value, and been sold at from 28s. to 28s. 6d.; Brickwood Tin are scarcely so firm. Band and Albion Gold also rather lower, with sale at 85s.

DEBENTURES.—New South Wales debentures due 1901-2, were sold at 113, no other sales having been reported.

The following table shows the state of the market at close:—

Companies.	Capital nominal.	Capital paid up.	Sh'rs pd up	Prices. Buyers	Prices. Sellers.
BANKS.	£	£	£		
Australasia	1,200,000	1,200,000	40		
Commercial	600,000	600,000	25	107	109
City	240,000	240,000	8		14
Joint Stock	500,000	500,000	8	16¼	16½
New South Wales	1,000,000	1,000,000	20	...	57½
New Zealand	1,000,000	1,000,000	10	...	...
On N. Z. Register	...	...	...	23	23¾
Mercantile	300,000	300,000	4	5¾	6
Oriental	1,500,000	1,500,000	25	...	...
Queensland National	500,000	500,000	5	8¼	8½
Union	1,500,000	1,500,000	25	64	66
Federal	650,000	150,000	1	...	...
INSURANCE.					
General Marine	60,000	24,000	2	95/	98/
Pacific Fire & Marine	1,000,000	40,000	2	...	77/6
Sydney Marine	100,000	20,000	1	45/	46/
United	500,000	25,000	1	59/	61/
Australian Mut. Fire	100,000	6,250	1/	...	12/
City Mutual Fire	150,000	15,000	2/	...	1/
Mercantile Mut. Fire	100,000	10,000	2/	1.7	1.9
Industrial	20,000	10,000	10/	...	...
New Zealand	1,000,000	200,000	2	...	77/6
STEAM.					
Australasian	320,000	320,000	20	21	21½
Clarence & Richmond	50,000	50,000	10	6½	...
Ditto, preferential	12,500	12,500	10	...	14
Hunter River	55,000	55,000	10	10½	11
Illawarra	55,425	55,425	5	7	7½
North Shore Ferry	20,000	18,000	10/	27/	...
Newcastle	60,000	60,000	20/	22/6	23/
Port Jackson	75,000	45,000	3	82/6	85/
" (New Shares)	...	10,000	1	...	65/
MISCELLANEOUS.					
Gaslight	300,000	300,000	6	12½	12¾
Pyrmont Bridge	50,000	24,000	5	...	...
Sydney Exchange	50,000	26,350	10	...	10¼
Coffee Palace	12,000	12,000	1	...	...
Castlemaine Brewery	65,000	65,000	1	24/	...
Sydney Freehold	50,000	18,750	7/6	...	19/
Com. Bld'g & Invst.	200,000	40,000	40/	...	51/
Hudson Brothers'	300,000	150,000	10/	9/6	10/
Saywell's Tobacco	110,000	110,000	20/	19/3	20/
Apollo (Candle)	200,000	62,000	1½	...	...
N. S. W. Shale and Oil	160,000	80,000	16/	16/9	17/3
MINING.					
Bulli	59,250	59,250	10	11	11½
Wallsend Coal	40,000	40,000	4	24	24½
Waratah Coal	60,000	60,000	6	9½	10
Vale of Clwydd	30,000	29,977	...	26/	27/
Great Cobar	80,000	80,000	1	72/	75/
Band and Albion	412,000	...	20	...	90/
Wesley Tin	40,000	40,000	1	28/6	29/
Brickwood Tin	40,000	40,000	1	...	27/ x d
Nymagee Copper	80,000	80,000	1	33/6	33/9
Great Blayney Copper	100,000	25,000	5	...	...
Hidden Treasure Gold	21,000	21,000	17/6	...	16/6
DEBENTURES.	Issue.	Due.	Int.		
N. S. W., terminables	8,041,000	74 to 1902	5	...	114
Ditto ditto	7,358,800	93 to 1911	4	...	...
Ditto, interminables	240,330	inter.	5	...	...
Ditto, inscribed stock	539,180	...	4	...	...
Queensland Gov.	3,022,000	1881 to 91	6	...	...
Ditto	500,000	...	4	...	...
A. S. N. Co.	100,000	...	6	...	...
City of Sydney	458,000	...	6	...	...

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

EXPORT MARKET.—During the past month considerable activity has prevailed in the export markets, although shipment has been seriously interfered with by the strike. The local auctioneers have offered large catalogues of wool, and a considerable quantity has been sold publicly and privately. Until the last day or two the course of sales has shown a marked activity on the part of purchasers to operate in all descriptions. The news of the opening sales in London last week, however, has weakened the market somewhat for the inferior descriptions, in the price of which a reduction, corresponding to the decline noted in England, has taken place. Prime greasy fleece, however, still sells at rates equal to those ruling in the early part of the season, and is bought freely, notwithstanding the difficulties of shipment. At the sales last week the following prices were realised:—Prime greasy, from 12d. to 14½d., the latter being for 25 bales of Murrumbidgee wool, branded TD over B; medium, from 8d. to 10d.; bellies and pieces, from 5d.; washed fleece, 15d. to 18½d.; scoured, 12d. to 21d. At the sales of the month, sheepskins have been in good demand at from 2d. for pelts to 7½d. for full-woolled lots. At the auctions of the month 1136 packages of tallow sold. Owing to the fall in the English market, a decline of from £3 to £3 5s. per ton has taken place during the month, and the quotations established at the last sales were—for prime beef, £31 to £32 10s., and for best mutton, £33 to £34. The catalogues of hides offered at the weekly auctions since our last have been large, and about 19,200 have been sold. Prices of the lighter weights are scarcely so firm; but best heavies rule at about the prices obtainable a month ago. At last sales the prices obtained were:—Extra heavy at 4d. to 4½d.; heavy, 3½d. to 3¾d.; light from 2½d. Good kangaroo in request at from 15s. to 24s. per dozen, others from 3s.; calfskins, 1s. to 4s.; yearlings, 4s. 6d. to 7s. 6d. each; horse hides, 2s. 6d. A good demand is noted for good sound horns at prices ranging from 20s. to 30s. per 100; inferior are quoted from 5s.; shank bones are in brisk request at from £6 to £10; common bones, from £3 to £5 per ton. All good lots of hair sell readily; horsetail at from 14d. to 16d., mane from 9d. to 11d.; cow hair from 4d. to 1s. Beeswax is in good demand at from 9d. to 11d. At the leather sales this week the auction catalogues were sold as follows:—Kip, 9d. to 15d.; sole, 8d. to 9½d.; damaged, from 6d.; calf, 20d. to 28d.; yearling, 16d. to 24d.; tweed, 13d. to 20½d.; harness, 10½d. to 13d.; kangaroo—Australian, 17d. to 22d.; Hobart, 4s. to 4s. 6d.; bag, 6s. to 11s.; bridle, 7s. to 10s. 6d.; basils, 4s. to 12s.

The clearances since the 2nd November have been:—The R.M.S. Ancona, for London and Colombo, via Melbourne and Adelaide, with 987 bales wool, 6279 ingots tin, 4141 cakes and 13,588 ingots copper, 31 bales cotton, 37 bags gum, 10 bales leather, 8 cases ointments, 18 bales skins, 10 cases wine, 14 packages sundries, and 3 boxes sovereigns (£15,000), shipped by the Oriental Bank; the Orontes, for London, with 6031 bales wool, 34 bales cotton, 6 bales leather, 6 bales skins, 2 bales mohair, 2 bales hair, 28 bales horns, 267 packages bones and hoofs, 530 oxhides, 89 casks tallow, 3035 bags chrome ore, 28 cases gum, 4 packages skins; the Sikh (s.), for London, with 2367 bales wool, 10 bales leather, 121 casks tallow, 6001 ingots tin, 608 ingots spelter, 46 bags dross, 2304 hides; the Hallowe'en, for London, with 4017 bales wool, 167 bales leather, 3694 hides, 66 casks tallow, 40 tons bones, 23 tons shale, 5 cases merchandise; the R.M.S. Peshawur, for London, with 8029 ingots tin, 1188 cakes 8964 ingots copper, 1 case bulbs, 2 parcels books, 1 case drapery, 3 packages sundries; John Duthie, ship, for London, with 3964 bales wool, 4584 hides, 20 casks sulphate ammonia, 12 cases beeswax, 437 casks tallow, 97 bales leather, 15 bales tailors' cuttings, 50 tons 6cwt. shale, 6 bales glue pieces, 7 bells, 1 case marble, 10 bundles sheepskins, 48 cases pearlshell, 419 bags antimony ore, and 4 packages sundries; the Garonne (s.), with 8142 ingots tin, 981 ingots copper, 5842 cases meats, 200 casks tallow, 4508 cases parcels, 41 packages sundries, 2 casks 3 cases wine, 14 cases seed, 1 box sovereigns (£690). The vessels on the berth to sail in December are the Samuel Plimsoll, Patriarch, The Tweed, Grasmere, Duchess of Edinburgh, Essex (s.), Smyrna, Cimba, Christiana Thompson, Sophocles, Phasis, Colwyn, Hansa (s.), Anglo-Norman, Barcelona (s.), Dartford, Dharwar, Drumpark, Kaisar-i-Hind, Killarney (s.), La Hogue, Loch Etive, Potosi (s.), Woollahra.

IMPORT MARKETS.—In the earlier part of the month a good deal of activity characterised the Import markets, and lines of seasonable goods were taken very freely. Stocks continue very heavy, the stores of the city being more crowded than at any previous period. Therefore, although it is advised that shipments are falling off, some considerable time must elapse before a healthy condition of affairs can exist in the Import markets. Buyers know the position well, and meet their immediate requirements only by purchasing sparingly, at rates in many cases below cost price. Importers of salt, metals, tea, and some other lines say that present quotations leave a loss more or less serious; and that generally the competition which the establishment of new houses, and the importing of goods by distributing houses, has brought about, has in all directions reduced profits to a very fine point.

AMERICAN GOODS.—Considerable shipments have arrived during the month, the vessels to hand being the Filadelfia, and Samaria, from New York; Helen, from Burrard's Inlet; City of New York, from San Francisco. The tendency of the lumber market has been easier, the quantity of American offering being relatively less than of other sorts; prices have not declined to an equal extent. The Vesta's cargo of redwood, sold on the 23rd, brought the following figures:—1 inch and 1¼ inch, 22s. 6d.; 1½ inch, 21s. 3d.; 2 and 2½ inch, 25s. 6d.; 3 inch, 23s. to 23s. 6d.; 4 inch, 22s. 6d.; 5 inch, 22s. 9d.; 6 x 6, 7 x 7, 8 x 8, 21s.; 9 x 9, 21s. 6d. On the 22nd instant a shipment of doors, ex City of New York, was sold at from 11s. to 20s. Slates: American, £7 10s.; Bangor, £10 10s., the market being overstocked. American turpentine, 4s. 6d. to 4s. 9d. Kerosene, 1s. 7d. to 1s. 11d. according to test; Colonial selling at 1s. 6d., with discounts. Californian flour has declined in value since it has been found that stocks of Colonial are ample for requirements until harvest, and sales of the best brands are making at £12, and the shipment advised seems likely to come to a still weaker market. Tinned salmon, 7s. 7½d., bulk, 5d. to 5½; oysters, 6s. 6d.; lobsters, 7s. to 8s. Dried apples, 7½d. Hops: American, 2s. 6d. Rosin, £9 to £9 5s. Tobacco twist is scarce. The following are the closing prices:—Black Swan twist, scarce, 1s. 4d. to 1s. 4½d.; St. Andrew's twist, 1s. 1½d. to 1s. 5d.; Shallard's twist, scarce, 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4½d.; T. C. Williams' brands, scarce, 1s. 10d. to 2s. 2d.; colonial (dark), 1s. 7d. to 1s. 9d. colonial (American leaf), 2s. 9d. to 2s. 10d.; twist, 2s. 9d. to 3s. Manilla cigars scarce: No. 1, 67s. 6d.; No. 2, 57s. 6d.

BREADSTUFFS.—Other than American flour is quoted as follows:—New South Wales, £14 5s. to £14 10s.; Victorian, £13 10s. to £14 10s.; South Australian, £13 10s. to £15; New Zealand, £9 to £12, with heavy stocks of the latter on hand. A general indisposition is noted to bring any more flour than is required for the consumption of the day, as with the harvest approaching lower rates are looked for. Wheat, New Zealand, 4s. to 4s. 6d.; best Australian, 5s. 6d.; oatmeal, £17 to £21.

BUILDING MATERIALS.—The quantity of lumber coming forward has depressed prices very considerably. On the 8th instant, Messrs. Millar and Son's dressed flooring and lining boards, ex Loch Etive, brought the following prices:—6 x ⅞, T. and G., 17s. 6d.; 6 x ¾, T. and G., 15s. 6d.; 6 x ½, T. and G. and beaded, 16s. 6d.; 6 x ½, T. and G. and beaded, 13s. 6d.; 6 x ⅜, T. and G. and beaded, 14s. 3d. to 15s.; 6 x ⅞, T. and G. and beaded, 15s. 6d.; 6 x 1, T. and G. and beaded, 20s. 6d.; ex Kosciusko, 5 x ¾, T. and G. and beaded lining, 36,338, 13s. 6d.; 6 x ⅞, T and G. flooring, 20,934, 14s. 6d.; 6 x ¾, T. and G. flooring, 16s. Pine: Ex Wild Wave, 12 x 6, T. and G. dressed lining boards, 13s.; 1 x 6, ditto flooring, 16s.; 1 x 10 to 1 x 13, shelving, 15s. to 18s. 3d.; ⅞ x 12 to ⅞ x 12, rough boards, 13s. 9d. On the 15th instant a shipment of dressed Scotch flooring and lining boards, ex Kosciusko, was sold as follows:—⅞ x 6 white T. and G., 17s. 6d.; ¾ x 6, 15s. 3d.; ½ x 6, T. and G. and beaded, 15s. 9d.; ½ x 6, 13s. 6d.; 1½ x ½ redwood moulding, 4s. On the 22nd instant the balance of the Apollo's cargo of Norwegian was placed at the following figures:—Redwood, 6 x ⅞, T. and G., 16s. 6d.; 6 x ¾, 13s. 9d. to 14s.; white wood, 6 x ⅞, 16s.; 6 x ¾, 13s. 6d.; white and red wood, 6 x ½, tongued and grooved and beaded, 11s. 9d.; weatherboards, 6⅞ x ⅝, 5s. 6d. to 6s. On the same day the following were sold:—Ex Montrose: ⅞ x 6 white tongued and grooved boards, 14s.; ⅞ x 12 white shelving, planed both sides and edges, 21s.; architraves, 5 x 1¼, 16s. 6d. The bulk of the cargo of Baltic deals, ex Maraval, was sold as follows:—3 x 11, 19s.; 3 x 9, 2½ x 7, 14s. 6d.; 1 x 7, 18s. 3d.; 1 x 6½, ⅞ x 6, 17s.; rough boards, 1 x 6, 15s. 6d.; pitch pine planks, 15s. Considerable shipments of cements have come to hand; and prices have been almost stationary, at from 14s. to 15s. 6d., the latter for K.B.S., Star brand being worth 1s. to 1s. 6d. more.

CANDLES.—The market has been very quiet. Imported are quoted from 7½d. to 7¾d., the latter for D.R.J.'s.

COFFEE, CHICORY, &c.—The coffee market has been very quiet, and the course of business indicates no change in values. Trade lines of No. 1 Ceylon plantation are quoted at 8¾d. Chicory has increased slightly in value, and is worth 6½d., duty paid. Cocoa is still moving at 1s. 5d. and 1s. 3d., Epps' and Taylor's respectively.

DRIED FRUITS.—There has been a marked improvement in the demand for dried fruits during the month, consequent on the approach of the usual Christmas trade. Currants have gone up, and are quoted at from 5½d. to 5¾d.; elemes, 7d. to 7½d., according to quality; sultanas, 7d.; prunes, 1s. 3d.; Barcelona nuts, 5½d.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—Caustic soda, 60 per cent., £12 5s. to £12 10s.; 70 per cent., £14; 76 per cent., £19. Silicate of soda, £11; cream of tartar, in jars, 1s. 5d.; carbonate of soda, £12 10s.; tartaric acid, 1s. 10d. in kegs, 2s. in jars; soda crystals, £6 2s. 6d.; flour of sulphur, £14.

FISH.—The market is scarcely so firm for several lines of fish. Sardines are selling at 4s. 7½d. and 9s., quarters and halves respectively; ling, 6½d.; fresh herrings, 6s. to 6s. 3d.; red herrings, 33s.; kippered herrings, 12s. 6d.; Findon haddocks, 12s.

HOPS AND MALT.—A further advance has taken place in the price of hops, and good Kent and Tasmanian are not obtainable under 4s. 6d., stocks being concentrated in few hands. English malt, 7s. to 8s., according to sample; colonial, 6s. 3d. to 6s. 6d.

JUTE GOODS.—There is very little demand for woolpacks, the season being over. 2s. 8d. to 3s. is the nominal quotation, according to weight. Cornsacks are moving at 8s. 6d. in trade lines.

LIQUORS.—A good all-round trade has been done during the month, almost every line coming in for more or less attention. For bottled beers the demand has been particularly active, and first brands on the spot and to arrive have been selling freely at from 9s. to 10s. 6d. for quarts, and from 6s. 6d. to 7s. 6d. for pints. In consequence of an advance advised in the English market, chief holders of stout have advanced their quotations, which may now be stated at from 8s. to 10s. 3d., and 6s. to 7s., quarts and pints respectively. Hennessy's case brandy, 34s. 6d. and 46s. 6d., single and three star respectively. Case whisky has had fair attention at 12s. to 22s. for Scotch, and from 10s. to 18s. 6d. for Irish; bulk, 4s. to 11s. Scotch, and 5s. to 10s. 6d. Irish. Geneva, large contents, 11s. 6d. Burnett's Old Tom, 12s. Lowndes' rum, 4s. to 4s. 2d.; Preston's, 3s. 10d.

METALS.—A fair trade has been done during the month at prices about equivalent to those ruling last month, the weight of stocks preventing any improvement corresponding to the higher market ruling at home. Galvanised iron £22 10s. to £25, the latter for Anchor brand. Pig iron, 77s. 6d. to 80s. Sheet lead, dull of sale at £18. Fencing wire has been in less request than had been anticipated. The lower brands especially have been dull of sale; No. 6 being scarcer than other numbers, has commanded relatively higher values; £13 5s., £13 15s., and £14 10s. may be quoted as value of No. 6, 8, and 10 respectively of leading brands. Wire nails still under cost price, 15s. being the market value of assorted invoices. Tin plates have been selling more freely, 19s. 6d. to 20s. is value of I. C. Coke's. Muntz metal worth 8d. to 8½d.

OIL.—Colonial kerosene, 1s. 6d., with discounts; linseed, half and half, in drums, 3s. 6d. to 3s. 7d., in wood 3d. less; castor, 3s. 4d.; China, 3s. 3d.

OILMEN'S STORES.—Stocks are large and trade quiet. Bottled fruits, 11s. 6d.; Moir's marmalade, 6s. 6d. Mustard: Keen's D.S.F., quarters 4s. 10½d., halves, 6s. 10½d., and 1-lb. at 17s. 6d.; Durham, ¼-lb. 5s., 1-lb. 8s. 9d. Pickles: Eagle, 6s. 9d.; London, 8s. Salad oil: Whybrow's half-pints, 5s.; pints, 8s. 6d.; quarts, 17s. 6d. Castor, pints, 7s. 6d.; half-pints, 4s. Starch, £11 10s. Preserved milk, 6s. 6d. to 7s. 9d.

RICE.—The month's trade has been marked by steadiness; business having been mainly confined to the lower grades at £15, several lots having been sold for export at a concession on this rate. Fine table commands £20. Sago and tapioca moving at 1½d.

SALT.—The market continues to be heavily overstocked with salt, and parcels of coarse to land are obtainable at 65s. 85s. is the nominal quotation for fine, in small lots. For rock, 65s. to 70s. is paid, according to quantity.

SUGAR.—The market has been well supplied with all grades of sugar, the lower qualities more particularly. Considerable lots of river sugars have come to hand. Ration are quoted at from £24 to £26; brown, from £27 to £28; yellow to low white, from £29 to £32; and white, from £33 to £35.

TEA.—On the whole the trade has not been marked by much activity. Into this, as into the English market, tea has been imported to an extent exceeding requirements, and any considerable sales can only be effected at low rates, many lots having left a considerable loss to importers.

The following table shows the declared value of the emports and Exports at the Sydney Customs from January to November 18, 1881 and 1882:—

—		1881. Imports.	1881. Exports.	1882. Imports.	1882. Exports.
To Jan.	7	£238,845	£207,830	£349,701	£351,489
"	14	174,382	323,104	216,893	479,450
"	21	349,078	482,271	585,257	401,757
"	28	317,421	289,730	341,043	227,380
Feb.	4	273,085	147,022	264,100	515,730
"	11	287,222	271,062	353,307	340,671
"	18	155,349	314,478	150,078	273,[illegible]
"	25	271,312	267,990	356,343	206,214
March	4	101,981	258,230	358,336	325,411
"	11	210,728	207,709	317,438	348,519
"	18	282,152	164,589	325,551	260,585
"	25	155,845	184,470	613,475	164,646
April	1	220,083	205,268	364,374	241,168
"	8	406,671	202,874	281,217	84,1[illegible]
"	15	183,373	80,754	282,185	267,363
"	22	390,636	129,776	501,219	228,317
"	29	179,994	149,810	355,700	107,083
May	6	165,308	212,938	430,211	173,958
"	13	213,721	70,913	250,670	125,019
"	20	370,174	90,584	136,681	141,079
"	27	233,215	76,233	302,289	166,357
June	3	120,923	135,982	141,131	279,740
"	10	152,289	76,848	481,562	200,058
"	17	275,574	147,904	227,069	94,239
"	24	212,224	183,892	341,950	172,094
July	1	138,760	162,826	481,089	270,137
"	8	363,342	186,133	385,143	150,853
"	15	562,690	108,221	289,746	133,878
"	22	127,881	119,519	369,950	210,430
"	29	516,108	121,277	201,807	112,571
August	5	254,335	215,784	200,403	140,353
"	12	301,971	178,508	522,921	149,603
"	19	350,023	168,262	196,087	235,797
"	26	331,592	217,467	421,619	191,204
Sept.	2	210,112	157,741	375,650	182,813
"	9	327,762	163,907	458,325	240,963
"	16	277,094	82,814	357,295	187,843
"	23	265,391	199,991	219,623	262,319
"	30	469,123	274,140	363,634	159,566
Oct.	7	295,872	170,236	300,853	183,213
"	14	248,182	284,025	381,221	221,535
"	21	287,250	147,132	320,716	219,062
"	28	215,570	138,124	302,812	161,131
Nov.	4	272,398	173,517	228,353	382,672
"	11	316,432	356,156	293,500	319,733
"	18	245,831	492,434	503,300	182,615
		£12,451,307	£8,177,872	£15,761,798	£10,535,077

PROPERTY CIRCULARS.

RICHARDSON AND WRENCH.—Although a very large amount of property has changed hands during the past four weeks, the market must be reported easier, and prices have ruled to some slight degree in favour of purchasers. This may be attributed to the continued increase in the value of money, which discourages speculation, and confines sales in a great measure to buyers for bona fide investment. City improved property is in good demand for the latter purpose, and our sales indicate, with few exceptions, very similar values to those ruling the previous month; prices for building allotments have not, however, been so well maintained. Well-situated suburban land, in lots of reasonable area, is still inquired for, but allotments in distant subdivisions are somewhat neglected. The ordinary weekly sales on the ground with one or two exceptions have been sparsely attended, and the sales have been comparatively limited. Blocks of land on and near the Illawarra railway line are in request, those offered in that direction during the month have realised full prices. Houses, with grounds, will find buyers at market rates. Country estate is without change. The extreme prices in most instances required by vendors has the effect of limiting operations. Our sales since the departure of the last American mail include the following:—Block of land having frontages of 128 feet 9 inches to Wynyard-square, 123 feet 9 inches to Wynyard-lane, and 91 feet to Margaret-street, together with the premises thereon known as Flahert's Hotel, £27,500; portions of Gundary Estate, near Goulburn, Great Southern Railway line (in conjunction with Finlay and Co., of Goulburn), at prices ranging from £6 19s. to £39 per acre—amount of sale £20,000; cottage and large area of land, Great Southern Railway line, £7950; allotment of land, Castlereagh-street, 47 feet 3 inches frontage, corner of Hosking-place, £5906 5s.; terrace of six houses, Bourke and Stanley streets, Woolloomooloo, £3850; 52 acres of land, portion of Connelly's Bush subdivision, Illawarra-road, £3120; Summer Hill farm, in area 21a. 1r. 30p., near Cabramatta, together with dwelling-house and other improvements thereon, at a satisfactory price; block of land at Botany, known as Malcolm's Estate subdivision, in area 18a., £2500; 55 allotments of land at Botany, portion of Hancock's Garden subdivision, at prices ranging from 11s. 6d. to £1 11s. per foot—amount of sale, £2304 17s 9d; two houses, Nos. 19 and 21, Gloucester-street, £2000; block of land, Connelly's Bush subdivision, Illawarra-road, in area 15a. 32p., £1593; Australian Inn, Crown and Burton streets, Woolloomooloo, £1500; block of land, at Surry Hills, having about 151 feet frontage to Nickson-street, £1546; eight allotments of land, Glenmore-road, Paddington, at prices ranging from £10 15s to £15 per foot. Amount of sale, £1552 10s; allotment of land, Kent-street, west side, between King and Market streets, 20 feet 10 inches frontage, together with premises No. 375 thereon, £1532 10s; two cottages, Nos. 392 and 395, Camden-terrace, Newtown-road, £1500; cottage and butcher's shop, Glebe-street, Ryde, £1000; land, Cowper Wharf, Woolloomooloo Bay, 27 feet 1 inch frontage, £812 10s; Wellington House, No. 423, Harris-street, Ultimo, and two houses, Ada-street, at the rear, leasehold, £700; Eton House, No. 20, Glenview-street, Paddington, £625; Woodford Cottage, Weynyss and Harrington streets, Stanmore, £600; Chatham House, No. 421, Harris-street, Ultimo, and two houses, Ada-street, at the rear, leasehold, £600; eight blocks of land, Wetherill Park Estate subdivision, Smithfield, £690; block of land St. Leonards, having 69 feet 6 inches frontage to Milson's Point-road, together with premises thereon, £375; Lailydale Cottage, Botany, £655; Ferndale Cottage, Botany, £516; three allotments of land, Paddington-street, Paddington, at prices from £12 to £14 per foot, £570; Balmoral Cottage, George-street, Burwood, £700; twelve allotments of land at Botany, at prices ranging from £1 17s 6d to £3 15s per foot, £635; lots 31 and 32 of Bristol Estate subdivision, Darlinghurst, 33 ft. 8 in. frontage, £824 3s 9d; four allotments of land, Annan View Estate subdivision, Leichhardt, at prices ranging from £3 10s to £4 7s 6d per foot, amount of sale £477 16s 3d; 15 allotments of land, portion of Clissold's subdivision, Summer Hill, at prices ranging from £2 15s to £4 10s 6d per foot; two allotments of land, Cullen's subdivision, Hunter's Hill, 100 feet frontage to Alexandra-street, £475; allotment No. 7, Slade's subdivision, High-street, St. Leonards, 50 feet frontage, £300; two allotments of land, Ivy-street, Golden Grove Estate subdivision, Darlington, having 50 feet frontage, £240; lot 5, section B, of Dennis Estate subdivision, Paddington, 35 feet frontage to Stephens-street, £201; cottage, Glebe-street, Ryde, £270; block of land, fronting Gladesville-road, Ryde, in area 1 acre 5 perches, £200; lots 5 and 6, section 1 of Whaleyborough Estate subdivision, Petersham, having 100 feet frontage to Norton-street, £500; lot 14, section 4 of Blue's subdivision, North Shore, 33 feet frontage to Thomas-street, £132; lots 3 and 4, section A of Adams' subdivision, Moss Vale, Great Southern Railway-line, in area 5 acres 28 perches, £163 3s 9d; allotment of land, having 25 feet frontage to Nickson-street, Surry Hills, £150; lot 13, section 31, Golden Grove Estate subdivision, Eveleigh, 20 feet frontage to Abercrombie-street, £140; 11 allotments of land, portion of Smart's subdivision, Fairfield, at prices ranging from 4s to 10s per foot, £125; lot 5, section D, township of Hartley Vale, £135; block of land, Mount Ramsay Estate subdivision, near Manly Beach, £210; 7 allotments of land, Ellalong Estate subdivision, Ashfield, at prices ranging from £2 10s to £4 15s per foot; lots 60, 61, and 62 of a subdivision, Greenwich, Parramatta River, £150; cottage, No. 8, Cooper-street, Waterloo, leasehold, £100; cottage, No. 6, Cooper-street, Waterloo, leasehold, £95; lot 5, section 1, of Clissold's subdivision, Summer Hill, having 25 feet frontage to Lofter-street, £81 5s; lots 4 and 31 of North Scarborough Estate subdivision, Lady Robinson Beach, Botany Bay, 66 feet frontage, £41 5s; interest in allotments, of land, township of Mittagong, Great Southern Railway Line, £52; interest in 5 acres, township of Vittoria, £22; lot 11, section 4, of Rosebridge subdivision, Newington Estate, Parramatta River, 66 feet frontage, £33; 4 allotments, Mount Ramsay Estate, near Manly, £40; 50 shares Federal Bank, £50; 40 shares Mercantile Steam Navigation Company, £45; 3600 shares Mercantile Fire Insurance Company, £265; 14 shares North Shore Steam Ferry Company, £18 18s; building materials of 13 houses, Hosking-place, £79; building materials of cottage, Swanson-street, Malcolm's Estate, Macdonaldtown, £40; building materials upon Craigend Estate subdivision, Upper William-street, Darlinghurst, £50 5s. Total amount of sales for the month, £102,673 9s 6d.

HARDIE AND GORMAN.—A fair average business has been done in real estate during the past month, chiefly, however, in suburban lands, of which a large quantity has been brought into the market, with good sales resulting. The demand is quieter in the more established localities; but for those which hitherto have been considered outlying districts, such as Hurstville, George's River, and Lane Cove districts, there is considerable speculative demand, caused no doubt through the commencement of the Illawarra railway and the promise by the Government of the tramway system on North Shore. Suburban homes are in demand, and but few offering. The same may be said of terrace property in good localities. City properties, owing to the fact that money has become somewhat dearer are quieter, and this fact, coupled with the general elections, which have come suddenly upon the country, will undoubtedly give a quieter tone to business during the remainder of the year. The following is our course of sales:—A large block of suburban land, known as Holterman's, at North Shore, £8000; Surry Hills, a terrace consisting of seven houses, known as Tudor-terrace, situate fronting Crown-street, £3900; Surry Hills, a terrace, consisting of three houses, known as Holte-terrace, fronting Fitzroy-street, £2725; Marrickville, a dwelling house, known as Lesetta, situate on the Illawarra-road, the land having a frontage of 95½ feet, £1800; Ryde, on the ground, portion of the Beaconsfield Estate, as follows:—Lots 8 and 9, sec. 5, for £212 10s; lot 18, sec. 5, for £89 2s 1d; lots 12, 17, sec. 5, for £232 5s; lots 3, 16, sec. 5, for £130; lots 10 to 15, sec. 5, for £315; lots 4 to 7, for £200: total amount of sale, £1178 17s 1d. North Cawdor, Camden, a farm containing an area of about 137 acres, being portion of the Camden Park Estate, £1370. North Shore, land, having a frontage of 66 feet to Berry-street, by a depth of 130 feet, £1600. Balmain, on the ground, the following allotments of the Balmain Estate, opposite Callen Park:—Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, sec. 1, £329 7s 4d; lot 17, section 1, £31; lots 19 and 20, sec. 1, £90; lot 14, sec. 2, £75; lot 13, sec. 2, £67 10s; lot 11, sec. 2, £70 10s; lot 13, sec. 2, £63 15s; lot 15, sec. 2, £50, and lot 16, sec. 2, £60; lot 17, sec. 2, £32 10s; lot 9, sec. 2, £53 18s 9d; 18, sec. 2, £47 15s; lot 20, sec. 2, £53 12s; lot 21, sec. 2, £59; lots 2 and 3, sec. 2, £83; lots 21 and 22, sec. 1, £115; lots 23 and 24, sec. 1, £115; lots 25 and 26, sec. 1, £155 0s 3d; lot 18, sec. 1, £57 10s; lot 5, sec. 5, £47 10s; lot 6, sec. 1, £90 7s 6d: total sale, £1505 3s 4d. Lynton, a semi-detached villa residence, situate fronting Point Piper-road, £850; Petersham, shop and dwelling, situate on the Newtown-road, the land has a frontage of 14 feet, £370; at Croydon, lot 4, sec. 5, £460; and lot 42, sec. 3, £165 12s 6d; Waverley, two allotments, each 40 feet frontage to Waverley-street, £320; Waverley, on the ground, the following allotments: Lot 19 of the Yanco Heights, £138 10s; lot 23 of the Chesterfield, £120; lot 1 of the Arden Vale, £106; lot 13 of the Yanco, £94 10s; lots 2 and 3, sec. 3, of the Bishopsmount Estate, £145 3s 4d; lots 10 and 11, sec. 2, of the Bishopsmount Estate, £128 3s 4d; lot 20 of the Yanco Heights, £83 10s; lot 45 of the Chesterfield, £80: total amount of sale, £308 1s 8d; Croydon, a block of land having 31 feet 4 inches to Hordern-parade, with cottages thereon, £300; Croydon, land having 61 feet 4 inches to Hordern-parade, together with cottages thereon, £500; Waverley, 2 blocks of land, each having 20 feet frontage to Brisbane-street, £240; Bondi, lot 34, sec. 1, of the Bondi Estate, fronting Fletcher-street, £198; 100 feet frontage to Devonshire-street by a depth of 153 feet, £190; Auburn, 2 blocks containing an area of about 1a. 3r. 14½p., £138 1s; Alexandria, brick cottage situate fronting Wyndham-street, the land has a frontage of 15 feet, £160; Coogee, 2 blocks, each 44 feet to Barker-street, being lots 25 and 26 of the Bishopsmount Estate, £130; Croydon, land, 40 feet to Queen-street, being lot 1, sec. 2, of the Meadows Estate, £120; Auburn, land, 30 feet to Normanby-street, £30; land, having a frontage of 90 feet to the Crescent, £90; land, with a frontage of 42 feet to Normanby-street, £60; land, containing an area of about 2r. 38½p., £60; Auburn, lots 51, 52, 53, 54, of a subdivision, frontage 119 feet, £119; Waverley, land fronting the Greville-road, £70; Auburn, land, having 46 feet 3 inches frontage to Normanby-road, £40; North Shore, land, having 43 feet frontage to French-street, £40; building materials in residences and stables situate on the south side of Hunter-street, £15.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS FROM GREAT BRITAIN.

November 2.—Loch Etive, ship, Captain W. Stuart, from Glasgow July 31; Mitredale, ship, Captain Wilson, from Liverpool July 18; Dartford, ship, Captain A. S. Cutler, from London July 29.

November 3.—Dharwar, ship, Captain Hutchins, from London July 23; Austral, O.S.S., Captain Murdoch, from Plymouth September 16.

November 6.—Kosciusko, barque, Captain Logan, from London July 1.

November 9.—Europa (s.), Captain J. Schade, from London September 13.

November 10.—Loch Fergus, barque, Captain Jones, from London July 20.

November 12.—Darling Downs, ship, Captain W. T. Wakeham, from London August 11; Grecian, ship, Captain M. Torrance, from London August 5.

November 13.—Rann, ship, Captain T. J. Cutting, from Plymouth August 17; La Hogue, ship, Captain Wagstaff, from London August 10; Pizzaro, ship, Captain Williams, from Hull July 27.

November 14.—Garonne, O.S.S., Captain R. Tillett, from London September 26.

November 15.—Peshawur, R.M.S., Captain E. L. Baker, from London September 11.

November 18.—Kaisar-i-Hind, R.M.S., Captain J. C. Babot, from London September 28.

November 23.—Drumburton, ship, Captain J. Cowell, from London August 24.

November 24.—Mirzapore, barque, Captain Wilson, from Liverpool August 4.

November 27.—Potosi, O.S.S., Captain R. Morgan, from London October 9.

ARRIVALS FROM FOREIGN PORTS.

November 9.—Professor Nordenskjold, schooner, Captain Jansen, from Java.

November 11.—Rosenberg, Norwegian barque, Captain J. Johanssen, from Drammen July 17; Helen, barque, Captain Hodge, from Burrard's Inlet September 17; Maraval, ship, Captain J. Heath, from Sundswell August 11.

November 18.—R.M.S. City of New York, Captain W. B. Cobb, from San Francisco October 22.

November 21.—Samaria, ship, Captain Gilmore, from New York August 9.

November 3.—Anglo Norman, barque, Captain Davidson, from Antwerp July 25.

November 5.—Killarney (s.), Captain O'Neill, from Foochow October 12.

November 8.—Canopus, barque, Captain Loose, from Hamburg June 8; Euxine (s.), Captain Peters, from Hong Kong September 28.

November 11.—Filadelfia, Austrian barque, Captain Poldrigo, from New York July 22.

November 12.—Apollo, German barque, Captain Bohn, from Frederickstadt.

DEPARTURES FOR GREAT BRITAIN.

November 2.—Cymba, barque, Captain T. Hutton, for London; Essex (s.), for London.

November 3.—R.M.S. Ancona, Captain E. J. Steadford, for London.

November 4.—Samuel Plimsoll, ship, London.

November 6.—Orontes, ship, Captain D. Bain, for London.

November 11.—Cairnsmore, barque, Captain J. Scott, for London.

November 14.—Hallowe'en, for London.

November 27.—Garonne, O.S.S. Captain Tillett, for London.

DEPARTURES FOR FOREIGN PORTS.

November 2.—Suvernair, ship, Captain J. Dougal, for San Francisco; R.M.S. City of Sydney, Captain Dearborn, for San Francisco.

November 4.—Escort, barque, for Shanghai; Tamaradice (s.), Captain Creen, for Hongkong.

November 7.—Roderick Dhu, ship, Captain Boldchild, for Negapatam, via Newcastle.

November 8.—Blackadder, ship, Captain C. E. Hore, for Shanghai; Sorrento (s.), for Hamburg and London, via Wellington, November 3.

DEPARTURES FOR FOREIGN PORTS.

November 11.—Annie Bair, schooner, Captain H. J. Byrne, for Shanghai; Portia, ship, Captain J. Jones, for San Francisco.

November 16.—Menmuir (s.), Captain W. Ellis, for Hongkong October 16.

November 17.—Barcelona (s.), De Loese, for Hongkong September 5.

November 23.—Antiope, ship, for San Francisco.

H.M. SHIPS ON THE STATION.

H.M.S. Diamond and Renard are now in port, both having recently returned from the South Sea Islands. The Nelson and the Miranda are at Adelaide, and the Espiegle is cruising amongst the islands. The Sandfly is at Brisbane, and she and the other schooners are expected to return to Sydney by the end of the present month. Information has been received that the Dart has been put in commission for the Australian station.

SHIPS ON THE BERTH FOR LONDON.

Anglo-Norman, barque; Barcelona (s.); Christiana Thompson, ship; Cimba, ship; Colwyn, ship; Dartford, ship; Duchess of Edinburgh; Dharwar, ship; Drumpark, ship; Grasmere, ship; Hansa (s.); Kaisar-i-Hind (s.); Killarney (s.); La Hogue, ship; Loch Etive, ship; Patriarch, ship; Smyrna; Trafalgar; Woollahra, ship; Darling Downs, ship; Phasis, ship.

FREIGHTS TO LONDON.

Per Sailing Vessels.—Wool, clean, ⅝d; greasy, ½d; cotton, ⅝d; cocoanut oil, 55s; copra, 60s; tallow, 50s; copper and tin, nominal; hides, 30s; leather, 50s; preserved meats, 35s; measurement goods, 40s; bones and horns, 25s; gum, 30s; shale, 25s to 30s.

Per Steamers.—Wool, scoured, ⅞d; greasy and primage, ⅞d; meats, 40s; tallow, 70s; leather, 70s.

SHIPS' REPORTS.

The barque Anglo-Norman left Flushing on July 26, and passed Start Point on August 1. The equator was crossed on August 29, in 25° W. On September 18, in 40° S., 2° W., a heavy S.S.E. equinoctial gale was encountered, in which the ship's boats were damaged, as also the bridge, quarter hatch, carrying away the boats' davits; and in the course of this storm a distance of only 185 miles was made in six days. The meridian of the Cape was passed on September 28, in 42° S. The easting was run on 44° south. On October 18, in 44° S. 121° E. a fresh wind came from S.E., and continued from eastward without intermission until the 30th. Cape Otway was passed at noon on the 31st, and westerly winds were had through the straits. Cabo Island was passed at 7 p.m. on the 1st November, fresh southerly breezes were had to Jervis Bay, and thence light S.E. winds to arrival.

The captain of the ship Dharwar reports leaving London on July 23, meeting with westerly winds down the Channel, passing the Start lighthouse on July 29, and Madeira August 6. The Line was crossed on August 27, in long. 30 W. The S.E. trades proved bad, and were lost in 37·30 W. on September 3. The meridian of Greenwich was crossed on September 18, when heavy S.E. and easterly gales were encountered, and it occupied seven days in making the first nine degrees of east longitude. The Cape of Good Hope was passed on September 27, and thence fresh westerly gales were had to long. 125 E. on October 17, when east winds set in, and lasted to October 31. On that date Cape Otway was sighted, the wind veering to S.S.W. A strong gale was met in going through Bass' Straits, Kent's group being passed at 3 a.m. on November 1. At 5.30 p.m. Cape Howe was signalled, another gale springing up from S.W. on November 2 at 10 a.m., Jervis Bay being passed at 8 p.m. The Heads were sighted at 7 a.m. on the 3rd, and the vessel came to anchor in Neutral Bay during the morning.

The steamship Killarney arrived on November 5 from Foochow, whence she left on October 12th. She experienced strong winds and heavy seas at the outset, with every appearance of a typhoon. The winds continued until the 16th, and afterwards light airs were had to Port Darwin, which was reached on October 12th; she left again on the 23rd, and passed Thursday Island on the 22nd, reaching Cooktown on the 28th, leaving on the 30th, and arriving at Townsville on the 31st; she left the same day, encountering strong winds from S.E. and E., which lasted for 12 hours. Light winds caused to arrival in Brisbane on the 3rd; thence to arrival light airs from N.E. and N.

The steamship Euxine, which arrived on November 8 from Hongkong, is owned by Messrs. Nelson and Duncan, of Newcastle, and is now fulfilling a 12 months' charter for Messrs. G. R. Stevens and Co. She left Hongkong on September 28, and called at Singapore, Port Darwin, and the usual Queensland ports en route, leaving Brisbane for Sydney on the 6th November. Fine weather prevailed in the China seas down to Sandas' Straits. Thence strong easterly winds to arrival at Port Darwin, and fine weather to Cooktown. From the 2nd until the 4th November, strong south-east gales were encountered, after which fair weather lasted to the 7th, on which date southerly gales were had.

The steamship Europa arrived on November 9 from Hamburg and London via Melbourne. The Europa, it is expected, will load home from these colonies, and as she is fitted with refrigerating machinery, frozen meat will form one of her lines of exports. Captain Schade is again in command. He reports leaving London on September 1, and arriving at St. Vincent on September 12, and sailing thence on September 13, after coaling. Cape Town was reached on the 4th October, and a departure taken thence next day. Captain Schade ran down his longitude in the parallel of latitude 40°, with heavy gales from N.W., and S.W., and a high confused sea until the 12th October. Moderate westerly winds followed until the 17th ultimo, and on the next two days the steamer had to bear the brunt of a very heavy gale. She had also to steam against head winds from the 25th to the 29th October, and afterwards had light variable winds to Cape Otway, which was passed at 2 p.m. on the 31st October. She left Melbourne for Sydney on the 6th November, and arrived in this port at 9 a.m. on the 9th.

The ship Northampton having been docked at the Fitzroy Dock was examined recently by two marine surveyors. The forward or stem part of the vessel and 20 feet of the keel are gone, and further aft a large gap has been made on the port side about 15 feet long. The question here arises as to how the vessel could possibly have floated very long on the water with a hole of such dimensions. But the ship was happily in this case fortified by an inner layer of cement, which is generally adopted in vessels built on the composite system like the Northampton, to prevent the ironwork from rusting, and by the resistance against outside pressure offered by the stout coating of cement the Northampton was enabled to keep afloat. Otherwise had the cement broken up she must have foundered within an hour after striking. The repairs will cost about £3000. This ship appears to have been substantially built throughout, her planking being 5½ inches in thickness.

Money Wigram and Sons', Limited, splendid new steamship Essex, the pioneer of their new line of steamers, Captain Tuchurst, left this port on November 2 for London direct, via Suez Canal, taking one of the largest cargoes that have left Sydney in any one vessel. She arrived here on the 3rd October, discharged nearly 2000 tons cargo—a large portion being iron pipes and plates, bar and pig iron—and has taken in, besides 1000 tons Bulli coal in her bunkers—bales wool and cotton, over 500 of which is shipped undumped, some of our squatters preferring to pay extra freight and not have their wool pressed as it is done in Sydney—210 tons tin, 8112 hides, 156 casks tallow, 103 bales leather, 650 cases meats and pearlshell, besides large quantities of shale, horns, bones, and sundries. The stowing of this large cargo has been done by Messrs. Alfred Lamb and Co. of the Central Wharf, under the superintendence of Mr. Robert Garn, and reflects great credit on that gentleman. It was intended that the Essex should load part of her cargo here and part in Melbourne, but as freights were no better there, and the expense of changing ports and delay great, it was decided to load here altogether. The 31st October was her date of sailing, but heavy rains prevented wool from being sent to the stevedore's stores, hence night work had to be carried on by the stowers. The Essex is one of the class of steamers that is fast driving out of the trade the sailing ships. As the Essex was leaving here in October, and her wool would not be sold in London till the February sales, she only got an eighth of a penny per lb. more freight than the sailing ships leaving the same month. Steamers leaving in November and December will, no doubt, command higher rates.

The old favourite ship La Hogue arrived in port on November

13. Captain Wagstaff reports that he left London on August 9, Gravesend 10th, and Lizard 12th; passed across the Bay of Biscay with a westerly wind, and sighted Cape Atocal, where a tack was made, and two or three days lost with light winds. From this made a fair start, and the Line was crossed in 13 west on the 28th day out. The S.E. trades were good, and the Cape was rounded on the 54th day out. There troubles began, with six days of east winds, which at times blew a heavy gale. After this the wind set in from the westward, and took the ship as far as the meridian of Amsterdam, when another delay from east winds occurred and considerably lengthened the passage. A heavy gale from the westward sprang up off Cape Leeuwin, which continued until off the coast, when east winds again set in, driving the ship far north, and Warrnambool district was the first land sighted on November 7th. Ran down the easting in 44 south. On the 8th signalled at Cape Otway, and passed through part of the Straits with a northerly wind. In the Narrows, the wind came N.E. Made several tacks between the islands with smooth water and the wind E.N.E. Sighted Gabo light at 9 p.m. the 11th, with wind S.W. Entered the Heads 5.10 a.m., November 13th. The following ships connected with the colonies were spoken by the La Hogue:—On September 2, lat. 7·27 N., long. 23·40 W., barque Abott, from Frederickstad to Melbourne; September 27, lat. 37·12 S., long. 8·43 W., barque Tongoy, of Dublin, from London to Nelson, N.Z.; October 24, lat. 42·53 S., long. 57·03 E., barque H. M. B. K., from Christiania to Melbourne; November 8, in the Straits, barque Otago, from Adelaide to Newcastle.

With regard to the Marine Board inquiry into the stranding of the immigrant ship Northampton the Board after carefully considering the evidence adduced, found Captain Clare guilty of default in having carelessly and recklessly navigated the Northampton when so near the land, by not taking soundings, or other necessary precautions, and they therefore cited him to appear before the Board to show cause why his certificate should not be cancelled or otherwise dealt with. With respect to the charge of drunkenness against him the Board found the evidence conflicting, and as that had nothing to do with the stranding of the vessel, they did not feel called upon to prefer a charge of drunkenness against him. The board afterwards suspended Captain Clare's certificate for nine months.

The Norwegian barque Rosenberg arrived on November 14 from Drammen with a cargo of timber. She sailed from Drammen on July 17 with westerly and north-west winds, which lasted for several days, and were succeeded by N.E. breezes. These were kept until 11· N.; S.W. and S.S.W. winds continued to the Equator, which was crossed on the 30th August in 25·22 W.; the S.E. trades were got at the Equator, and carried until latitude 26· S., and longitude 1· E., heavy gales from N.W. to S.W. and rough sea being experienced during that time and until the meridian of the Cape was passed on the 1st October, in latitude 42· S.; the easting was run down between the parallels of 42· and 43·, heavy squalls and snowstorms being met with on the passage, and immense quantities of water being taken on board, no damage of any consequence, however, resulting. Adelaide was reached on the 31st October, and orders received there to proceed to Sydney; on the 3rd November left Adelaide for Sydney, and arrived as stated.

The British ship Maraval, from Sundsvall, Sweden, entered the Heads on November 14, having a cargo of deals, battens, and boards. Captain Beith reports that he left Sundsvall on August 1, but owing to head winds was detained in the Sound; on the 12th had strong north-east winds going across the Bay of Biscay; the north-east trades were got off Madeira, and were kept until passing the Cape Verde Islands; crossed the Equator on 15th September in long. 22· W.; got the south-east trades in 4· S., and carried them till abreast of Cape Rio; thence had westerly and south-west winds to the Cape; signalled Gough Island on October 5, and on the 12th crossed the meridian of the Cape in lat. 44·17 S.; ran the easting down between the parallels of 40· and 45·, and experienced strong gales and heavy weather until rounding the coast of Tasmania on the 9th November; thence had strong northerly winds until November 12; thence southerly winds to arrival.

The barque Loch Fergus arrived November 10 from Gloucester, whence she sailed on July 23, having met with strong gales down the Channel. Scilly Island was passed on the 26th; moderate and variable winds being had across the Bay of Biscay. The north-east trades were taken on August 9, in 28· N. and carried to 15· N. Variable winds ensued, and the Equator was crossed on August 23, in long. 19·50 W. The S.E. trades were taken in 5· S., and carried to 15· S. Light winds were had for a few days, and the meridian of the Cape was crossed on September 20, in lat. 41· S. The easting was run down between 42· and 43·, and during the run strong westerly winds, increasing to gales, at times prevailed, the galley door being smashed in. Cape Otway was passed on the 2nd November, after which calms and contrary head winds were had to arrival.

The ship Grecian, from London, arrived in port on November 12. Captain Torrance reports that he left London on August 5 at 4 p.m., and passed Deal on August 6 at 9 a.m.; had light variable winds down Channel; passed the Lizard on August 10; had light westerly winds to Cape Finisterre, which was passed on August 15; fresh breezes followed from north to north-east, which took the ship as far as Cape Verd Islands, where the N.E. trades were lost; then had winds from S.W. to W.S.W. and calms; got the S.E. trades in 3· N., and crossed the equator in 26·30 W. on September 8, had moderate S.E. trades as far as 19· S., and then variable winds as far as Tristan d'Achuna, which was passed on September 28; thence to 15· E. had strong westerly winds, which were succeeded by 4 days' S.E. and easterly winds and very unsettled weather; passed the meridian of Cape Agulhas in 40· S. on October 8, and ran down the easting in 40· S. as far as 120· E., with a continuation of very heavy gales from N.W. to S.W., without any intervening fine weather; from 120· E. hauled off into 45· S., and from thence to Tasmania, which was rounded on November 4, had moderate breezes from north to W.S.W.; on the coast light N.N.E. winds were met with, and continued till arrival.

The Austrian barque Filadelfia arrived in port on November 11, with a general cargo from New York. She left on July 22 with fine weather, which continued to 4 p.m. the same day. Moderate weather succeeded and lasted until the 14th, when a hurricane blew from the N.W.; the ship had to be hove-to for 12 hours, during which time the decks were continually flooded, two topsails were carried away, and a great deal of other damage was done. On the following morning the gale moderated, and for the next five or six days fine weather was experienced. The equator was crossed on August 28, and the S.E. trades were got shortly afterwards. The easting was run down between the parallels of 44· and 45· S. very variable weather being experienced, which continued to arrival. On October 14 a seaman named Christo Francisco Tintinow was lost. He was engaged on the foretopgallant-yard furling a sail, and, missing his footing, fell on to the topsail-yard and rebounded thence on to the water. A heavy sea was running at the time, 7.40 p.m., and it was impossible to lower a boat, but ropes were thrown to him and other efforts made to rescue him. It was seen, however, that he was quite dead, as he did not attempt to seize the ropes that were thrown to him and were within his reach.

The ship Darling Downs, from London, left the steam tug off Beachy Head on August 14th, had light head winds down channel, and signalled off Ushant at 6 o'clock p.m. on August 19th; crossed the Equator on September 16th, passed the Cape of Good Hope on October 7th in lat. 43· south, between which parallel and 46· south she ran her easting down, with very unsettled weather; rounded the South Cape on November 4th, Cape Howe on the 6th; from thence experienced fresh northerly winds, and a southerly current; arrived in Port Jackson on November 12, and anchored in Neutral Bay at about 10 o'clock. Captain W. T. Wakeham is still in command of this fine ship, which comes into port in excellent trim.

The Garonne (says the *Argus*), from London via Plymouth, arrived in Port Phillip on Thursday, 9th Nov., with mails, passengers and cargo. The date of English papers brought by the Garonne are to September 29, and this gives some three weeks' later news. The Garonne brings upwards of 320 passengers, of whom 138 are for Melbourne, 134 for Sydney, and the remainder for Adelaide and New Zealand. The Garonne has been away exactly 106 days from this port until her return. A quantity of frozen meat was sent home by her, which turned out exceedingly well. The refrigerating machinery is the best of its kind, and is in excellent working order, so that in so far as the steamer is concerned, there will be no difficulty in forwarding another consignment of carcases. The Garonne left London on September 21, and called at Plymouth, whence she sailed at noon on September 26. Strong winds and squally weather were met with across Biscay, and off the Portugal coast the engines had to be slowed on several occasions on account of the thick foggy weather which was prevalent. The Gut of Gibraltar was cleared on September 30, at 10 minutes to 4 a.m., and the Garonne reached Naples at 2 p.m. on the 3rd ultimo. Passengers and mails were embarked, and a departure was taken at 6 p.m. for Port Said, where the steamer arrived on the 7th ultimo, at 1 p.m. After finishing coaling the Garonne entered the canal at a quarter to 12 a.m. on the 8th, and cleared it at half-past 11 a.m. on the 9th. The passage of the Red Sea was pleasanter than was anticipated, the weather having proved exceptionally cool for the season of the year. Aden was reached at 10 minutes to 9 a.m. on the 15th ultimo, but in consequence of a dearth of labour coaling operations were retarded, and the Garonne did not get away until half-past 1 a.m. on the following day. Cape Guardafui was passed at 1 p.m. on the 17th ultimo, and light winds were met with to lat. 3 degrees S., where the S.E. trades were taken. The Six Islands (Chagos Group) were sighted on the 22nd ultimo, and thence the Garonne had to contend with strong trade winds and a high head sea until sighting Cape Leeuwin on the 4th instant, at 9 a.m. The Garonne was boarded by Mr. D. P. Maclear, health officer, and Mr. T. D. Hammond, senior immigration officer. The inspection was satisfactory, and passengers were allowed to land as soon after as they liked. The Garonne on this voyage is commanded by Captain A. Tillett, well known as a capable and most efficient chief officer in the company's service. As a pendant to the steamer's report, it may be mentioned that on Wednesday night, owing to the rarity of the atmosphere or other peculiar atmospheric condition, the light at Cape Northumberland was visible 43 miles distant when first sighted. The steamer's position was verified by several stellar observations and reckoning worked back from the time Cape Otway was abeam. The atmosphere at the time was described as being clear overhead, but apparently hazy on the horizon. The Orient liner Garonne left Williamstown Pier at 6 a.m. on the 12th November, cleared the Heads at 10.30 a.m., rounded Wilson's Promontory at 6.50 p.m. Had light winds from S. to S.W. as far as Gabo Island, with fine weather; thence light variable winds, with light rain, to Beecroft Head, and from there moderate E. winds and fine weather. Passed a French steamer standing south, off Gabo Island. The Garonne arrived in Sydney on 14th November.

The Pizzaro is a stranger to this port, but she is only one of a splendid class of iron vessels which are now common in Port Jackson, the "inevitable" steamer not yet having succeeded in doing away with them. She comes to port with a cargo of steel rails for the Government. Captain Williams reports having left Hull on the 27th July, with fine weather; strong westerly winds were experienced going down Channell, with cloudy weather; at half-past 11 on 3rd August the ship took her departure from the Lizard with moderate breezes and fine weather, which continued until the 13th August, when the wind freshened; on the previous day exchanged signals with the barque Sirius, of Liverpool, from London, bound to Otago; on the 22nd signalled the British barque Runnymede, of London, from London, bound to Wellington, N.Z. Variable winds and weather continued until the Equator was crossed on the 13th September in 29·6 west, and the S.E. trades were got. These were moderate, and continued until the 12th October, when variable winds succeeded. Commenced to run the easting down on the 23rd September, and kept on the parallel of about 40· south. Tasmania was sighted on the 4th November, about 10 miles distant. Thence had a succession of head winds until the 11th, when a strong S.E. breeze sprung up, and continued until arrival.

The barque Kosciusko left London Docks on July 21, and Gravesend on the 21st. Westerly winds were had down the Channel, the Lizards being passed on the 28th, and the wind continued from the same direction across the Bay of Biscay. The north-east trades being taken on August 8 in 27·59 N., and carried within five days down to 17·31 N. The line was crossed on the 29th in 23· W., where the south-east trades were picked up, and dropped in 19· S. 30· W. On September 19 heavy S.E. gales were encountered, lasting four days. Moderate southerly winds followed to the meridian of the Cape, which was crossed on September 28 in lat. 40·41 S. The longitude was done between the parallels of 40· and 42· S., bad weather being encountered from the southward, with heavy gales occasionally. Cape Otway was passed on the 1st instant, and westerly winds were had through the Straits. After passing Gabo Island, on the 3rd November easterly winds were had to Sydney. Captain Logan reports having spoken the barque Loch Fergus, from London, bound for Sydney, on September 25, in lat. 40· S., long. 5· E.

The ship Dartford arrived at anchor below Garden Island at 10.30 on November 2. She reports having left London July 29, and Gravesend on 30th. Northerly winds were had down Channel as far as Portland, where contrary winds were encountered, lasting four days. A fair wind set in on August 12, when the Island of Madeira was sighted. Variable N.E. trades were had, and very indifferent S.E. trades. Gough Island was sighted on September 26, the Equator having been crossed on September 3 in 29·12 W. The meridian of Greenwich was crossed on September 28 in lat. 43· S. The Cape was passed on October 3, and the easting was run down on the parallel of 46· S. A heavy gale was experienced from the westward in lat. 45·23 S., and long. 44·8 E., the ship labouring heavily, and taking on board large quantities of water. On October 12 the jibboom was carried away in a strong breeze, and on the 15th, in squally weather, Frederick Bery, a native of Denmark, fell from the main royal yard to the deck, being killed instantaneously. On October 16 a heavy gale was encountered from westward, with terrific snow squalls, in which the vessel shipped immense quantities of water. Tasmania was rounded on the 25th, contrary winds were had to the 29th, and southerly winds to arriving. Captain Cutler reports having spoken the barque Mercia, from London, bound to Wellington, on October 13, in latitude 46·24 south, longitude 72·15 east.

The Austral arrived on November 3, from London, via the Cape and Melbourne, and upon arrival went direct to quarantine for medical inspection. Of the voyage from England the Melbourne *Argus* says:—"The new steamship, which is allowed to be one of the finest merchantmen afloat, has completed her second voyage to this port. The maiden trip of the Austral served to show conclusively that she had splendid speed, and that her passenger accommodation, for comfort and convenience, was unrivalled in these waters; and these points having been demonstrated satisfactorily, it was not considered surprising that she should have filled up to her utmost capacity on the present voyage. The passenger list in all classes comprised 530 souls, apportioned as follows:—Saloon 129, second saloon 127, third cabin and steerage 275. With two exceptions these arrived in excellent health. The two exceptions were the passenger landed at Cape Town, and one, a second saloon passenger, James Morrison, who died during the passage from consumption. The Austral, in the ordinary course of things, was expected here on Thursday last, but owing to a derangement of a portion of her machinery, she was precluded from coming along at full steaming speed. This mischance, however, was not an unmixed evil, for it tested the capabilities of the vessel under canvas, and the result was not only satisfactory but surprising. To quote Captain Murdoch's own statement, the Austral "sailed like a witch," and with the engines only making 45 revolutions a speed of 328 knots was got out of her one day. The steamer passed Cape Otway at half-past 6 o'clock on Sunday evening, and it was fully expected that on entering the Heads she would proceed to the quarantine station, as she had come from the Cape, where the small-pox is raging. The pilot, however, thinking that the prohibition did not extend to Simon's Bay, where the Austral had put in, brought her right up to the anchorage, to the no small consternation of the immigration authorities, who fully expected that the steamer would have undergone a thorough examination at the sanitary station. The health officer in the bay, Mr. E. C. Figg, before committing himself to going on board, wired to the Under-Secretary, Mr. T. R. Wilson, to know what should be done in the matter, and received instructions to clear the vessel, special care to be taken that he should fully assure himself that there was no danger to be feared from the steamer being so cleared. The Austral left Plymouth with mails, passengers, and cargo at 11 a.m. on the 10th ultimo, and had a pleasant run to St. Vincent, which was reached at 1 p.m. on the 16th ultimo. After coaling the Austral left the island at five minutes to 6 p.m. on the 17th, and after crossing the Equator fell in with very strong S.E. trades and a high sea. At half-past 4 p.m. on the 26th ultimo, when about 350 miles or so from Cape Town, an accident happened to the high-pressure valve gear, the crosshead being carried away, and the quadrants and spindles being bent. This necessitated the disconnecting of the engines, and the Austral found her way to Simon's Bay with the aid of the low-pressure engines only. The Austral anchored in Simon's Bay on the 1st instant, and effected sundry repairs. Coal was also taken in, and a start was made on the 5th instant. Strong westerly gales, with a very high following sea, were fallen in with for three days, and when the weather moderated Captain Murdoch, being anxious to ascertain how the repairs effected had stood the brunt of the heavy weather, found the repaired machinery in capital working order; but as ill-luck would have it, while making the examination along with Mr. Macdougall, the chief engineer, a flaw was discovered in the high-pressure piston. There was then no help for it but to draw the piston and disconnect once more, and let the Austral work her way along the great Southern Ocean with only the two low-pressure engines, and such assistance as could be derived from the sails. During the time of disconnecting, the Austral was under canvas wholly and solely for 18 hours; and, although there was all the disadvantage of having to drag the screw, a speed of seven knots was maintained. The Austral had got barely 1000 miles from the Cape when the defect in the piston rod was detected, and afterwards she did very well indeed under the circumstances, until nearing the Australian coast. Strong S.E. and E. winds were then met with, and these militated against the steamer getting along so fast as could have been desired. The passengers, notwithstanding the detention, were in gay, good humour yesterday, and freely accorded great praise to Captain Murdoch and his officers for bringing them along safely, and for the pleasant times they had on board. She left Melbourne November 1, at 3.35 p.m., for Sydney, and arrived here on November 3 at 5.40 p.m. After being detained in quarantine for some time the Austral was released.

The R.M.S. Peshawur arrived November 15, and anchored in Neutral Bay. Her berth at the P. and O. Company's Wharf was vacant, but owing to the difficulty of obtaining stevedores to discharge her cargo, it was resolved to bring her up in the bay. She will probably be berthed alongside of Lamb's central wharf to-day. The Peshawur left Colombo on Saturday, October 14, at 4.15 p.m. On the evening of Sunday, the 15th, at 9.13 p.m., a collision took place between the barque Glenroy and the Peshawur in lat. 2·10 N. and long. 82·55 E. The Glenroy was of 1·30 tons register, with 400 coolies on board from the Mauritius, bound for Madras and Calcutta. Both ships were considerably damaged, but no lives lost. The morning after the collision the Peshawur took the Glenroy in tow, anchoring off Galle on the 16th October at 7.50 a.m., and desiring the company's agents, Messrs. Dalmaye and Co., to telegraph the circumstance to Colombo. The Peshawur, with the Glenroy in tow, arrived in Colombo the same day at 5.30 p.m., where she cast off the Glenroy and steamed into the harbour. After having received repairs by the efficient firm of Messrs. Walker and Lamont, who worked night and day to hasten her departure, and to whom the greatest credit is due, she again started on her voyage on the 24th October. After leaving Colombo on October 24, the Peshawur experienced moderate westerly to S.W. wind, squally weather, with heavy rain, which lasted until the 27th; fresh S.E. monsoons with high sea, were then met with until the 2nd November, and thence to King George's Sound strong southerly to S.E. winds, with long swell from the southward; left King George's Sound at 6.13 a.m., on November 6, and experienced strong easterly winds and high sea till the morning of the 9th November; from there fine weather to Adelaide, which was reached on November 10 at 1.20 a.m.; left Adelaide at 8.14 p.m. same day, and experienced fine weather and S.W. to westerly winds to arrival at Melbourne on November 11 at 6.45 a.m.; left Melbourne on November 13 at 1.6 p.m., and arrived as stated, having had fine weather and northerly breezes during the run from Melbourne.

The Bann, a fine iron ship, arrived in port on November 13, with 408 immigrants, and anchored below Garden Island. Captain Cutting reports that he left Plymouth on the 17th August with light westerly winds and fine weather, which continued until in 36· N., when the N.E. trades were got and carried thence until 14· N. The S.E. trades were obtained in 1½ N., and the Equator was crossed on the 16th September at 10 p.m. in 25·30 W. The S.E. trades were fresh, and lasted until 20· S., being succeeded by moderate winds and weather. The easting was run down between the parallels of 40· and 43·; the Cape of Good Hope was passed on the 12th October, and Tasmania rounded on the 6th November, fine weather and moderate breezes being experienced during the interval; thence had light N.W. winds until the 10th instant, when N.E. winds succeeded, and lasted until the afternoon of the 12th; thence to arrival had strong S. and S.E. breeze, with misty weather, until arrival. Captain Cutting reports very favourably of the conduct of his numerous passengers, who have been under the medical direction of Dr. Osborn, Miss Davin being the matron. Unfortunately there have been several cases of sickness during the voyage, though none of a contagious or infectious character, and three infants and one married woman died. An accident also happened to one of the single men, which almost cost him his life. His name is William Hicks. He was standing on the deck on October 3, when one of the studding sails carried away and crashed down on deck. Hicks sprang forward with the intention of getting out of the way of the spar, but fell, and striking his head against the winch received a compound depressed fracture of the skull and laceration of the brain. Though but little hope was entertained of saving his life, he continued to mend under the care of the medical superintendent, and is now well on towards recovery. There was also a case of double pneumonia, which was dealt with successfully. There are still ten cases of sickness on board, but none of them of a very serious character. The assistant health-officer, Dr. Beattie, boarded the Bann soon after she entered the heads, and at once granted pratique; and the Immigration Agent, Mr. G. F. Wise, expressed his satisfaction with the state of the ship and the immigrants. The new arrivals are a desirable-looking class of people, and will no doubt be a valuable and valued addition to the population. The immigrants are classed as follows:—97 single men, 93 single women, and the remainder married women and children.

The E. and A. Co.'s steamer Menmuir sailed from Hongkong on October 16, and from Foochow on October 24. Passed Basilan Straits on the 29th of same month, and arrived at Port Darwin on November 3; arrived at Thursday Island on the 7th, at Cooktown on the 9th, at Townsville on the 11th, and at Brisbane on the 14th, and entered Port Jackson on the 16th at 2 p.m. Experienced strong N.E. monsoons in the China Sea. From Mindora Island to Port Darwin had light winds and calms. Thence to Sandy Cape hard blow from the S.S.E. and fine weather. Since then had light winds, calms, and fine weather. The Menmuir brings a large cargo for Sydney, Melbourne, and Adelaide.

The American ship Samaria, with a full general cargo, arrived on November 21 from New York, after a passage of 110 days. She left New York on August 9, with light winds and very moderate weather. The N.E. trades were very light and variable, as may be judged by the fact that 45 days were occupied in reaching the Equator, which was crossed on the 19th September, in long. 24·35 W. On September 16, a comet of remarkable brilliancy and beauty was seen in the S.E. The S.E. trades, which were strong, were got in about 3· S., and lasted until about 29· S. The meridian of Greenwich was passed on the 4th October, 18 days from the Equator. Strong westerly winds succeeded the trades, and continued until the coast of Tasmania was sighted on November 13. From there had light north-east winds and calms to arrival off the Heads.

The Barcelona (s.), from Hamburg, via Antwerp, London, Adelaide, and Melbourne, arrived on November 17, after a passage which was protracted somewhat owing to adverse weather in the Indian Ocean, the Barcelona having come via the Suez Canal. Captain De Leme, who is now in charge of the Barcelona, reports that he left Hamburg on 5th September, Antwerp on 10th, and London on 15th, and had an ordinary passage to Port Said, where the vessel coaled. The weather was most oppressive going through the Red Sea. The south-east trades, which were strong, were got after passing Cape Guardafui, and a head sea was encountered until Cape Leeuwin was weathered. Adelaide was reached on November 7, and a stay of a day made to discharge cargo, and then the ship left for Melbourne. The latter port was entered on November 10, and after discharging the Victorian portion of her cargo she resumed her voyage on the 14th.

The R.M.S. Kaisar-i-Hind arrived from Melbourne on November 18, and anchored above Bradley's Head. She left Colombo at 9 p.m. on the 27th October with light S.W. winds and heavy southerly swell. After leaving Colombo had moderate to fresh S.W. winds and squally weather, accompanied by heavy rain, to the line; there was also a heavy S.W. swell. For the next two days had light S.W. winds and fine clear weather with heavy southerly swell; caught the S.E. trades in lat. 10.00 S. on November 1, and had fresh to strong trades and fine weather, with passing showers, but a head sea; lost the trades in lat. 26·30 south, and had fresh westerly winds and moderate gale and fine weather from there to Leuwin; passed the Leuwin at 2 a.m. on the 8th November, and had a moderate N.W. gale from thence to the Sound, which was reached at 4 p.m.; sailed again at the 9th at 5 a.m.; had moderate to fresh gale from S.W. on leaving King George's Sound; on November 12 passed Cape Borda lighthouse, and arrived at Glenelg on 12th, at 1.45 p.m.; sailed again at midnight on the 13th, and had fresh S.E. winds to Cape Otway; rounded the Cape on the 14th at 8 a.m., passed Port Phillip Heads at 1.45 p.m., and arrived at Melbourne at 4.45 p.m. Sailed from Melbourne on the 16th at 3.15 p.m., and had moderate to strong easterly winds and fine weather; on the 17th, at 3 a.m., rounded Wilson's Promontory and Gabo Island Lighthouse at 6 p.m. same day; passed the Heads on the 18th at 2.10 p.m., and anchored at 2.30 p.m.

The Drumburton, a magnificent-looking vessel, arrived in port November 23, from London, and was brought to an anchor above Bradley's. Captain Cowell reports that he left London on the 24th August, and laid in at Gravesend to take in powder. On the 26th left Gravesend, and reached the Lizard on the 3rd September 8, having had strong S.W. gales all the way down the Channel; from the Lizard had N.N.W. winds and variables until the trades were found in 38· N., and 18·47 W. These were carried until lat. 11· N., and long. 25·52 W., was reached, and then succeeded winds from S.S.W. to S.S.E., which continued until the Line was crossed on the 27th September in 26·26 W. The S.E. trades, which were moderate, were picked up the same day, and carried to lat. 24·45 S. and long. 32·22 W., when easterly winds and variables succeeded and lasted till 31· S. Commenced to run the easting down in lat. 31·23 S., and long. 26·29 W., but soon got down as low as 43· S., and it was mainly on that parallel that the run was made. A succession of W.S.W. and N.W. winds were experienced to the meridian of the Cape, which was passed on the 19th September in 41·59 S. Thence had strong N.W. and westerly winds all the way till the island of Tasmania was rounded on the 11th November, the ship making from 266 to 300 miles daily up till the 7th November. From Tasmania had N.E. winds, with light squalls at times from the S.W., accompanied by rain. A strong N.E. current was experienced coming up the coast. The Drumburton has been off the coast for 11 days, during which time the wind varied from N.E. to S.W. and W., with short squalls from S.W. and heavy rain.

The barque Mirzapore, which arrived November 24, is an old trader to the colonies, though it is some time since she last paid this port a visit. On the present occasion she comes from Liverpool, with a full general cargo, and is in excellent order after her somewhat protracted voyage. Captain Wilson reports that he left Liverpool on August 4, and cleared the Channel on the 8th, having had moderate weather going down. Light variable winds and fine weather was the order of the day till the ship got to 24· N., where the N.E. trades were picked up. The Equator was crossed on the 35th day out, and the S.E. trades were fallen in with in 7· S., and lasted to 24· S., having been moderate throughout. Passed the meridian of the Cape on the 66th day out, and had strong W.S.W. and westerly winds until October 29, when an iceberg was sighted 300 miles to the north of Kerguelen's Island. Thence had three days easterly gale, and then strong W. and S.W. winds until reaching the S.E. coast of Tasmania on the 95th day out. Thence to within 70 miles of Sydney had light variable winds and calms. On the 31st instant a strong N.E. gale commenced, and lasted during the whole of next day, tumbling the ship about in a manner that induced Captain Wilson to get farther from the land until the morning of arrival.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS.

BIRTHS.

ALLAN—Nov. 2, Croydon, Mrs. A. E. Allan, son.
ABEL—Oct. 15, Woollahra, Mrs. E. J. Abel, son.
AMESS—Oct. 31, Ultimo, Mrs. S. S. Amess, son.
ARMSTRONG—Nov. 7, Macquarie-street, Mrs. J. Armstrong, son.
ALLEN—Nov. 14, Waterloo, Mrs. W. Allen, son.
BEAUMONT—Nov. 23, Kent-street, Mrs. S. Beaumont, daughter.
BREATHOUR—Oct. 15, Lithgow, Mrs. D. Breathour, son.
BRIAN—Nov. 17, St. Peters, Mrs. E. Bryan, son.
BRENNAN—Nov. 15, Point Piper-road, Mrs. W. F. Brennan, d.
BURFITT—Nov. 9, Redfern, Mrs. C. T. Burfitt, daughter.
BATCHEN—Nov. 13, Ashfield, Mrs. D. H. Batchen, daughter.
BOSTON—Oct. 24, Newtown, Mrs. E. Boston, daughter.
BROWN—Nov. 7, Woollahra, Mrs. J. Brown, daughter.
BURNE—Nov. 7, Stanmore, Mrs. E. E. Burne, daughter.
BELL—Nov. 3, Balmain, Mrs. A. A. Bell, son.
BRACEY—Oct. 31, Randwick, Mrs. H. E. S. Bracey, son.
BRODZIAK—Nov. 5, Redfern, Mrs. A. M. Brodziak, daughter.
BURGESS—Nov. 2, Canowindra, Mrs. F. E. Burgess, son.
BLACKMAN—Oct. 2, Balmain, Mrs. Blackman, son.
BLUNT—Nov. 9, Muscleb ook, Mrs. T. Blunt, son.
BROWN—Nov. 13, Redfern, Mrs. G. T. Brown, son.
BUCHANAN—Nov. 11, Balmain, Mrs. E. H. Buchanan, son.
BAYLISS—Oct. 29, Newtown, Mrs. E. O. Bayliss, son.
BEIT—Nov. 16, Lake George, Mrs. R. Beit, daughter.
BRENAN—Nov. 12, Summer Hill, Mrs. J. J. Brenan, daughter.
BRODIE—Nov. 17, Double Bay, Mrs. J. B. Brodie, daughter.
BELL—Nov. 19, Milson's Point, Mrs. J. Bell, son, stillborn.
BROCK—Nov. 20, Newtown, Mrs. George S. Brock, son.
COURTMAN—Nov. 15, Waterloo, Mrs. G. Courtman, son.
CLARK—Oct. 28, Redfern, Mrs. C. J. Clark, son.
COBHAM—Nov. 1, St. Leonards, Mrs. J. B. Cobham, daughter.
CORY—Nov. 5, Burwood, Mrs. H. Cory, son.
CALDWELL—Nov. 5, Sydney, Mrs. W. Caldwell, son.
CASPERSONN—Nov. 24, Glebe, Mrs. C. H. Caspersonn, son.
CLARKSON—Nov. 15, Newtown, Mrs. W. Clarkson, daughter.
CUNNINGHAM—Nov. 13, Surry Hills, Mrs. E. W. Cunningham, d.
DAVY—Nov. 18, Paddington, Mrs. T. C. Davy, daughter.
DAVIS—Nov. 24, Moore Park, Mrs. E. Davis, daughter.
DOYLE—Nov. 19, Sydney, Mrs. J. Doyle, daughter.
DIXON—Nov. 12, Ashfield, Mrs. H. P. Dixon, daughter, stillborn.
DEBENHAM—Nov. 1, North Shore, Mrs. H. Debenham, son.
DIXON—Oct. 21, Goulburn, Mrs. B. Dixon, daughter.
DYER—Sept. 21, William-street, Mrs. J. Dyer, son.
DEED—Nov. 8, Paddington, Mrs. J. Deed, son.
DUPAIN—Nov. 11, Ashfield, Mrs. G. Z. Dupain, son.
EDWARDS—Nov. 15, Riley-street, Mrs. G. E. Edwards, son.
EVANS—Nov. 11, Woolloomooloo, Mrs. J. W. Evans, son.
EZOLD—Oct. 24, Mrs. E. Ezold, daughter.
EAGAR—Nov. 6, Mrs. E. F. Eagar, son.
FLEMMING—Oct. 31, Ashfield, Mrs. W. H. Flemming, son.
FORBES—Darlington, Mrs. J. S. Forbes, daughter.
FITZ-GERALD—Oct. 15, Dubbo, Mrs. C. H. Fitz-Gerald, son.
FOXALL—Nov. 4, Newtown, Mrs. E. W. Foxall, son.
GOSNELL—Oct. 27, Redfern, Mrs. E. Gosnell, jun., son.
GORMAN—Sydney, Mrs. H. Gorman, daughter.
GREENING—Nov. 1, Mrs. R. Greening, son.
GREENHILL—Nov. 2, Mrs. J. T. Greenhill, daughter.
GREIN—Nov. 21, Enmore, Mrs. H. L. Grein, son.
GRAHAM—Nov. 20, Marrickville, Mrs. J. Graham, son.
GARDNER—Nov. 17, Urana, Mrs. G. H. Gardner, son.
GRAVES—Nov. 20, Double Bay, Mrs. W. H. Graves, daughter.
GRUNDY—Nov. 6, Orange, Mrs. F. Grundy, daughter.
HERRING—Nov. 16, Queanbeyan, Mrs. G. B. Herring, daughter.
HOGG—Nov. 23, Balmain, Mrs. N. Hogg, son.
HUNTER—Nov. 25, North Kingston, Mrs. J. B. Hunter, daughter.
HARPER—Nov. 13, Cobargo, Mrs. C. A. F. Harper, son, stillborn.
HILLS—Nov. 8, Mount Pleasant, Mrs. S. Hills, daughter.
HUGHES—Nov. 11, Sydney, Mrs. R. J. Hughes, son, stillborn.
HURLEY—Nov. 5, Campbelltown, Mrs. W. B. Hurley, daughter.
HALL—Sept. 25, Ultimo, Mrs. G. H. Hall, daughter.
HOWARTH—Oct. 31, Grenfell, Mrs. W. B. Howarth, son.
HERRMANN—Oct. 22, Dubbo, Mrs. M. Herrmann, daughter.
HALL—Ultimo, Mrs. J. S. Hall, son.
HIGGINS—Nov. 15, Woollahra, Mrs. T. Higgins, son.
JESSOP—Sept. 30, Darlinghurst, Mrs. C. Jessop, son.
JENKINS—Nov. 6, Bowning, Mrs. E. Jenkins, son.
JACKSON—Nov. 8, Newcastle, Mrs. J. Jackson, son.
KALESKI—Nov. 15, Burwood, prem., Mrs. Kaleski, son, stillborn.
KIRKPATRICK—Oct. 16, Petersham, Mrs. F. Kirkpatrick, son.
KAY—Nov. 2, Pyrmont, Mrs. J. W. Kay, daughter.
KEELING—Nov. 24, Redfern, Mrs. J. W. Keeling, daughter.
KELLY—Nov. 17, Balmain, Mrs. R. V. Kelly, son.
KING—Nov. 15, Petersham, Mrs. K. King, daughter.
LANE—Nov. 6, Balmain, Mrs. E. Lane, son.
LAYCOCK—Nov. 2, Newtown, Mrs. T. M. Laycock, daughter.
LITTLE—Nov. 4, Waverley, Mrs. J. Little, son.
LAFIURA—Nov. 2, Redfern, Mrs. B. Lafiura, daughter.
LEGH—Oct. 20, Glen Innes, Mrs. Legh, daughter.
LEVY—Oct. 29, Newcastle, Mrs. R. L. Levy, son.
LUCKMANN—Nov. 16, Mrs. A. Luckmann, son.
MORT—Oct. 5, England, Mrs. H. L. Mort, daughter.
M'CURE—Nov. 9, Grenfell, Mrs. J. M'Cure, son.
M'CLELLAND—Nov. 12, Trial Bay, Mrs. T. M'Clelland, daughter.
MACARTHUR—Nov. 19, Burwood, Mrs. C. Macarthur, son.
MARKS—Oct. 24, Inverell, Mrs. T. H. Marks, son.
MARKS—Oct. 23, Tumut, Mrs. W. B. Marks, daughter.
MILFORD—Oct. 21, Mrs. Milford, daughter.
MONK—Oct. 30, North Willoughby, Mrs. W. Monk, daughter.
M'LEOD—Sept. 1, Capertee, Mrs. N. M'Leod, daughter.
MUSTON—Nov. 8, St. Leonards, Mrs. C. J. Muston, son.
MILES—Nov. 10, Botany, Mrs. E. Miles, son.
MOORE—Nov. 8, Balmain, Mrs. G. Moore, daughter.
MORRISON—Nov. 20, Summer Hill, Mrs. C. Morrison, son.
MASON—Nov. 12, Parramatta, Mrs. A. Mason, daughter.
MUSTON—Nov. 20 Woollahra, Mrs. W. T. Muston, son.
NURSEY—Oct. 23, Paddington, Mrs. C. J. F. Nursey, son.
ORMISTON—Nov. 1, East St. Leonards, Mrs. C. S. Ormiston, d.
PHILLIPS—Nov. 10, Sydney, Mrs. J. Phillips, daughter.
PONDER—Nov. 4, Darlinghurst, Mrs. W. F. Ponder, son.
PARROTT—Oct. 20, Mrs. T. S. Parrott, son.
POWELL—Oct. 27, North Shore, Mrs. W. P. Powell, son.
PETTIT—Oct. 17, Petersham, Mrs. H. W. Pettit, son.
QUICK—Nov. 13, Balmain, Mrs. C. H. Quick, son.
ROSS—Nov. 7, Queanbeyan, Mrs. J. A. Ross, daughter.
RANDELL—Oct. 27, George-street W., Mrs. G. W. Randell, son.
RYAN—Nov. 9, Waverley, Mrs. M. J. Ryan, son, stillborn.
READ—Nov. 13, Marrickville, Mrs. T. C. Read, son.
RODD—Nov. 20, Five Dock, Mrs. S. P. Rodd, son.
RATTRAY—Nov. 17, Croydon, Mrs. G. A. Rattray, daughter.
SCALES—Nov. 20, Mrs. F. B. Scales, twin sons.
SEALE—Oct. 31, Mrs. M. Seale, son.
SHORT—Oct. 30, Newtown, Mrs. G. Short, son.
SALTON—Nov. 4, Glebe Point, Mrs. R. Salton, son.
SMITH—Oct. 27, Balmain, Mrs. A. Smith, son.
STOBO—Nov. 8, Redfern, Mrs. E. H. Stobo, son.
SCOTT—Oct. 27, Bega, Mrs. W. Scott, son.
SAYER—Oct. 30, Sydney, Mrs. W. Sayer, daughter.
SHORT—Oct. 22, Alexandria, Mrs. A. Short, son.
SHIELS—Oct. 22, Bega, Mrs. J. Shiels, son.
SMALLEY—Nov. 13, Surry Hills, Mrs. T. W. Smalley, son.
SIMPSON—Nov. 14, Camperdown, Mrs. J. Simpson, son.
SCOTT—Nov. 6, Surry Hills, Mrs. E. Scott, son.
TODD—Nov. 15, Surry Hills, Mrs. W. W. Todd, son.
TEECE—Nov. 12, Double Bay, Mrs. R. Teece, daughter.
TURNER—Oct. 18, Redfern, Mrs. W. Turner, son.
TAYLOR—Nov. 16, Gladesville, Mrs. R. Taylor, son.
TINDALE—Nov. 11, Lochinvar, Mrs. A. Tindale, daughter.
WILSON—Coogee, Mrs. John Wilson, daughter.
WHITTLE—Nov. 11, Sydney, Mrs. E. A. Whittle, daughter.
WELCH—Nov. 2, Burwood, Mrs. C. G. Welch, son.
WILLIAMS—Aug. 20, Narrabri, Mrs. G. Williams, son.
WILLIAMS—Nov. 7, St. Peters, Mrs. L. Williams, daughter.
WHITE—Oct. 23, Sydney, Mrs. J. H. White, daughter.
WHITTAKER—Nov. 3, Redfern, Mrs. J. Whittaker, daughter.
WALLER—Nov. 9, Leichhardt, Mrs. J. C. B. Waller, son.
WAY—Nov. 9, Cook's River, Mrs. C. Way, son.
ZIONS—Nov. 4, Darlinghurst, Mrs. H. Zions, daughter.

MARRIAGES.

ANDERSON—O'CONOR—Oct. 12, Cobar, Robert Anderson to Mary O'Conor.
AUSTIN—M'KONE—Oct. 19, Newtown, by Rev. J. Penman, Thomas Richard Austin to Maria Louisa M'Kone.
ARMSTRONG—TURNER—Nov. 13, by Rev. John Penman, Charles Randolph Armstrong to Marion Creswell Turner.
BAKER—GARDNER—Nov. 9, North Shore, by Rev. S. H. Childe, Reuben S. Baker to Mary M. Gardner.
BAILEY—COLQUHOUN—Oct. 18, St. Andrew's Cathedral, by Rev. Dean Cowper, Harry Bailey to Kate Mary Colquhoun.
BODDAM-WHETHAM—MANNING—Nov. 8, St. Leonards, by Rev. A. Yarnold, J. W. Boddam-Whetham to Harriet Manning.
CARRUTHERS—EVANS—Oct. 11, Balmain, by Rev. J. W. Johnstone, Charles Ulic Carruthers to Alice Laura Evans.
CAMPBELL—M'ROBERTS—Nov. 2, Waverley, by Rev. Stanley Mitchell, Charles Jackson Campbell to Sarah Louisa M'Roberts.
DODGSON—KENYON—Nov. 4, Woolloomooloo, by Rev. Thomas B. Tress, Robert Kirkman Dodgson to Alice Kenyon.
DUNBAR—ORAM—Nov. 2, Singleton, by Rev. J. Woolnough, Randolph Collinwood Dunbar to Mary Oram.
DRAKEFORD—FERRIER—Oct. 25, by Rev. Mr. Adams, Walter John Drakeford to Elizabeth Heattie Ferrier.
ELLIS—PURCELL—Nov. 21, Dawes Point, by Rev. P. Le Rennetel, S.M., William John Ellis to Helena Purcell.
EAGAR—WATSON—Nov. 11, by Rev. Dr. Fullerton, Harry M. Eagar to Margaret S. Watson.
EVANS—FORSYTH—Oct. 25, Surry Hills, by Rev. C. F. Garnsey, George T. Evans to Annie Forsyth.
FITZGERALD—LYSAUGHT—Oct. 18, Sacred Heart, by Rev. Father M'Carthy, Michael Joseph Fitzgerald to Jennie Lysaught.
FULLERTON—THOMAS—Nov. 16, Sydney, by Rev. Dr. Fullerton, David Young Fullerton to Edith Amy Thomas.
FREAN—KEMP—Sept. 8, Leicester, by Rev. James Williamson, M.A., George Moore Frean to Emily Sophia Kemp.
EDGAR—VINDIN—Oct. 10, Sydney, by Rev. Mr. Clark, William Edgar to Eliza Cowper Vindin.
FOWLER—BOARD—Nov. 25, by Rev. Archibald Cameron, Emanuel Fowler to Mary Jane Board.
FRIEND—LEWIS—Nov. 15, Hill End, by Rev. E. King, Charles J. Wilkins Friend to Louisa Mary Lewis.
GORMAN—WORTHINGTON—By Registrar, Timothy Gorman to Caroline Worthington.
GILLESPIE—RICHARDSON—Nov. 9, Woollahra, by Rev. Samuel Bryant, Robert Gillespie to Sarah Daly Richardson.
HARDING—MURRAY—Nov. 13, North Shore, by the Bishop of Northern Queensland, S. A. Harding to Constance Murray.
HAMILTON—ROSTRON—Nov. 8, Redfern, by Rev. T. J. Curtis, Robert Hamilton to Emily Rostron.
HOLDER—BRYDEN—Oct. 27, by Rev. Andrew Gardiner, James Holder to Maggie Bryden.
HIND—GRIGG—Oct. 17, by Rev. J. Olley, Manly, Edward Austin Hind to Miriam Grigg.
HUGHES—PEARSE—Oct. 14, Pyrmont, by Rev. J. Penman, A. A. J. Hughes to Emily Pearse.
HOGARTH—BRADY—Nov. 8, Surry Hills, by Rev. Michael Flanagan, William Alfred Hogarth to Catherine Brady.
HART—SALMON—Nov. 2, Sydney, by Rev. J. D. Langley, Augustus Frederick Hart to Catherine Emily Salmon.
JAGOE—CAMPBELL—Nov. 21, Petersham, by Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Goulburn, Henry Jago to Mary L. Campbell.
JUDGES—BISSLAND—Nov. 9, Sydney, by Rev. James Adam, B.A., Louis Sydney Judges to Eliza Bissland.
JACK—WIGLEY—Oct. 11, by Rev. J. Hicks, Robert Robertson Jack to Miriam Adelaide Wigley.
JEFFES—REGAN—Oct. 31, St. Mary's Cathedral, by the Rev. J. Quick, Mark Anthony Jeffs, to Fanny Emily Regan.
JOHNSON—GAWTHORNE—Nov. 8, Sydney, by Rev. J. Penman, Joseph Johnson to Victoria Gawthorne
JONES—LENTON—Nov. 6, Redfern, by Rev. Canon Stephen, Joseph Jones to Isabella Lenton.
KLEEBERG—BRIDGER—Oct. 4, at Newtown, by Rev. R. Taylor, Paul Kleeberg to Martha Bridger.
LOW—KELLER—Oct. 11, Surry Hills, by Rev. G. Preston, St. Clair Low to Maria Louisa Keller.
LEWIS—M'EACHERN—Oct. 24, Tumberumba, by Rev. John Walker, James Roland Lewis to Mary Stewart M'Eachern.
MORRIS—FITZSIMONS—Sept. 11, Balmain, by Rev. J. J. Carroll, Richard Maxwell Morris to Mary Fitzsimons.
MYERS—HOYTE—Nov. 3, St. Leonards, by Rev. A. Yarnold, Francis Myers to Emily Rose Marianne Hoyte.
MOORE—ALLSOPP—Oct. 11, Castle Hill, by Rev. J. T. Schleicher, Christopher John Moore to Mary Jane Allsopp.
MAHER—LONERGAN—Nov. 1, St. Francis', by Rev. Father O'Donohue, Matthew Maher to Catherine Lonergan.
MURRAY—SHORTER—Nov. 15, Petersham, by Rev. John W. Debenham, David Murray to Alice Blanche Shorter.
M'CULLOCH—PEEVOR—Nov. 16, Victoria, by Rev. J. Taylor, Robert William M'Culloch, to Alice Peevor.
NEEDHAM—WYNN-KNIGHT—Nov. 1, Sydney, by Rev. James Jefferis, William Vernon Needham to Helene Wynn-Knight.
O'MALLEY—HEMERS—Nov. 1, St. Andrew's Cathedral, John A. O'Malley to Clara H. Hemers.
PICKERING—MITCHELL—Oct. 30, Petersham, by Rev. J. W. Debenham, M.A., W. G. Pickering to Christina S. Mitchell.
PARRY—NICHOLS—Nov. 7, Leichhardt, by Very Rev. the Dean of Sydney, John Parry to Fanny Elizabeth Nichols.
PAYNE—HAZLEMERE—Oct. 31, Woolloomooloo, by Rev. J. B. Tress, William J. Quertley Payne to Ina L. Hazlemere.
PEATE—ALLISON—Oct. 20, Brisbane, by Rev. Herbert Guinness, Walter Harcourt Peate to Fanny Georgina Allison.
REID—DAVIES—Nov. 8, Sydney, by Rev. Robert Steel, D.D., Ph. D., Alexander Reid to Kezia Jane Davies.
RAY—ROBERTSON—Nov. 14, by Rev. Dr. Beg, LL.D., Edgar Hamilton to Theresa Robertson.
SIMPSON—STEPHENS—Oct. 31, Newcastle, by Rev. W. Bain Thomas Simpson to Ellen Jessie Stephen.
SALE—EVANS—Nov. 14, Bungendore, by Rev. James A. Newth, John M. Sale, to Phillis E. Evans.
SUTHERLAND—STEPHENSON—Nov. 18, Sydney, by the Rev. J. D. Langley, Alexander Sutherland, to Alice Stephenson.
THORNE—RUNDLE—Nov. 15, Darlinghurst, by Rev. Charles H. Rich, Henry Ernest Thorne to Ada Australia Rundle.
VAN HOMRIGH—HOLLINWORTH—Nov. 18, Stanthorpe, by Rev. W. J. Hugill, Henry George Van Homrigh, to Harriet Sophia Barry (Dottie) Hollinworth.
WILKINSON—JARRETT—Nov. 15, Victoria, by H. F. Tucker, Albert Bliss Wilkinson to Alice Georgiana Foss Jarrett.
WOODWARD—BOWMAKER—Oct. 26, Bourke-street, by Rev. W. E. Bourne, W. N. Woodward to Elizabeth S. Bowmaker.
WILLBERG—WHATHAM—Sept. 30, Balmain, by Rev. E. D. Madgwick, Ernest Nicholas Willberg to Eliz. Ellen Whatham.
WARREN—CASWELL—Oct. 25, Montefiore, by Rev. J. K. Black, D.D., H. Guy S. Warren to Nessie F. Caswell.

DEATHS.

ALDERSON—Nov. 9, Cleveland-street, Charles C. Alderson, 33.
ATTRILL—Nov. 16, Fanny Attrill, 32.
AIRD—Nov. 20, Redfern, Mr. John Aird, 64.
ARGUIMBAU—November 24, Ernest Breillat Arguimbau, 9.
AUDSLEY—Nov. 1, Burwood, Rosina Audsley, 47.
ALLPRESS—Nov. 1, Redfern, Harold Clive Allpress, 3 m. 4 d.
BARNES—Nov. 20, Glebe, Ethel Barnes, 9 months.
BEUZEVILLE—Coom[illegible], Andrea Jane Beuzeville, 5 months.
BELL—Nov. 19, Gladesville, John Bell, 67.
BENNISON—Nov. 10, Burwood, William John Bennison, 63.
BROWN—Nov. 15, Liverpool, William Anderson Brown, 28.
BARKER—Aug. 21, Scotland, Mrs. David Annie Barker, 90.
BRAY—Queensland, Frederick Bray, 20.
BROWNE—Oct. 31, Glebe, Mr. William Browne, 75.
BOLUS—Nov. 1, Balmain, Sarah Ann Bolus, 19.
BAKER—Nov. 11, Lane Cove Road, Mrs. W. Baker, 70.
BARNET—Sept. 9, London, John [illegible]
BLACKBURN—Nov. 14, Woollahra, W. J. Blackburn, 3 yrs. 9 m.
CAMPBELL—Nov. 14, Leichhardt, Hannah Campbell, 86.
CRIDLAND—Nov. 3, St Leonards, H. Cridland, 6 m. 3 w.
CARDINAL—Nov. 8, Parramatta, Elizabeth Ann Cardinal, 58.
CLEMENTS—Nov. 8, Surry Hills, W. [illegible] Clements, 16 months.
CONOLLY—Nov. 4, Goulburn, Harriet A. Conolly, 67.
CARRICK—Oct. 29, Queensland, James C[illegible]
CASS—Nov. 6, Petersham, Ernest James C[illegible]k, 19.
CROKER—Nov. 7, Francis John Croker, 70.
COSTELLO—Oct. 27, Sydney, Marcus Joseph Costello, 24.
COOPER—Nov. 16, Paddington, Eustace Henry Cooper, 26.
CAMPBELL—Nov. 20, Enmore, Peter Campbell.
DOYLE—Nov. 24, Sydney, Edward Norris Doyle.
DOUGLAS—Nov. 20, Mary Douglas, 63.
DUNDAS—Nov. 2, Sydney, Lizzie Dundas, 33.
DYER—Oct. 28, Sydney, George Thomas Dyer, 5 weeks.
DEBENHAM—Nov. 3, North Shore, William Debenham, [illegible] days.
DONCLAN—Oct. 26, Darlinghurst, Adeline C. Donclan, [illegible]ar.
DUER—July 30, Marrickville, Elizabeth Duer, 61.
DENNIS—Nov. 9, Newcastle, Mrs. C. Dennis, 28.
ELDER—Nov. 12, Balmain, James Elder, 64.
FLEMMING—Nov. 8, Castle Hill, Muslon Flemming, 2 month.
FITZ-GERALD—Oct 21, Dubbo, Charles Henry Fitz-Gerald, 8.
FELMINGHAM—Nov. 5, St. Leonards, W. H. Felmingham, 45.
FLATAU—Nov. 17, Forest Lodge, Berta Maude Flatau, 11.
FLATAU—Nov. 15, Forest Lodge, Reginald John Malcolm, 10 m.
FLENADY—Burwood, Mr. Charles Patrick Flenady, 4[illegible].
GRAY—Nov. 18, Ashfield, William Gray, 76 years 7 months.
GRAY—Nov. 17, Summer Hill, Amy Louise Gray, 10 months.
GRAY—Nov. 18, Ashfield, William Gray, 77.
GARRICK—Oct. 31, Cook's River-road, Mrs. John Garrick, 74.
GREEN—Oct. 30, Surry Hills, Amy Green, 75.
GAUD—Nov. 4, Parramatta, Henry Honey Gaud, 72.
GOULD—Nov. 6, Darlington, J. P. Gould, 73; also, Catherine Gould, 69.
GREENWOOD—Nov. 6, Paddington, James Greenwood, 44.
GIFFORD—Nov. 16, Summer Hill, James Banks Gifford, 62.
HEDSKIS—Sydney, Anna Jones Hedskis, 62.
HOWDEN—Aug. 31, London, Robert Howden, 61.
HEBDEN—Nov. 3, Warren, William Wrathall Hebden, 29.
HENDERSON—Nov. 2, St. Kilda, Robert Henderson, 21 y. 30 d.
HARSTON—Oct. 30, Sydney, Ashton Harston, 2 months.
HARRIS—Nov. 1, Baulkham Hills, William Henry Harris, 41.
HOOD—Oct. 28, William Hood, 27.
HALLEN—Nov. 4, Parramatta, Gwendoline Hallen, 5 weeks.
HELY—Nov. 4, Marrickville, Arthur Lowry Hely, 12 months.
HALES—Nov. 16, Glebe, Eliza Hales, 51 years.
HUMPHREYS—Nov. 19, Balmain, William H. Humphreys, 7 m.
HALL—Nov. 23, Sydney, Rosanna Hall, 42.
HOPKINS—Nov. 20, Windsor, Susan Hopkins, 72.
HANSEN—Nov. 17, Surry Hills, Hans Jacob Hansen, 47 y. 5 m.
H[illegible]—Nov. 22, Woollahra, John Edward H[illegible], 1 months.
IRVINE—Nov. 10, Ashfield, James Currie Irvine, 49.
ILLIDGE—Nov. 10, Ann Taylor Illidge, 61.
JULIAN—Nov. 10, Bogalong, Richard Julian, 67.
KENNEDY—Nov. 15, Paddington, John Kennedy, 50.
KENDALL—Nov. 26, St. Leonards, Mary E. Kendall, 2 m. 10 d.
KENNEDY—Nov. 15, Paddington, Mr. John Kennedy, 50.
LLOYD—Nov. 22, Parramatta, Rev. Alfred Lloyd, 4[illegible].
LAURIDSEN—Oct. 28, Henry Lauridsen, 35 years.
LUDWICK—Nov. 27, Woollahra, Ernest H. Ludwick, 4 mths.
LYSAGHT—Nov. 23, Ellen Lysaght.
LEAKE—Nov. 16, Parramatta, Mary Anne Leake, 79.
LENIHAN—Nov. 10, Walter Lenihan.
LEE—Nov. 7, North Willoughby, John Lee, sen., 55.
LACKERSTEEN—Nov. 7, Petersham, A. S. Lackersteen, 6 m. 16 d.
LAURIDSEN—Oct. 28, Henry Lauridsen, 39.
LAWLER—Nov. 5, Glebe Point-road, Mary Ann Lawler, 56.
LEGH—Oct. 26, Glen Innes, Henrietta Legh.
MIDDLETON—Oct. 27, Sunnyside, Oman Edward Middleton, 56.
M'DERMOTT—Nov. 2, Bowral, Mrs. J. J. M'Dermott, 49.
MILLER—Nov. 1, Para-street, Richard Dalton Miller, 53.
MOORE—Oct. 11, Sydney, Arthur Moore, 54.
MEYERS—Oct. 31, Redmyre, Ruth Meyers, 2 months.
MOON—Nov. 4, Waterloo, Emma Moon, 12.
MACKELLAR—Nov. 12, Bondi, Robert Mackellar, 64.
M'ARA—Nov. 9, Mittagong, Andrew M'Ara.
MATTHEWS—Nov. 13, Adelong, Martin Matthews.
M'CORMACK—Oct. 24, St. Alfred's Hospital, E. M'Cormack, 69.
MOORE—Nov. 17, Randwick, George Moore, 58.
MATHESON—Nov. 7, Cowra, John Matheson, 73.
MATTHEWS—Nov. 13, Adelong, Martha Matthews, 31.
M'LEOD—Nov. 23, North Shore, W. B. M'Leod, 60 years.
MAHON—Nov. 17, Woolloomooloo, Margaret Mahon, 60 years.
MAYES—Nov. 22, Paddington, Harrie Wallis Mayes, 9 months.
MACQUEEN—Nov. 19, North Shore, Flora Macqueen, 4 mths.
MURPHY—Nov. 12, Charles Murphy, 4 years 4 months.
OLDKNOW—Sept. 30, Muswellbrook, Mr. Frank Oldknow.
O'BRIEN—Oct. 11, Camperdown, Mary O'Brien, 60.
O'KEEFE—Nov. 6, Burwood, Esther Ellen O'Keefe, 7 months.
PATTEMORE—Oct. 31, Scone, Aaron Pattemore, 27.
PETERSEN—Oct. 28, Carl Petersen.
PAGE—Oct. 28, Thomas Page.
PRESTON—Nov. 9, Point Piper-road, William C. Preston, 70.
PROWLES—Oct. 11, St. Peters, James Prowles, 43.
PARKINSON—Nov. 8, Petersham, Edwin George Parkinson, 6.
POULTON—Nov. 15, Dubbo, Edwin L. B. Poulton, 10 months.
PEARCE—Sept. 15, Monmouth, John Webber Pearce, 82.
ROLAND—Nov. 16, Haymarket, Helena Roland, 27.
RILEY—Oct. 25, New Zealand, Dr. Riley, 52.
ROSS—Nov. 17, Redfern, Charles Roslyn Ross, 15 months.
RYRIE—Oct. 16, Yass, Stewart Ryrie.
ROSS—HEGGAN—KENSHAN—Oct. 26, John Ross, 24; James Heggan, 23; James Kenshan, 26.
ROWLEY—Nov. 4, Woolloomooloo, John Rowley, 43.
ROBINSON—Oct. 2, Norfolk Island, Alice Quintal Robinson, 17.
ROBERTS—Nov. 21, Newt'n, Wm. Ar. Starkey Roberts, 6 m. 10 d.
ROBERTS—Oct. 30, Edward Charles Roberts, 8 months 7 days.
SHANAHAN—Nov. 18, Victoria, Mrs. Shanahan.
STUART—Nov. 20, Penrith, Elizabeth Stuart, 65.
ST. AUBYN—Nov. 21, Glenmore-rd., Beatrice Joh. St. Aubyn, 4 m.
SPEERIN—Nov. 17, Surry Hills, John Speerin, 39 years.
STRONG—Sept. 13, Major Henry H. Strong, Tel-el-Kebir, 42.
SOLOMAN—Oct. 27, West Maitland, Roy J. Soloman, 8 months.
SCRIVENOR—Aug. 27, Lincolnshire, Rev. Arthur Scrivenor, 51.
STEWART—Oct. 26, Mathias Bobacka Johanson Stewart.
SHOOBRIDGE—Nov. 2, Picton, Sophia Winifred Shoobridge, 63.
SHAW—Oct. 24, Redfern, Eliza Shaw, 57.
SERBUTT—Nov. 2, Macdonaldtown, James Serbutt, 63.
SCHAFER—Nov. 13, Sydney, Katherine Schafer, 63.
STEPHEN—Nov. 10, St. Peters, Ernest Stephen, 7½ months.
STEVENSON—Nov. 9, Glebe-road, Joseph Souter Stevenson, 54.
SPICE—Oct. 24, Summer Hill, Mary Spice, 73.
SMITH—Nov. 11, Balmain, Amelia Rose Sutherland Smith, 23.
TATE—Nov. 8, Darlinghurst, Martha Tate, 36.
TARVES—Nov. 8, Muswellbrook, Jessie Louisa Tarves, 8.
TAYLOR—Nov. 7, Margaret Ethel Taylor, 4 months.
TWINNING—Oct. 30, Launceston, A. J. Twinning, 26.
TRITTON—Nov. 25, Burwood, Mr. John Tritton, 56 years.
TUFF—Nov. 23, Balmain, James Tuff.
TAYLOR—Nov. 20, Uralla, Margaretta Lucy Taylor, 64 years.
TAYLOR—Nov. 21, Uralla, Innes B. L. Taylor, 33 years.
WADLEY—Nov. 26, Redfern, Hamilton Wadley, 18 years.
WALKER—Nov. 25, Woollahra, William Henry Walker, 48 years.
WADGE—Lower Macquarie, Henry Wadge, 61.
WALSH—Oct. 29, Surry Hills, O. J. Bunnerong Walsh, 5 weeks.
WEBB—Nov. 2, Mrs. Richard Webb, 48.
WILLIAMS—Nov. 8, Frederick George Williams, 10 years 2 months.
WHITE—Nov. 3, Singleton, Susan Grace White.
WHINCUP—Nov. 13, Paddington, Lillian Whincup, 3 yrs. 5 ms.

Horticultural, Farming, &c.

ENGLISH SUTTONS' SEEDS
ENGLISH SUTTONS' SEEDS
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ENGLISH SUTTONS' SEEDS
ARE THE BEST,
and have been awarded
TWENTY-NINE PRIZE MEDALS.

SUTTONS' COLLECTIONS of SEEDS, in boxes hermetically sealed, and of best germinating quality.
VEGETABLE SEEDS—complete Assortments, from 5s to £10 10s each
FLOWER SEEDS—complete Assortments, from 5s to £5 5s each. No charge for boxes.

The following are duly authorised Agents:—Messrs. Gilfillan, and Co., Sydney; Mr. H. Waddington, 13, Macquarie-place, Sydney; Mr. G. W. Spring, Cooma; Messrs. Affleck and Gray, Albury.

NOTICE.—In ordering through London shippers purchasers should be particular to stipulate for SUTTONS' SEEDS.

Testimonial from Mr. ROBERT HERRING, 22, York-street, Portman-square, London:—"I am glad to be able to tell you that the seeds sent to Mr. G. Herring, in Sydney, were splendid."

SUTTON and SONS,
the Queen's Seedsmen, and by special warrant to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales,
READING, LONDON, ENGLAND, and PARIS.

All communications from the Trade should be addressed direct to READING.

SEEDS and PLANTS.—ANDERSON and CO., Seed Merchants, 276, and 278, Pitt-street.

GUANO.—Dissolved Peruvian GUANO, price £14 14s per ton. On SALE by Gibbs, Bright, and Co., 35, Pitt-street.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

General Merchandise.

ON SALE.
SHERRY—Cocens one and three star
Amontillado and Vino de Pasto, in quarter-casks
PORT—Croft's single and double diamond, in ditto
Terragona
CHAMPAGNE—Louis Roederer's, quarts and pints
SPARKLING SAUMUR—Ackerman Laurance cart noire
CLARET—St. Julien, St. Estephe, Chat. Margau
BRANDY—Marcellam's pale and dark, in quarter-casks
Bouniot's ditto ditto
Comandon's ditto ditto
WHISKY—Lochnagar, in quarter-casks
Bullock Lade's, in quarter-casks and cases
John Lock's Irish, in hogsheads and cases
Ditto ditto, in flasks
A. Walker's ditto, in cases
Ditto ditto, in flasks
BEER—Best Lagerbeer, in quarts
Ditto ditto, in pints
TEA—Large assortment from Foochow, new season
Half-chests and boxes, Souchong and Congou
Scented Orange Pekoe, in quarter-chests
Assam Pekoe, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
RICE—Shipments of Saigon, Rangoon, and Patna
COFFEE—Choice Java
STRAITS Pepper and Tapioca
PRESERVED POTATOES—Muckart's and Edwards'
CANDLES—De Roubaix Jenar's
TOBACCO—Southern Plantation, in quarter-tierces and boxes
CIGARS—Manila Cheroots, No. 2
Ditto, Havana shape, Nos. 1 and 2
German Cigars, genuine Havanas
FENCING WIRE—Neptune, Nos. 8 and 10
Westphalian, English, German
MATCHES—Vestas and Saucties
CASTOR OIL—In cases
CHINA OIL—In cases
COTTON WASTE
WOOLPACKS—Ends and sides, 11½lbs.
CORNSACKS—2½lb.
BRAN BAGS, ORE BAGS
SUGAR BAGS and Madagascar Sugar Mats
HOG CASINGS—Best American
CHINESE MATTING—White and fancy
AUSTRIAN Bentwood Furniture, No. 14, 14½
AMERICAN CHAIRS—Great variety
DRAPERY—Moleskins, white and printed; Worsted Coatings, Summer Tweeds, Union Cloth, Italian Cloth, Brilliantines, Alpacas, Lustres, &c.
M. BAAR and CO.

THE PLAID OLD HIGHLAND WHISKY.
In consequence of the increased demand for the above fine old whisky, the proprietors are making arrangements for regular shipments for the approaching winter season. None bottled until matured for a certain number of years, thus ensuring evenness and regularity in quality throughout.
HARBOTTLE, BIDDULPH, and ALSOP, Sole Agents.

THE ST. MUNGO BLEND WHISKY.
This finest old aromatic Scotch Whisky, recommended by leading London and other consulting physicians instead of brandy, has been proved upon analysis to possess a most remarkable bouquet, as in very old wines, to be entirely free from fusel oil, and being matured in old sherry vats, is in purity, colour, and flavour unsurpassed by any other blend in the market.
Sample orders and supplies can be obtained from
HARBOTTLE, BIDDULPH, and ALSOP, Sole Agents.

WE wish to call the attention of the fishing public of New South Wales to our very superior FISHING LINES, made by our own men, and of the best materials possible to get, specially for our patent thread lines, which are very light but very strong. They are made all sizes and lengths, from 12½ yards to 100 yards long; price, from 3d to 4s 6d each. Also, just opened, some very superior Hollow point Limerick fishhooks, both light and strong. Colonial made silk fishing lines, 2s, 2s 6d, 3s each. Very superior silk twist, 2d, 3d, 4d, 6d each. Hooks on single and double gut and on wire, and every description of fishing tackle, wholesale and retail.
EASTWAY BROTHERS, 413, George-street.

TABLE CRUETS just landed, ex Samaria, from New York. A good 4-bottle Cruet, 7s 6d, 10s, 12s, 15s, 21s, and upwards; Jam Jars, from 3s 6d each; Biscuit Barrels very cheap; Plated Salvers or Waiters, a bargain, suitable for hotels, &c., 3s 6d, 5s, 7s 6d, 10s each; very good Toast Racks from 5s; Teapots, Bread Platters, &c., equally cheap.
EASTWAY BROTHERS, 413, George-street.

TWINES.—Shop Twines, all sizes, cheapest place in [illegible]. EASTWAY BROTHERS, 413, George-street.

FLOWER STANDS, for holding flowers in pots, made for rooms and wire, handsomely painted and bronzed, suitable [illegible] balconies, verandahs, and conservatories. EASTWAY BROS., Wire Workers, 413, George-street.

FLY TRAPS, 2s 6d, and to catch them by thousands, price 1s 6d. [illegible] Eastway Brothers, 413, George-street.

GARDEN [illegible] 2s, 2s 6d, [illegible], suitable for ladies' use and children. [illegible]

FISH.—Why [illegible] TRAPS without fish when you can buy a Fish [illegible] Eastway Brothers, 413, George-street.

MEAT SAFES. [illegible] Brothers, 413, George-street. [illegible] prices. [illegible] wire Meat Safes at reduced [illegible]

TABLE CUTLERY [illegible] 413, George-street [illegible] and cannot be equalled
Table Knives [illegible]
Dessert Knives [illegible] the half-dozen
Plated Forks and Spoons [illegible] the half-dozen
EASTWAY BROTHERS [illegible] low prices.

WIRE Meat Covers [illegible] George-street.
[illegible] just landed [illegible] made of tinned wire, our own make, wholesale and retail; also Wire Meat Safes, 413, George-street. EASTWAY BROTHERS.

ISLAND TRADE. [illegible] AND TRADE.
Fancy HANDKERCHIEFS (30 x 30), [illegible] and Austrian [illegible] [illegible]LS, BLANKETS, Fancy SHIRTS, PRINTS (Navy Blue, Turkey Red, and Light Ground) [illegible]
Wool FINGERING, Turkey Red and Military C[illegible] CAPS
Fantail HATCHETS, BEADS, UMBRELLAS, [illegible]
Belts [illegible] Sheaths,
BUTCHER KNIVES (Beale's, Wynn's, &c.) [illegible] ADZES,
RAZORS, &c., &c., &c.
at E. VICKERY and SONS, 78, Pitt-[illegible]

SILICATE Hygienic Paints and Charlton Wh[illegible], manufactured by the Silicate Paint Company, Ch[illegible], Kent, may now be obtained from all the principal dealers.
MASON BROTHERS, Agents.

NOTICE.
We beg to give notice that we have transferred the New South Wales Agency of John Stephens, of Gloucester, the manufacturer of Stephens' celebrated brand Pickles, Vinegar, Sauces, Jams, &c., to Messrs. CATTELL and CO., to whom we request the trade to send all orders in future.
BOYLE and CO., Bond-street, Sydney.

FOR SALE ON SPOT, AND TO ARRIVE.
STEPHENS' OIL STORES.
Pints PICKLES, hexagons and rounds
VINEGAR, bulk and bottled; Salad and Castor OILS
SAUCES, CAPERS, JAMS, &c., &c., &c., by
CATTELL and CO., Sole Agents.

TANKS.—Ship's Iron Water TANKS, from 100 to 400 gallons, cheap. W. Robison, 67, Sussex-street.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN WINES.—Frontignac, Muscadine, Tokay, Port, Sherry, and Claret. H. S. Bird and Co.

CARMICHAEL'S PORPHYRY, equal to the finest Rhine Hock (awarded 1st Prize at the Garden Palace); pints, in 3 dozen cases, 12s 6d dozen; quarts, 1 and 2 dozen cases, 21s dozen. H. S. BIRD and CO., agents, Circular Quay.

CHRISTMAS WINE.—Orders must be booked early to ensure attention. HOCKINGS and CO., 143, Pitt-street.

DENIS MOUNIE and CO.'S celebrated COGNAC BRANDIES, bulk and case. Stutchbury & Co., 5, Wynyard-st.

AUSTRALIAN WINES bought in bulk. Offers received by Schmedes, Erbslöh, and Co., 34, Pitt-st., Sydney.

TANKS, best London make, on SALE. J. T. and J. Toohey, Standard Brewery, Elizabeth-street.

WHEN YOU BUY a STOVE get an AMERICAN DOVER. This is one of the very best in the market. It gives the greatest satisfaction in use, having no superfluous work about it. It is very cheap, and we can recommend it with the greatest confidence.
HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street.

FIRST PRIZE WASHING MACHINE, EXHIBITION, 1879.
The HOME WASHER, being a WASHER, MANGLE, and Wringer combined. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-st.

AMERICAN TUBS, 20s per Nest of 8; best quality. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street.

AMERICAN WALNUTWOOD, in boards; Italian ditto Veneers. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-st.

SERVANTS' FRIEND.—Knife Cleaner, for 2 knives or carver, 21s. Hebblewhite and Co., 416, George-street.

FRETWOOD, a choice variety; also, PATTERNS of all sorts. Hebblewhite and Co., 416, George-street.

THE ATLAS MANTLES, £5; Universal ditto, £4 5s; Patent Lever ditto, 70s. Hebblewhite and Co., George-st.

ORE BAGS, RICE BAGS, FLOUR BAGS, on hand or made to order. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, Geo.-st.

HARTSHORN'S Spring Blind ROLLERS, half cost of old style. Hebblewhite and Co., 416, George-street.

AMERICAN BARROWS, very light and serviceable, 20s each. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, Geo.-st., Sydney.

JUST the ARTICLE for JELLIES or PRESERVES for table use—The BANNER JELLY TUMBLER, with metal tops, easily and securely fastened.
HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street.

A NEW American CORNSHELLER, the A. B. C. It is well worth inspection. Hebblewhite and Co., 416, Geo.-st.

RUSTIC BLINDS, a cheap and tasty substitute for Venetian blinds, 5s 6d, 6s 6d, 7s 6d each. Hebblewhite and Co., 416, George-street.

PEACHES, PEARS, APRICOTS, &c., &c., will soon be ripe enough for preserving in MASON'S CELEBRATED FRUIT PRESERVING BOTTLES, which we are now selling at a reduction of 2s per dozen on last year's prices, viz., at 8s, 10s, 12s per dozen for pints, quarts, and half-gallon. Also the new kind, the LIGHTNING, at same prices.
Full price lists, with various recipes for different sorts of fruits sent free on application.
HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street, Sydney.

DATES in boxes or bags, Yellow Sugar; Tea, half-chests and boxes; Sugar Mats; bright large Rattan and medium Rattan Matting, Malacca Canes, Tapioca, Table Rice; Soap, tablets and bars; Coal Baskets, &c. Fisher, 21, King-st. W.

COOKING STOVES, nearly new.—Leamingtons, Trumpeters, Traffords, Mistress, Beaconlight, Russells, Princess, Garton and King's, Portable Coppers, Gas Stoves, Colonial Ovens. H. Morris, 214, Castlereagh-street, near Park-street.

Stock and Stations.

FOR SALE, first-class Pastoral Properties (stocked and unstocked) in Southern, Central, and Northern Queensland, Northern Territory, and Kimberley, Western Australia.
Also, 56,000 ewes
8,000 weaners
14,000 wethers
800 rams, from best flocks
3,000 head of cattle
E. W. LAMB, 369, George-street.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Building Materials.

SELLING OFF. SELLING OFF. SELLING OFF.
TO CLOSE EXECUTOR'S ACCOUNTS.
To OIL and COLOUR MEN, BUILDERS, PAINTERS, PLATE-GLASS MERCHANTS, and the TRADE GENERALLY.
Estate of the late JOHN MURPHY.
THE WHOLE of the LARGE and ASSORTED STOCK FOR SALE.
THE EXTENSIVE and ELIGIBLE PREMISES TO LET.
29 and 31, GEORGE-STREET WEST, OPPOSITE TOOTH'S BREWERY, and CLOSE to the RAILWAY STATION.
In consequence of there being no suitable tender for so large a stock, the Executor, in order to close accounts, now offers to Lease the Extensive and Suitable Premises, Nos. 29 and 31, George-street West, comprising Two Shops, Dwelling-house, Stores, Stabling, &c., for a period of Seven Years, giving the Lessee the Choice of Stock at a Liberal Discount, on Cost Market Value, for Cash.
THE LARGE and VARIED STOCK of Glass, Paperhangings, Brushware, Oils, Colours, Varnishes, and Sundries will be SOLD IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS. No reasonable offer refused, and buyers of large quantities liberally dealt with.
SELLING OFF AT WHOLESALE PRICES.
29 and 31, George-street West—THE OLD SHOP, OPPOSITE TOOTH'S BREWERY.

GEORGE F. MURPHY,
Sole surviving Partner of the late J. MURPHY and SON,
REGENT HOUSE,
869, George-street, Railway Bridge.
CENTRAL PLATE GLASS, PAPERHANGINGS, and GENERAL PAINT, OIL, and COLOUR STORES.
Painters and Plasterers' Colours, Wood Preserving Oil, and Every article in the Oil and Colour Trade always in stock.
Trams stop at the door.

GIBSON'S REFRIGERATING PAINT, for IRON, SLATE, OR GLASS.
The following speaks for itself:—
"The glass roof of the Sydney Arcade has been covered with Gibson's Refrigerating Paint, and the result has been a reduction of the temperature within the building to a remarkable degree, conducing to the comfort and convenience of those whose business demands their constant attendance there. The preparation can be recommended to all requiring a cool roof.
"(Signed) DAVID MOSES, Secretary."
Sydney Agents: B. O. HOLTERMANN and CO., 674, George-street.

TO BUILDERS.—LAWRENCE and CO., Lime Merchants, Railway Station, Newtown. Most reasonable terms.

SHEET ZINC, Lead, Brass, Copper, and Tin Pipe. JOHN DANKS, 363, Pitt-street.

ENAMEL BATHS, Enamel Sinks, Enamel Urinals Sanitary Ware. JOHN DANKS, 363, Pitt-street.

SLATES.—Slates, all sizes. Bangor and American now selling below cost, at W. Cary's, Railway Bridge.

A MARBLE CHIMNEYPIECE and Register Grate, 63s. Splendid assort. Registr. Grates. Carey, R'way Bridge.

AMERICAN REDWOOD SHINGLES and DOORS, landing. GOODLET and SMITH, 493, George-street.

DRESSED American SHELVING, now landing, for SALE. Goodlet and Smith, 493, George-street.

SHEET LEAD, all sizes, now landing. GOODLET and SMITH, 493, George-street.

PLATE GLASS.—A large assortment just landed. GOODLET and SMITH, 493, George-street.

SHEET GLASS, 16, 21, and 26oz., coloured and ornamental. GOODLET and SMITH, 493, George-street.

ROLLED PLATE GLASS.—Diamond and rough cast plate. GOODLET and SMITH, 493, George-street.

RICHMOND RIVER SAWN PINE, ex Victory. 6 x 1 T. and G. Flooring, best quality seasoned, 20s 100 feet Battens, Scantling, Rough Boards, price low.
STREET BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

SLATES, Slates.—Bangor and American, at lowest rates; Marble Mantelpieces, and Register Grates, Cement, Plaster, Lead, Galvanised Iron, Guttering, Ridging, &c. G. E. Crane and Son, City Cement Stores, Pitt-street, Circular Quay.

THE FAIRFIELD BRICK AND TILE CO. are prepared to supply Sandstock BRICKS of every variety at lowest current rates.
A. F. JACOB, Manager, Fairfield-street.

TO BUILDERS, TELEGRAPH CONTRACTORS, and Others.—W. WOOLF, late of George-street West, is prepared to execute orders for every description of Turnery on the shortest notice.
Steam Saw and Turning Mills, Castlereagh-street, Redfern.

FOR SALE, a quantity of second-hand SLEEPERS. Apply Topham, Angus, and Co., 709, George-street, Sydney.

JAMES SANDY and CO., Oil and Colour Merchants, Paperhangings, Brushware, &c., 271, George-street.

BRITISH PLATE GLASS.
JAMES SANDY and CO., 271, George-street.

SHEET GLASS, all sizes and weights.
JAMES SANDY and CO., 271, George-street.

PATENT COLUMNS for verandahs, balconies, from 14s each, strong and durable. Ornamental Iron and Zinc Castings. New Designs and Estimates for all kinds ornamental cast-iron work. Crase, Newtown-road, Darlington.

BRICKS, BRICKS.—N. S. W. Brick Manufacturing Company, Limited.—Hand and Machine-made Plastic BRICKS always on hand. Apply at the Works, Dulwich, Petersham.

LATHS.—A bargain, 30,000, 3 feet, split. H. Howard, Commercial Hotel, Elizabeth-street South.

HARDWOOD.—Tasmanian, 3 x 1, 3 x 2, 4 x 2, 4 x 3, 4 x 4, 6 x 2, 8 x 3, 6 x 4, 6 x 6, 8 x 3, 8 x 4. An invoice of above for SALE. T. and W. WILLIS, 15, Pitt-street.

[illegible]REESTONE FLAGGING, Steps, Sills, &c., machine dressed. Wilson, Corben, and Co., Hay-street, Haymarket.

MARBLE MANTELPIECES.—ODLING BROS., Marble Merchants, Custom-H.-b'ings, C. Quay. Trade only.

H. GROTH.—Satin and Gold Papers, Ceiling Papers, Figures, Coats of Arms. 330, George-street.

H. GROTH.—Genuine Champion's White Lead, Turps, Dry Colours, Canvas. 330, George-street.

H. GROTH.—Manders Brothers' Varnishes, Liquid [illegible], Harland's Varnishes. 330, George-street.

KALSOMINE. TRY THE COLOURING, KALSOMINE RUBBER. H. GROTH, 330, George-street.

RUBBER PAINT. TRY [illegible] STOREKEEPERS. H. GROTH, 330, George-street.

BLUESTONE [illegible] Send for our cheap WALL [illegible] 5d. H. H. GROTH.

NOTICE TO ARCHITECTS, CONTRACTS, BUILDERS, AND [illegible]. [illegible] for SALE, 3in., 4in., 6in., 8in., 10in. Apply [illegible] Wharf, foot King-street.

The ONLY GENUINE [illegible] in SYDNEY.
G. F. MASON'S PATENT TIMBER YARD
Sussex-street [illegible] WHARF,
who has always on hand a large stock of [illegible] and G. Flooring, ⅞ and ⅝ T. and G. and [illegible] Architraves, Skirtings, Mouldings, shelving 1 to 2 inch T. Boat Boards, Deck and Ship Planks (all sizes) [illegible] W. Boards, ½-inch to 6-inch up to 27 inches wide. Fitch[illegible], &c.; ½-inch [illegible] and rough, board.
Note the brand (G. F. Mason, Sydney), [illegible] to 24 x 20.
Any person making use of my brand will be liable of every tion.

W. C. FALLICK, Pitt-street, has the la[rgest and] cheapest stock of Builders' Ironmongery in the [colony].

LIME.—Pure Marble LIME, and Dennis' Welsh Clay. Marble Lime Company's Depot, 8, King-street.

G. F. MASON, Importer N.Z. Kauri, Timber Merchant, Shipping Agent, &c., Patent Slip Wharf, Sydney.

FOR SALE, American STOVE, almost new. 187, Macquarie-street.

MANTELPIECES, &c.—General Workers in Marble, Slate, and Stone. Patten Brothers, 302, Pitt-street.

THREE HUNDRED fathoms Chain Cable, Anchor B. S. Bellows, Anvil, &c., on Sale. G. F. Mason, P. S. Wharf.

AMERICAN Clear Pine and Shelving, splendid quality, now landing. G. and S. Preddey, Saw Mills, Erskine-street.

AMERICAN REDWOOD, all sizes, now landing. G. and S. Preddey, Saw Mills, Erskine-street.

PITCH PINE, Baltic, Kauri, Oregon, Flooring Boards superior quality, landing. G. and S. Preddey, Erskine-st.

KAURI PINE, N.Z.—Carved Mantel-pieces, Sashes Casements, Turnery, &c. G. F. MASON.

KAURI PINE, N.Z.—Fancy Pickets, 4, 4.6, 5 feet; Laths, Shingles, &c. G. F. MASON.

Produce, Provisions, &c.

FLOUR.—Superfine, fine, household, and seconds, manufactured at our Bathurst, Ashfield, and SYDNEY MILLS; also various country and Adelaide brands. Bran, pollard, cornmeal, cornflour, barley, oats, maize (whole and cracked), on SALE by M. BOYLSON and SONS, The Sydney Flour Mills, Grafton Wharf.

JAMES PEMELL and CO., Millers, George-street, opposite Railway Station, Sydney. Silk-dressed, Superfine, Fine, and Seconds Flour, Wheat Meal, Maize Meal, Patent Meal, Bran, Pollard, and all other Mill Produce. Best quality, lowest prices.

BUTTER, in kegs and tins; Bacon and Cheese, Oats, &c. HAWKEN and VANCE, 72, Sussex-street.

VINEGAR, in bulk and bottle. MONK'S Vinegar Works, 295, Sussex-street.

ALL USE IT. IT IS AT EVERY PICNIC, IT IS IN EVERY KITCHEN.
It obtained the Gold Medal at the New Zealand Exhibition, and the Silver Medal at the Perth Exhibition.
It gives the finish to every dish, for gravies, soups, game, fish, or cold meats. It assists digestion, and increases the appetite. It has a place at Government House, and is seen at every respectable artizan's. The protectionists use it because it is colonial, the free-trader because it is cheap. It is the especial favourite with all classes because, as one of the Sydney clergymen wrote, "It is the best yet made." It is the
AUSTRALIAN RELISH,
made by
WASHINGTON H. SOUL,
231, PITT-STREET,
and sold by every storekeeper. Price, one shilling.

THE GOLD MEDAL of the New Zealand Exhibition was awarded to WASHINGTON H. SOUL for his Culinary and Pharmaceutical Preparations, in full competition with all the various European and colonial productions, and
THE SILVER MEDAL of the Perth Exhibition was also awarded to him for the only article he exhibited there, viz., the AUSTRALIAN RELISH.

NEW Salt SALMON, in kegs, very superior quality; preserved Potatoes in 56lb. tins. Stutchbury and Co.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Auction Sales.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

SALVAGE GOODS FROM THE LATE FIRE.

On account of whom it may concern.

Consisting of
Cases of
HATS
DRAPERY
PORTMANTEAUX
&c., &c.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, 30th instant, at 11 sharp.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. have been instructed by those concerned to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, THURSDAY 30th instant, at 11 o'clock.

Salvage drapery goods from late fire, consisting of:—
1— 1 case black Paris hats
2— 1 ditto straw and leghorn ditto
4— 1 ditto ditto ditto
5— 1 ditto hard felt ditto
7— 1 ditto glengarry and cloth caps, and soft felt hats
8— 1 ditto black Paris hats
9— 1 ditto hats, assorted
6— 1 ditto men's hard felt hats
10 boxes ditto ditto
31 black portmanteaus
8 Devon ditto
35 basil ditto
16 solid leather ditto.

The above goods will be sold, WITH ALL FAULTS, being more or less damaged by FIRE and WATER.

Terms are NET CASH.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, 30th instant, at 11 o'clock sharp,
Invoices of
SUMMER CLOTHING, FELT HATS
OXFORD, HARVARD, and WHITE SHIRTS
DAMASK CLOTHS, HANDKERCHIEFS
LONGCLOTH, PRINTS, SHIRTINGS,
DRESS GOODS, ALPACAS, &c.

Ex Darling Downs.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, THURSDAY, 30th instant, at 11 o'clock sharp.

Invoices of the above goods, comprising—
JC in square.
78—1 case gent.'s fancy worsted suits
81—1 ditto men's fancy tweed trousers
86—1 ditto ditto black diagonal P. of W. coats
87—1 ditto ditto fancy tweed trousers
88—1 ditto ditto ditto ditto suits
92—1 ditto ditto light tweed trousers and vests
96—1 ditto ditto fancy diagonal sacs and vests
73—1 ditto ditto oxford shirts, washed and boxed
74—1 ditto ditto Harvard, ditto
75—1 ditto ditto white ditto, B.B.
206—1 ditto damask and loom table cloths
207—1 ditto ⅞ and ¾ cambric handkerchiefs
750—1 ditto Horrockses' twilled longcloths, 2 Nos.
18—1 ditto fancy zephyr prints
165—1 ditto fancy angolas, cashmeres, checks, &c.
166—1 ditto ditto homespuns and serges
17—1 ditto men's soft felt hats
&c., &c.

Terms at sale.

TO-MORROW (Friday), at 11 o'clock sharp.

On account of whom it may concern.

With all faults, if any.

8 CASES AUSTRIAN CHAIRS, 14, 14½, and 18.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. have been instructed to sell by auction (on account of whom it may concern), at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, at 11 sharp, 8 cases Austrian chairs, 14, 14½, and 18.

With all faults, if any.

NO RESERVE.

Terms, cash.

TO FURNITURE WAREHOUSEMEN, SHIPPERS, DEALERS, &c.

On FRIDAY next, 1st December, at 11 o'clock sharp.

An Original and Well-assorted Invoice of
63 Cases of
AUSTRIAN BENTWOOD CHAIRS,
in every variety.

295 Cases of
AMERICAN CANE and WOOD SEATED CHAIRS,
in
Wood-seat Windsor, Baltimore and Washington Bent Rim, and Bar-room
Cane and Wood Seat Grecian, Parlour, Bed, and Dining Room
Cane and Wood Seat Children's, high and low.

Ex Philadelphia.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. have been favoured with instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY next, 1st December, at 11 sharp,
358 cases Austrian and American chairs, comprising:—
G L over C.
31-33—3 cases, each 36 Austrian walnut chairs, No. 11
50-53—4 ditto, ditto ditto ditto, No. 13
54-58—5 ditto, ditto ditto ditto, No. 14½
59-60—2 ditto, ditto ditto ditto shop ditto, No. 14
62-64—3 ditto, ditto ditto ditto ditto, No. 1
65-68—4 ditto, ditto ditto ditto ditto, No. 2
69-71—3 ditto, ditto ditto ditto, No. 4
72—1 ditto, 12 ditto ditto ditto, No. 17
73—1 ditto, ditto ditto ditto, with rail, No. 17
74-76—3 ditto, ditto ditto ditto, No. 21
77-8—2 ditto, 24 ditto arm chairs, No. 7
79-82—2 ditto, 24 ditto ditto, No. 11
80-1—2 ditto, ditto ditto folding chairs, Nos. 21 and 23
83—1 ditto, 36 ditto shop chairs, No. 14
84-6—3 ditto, ditto ditto chairs, No. 13.

295 Cases
AMERICAN CANE and WOOD SEATED CHAIRS, in wood seat, Windsor, Baltimore, Washington, bent rim and barroom
Cane and wood seat Grecian, parlour, bed, and dining room
Ditto ditto children's high and low
&c., &c.

Attention of buyers is called to the above choice ... being the finest and best assorted that has ever been in this market.
As the instructions are positive, every line must be sold WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.

Terms at sale.

On MONDAY next, 4th December, ... o'clock.

HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE ... FURNITURE,
of
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD ...
at
FARNHAM, RANDWICK, ... Esq., J.P.,
Residence ...
The late GEORGE ... Executors.
By order of ...
... ROOM,
... ROOM,
... KITCHEN FURNITURE,
... TOOLS, &c.
BEDROOM.
... December, at 11 o'clock sharp.

MONDAY ... MESSRS. MOORE and CO. have been instructed by the Executors of the late GEORGE MOORE, Esq., J.P., FARNHAM, RANDWICK, to sell by auction, on MONDAY NEXT, 4th December, at 11 sharp,
The whole of the Household Furniture, containing—
Handsome inlaid walnut D. R. suite, in green silk rep
Ebonised trichord piano, a very choice instrument
Elegant 70 x 50 gilt pier glass
Ebonised and gold cabinets, with medallions
Inlaid walnut oval loo table
Carpets, rugs, mats, vases, &c.

Mahogany sideboard, china tea, dinner, and dessert services
Glassware

Bedsteads, walnut wardrobe, glass door
Toilet stands, toilet and chimney glasses, &c.

Kitchen and laundry utensils
Gardening tools, palings, drawpipes
Poultry, &c.

Catalogues may now be obtained at the Rooms, 123, Pitt-street.

Terms, cash.

FRIDAY next, December 1, at 11.30.

On the Caledonian Wharf, King-street West.

IMPORTANT UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION,
the
ENTIRE CARGO OF NEW ZEALAND PINE,

Ex Mary Bannatyne, from Wanganui.

20,251 feet Undressed Pine
50,171 ditto Dressed Pine,
comprising
SCANTLING
BOARDS, dressed and undressed
SHELVING, ditto
T. and G. FLOORING BOARDS, ditto
VARIOUS SIZES AND LENGTHS.
Also,
1600 POSTS and RAILS
5000 Hardwood 6ft PALINGS.

TATE BROTHERS will sell by auction, on the Caledonian Wharf, King-street West, on FRIDAY next, December 1, at 11.30 o'clock sharp,
THE ABOVE CARGO, in lots suit all particulars.
Terms, cash.

To Poultry and Pigeon Fanciers.

SEAFORTH PROCTER has received instructions from Mr. S. Francis to sell by auction, at his Mart, on TUESDAY next, December 5th, at 2 o'clock,
Game fowls; hen feathers, jungles and British; Hamburgs, Spanish, Brahmas, bantams; Aylesbury ducks, bred from prizetakers; fancy pigeons, comprising Antwerps, fantails, tumblers, and white rollers, the latter will perform at sale; also water-colour drawings of poultry and canaries.

TO PAINTERS, PAPERHANGERS, STOREKEEPERS, and OTHERS.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, 1st December.

HAINS and PHILLIPS have received instructions to sell by auction, TO-MORROW, Friday, on the Premises, at the corner of Bathurst and Sussex streets, at 11 o'clock, The entire stock of Paperhangings, 10,000 pieces, comprising—

Satins	Satins
Granites	Granites
Ceilings	Ceilings
Oaks	Oaks
Siennas	Siennas
Marbles	Marbles

And a variety of others, in lots to suit all purchasers, too numerous to particularise; also paper racks and fittings.
Sale to commence at 11 o'clock sharp.
No reserve. Terms cash.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

A GRAND EXHIBITION of BRITISH and CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURES
will be held
at the SALE ROOMS, 322, George-street, during the SECOND week in DECEMBER, from 10 o'clock a.m. to 4 p.m., and will be followed by a SERIES of SALES by AUCTION until the whole are disposed of, from 11 to 1 in the Mornings and 2 to 4 Afternoons.

OVER £30,000 OF INVOICES
of
ELEGANT ART FURNITURE
MAGNIFICENT HAND-PAINTED DRESDEN
ROYAL GLAZE MAJOLICA
SUPERB GOLD JEWELLERY and PRECIOUS STONES, from the FIRST and MOST FASHIONABLE ATELIERS in the WORLD.

Beautiful HIGH-CLASS ENGLISH CHINA, GLASS, and CERAMIC-WARE.

CHOICE OIL PAINTINGS and WATER COLOUR DRAWINGS,

ELEGANT FRENCH BRONZES
ELEGANT Assortment of BRITISH PLATED GOODS.

The Whole forming a most
VALUABLE COLLECTION of WORKS of ART and VERTU, in every way suitable for
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS,
WEDDING PRESENTS,
BIRTHDAY GIFTS,
of
EXCEEDING VALUE, FASHIONABLE STYLES,
and
ARTISTIC DESIGNS.

FURTHER PARTICULARS in FUTURE ISSUE, and FULL DESCRIPTION in BOOK CATALOGUES now in course of PREPARATION.

THE EXHIBITION
will
BE OPEN
to
THE INSPECTION OF THE PUBLIC
for
SEVEN CLEAR DAYS AT LEAST,
and will be
FOLLOWED
by a
SERIES OF UNRESERVED AUCTION SALES,
MORNING and AFTERNOON,
until
THE WHOLE ARE CLEARED OUT.

In announcing the
ABOVE UNPRECEDENTED EVENT
the Auctioneer can, with every confidence, assure the community
that
THE WHOLE OF THE DIFFERENT MANUFACTURES
are
DIRECT CONSIGNMENTS
from the most
FASHIONABLE HOUSES in LONDON
and the
CONTINENT of EUROPE,
and which will be a
GUARANTEE
of the
GENUINE CHARACTER of the SALES.

LOUIS COHEN has the honor to announce that he has been favoured with instructions to hold a
GRAND EXHIBITION
and subsequent
SALES BY AUCTION,
at the Sale Rooms, 322, George-street,
the
SECOND WEEK in DECEMBER,
Of one of the MOST VALUABLE Collections of Works of Art and VERTU EVER SUBMITTED for Public Sale in the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES.

Date of Sale in a future issue.

Unreserved Sale by Auction
of
LARGE CONSIGNMENT of AMERICAN MANUFACTURES,
now landing,
ex Samaria, from New York.

On Account and Risk of the Shippers.

HARDWARE
IRONMONGERY
WOODWARE
CLOCKS, &c., &c.

LOUIS COHEN has been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the Rooms, 322, George-street, as soon as landed, due notice of which will be given,
178 packages of
AMERICAN GOODS
in the above lines.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, 11 o'clock.
Ex Filadelphia. ...RATED CLOCKS,
58 CASES JEROME'S CE...
compr...
2 cases each 24 6-inch Lever St...
6 ditto each 72 Rattler's Time...
3 ditto each 36 ditto Alarms P.
6 ditto each 72 Cottage No...
3 ditto each 36 ditto ditto ditto
10 ditto each 24 8-day Cottage, R.C. ditto
2 ditto each 12 8-day De T. P. and Alarm
3 ditto each 12 1-day s. Strike
4 ditto each 24 1-day Cottage Strike
4 ditto each 12 1-day Oct. Prize V.P.
10 ditto each 24 1 ...el, Sprite Calender Alarm, Pilgrim, Sprite,
5 ditto Egyptian ...
and Sprite ...

TO THE ...E, PAWNBROKERS, JEWELLERS, &c.

B. R. HARRIS and CO. have received instructions from the CONSIGNEES to sell the above by auction, at their Rooms, 28, O'Connell-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.
FOR POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, at 11 o'clock.

...R CHRONOGRAPH RACING WATCHES (gold stems)
...'S SILVER HUNTING LEVER WATCHES
...IES' and GENT.'S LINKS, LOCKETS, BRACELETS
...SY, HALF-HOOP, and CLUSTER DIAMOND RINGS.

B. R. HARRIS and CO. will sell the above by auction, at their Rooms, 28, O'Connell-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 11 o'clock,
WITHOUT RESERVE.

ORDER OF SALE.

THIS DAY, November 30. — At the TEMPORARY FURNITURE SALE ROOMS, 233, George-street North, 57 PACKAGES FINE WORKS of ART, in KERAMIC-WARE, HAND PAINTED PORCELAIN, CHOICE DESSERT SERVICES, &c., &c., ex PHASIS, from London.

FRIDAY, December 1. — 67 CASES, ex Garonne (s.), from London, a MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT of OIL PAINTINGS, in every STYLE of ART.

On an EARLY DAY. — At the TEMPORARY SALE ROOMS, 233, GEORGE-STREET NORTH, 53, CASES LONDON-MADE FURNITURE, &c., ex GRECIAN, from London, UNDER INSTRUCTIONS from the CONSIGNEES.

HARRIS and ACKMAN,
Auctioneers,
107, Pitt-street.

THIS DAY, 30th November.

HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE SALE BY AUCTION
of
FINE WORKS OF ART IN KERAMIC WARE,
which will be held at our temporary Furniture Salerooms, 233, George-street North, in order to effect a thorough and elaborate display.

57 PACKAGES, ex PHASIS, from LONDON,
comprising—
Elegant HAND-PAINTED CHINA
RICHLY DECORATED DESSERT SERVICES
DEJEUNER TETE-A-TETE SETS, TOY JUGS
Fancy Jugs, Bowls, Matchholders
Lotus FANCY CHINA, in Silver Gold and Colours
FLOWER STANDS, JARDINIERES
Decorated FLOWER POTS, ROSE BASKETS
Birdnest Brackets, Umbrella Stands, Turquoise
SUPERB PORCELAIN FIGURES, highly embellished
WEDGWOOD VASES, GARDEN SEATS
TOBACCO JARS, SPILL POTS, FLOWER HOLDERS
PICKLE STANDS, BREAD TRAYS, CHEESE STANDS
EGG BASKETS, SHELL BASKETS
PUNCH BOWLS, BOSTON VASES
BIRDS, ANIMALS, &c., in Rich China
SINGLE and DOUBLE TOILET SETS, in the newest styles
BREAKFAST and TEA SETS, in profuse variety
SARDINIERES, TRIPODS, &c., &c.

To Connoisseurs, Admirers of Fine Art Productions, Fancy Repositories, Gentlemen Furnishing, Glass, China, and Earthenware Houses, &c., &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received instructions to SELL the ABOVE BY AUCTION, at the TEMPORARY FURNITURE SALE ROOMS, 233, GEORGE-STREET NORTH (where an elaborate and thorough display can be effected), on THIS DAY, 30th NOVEMBER, at 11 o'clock.
NO RESERVE.
Terms at sale.

FRIDAY, 1st DECEMBER.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION,
Ex GARONNE (s.), from LONDON,
67 CASES, comprising
A MOST MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF
OIL PAINTINGS, OLEOGRAPHS,
AUTOTYPES, &c., &c.,
embracing—
LAND and SEA SCAPES
ARCHITECTURAL VIEWS, ORIENTAL SCENES
FARMYARD SCENES, SHEEP and CATTLE PIECES
RIVER and LAKE SCENERY
BATTLE SCENES, TYPES of BEAUTY
HUNTING, RACING, and YACHTING PICTURES
HEADS, FLOWERS, and FRUITS
HISTORICAL PICTURES,
&c., &c.

To Artists, Fine Art Dealers, Picture Buyers, Parties Furnishing, Hotelkeepers, Furniture Warehousemen, and the public generally.

HARRIS and ACKMAN are instructed to sell by auction, without any reserve whatever,
The above named CAPITAL SELECTION of PICTURES, in EVERY STYLE of ART, on FRIDAY NEXT, 1st DECEMBER, at 11 o'clock, at the ROOMS, 107, Pitt-street.

ON VIEW MORNING OF SALE.
NO RESERVE.
TERMS, LIBERAL, AT SALE.

POINT PIPER WATER FRONTAGES.
SALE DAY,
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER, on the GROUND.

LITHOS. on application to
BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

ORDER OF SALE.

SHARES.

SUBURBAN and COUNTRY PROPERTIES
to be
SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
at the
Rooms, Pitt-street,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY,
at half-past 11 o'clock prompt.

SHARES. — 400 in the Reform Gold-mining Co., Lucknow. 1000 in the Brickwood Tin-mining Co.

EVELEIGH. — Lots 11 and 12 of Curley's subdivision, fronting Raglan-street, Golden Grove Estate, between Abercrombie and Rose streets.

BONDI. — Zahel's Grant of 5 acres and 25 perches Denham-street, a few yards south of Waverley-street, the main road to Bondi Bay.

NORTH ANNANDALE. — Killarney Cottage, in Nelson-street, west side, south of Collins-street, close to Parramatta-road.

PADDINGTON. — Block No. 4, Deepdene Estate, Glenmore-road, adjoining the grounds attached to the residence of Mr. H. Stephen, Esq., Q.C. 4 Villa Sites, Deepdene-crescent, off Glenmore-road. 2 Cottages, known as Harbour View, Spring-street, off Prospect-street, near Glenmore-road, close to South Head-road.

SUTTON FOREST. — Rockley, a first-class improved estate of 794½ acres, close to Meryla Railway Platform.

CONNELLY'S BUSH. — 100 acres fronting Belmore-road, Government road, and Bond's-road, both lots 19, 20, and 22 on Bishop's plan, together with the cottage, &c., thereon.

MARRICKVILLE. — Cottage and 10 choice Sites at the corner of Terrace-road and Wardell-road, adjoining Mr. Starkey's.

BALMAIN. — Corner Block, King-street and a roadway between Darling-road and Grove-road, beyond the Town-hall. Lots 26 and 27, Springside Estate, close to Darling-road, near Callan Park.

HOMEBUSH. — Two choice and valuable Sites, lots 29 and 30, section 2, Underwood Estate, on the high land at the station, south side of the line.

HUNTER'S HILL. — Five Allotments, Ferry-road, adjoining Cuneo's Recreation Ground; also six Allotments at the rear, fronting a reserved road.

PETERSHAM. — Lot 5, section 3, Grove-street, Dulwich Grove, between Denison-road and the Canterbury-road.

CANTERBURY. — ... 20 perches, River, Woolcott, ... 3 acres ... and Ida streets, east of Cooper Creek.

LEICHHARDT. — Cottage and Residence, corner of Fowler-street, Annan View Estate. Block of Land, adjoining the ... Lots 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 19, Donovan's paddock, fronting Hill and Annesley streets.

LOWER RANDWICK. — Lots 12, and 18 to 22, Omnibus Company's subdivision, opposite Fennelly's.

LANE COVE-ROAD. — 2 acres, 2 roods, 16 perches, Great Northern Township, off Lane Cove Road.

ENMORE. — Corner Block, lot 6, section 2, Ferndale Estate, south of Enmore-road.

PITTWATER. — Lot 2, section 3, Township of Josephton, near steamers' wharf.

WILBERFORCE. — Improved Dairy and Agricultural Farm, about 640 acres, adjoining Wilberforce Common.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY,
AT THE ROOMS, AT HALF-PAST 11.

FOR PEREMPTORY SALE.

FIRST-CLASS IMPROVED ESTATE.

RICH WHINSTONE LAND,
SUTTON FOREST.

ROCKLEY, 794½ ACRES, being portion of the Celebrated Estate of the late Henry Badgery, Esq., adjoining Vine Lodge, surrounded by Greenhills, Mount Broughton, Colyersleigh, and other noted Properties, close to the MERYLA RAILWAY PLATFORM, and within view of the Celebrated HILLVIEW ESTATE, SUTTON FOREST, the Governor's Country Seat.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

HOTEL.—LEASE for 7 YEARS, the Goodwill and License of that OLD ESTABLISHED and SPLENDID BUSINESS HOUSE, Williamson's Wine Vaults, in Regent-street and Cleveland street, for AUCTION SALE, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, at 11 o'clock.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

SUBDIVISION BLOCK.

100 ACRES at CONNELLY'S BUSH, PARISH of ST. GEORGE, together with COTTAGES, &c., thereon, for AUCTION SALE, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, Friday, at half-past 11 o'clock.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.

TO CLOSE A PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNT.

CITY FREEHOLD PROPERTIES.

Lot 1. ALBION and MARY STREETS.—CORNER BLOCK, comprising SHOP and DWELLING; TWO HOUSES, Nos. 48 and 50, ALBION-STREET; TWO HOUSES, Nos. 60 and 62, MARY-STREET. Rental, £7 per week, or £364 per annum.
The Shop has awning in front, and contains 9 rooms, bathroom, and cellar. The dwellings contain each 6 rooms, bathroom, and washhouse; city water laid on, and the premises are connected with the sewer.

Lot 2. CLEVELAND-STREET, opposite CROWN-STREET.—TERRACE of SIX 3-story RESIDENCES, Nos. 87 to 97, CLEVELAND-STREET, Surry Hills, immediately opposite Crown-street. Rental, £10 10s per week, or £546 per annum.
ALDERSHOT LODGE, a commodious Cottage Residence, in BAPTIST-STREET, at rear of the above. In one or two lots.
The Dwellings have garden plots, verandahs and balconies in front, and contain each hall, 8 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, and washhouse; yards with back entrance; gas laid on.
The COTTAGE has verandah all round, and contains hall, 6 rooms, kitchen, pantry, storeroom, dry cellar in the basement. Detached are stable, buggy-house, hayloft, fuelhouse, laundry, and other conveniences.

Lot 3. PARK-ROAD, MOORE PARK.—Choice CORNER BLOCK, comprising TWO RESIDENCES, Nos. 304 and 306, PARK-ROAD, at the corner of Regent-street; and TWO RESIDENCES, Nos. 71 and 73, REGENT-STREET. Rental, £5 5s per week, or £273 per annum.
Nos. 304 and 306 have garden plots, verandahs and balconies in front, and contain each hall, 7 rooms; washhouse, bathroom, copper, yards, with back entrance.
Nos. 71 and 73 have verandahs and balconies in front, and contain each hall, 6 rooms, bathroom; washhouse with copper, stable to one; yards, with back entrance.
Gas is laid on, and the fittings go with the property.

Lot 4. DEVONSHIRE-STREET.—TWO HOUSES, Nos. 115 and 117, on the south side, a few feet east of ELIZABETH-STREET. Rental, £2 2s per week, or £109 4s. per annum.
They have verandahs and balconies in front, and contain each 5 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, and washhouse; gas laid on.

Lot 5. RILEY-STREET, SURRY HILLS.—TWO RESIDENCES, Nos. 323 and 325, a few feet from ALBION-STREET. Rental, £2 5s per week, or £117 per annum.
They have verandahs and balconies in front, and contain each 6 rooms, kitchen, and bathroom; yards, &c., connected with the sewer.

Lot 6. KIPPAX-STREET, SURRY HILLS.—THREE HOUSES on the south side of this street, a few yards west of WATERLOO-STREET. Rental, £3 per week, or £156 per annum.
They have verandahs and balconies in front, and contain each hall, 5 rooms, washhouse with copper, bathroom; gas laid on.

Lot 7. FOVEAUX-STREET, ALBION ESTATE.—TWO DWELLINGS, Nos. 33 and 35, opposite Macquarie-street. Rental, £1 12s per week, or £83 4s. per annum.
They have verandahs and balconies in front, and contain each 6 rooms; yards, &c., connected with the sewer.

Lot 8. MACQUARIE-STREET, ALBION ESTATE.—CORNER BLOCK, comprising TWO HOUSES and a SHOP, Nos. 235, 237, and 239, Macquarie-street, and two Houses in side lane. Rental, £3 14s per week, or £192 8s per annum.
The shop contains 5 apartments, and the two houses adjoining have verandahs and balconies in front, and contain each 4 rooms and kitchen, yards with back entrances; the houses in lane contain each 4 rooms, yard, &c.

Lot 9. MACQUARIE-STREET, ALBION ESTATE.—RESIDENCE No. 199, one of Thomas-terrace, a few yards south of Albion-street. Rental, £1 per week, or £52 per annum.
It has verandah and balcony in front, and contains hall, 6 rooms, washhouse, bathroom; gas is laid on.

Lot 10. MACQUARIE-STREET, ALBION ESTATE.—RESIDENCE No. 188, on the east side of the street, a few yards from Albion-street. Rental, £5 per month, or £62 per annum.
It has verandah and balcony in front, and contains hall, 6 rooms, bathroom and washhouse with copper, yard, and connected with the sewer.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 4th December, at 11 o'clock,
The above properties, substantially built of brick on stone foundations, and in good letting positions.
Inspection invited.

TRANMERE ESTATE. This liberal subdivision comprises 123 BLOCKS, in area from one-third of an ACRE to nearly 2 ACRES. Section 10 has a large FRONTAGE to the DEEP WATERS of SISTERS BAY.

DEEP WATER FRONTAGE.
LONG COVE, at the NEW BRIDGE.

POSITION. — A little south-west of DRUMMOYNE and BIRKENHEAD.

ACCESS. — By Omnibus from the City to Ryde, or Steamer to Drummoyne.

DISTANCE. — About 3½ miles.

DAY OF SALE. — SATURDAY, 9th December.

ON THE GROUND. — At 3 o'clock.

LIBERAL TERMS. — 15 per cent. cash deposit, residue in 7 years, at 5 per cent. per annum.

TITLE. — TORRENS' ACT.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH,
Auctioneers.

BONDI.—ZAHEL'S GRANT of 5 ACRES and 25 PERCHES, DENHAM-STREET, near WAVERLEY-STREET (the main road to the Bay), is for Auction Sale, TO-MORROW, Friday, at half-past 11 o'clock.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

By ORDER of the MORTGAGEES,
with the concurrence of the
TRUSTEES IN THE ESTATE
of
Mr. JOHN KINLOCH.

IMPORTANT SALE OF
VALUABLE PROPERTIES
in the above Estate,
comprising,

LOT 1.—A large Block of Land, containing about 53 ACRES,
situated at the junction of
CANTERBURY-ROAD,
and
KINGSGROVE-ROAD,
near
COOK'S RIVER,
about half-a-mile from Prout's Bridge.

LOT 2.—About 7½ ACRES of Land, being Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Section 20 of the subdivision of portion of the Canterbury estate known as Sydenham Farms, and bounded by Duntroon, Floss and Garnett streets, a short distance from Cook's River, and adjoining the property belonging to Mr. Starker.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions, as above-mentioned, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on MONDAY, 4th December next, at 11 o'clock,
The above valuable properties, of which the following are particulars, viz.:—

LOT 1.—All that extensive block of land, containing an area of about 53 acres, situated on the Canterbury-road, at its junction with the Kingsgrove-road, about half a mile from Prout's Bridge, crossing Cook's River. The road frontage to the land is fenced with a new three-rail fence, and on all other sides the fences are in good order, the whole area being subdivided into five paddocks or enclosures.
On the Canterbury-road frontage is a store, now let at 10s per week.
*** A right-of-way 75 links wide runs through part of the eastern portion of the land, and is not included in this sale.

LOT 2.—BLOCK of LAND, close to Cook's River, containing about 7½ Acres, being lots 1, 2, 3, and 4 of section 20 of part of the subdivision of the Canterbury Estate, known as the Sydenham Farms, adjoining Mr. Starkey's property, and bounded by Floss, Duntroon, and Garnet streets, a short distance from the river.

The whole of this land is enclosed by a good two-rail fence, ready for palings, and is partly cleared.

Plans on view at the Rooms.

TERMS at SALE.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2.

WEST CALLAN PARK,
BALMAIN,
OVERLOOKING THE WATERS OF LONG COVE,
adjoining HELSARMEL (Lord's Estate),
and the
RESIDENCE of C. E. MORTON, Esq.

15 SPLENDID VILLA SITES,
fronting
MARY-STREET and
COMMERCIAL-ROAD.

The proposed tram to LEICHHARDT and BALMAIN will pass in close proximity to this land.

MILLS, PILE, and GILCRIST have received instructions to sell by auction, on the ground, on SATURDAY, December 2, at 3.30 o'clock,
15 SPLENDID VILLA SITES,
each having frontages of 33 feet, by depths of 90 feet.

TERMS—10 per cent. deposit, and the balance in 18 monthly payments.
TITLE, FREEHOLD.
PLANS at the ROOMS.
Lithographs can be obtained at Mr. Read's boatshed, Balmain.
SALE DAY—SATURDAY, December 2.
MILLS, PILE, and GILCRIST,
Auctioneers.

SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.

On THE GROUND,
WAVERLEY.

THE LAWSON ESTATE.

BLOCK No. 3.

CLOSE TO THE MAIN ROAD
CLOSE TO THE TRAM LINE
CLOSE TO THE TEA GARDENS.

54 CHOICE BUILDING SITES,
in the very CENTRE OF
WAVERLEY.

MILLS, PILE, and GILCHRIST have received instructions from the Trustees to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on THE GROUND, ON SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, at half-past 3 sharp,
That FINE EsTATE,
BLOCK No. 3
of
THE LAWSON ESTATE,
consisting of 54 CHOICE BUILDING BLOCKS,
fronting
BRISBANE-STREET
SMITHERS-STREET
BIRRELL-STREET
M'KENZIE-STREET
BATTRAY-STREET.

Many of these are picked business portions, and should be laid hold of without delay.

The AUCTIONEERS are instructed to sell on the following liberal terms:—
TEN PER CENT. DEPOSIT
BALANCE in 24 equal monthly payments
INTEREST 6 PER CENT. on balance due.

LITHOGRAPHS NOW READY.

FREE TRAM TICKETS.

MILLS, PILE, and GILCHRIST,
Auctioneers.

POSTPONED.

NORTH SHORE. NORTH SHORE.

ON THE GROUND.

THE MOST ATTRACTIVE SALE OF THE SEASON, AND THE GEM OF ST. LEONARDS.

THE CARLOW ESTATE,
in
CARLOW-STREET,
ADJACENT to the RESERVE,
close to the old Convent,
WITHIN EASY ACCESS
to
THE FERRIES.

VERY HEALTHY POSITION
and
GRAND SCENERY,

BARKER and CO. (St. Leonards), have received instructions from the DIRECTORS OF THE NORTH SHORE MUTUAL BUILDING AND LAND INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION, Limited, to sell by public auction, on the Ground,
The above,
SATURDAY, the 9th December, at 3 o'clock,

TERMS—25 PER CENT. DEPOSIT; the BALANCE at 6, 9, and 12 months, from DAY OF SALE, with 6 PER CENT. INTEREST. 2½ PER CENT. for CASH, IF PAID WITHIN ONE MONTH from DAY OF SALE.

TORRENS' TITLE.

LITHOS.
Lithos, to be obtained at the Auctioneers or the Building Association, North Shore.

RESIDENCE,
INDUSTRY,
SPECULATION.

HOMES FOR THE PEOPLE.

THREE TERRACES
45 HOUSES,
situated at DARLINGHURST, near St. Vincent's Hospital.

Easy Terms. Easy Terms.

CLEMENTS and M'CARTHY will sell by auction, on SATURDAY, December 9, 1882 (in consequence of election), on the Ground,
Great Barcom-street, Clements-street, and Clements-crescent, near St. Vincent's Hospital,
comprising
3 TERRACES,
and
2 DETACHED HOUSES.

To be sold in one or more lots to suit purchasers.

TERMS:
20 per cent. CASH on the fall of the hammer, balance by promissory notes at 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, and 24 months, bearing 7 per cent. per annum interest; or cash, at the option of the purchaser.

Be in time to secure a suitable Dwelling.

The terms are remarkably easy.

Remember the Day of Sale,
SATURDAY, December 9, 1882,
at 2.30 p.m.,
ON THE GROUND.

For particulars apply to CLEMENTS and M'CARTHY, Bathurst; or 141, Castlereagh-street, Sydney.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 4, at 11.

ALL THE IRON,
WROUGHT and CAST.

BESSEMERS and GIRDERS.

COLUMNS and STANDARDS.

BRACKETS and BOLTS.

Crab Winches, Blocks, &c.,
in connection with the late
GARDEN PALACE.

Upwards of 800 TONS now being assorted, and put into lots.

JAMES RODD is instructed by (James Barnet, Esq.) Colonial Architect, to sell by auction,
The above.

Printed lists, describing the lots, will be issued from the office of the auctioneer.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

POINT PIPER,
COOPER ESTATE.

AUCTION SALE on the Ground,
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.

WATER FRONTAGES to PORT JACKSON.
WATER FRONTAGES to DOUBLE BAY.
WATER FRONTAGES to ROSE BAY.

MARINE VILLA BLOCKS.
VALUABLE BUSINESS SITES.
CHARMING BUILDING LOTS.
LIBERAL FRONTAGES. LONG DEPTHS.

Every allotment commands an UNINTERRUPTED VIEW, which CANNOT BE BUILT OUT.

TITLE FREEHOLD (unquestionable).

TERMS EXCEPTIONALLY EASY, viz.:—20 per cent. deposit, balance by 4 equal instalments at 1, 2, 3, and 4 years from day of sale, with 6 per cent. interest.

SPECIAL STEAMERS and 'BUSES.

LITHOS. now READY.

BATT, RODD, and PURVES have received instructions to sell by public auction,
on
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER,
at 3 p.m.,
ON THE GROUND,
THE POINT PIPER ESTATE,
liberally subdivided by Messrs. REUSS and HALLORAN,
Licensed Surveyors, into
82 LARGE ALLOTMENTS, as follows:—

SECTION 1.—12 allotments, having FRONTAGES of from 66 to 142 feet to the waters of DOUBLE BAY, WOLSELEY and WHARF ROADS, by DEPTHS of from 176 to 330 feet.

SECTION 2.—16 allotments, having frontages varying from 66 to 115 feet to the WATERS of PORT JACKSON, WHARF and WOLSELEY ROADS, by depths of from 70 to 259 feet.

SECTION 3.—20 allotments, having FRONTAGES of from 66 to 171 feet ... inches to WENTWORTH and HILL STREETS, and WOLSELEY-ROAD by DEPTHS of from 172 to 254 feet.

SECTION 4.—6 allotments, having FRONTAGES of from 100 to 223 feet to WOLSELEY-ROAD and WENTWORTH-STREET, by depths of from 110 to 165 feet.

SECTION 5.—17 allotments, having FRONTAGES varying from 66 to 500 feet, facing NEW SOUTH HEAD and Wolseley Roads, private road, and Hill-street, by DEPTHS of from 167 to 318 feet.

SECTION 6.—11 allotments, having frontages of from 75 feet 6 inches to NEW SOUTH HEAD ROAD, a private road, and a Government road, running through to the WATERS OF ROSE BAY.

POINT PIPER occupies an unrivalled position. It is bounded on the north by the waters of Port Jackson, on the south by New South Head-road, on the east by the waters of Rose Bay, and on the west by the waters of Double Bay, and only a QUARTER OF AN HOUR'S PLEASANT JOURNEY by either ROAD or WATER.

The Auctioneers beg to draw SPECIAL ATTENTION to the large area of DEEP WATER FRONTAGE open to selection. This class of property is very seldom in the market, and is daily becoming MORE VALUABLE, and as to obtaining sites in any way equal to those in this Estate, "IT IS AN UTTER IMPOSSIBILITY."

LITHOGRAPHIC PLANS NOW READY.

POCKET PLANS and PAMPHLETS, with VIEWS of the Estate and surroundings, now in the Press.

SPECIAL STEAMERS and 'BUSES will convey intending purchasers to the property on day of sale,
viz.,
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.

TITLE, FREEHOLD.

SOLICITORS to the Estate,
Messrs. Iceton and Faithfull,
Pitt-street,
from whom all particulars as to title may be obtained.

POINT PIPER ESTATE.

ROSE and DOUBLE BAYS.

The ONLY CHANCE to secure a WATER FRONTAGE SITE in this charming locality,
on
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER, on the GROUND.
LITHOS. ready.
BATT, RODD, and PURVES, Auctioneers.

POINT PIPER — COOPER ESTATE.

Magnificent DEEP WATER FRONTAGES,
extending
from ROSE BAY to DOUBLE BAY,
for
AUCTION SALE, on the GROUND,
at 3 p.m.,
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.
Lithos. ready.
See auction advertisement.
BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

KENSINGTON GREEN.

Schofield's Platform,
Windsor and Richmond Railway.

NEXT SATURDAY WEEK.

WATKIN and WATKIN sell the above estate on date named.
Call and get a picture plan.
The newest idea out.
Special trains.
Full particulars in future advertisements.

LYONSVILLE.

FIVE DOCK.

NEXT SATURDAY.

WATKIN and WATKIN are instructed by the Board of the New South Wales Property Investment Company to sell by auction, on
NEXT SATURDAY, 2nd December,
LYONSVILLE,
another symmetrical subdivision, having frontages to Lyons-road (which the vendors, with a liberality worthy of imitation, have widened to 66 feet) to,
Moore-street, 66 feet
Denning-street, 66 feet
Short-street, 66 feet
Water Frontages to Five Dock Bay.

LYONSVILLE
is a beautiful park-like estate, extending from Lyons-road to the waters of Five Dock, the most prominent object in the landscape being the bridge connecting Five Dock and Gladesville.
The land has all been cleared, fit for immediate occupation, and is only a very short walk from Drummoyne Park or Birkenhead. This district from its nearness to the city,
now that the Bridge is open,
must rapidly progress, and land double, treble, and quadruple in value, especially as facilities for transit, either by a light railway or tramway, must be afforded by the Government.
The Title of LYONSVILLE, FIVE DOCK, is under
TORRENS' ACT.
Easier Terms could not be well wished for by the most exacting purchaser.
5 per cent. deposit, 5 per cent. in one month; balance by fortnightly instalments of 5s 6d per £100 per fortnight.
NO PROMISSORY NOTES.

ASSISTANCE to BUILD.
Purchasers can have 90 per cent. of the value advanced them to build on building society's terms of repayments extending over 10 years.
These are advantages which should not be lightly esteemed.
No mortgages required.

Plans at the offices of the Company, Park-street; at Read's Boatshed, Balmain; or from us.

WELLINGTON ESTATE,
WATERLOO.
CLEARANCE SALE.

WATKIN and WATKIN will sell the balance of this Estate, on the Ground, on SATURDAY NEXT, December 2, at 3 p.m.
Torrens' title. Easy terms.

ASHFIELD.

Corner of Milton and Norton streets.

WATKIN and WATKIN will sell at their Rooms, 281, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, at 11.30 a.m.,
A block of land, having frontage of 100 feet, more or less, to Milton-street, and 95 feet to Norton-street.

Terms at sale.

LYONSVILLE
is a lovely slope of nearly
20 ACRES, AT FIVE DOCK,
symmetrically subdivided for the vendors,
THE NEW SOUTH WALES PROPERTY INVESTMENT CO.,
Limited,
4, PARK-STREET,
into 96 GRAND BUILDING SITES,
by Mr Licensed Surveyor BINSTED.

Terms—Only 5 per cent. deposit, 5 per cent. in one month, balance on Building Society's terms, extending over 10 years, with assistance to the extent of 90 per cent. to build, if required.

The Estate has been judiciously cleared of timber, presenting a beautiful park-like appearance; has charming water frontages to Five Dock Bay; and the streets all 66 feet wide.
The views from the spot form a perfect panorama.
This magnificent property is now connected with the city by means of the New Iron Cove Bridge; has a splendid frontage along that favourite drive Lyons-road to
DRUMMOYNE PARK and BIRKENHEAD,
which are within 5 minutes' walk of
LYONSVILLE.

LYONSVILLE will be sold by auction
ON THE GROUND,
by
WATKIN and WATKIN,
on NEXT SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, at 3 p.m.

TITLE—TORRENS' ACT.

Lithos. can be had and Photos. seen at the offices of the Company, 4, Park-street; or at the Auctioneer's Rooms, Pitt-street.

REMEMBER,
THE PROPERTY IS LYONSVILLE,
FIVE DOCK.

SALE DAY, NEXT SATURDAY,
December 2, at 3 p.m.,
The fortunate purchasers of this Estate will secure highly picturesque spots for homes, and investments which are sure to more than treble their value within the next two years.

Free conveyance of intending purchasers on the day of sale, also in the meantime daily to view.
Waggonettes daily from the Company's Offices, 4, Park-street, at 10 a.m., and 3.30 p.m., returning at 12 noon and 5.30 p.m.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

AUCTIONEER'S NOTICE.

I beg to inform my supporters and the public generally that, in consequence of the INTENSE EXCITEMENT over the Nominations for East Sydney this morning, I was obliged to POSTPONE my first sale in my New Property Salerooms, 124, Pitt-street, till THURSDAY, December 7th.
T. S. HUNTLEY, Auctioneer.
November 28.

WEST BOTANY, ILLAWARRA RAILWAY.

WINCANTON COTTAGE and GARDEN.

LOT 1.—A very pretty Cottage Residence of 5 rooms, storehouses, and kitchen, and garden land, having a frontage to Lady Robinson's Beach-road of 132 feet, by a side depth of 139 feet.

LOTS 2 and 3.—Very choice Building Sites adjoining the above, having each a frontage to the Forest-road of 60 feet by a depth of 132 feet. These very desirable freeholds are situate only half a mile over Cook's River Dam, and quite close to proposed Arncliffe railway platform, and adjoin the properties of Messrs. Eve and Brown.

NOTE.—These allotments are planted with fruit trees, and securely fenced.

ROCK VALE.

T. S. HUNTLEY has received instructions to sell the above properties at his New Auction Mart, 124, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, December 7, 1882, at 11.30 sharp.

Terms, very easy. Title, Torrens'.

PLAN AT ROOMS.

REDMYRE,
at the Railway Station.

All that very desirable cleared BLOCK of BUILDING LAND (grass paddock), situated on the north side of the railway line, close to the Railway Station, and adjoining "Bapitste's Bush," approached from Diver-street, in area about 2 acres.

T. S. HUNTLEY has been favoured with instructions to sell this valuable block of land, at his NEW AUCTION MART, 124, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, December 7, 1882, at 11.30 o'clock.

TITLE, FREEHOLD.

Terms, easy.

PETERSHAM.

ANDREAS ESTATE, CLOSE to RAILWAY STATION.

T. S. HUNTLEY has received instructions to sell by auction, at his new Auction Mart, 124, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, December 7, at 11.30 o'clock,
A grand block of building land as a block. Title freehold. Having a frontage of about 217 feet to Andreas-street and about 260 feet to Station-street, all securely fenced; will subdivide into 26 cottage allotments, and give 25 feet lane to each allotment.

Plans, prepared by Mr. Surveyor Atchison, now ready.

GLADESVILLE.

8 SPLENDID BUILDING SITES,
commanding rich views of
PARRAMATTA RIVER,
with frontages to
GEORGE-STREET
LINSLEY-STREET
QUARRY-STREET
Lots 1 to 8, Section 7, of a subdivision,
with a neat Cottage thereon.

The whole will be offered first as a block; if not sold it will then be offered in allotments.

TITLE, FREEHOLD.

T. S. HUNTLEY has been favoured with instructions to sell the above very valuable property, at his new Auction Mart, on THURSDAY, December 7, at 11.30 o'clock.

GANNON'S FOREST
(Kingsgrove).

A GRAND SUBDIVISION BLOCK of 24 ACRES,
More or Less.

T. S. HUNTLEY has received instructions to sell by auction, at his new Auction Mart, 124, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, December 7, at 11.30 o'clock,
The above fine property, which is situate a short distance off the Forest and Kingsgrove roads, and adjoining the properties of Dr. Alston, Messrs. Staples, Lord, and others.

Plan at Auctioneer's Rooms. Title freehold.

GLADSTONE ESTATE,
CANTERBURY-ROAD,
South Petersham.

CAPITAL INVESTMENT.

All those four substantially-built four-roomed brick Cottages, standing on land having a frontage to Canterbury-road of 91 feet 2 inches by a depth of 100 feet.

T. S. HUNTLEY will sell the above, at his New Auction Mart, on THURSDAY, December 7, 1882, at 11.30.
The cottages are all let to respectable tenants, returning a rental of £83 per annum.
The property will first be offered as a whole; if not sold will be offered separately.

TITLE, TORRENS'.
Terms easy.

MARRICKVILLE.

AT THE TRAMWAY TERMINUS.

All those 4 very superior SHOPS and DWELLINGS, containing shops, 5 domestic rooms, bathroom, pantry, washhouse with copper, city water and gas laid on, substantially built of brick on stone, with Bangor slate roof, all let to respectable tenants, standing on land having 60 feet frontage by a depth of 180 feet to a lane at side and rear thereof. Weekly rental £5.

TITLE, TORRENS'. VERY EASY TERMS.

T. S. HUNTLEY has received instructions to sell by auction, at his NEW PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 124, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, December 7, 1882, at 11.30,
The above highly desirable property, which, from its favourable position for business premises, must steadily increase in value. Its prospective value is very large, as the neighbourhood is rapidly improving, consequent upon the accessibility to it by tramway, railway, &c.

Torrens' title. Very easy terms.

Note.—The sale day is December 7, at the Rooms, 124, Pitt-street.

"GOOD WINE NEEDS NO BUSH."

QUEEN'S GROVE.

ASHFIELD HEIGHTS.

This magnificent property has been subdivided into
67 LARGE VILLA SITES
(with a fine recreation reserve in the centre of the Estate), which command rich and extensive landscape views in every direction; in fact this ESTATE is
THE VERY PICK
of
ASHFIELD,
itself the
QUEEN OF ALL THE SUBURBS.

THE FRONTAGES are wide, the DEPTHS EXTENSIVE.
The natural Drainage is good.
The locality is extremely healthy.
It is accessible by train OVER EIGHTY TIMES DAILY.
The yearly tickets are a mere nominal sum.
Every trade is represented there.
Every religious denomination is also represented.
IT HAS A FINE SCHOOL OF ARTS AND A GRAND PARK.
QUEEN'S GROVE IS ONLY 5 MINUTES' WALK FROM THE STATION.
QUEEN'S GROVE is surrounded by good properties. It can never become a poor locality.
The PROPOSED TRAMWAY TO BANKSTOWN will pass close to the western end of QUEEN'S GROVE.

What's in a name? A good deal if you are making choice of a residence. Think how nice
QUEEN'S GROVE, ASHFIELD HEIGHTS,
will look on your notepaper, when writing to dear friends over the sea, telling them how you are getting on in your adopted home.
There are no miserable 20-feet allotments at
QUEEN'S GROVE.

The terms are very liberal—10 per cent. deposit, balance by 8 or 12 quarterly payments, at the option of the buyer, with interest 6 per cent. added.

The proprietor of QUEEN'S GROVE ESTATE is going to Europe, and has ordered every lot to be sold. Buy one or more of them, and secure a vote for Canterbury.

T. S. HUNTLEY has been instructed to sell the above grand property, on the ground, on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, December 9, 1882, at 3 o'clock.

Free Train. Free Lunch.
Free 'Bus on day of sale.

TORRENS' TITLE. TORRENS' TITLE.

Note.—Plans are now ready. Apply 124, Pitt-street. Remember the day of sale is SATURDAY, December 9, at 3.

SELLWOOD ESTATE,
AUBURN,
on the Railway, and near the Station.

This very charming property now being liberally subdivided into 63 large VILLA SITES, will be SOLD, on the Ground, on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, December 16,
at 3 o'clock, by
T. S. HUNTLEY, AUCTIONEER.

FREE RAILWAY PASSES.
FREE LUNCH.
LARGE ALLOTMENTS.

FREE AIR. GRAND VIEWS.

FREE DEEDS TO LARGE BUYERS.

VERY EASY TERMS.
TITLE (Chisholm's Estate) FREEHOLD.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

ILLAWARRA RAILWAY LINE
FOREST-ROAD
LYNTON PARK
(Lynton Heights).

T. S. HUNTLEY begs to intimate that he has received instructions to sell by auction, on the Ground, this splendid estate now being subdivided into large villa allotments by Messrs. Murray and Jones, on SATURDAY, January 6, 1883.
Auction Office, 124, Pitt-street,
November 29, 1882.

NORTH SHORE. NORTH SHORE.

POSTPONED. POSTPONED.

THE CARLOW ESTATE.
THE CARLOW ESTATE.

Until SATURDAY, the 9th December.

BARKER and CO.,
St. Leonards.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1417115

Auction Sales.

ORDER OF SALE
of
SUNDRY PROPERTIES
to be sold by public auction,
at their
PROPERTY SALE ROOMS,
Corn-exchange, Haymarket,
at 11 o'clock a.m.,
THIS DAY, Thursday, 30th November.

SUMMER HILL ESTATE. SUMMER HILL. — Allotments 7 and 8 of section 2, Summer Hill Estate, having 31 feet frontage to Tillock-street.

ASHFIELD. TARINGA ESTATE. — A pretty detached Cottage Villa, standing on an allotment having 39 feet 1 inch to Princes-street, with depth of 116 feet 9 inches.

ASHFIELD. TARINGA ESTATE. — An Allotment, being part of lots 1 and 2 of the Taringa Estate, having 45 feet frontage to John-street, with depth of 130 feet, more or less.

ASHFIELD. TARINGA ESTATE. — Alt and John streets.—An Allotment, part of lots 1 and 2 of the Taringa Estate, having 45 feet frontage, with depth of 130 feet.

STANMORE-ROAD, Next Marshall's Hotel. — A splendid Allotment, having a frontage to Stanmore-road of 36 feet, with depth of 97 feet.

HURSTVILLE. — A grand Block of 37½ acres, about 9 miles from General Post Office. A splendid block for subdivision.

PADDINGTON. — An Allotment, having 42 feet frontage to Paddington-street, with depth of 120 feet, upon which stands a Terrace of Three Houses, known as Victoria-terrace.

CROYDON. — Three Allotments, Nos. 1, 2, and 3, in one block, or separately, each having a frontage of 57 feet 3 inches to Liverpool-road, with depths from 160 feet to 180 feet, part of the Chatsworth Estate.

CROYDON. — Two Allotments, Nos. 4 and 5, part of the Chatsworth Estate, but fronting Devonshire-street, 50 feet frontage with depth of 156 feet.

PARRAMATTA. — Church and Harold streets, large Grocery and Produce Store, with Dwelling-house, large shed, Plant and Machinery, having 82 feet frontage to Church-street, with depth of 172 feet.

ASHFIELD, Princes-street. — A pretty Detached Cottage Villa, brick on stone, slate roof, having 39 feet 1 inch to Princes-street, with depth of 116 feet 9 inches, every convenience. Folding doors, cedar fittings.

SUMMER HILL. SUMMER HILL ESTATE. — Lot 7 and part of Lot 8, facing Canterbury Old Road, having frontage of 45 feet, with depth of 120 feet, with use of right of way to Tillock-street, on which are three new brick and stone houses with slate roofs. Underground tanks and force pumps.

SUMMER HILL. SUMMER HILL ESTATE. — One and half Allotments, being part of Lot 8 and whole of Lot 9, having 45 feet frontage to Canterbury Old Road, with depth of 120 feet.

SUMMER HILL. TORRENS' ACT ESTATE. — An Allotment, near Gelding's Nursery, having 40 feet frontage to Maddock's-street, with depth of 133 feet.

PETERSHAM. CANTERBURY OLD ROAD. — Three brick and stone houses, slate roofs, each having a frontage of 24 feet 6 inches to Albert-street, with depths of 104 to 128 feet, more or less.

PETERSHAM. CANTERBURY OLD ROAD. — One large brick and stone house, slate roof, having 54 feet frontage to Albert-street, with depth of 104 feet to the Canterbury Old Road.

SUMMER HILL. — A stone Cottage, with brick partitions, slate roof, verandahs back and front, having 50 feet frontage to Smith-street, with depth of 230 feet, more or less.

NORTH BONDI. — A weatherboard Cottage, iron roof, lath and plastered, having a frontage of 50 feet to Curlewis-street, North Bondi, with a depth of 165 feet.
Also, an adjoining allotment of similar dimensions.

NORTH ANNANDALE. — Two choice Allotments, Nos. 10 and 11, of Wells and Smith's re-subdivision, each having a frontage of 44 feet to Trafalgar-street, with depth of 100 feet.

MARRICKVILLE. — A splendid Allotment, adjoining Council-chambers, 30 feet frontage to Woodlands-street, with depth of 107 feet. Highest part of Marrickville.

NEWTOWN. — An allotment, having 33 feet frontage to Lord-street, with depth of 131 feet, opposite the new Railway Station gates.

PETERSHAM ROAD, Marrickville. — Near the Empress of India Hotel, Marrickville, two semi-detached brick Cottages, iron roofs, having frontage of 32 feet to Petersham-road, with depth of 151 feet.

ROSE BAY, The Avenue. — A fine corner Block, situate near Rose Bay, ocean view, has 20 feet frontage to The Avenue, with a depth of 115 feet 6 inches to a lane at rear.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited,
Corn Exchange, Haymarket.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY Limited, will offer by auction, THIS DAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m., the following properties, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket.

STANMORE-ROAD,
NEXT MARSHALL'S HOTEL.
A splendid Allotment, having a frontage to Stanmore-road of 36 feet, with depth of 97 feet.

Title, Torrens'.
Liberal terms.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, THIS DAY, November 30, at 11 o'clock a.m., the following superb property, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket:—
HURSTVILLE,
ILLAWARRA RAILWAY LINE.
A grand block of land, consisting of 37½ acres, about 9 miles from General Post Office; a capital block for subdivision.

A rare chance in this fast-rising and salubrious locality for speculators and others to operate. Adjacent blocks have realised to the advantage of those purchasing, subdivision lots being eagerly competed for and sold at high figures. Mr. Petitt, land agent, will show intending purchasers over the ground.

Title good.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, THIS DAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m., the following properties, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket.

CROYDON.

CHATSWORTH ESTATE.
Title, First-class.

Three allotments, Nos. 1, 2, 3, in one block or separately, each having a frontage of 57 feet 3 inches to Liverpool-road, with depths from 160 to 180 feet. They are opposite the mansion of H. Hudson, Esq., and near to that of J. Mullins, Esq.
Also 2 allotments, Nos. 4 and 5, being part of above block, but fronting Devonshire-street; frontage, 50 feet, with depth of 156.

Liberal terms.

PADDINGTON.

VICTORIA-TERRACE, PADDINGTON-STREET.

All that piece and parcel of land, having a frontage of 42 feet to Paddington-street, with depth of 120 feet; upon which is erected a terrace of three houses, known as Victoria-terrace, substantially built of brick on stone foundations, slate roofs, each containing seven rooms, bathroom, and washhouse with copper, gas and water laid on, iron balconies back and front to each floor. The above are near Elizabeth-street, on north side. There is a grand panoramic view of Sydney harbour from back balconies, ranging from North Shore to Manly Beach. Large yards; drainage good. Let at a rental of 34s per week.

Title, Torrens'.
Liberal terms.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, THIS DAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m., the following Properties, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket.

SUMMER HILL ESTATE,
SUMMER HILL.
Allotments 7 and 8, Section 2, each having 31 feet frontage to Tillock-street, with a depth of 130 feet.
Title, Torrens'.

ASHFIELD, TARINGA ESTATE,
John-street.
An Allotment, being part of Lots 1 and 2 of the Taringa Estate, having a frontage of 45 feet to John-street, with depth of 130 more or less.
Title, the well-known Ashfield Park Estate.

ASHFIELD. TARINGA ESTATE,
Alt and John streets.
One Allotment, being likewise part of Lots 1 and 2 of the Taringa Estate, having a frontage of 45 feet, with depth of 130 feet.

Title, the well-known Ashfield Park Estate.
Small deposit on each; balance, easy terms.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, THIS DAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m., the following Properties, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket:—

SMITH-STREET, SUMMER HILL.
A cottage, containing four rooms, kitchen, bathroom, verandahs back and front, built of stone, brick partitions, slate roof.
The above stands on an allotment having 50 feet frontage to Smith-street, with a depth of about 230 feet. Gardens back and front.
Underground tank, hold about 5000 gallons.
Title, Torrens'.
Liberal terms.

CURLEWIS-STREET, BONDI.
A weatherboard cottage, with iron roof, lath and plastered, containing hall, four rooms, outhouses, situated on an allotment having 50 feet frontage to Curlewis-street, depth 160 feet; well fenced; front laid out as lawn; two 400-gallon tanks, new.
With the above can be purchased an adjoining allotment of similar dimensions, levelled ready for building.
Title, Torrens'.

Further particulars on application.
Liberal terms.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, THIS DAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m., the following properties, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket,

PARRAMATTA,
Church and Harold streets.
BUSINESS PREMISES.
A large grocery and produce store, with loft and storerooms; also capital dwelling, containing 4 bedrooms, parlour, dining-room, kitchen, bathroom, and man's room, verandahs back and front.
There is an eight-horse power portable engine, chaffcutter, corneracker, saw-bench, all covered by iron shed.
Also large iron shed, with two large double doors, warehouse, 4-stall stable, cart sheds, &c., &c.
Gas and water laid on.

The above are situated on a good block of land, having a frontage of 82 feet to Church-street, by a depth of 172 feet to Harold-street.
Everything in good working order, with every facility for carrying on a large and profitable business.

This property is specially well worth the attention of investors.

CHAIRS. CHAIRS. CHAIRS.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by public auction, at their Property Sale Rooms, THIS DAY, Thursday, 30th instant, at 11 a.m.,

250 assorted Austrian
bent-wood CHAIRS.

All in good order and condition.

Just imported.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, THIS DAY, the 30th November, at 11 o'clock a.m.,
The following allotments at
NORTH ANNANDALE,
TRAFALGAR-STREET,
two of the choicest allotments in the estate, situated on the highest ground, commanding view, and within a short distance of the Parramatta-road, being Nos. 10 and 11, of Messrs. Wells and Smith's re-subdivision, each having a frontage of 44 feet to Trafalgar-street, with a depth of 100 feet, fenced in, and adjoining Mr. Powell's property.
Small cash deposit. Balance, easy terms.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY Limited, will offer by auction, THIS DAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m., at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket,

SUMMER HILL ESTATE,
SUMMER HILL,
facing Canterbury Old Road.

Lot 7 and part of lot 8, facing Canterbury Old Road, having a frontage of 45 feet, with a depth of 120 feet, with right-of-way to Tillock-street, on which are three substantial, newly erected, brick and stone, slated roof houses, containing 5 rooms each, with hall, verandah, bathroom, kitchen, pantry, and washhouse, with copper, two underground tanks and force pumps.
They are now let at a rental equal to 10 per cent. per annum.
Title, Torrens'.
Small deposit; balance, easy terms.

Also one and-a-half allotment of same estate, being part of lot 8 and whole of 9, having 45 feet frontage to Canterbury Old Road, with depth of 120 feet, inclusive of tank 15 feet by 12 feet, brick and stoned over.
Title, Torrens'.
Small deposit; balance, easy terms.

SUMMER HILL.

TORRENS' ACT ESTATE.

An allotment of ground, near Gelding's Nursery, having 40 feet frontage to Maddocks-street, with depth of 133 feet.

Title, Torrens'.
Small deposit; balance, easy terms.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, on THURSDAY, the 30th November, at 11 o'clock a.m., the following Property, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket:—
PRINCES-STREET, ASHFIELD,
PART OF THE TARINGA ESTATE.

A pretty detached Cottage Villa, built of brick on stone, slate roof, containing hall, 5 rooms, kitchen, pantry, washhouse, and bath, folding doors between dining and sitting rooms, bow windows, verandah front and back; all internal fittings are cedar, grained and varnished, front of cottage and front verandah cemented. The yard is divided, contains an underground tank 10 x 10, has a side entrance, and there is a garden in front of cottage.
Princes-street is kerbed and guttered.

The above stands on an allotment having 39 feet 1 inch frontage to Princes-street, with depth of 116 feet 9 inches.

Healthy Locality.

Small cash deposit. Balance, easy terms.

TITLE, THE WELL-KNOWN ASHFIELD PARK ESTATE.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY Limited, will offer by auction, THIS DAY, the 30th November, at 11 a.m., the following properties, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket,
CANTERBURY OLD ROAD and ALBERT-STREET,
Borough of Petersham.
Three brick and stone houses with slate roofs, each having 5 rooms, hall, pantry, bathroom, and washhouse with copper. Each house has a frontage of 24 feet 6 inches to Albert-street, with depths of 104 to 128 feet, more or less. Grates and colonial ovens in each. Underground tanks and pumps. Gas pipes laid through all.

Also, one brick and stone slate-roofed house, containing 6 rooms, hall, pantry, kitchen, bathroom, and washhouse with copper, verandahs back and front, Grates and colonial oven. Underground tank, with force-pump. Gas pipes laid on.
This house stands on an allotment having 54 feet frontage to Albert-street, with depth of 101 feet to Canterbury Old-road.
All the above houses are plastered throughout, have good fittings, bay windows with upper balconies over same, and are well worth inspection.
Small cash deposits. Balance easy terms.
Title, Torrens'.

LAND. LAND. LAND.

Between ST. PETERS and MARRICKVILLE.

FIFTEEN ALLOTMENTS,
as under:—
7 Allotments, facing Sydenham-road, each 30 feet x 100 feet
3 ditto, facing Shirlow-street, each 30 x 125 feet
2 ditto, ditto ditto, each 30 by 137 feet
1 Allotment, Sloane-street, 32 feet 8 inches frontage by 114 feet
1 ditto, Fitzroy-street, 30 feet x 183 feet
1 ditto, corner of Faversham-street and Hans-place, 33 feet x 86 feet.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY will sell by auction, on the Ground,
SATURDAY, 2nd DECEMBER,
at 3 o'clock p.m.,
The above 15 allotments, inclusive of two corners. This land is two minutes from St. Peters new railway station, Illawarra line, on one side, and one minute from tramway station on the other.

A good speculation, as everything points to a village springing up around this important railway station, which will be open in 6 months, when these lots, there is every reason to believe, will be then of double or even treble value, which ought to commend itself to the attention of buyers on the look-out for payable investments.

Torrens' title.
Terms extraordinarily liberal.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, at their Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket, THIS DAY, November 30, at 11 o'clock, a.m.,
The following properties:—
MARRICKVILLE.
Woodlands-street, adjoining Council-chambers, a splendid allotment, situated on the highest ground in this favoured locality, 30 feet by 107 feet.
Torrens' title.
Terms at sale.

NEWTOWN.
Lord-street, Newtown, opposite to new railway station gates, Illawarra line, an allotment, 33 feet by 131 feet. This is a good opportunity of securing a business site in proximity to the line of railway, as the station will be opened in about six months.
Torrens' title.
Terms at sale.

PETERSHAM-ROAD.
Near Empress of India Hotel, Marrickville, two semi-detached cottages, brick on stone, nine-inch work all through, iron roofs, containing four rooms, verandahs front, separate wells, having a frontage of 32 feet to Petersham-road, with a depth of 151 feet; securely fenced, outhouses. The above is within 3 minutes' walk of the Marrickville tram terminus.
Torrens' title.
Terms—small cash deposit, balance building society's terms.

ROSE BAY.
Ocean view, a grand corner allotment, having 20 feet frontage to the Avenue, with a depth of 115 feet 6 inches to a 20 feet lane.
Torrens' title.
Terms at sale.

ELECTORS SOUTH SYDNEY ECTORATE.—To be or not to be; ah, there's the rub. Take potluck, and attend the immense concourse that is expected at the THURSDAY'S Sale, November 30, Haymarket Auction Company, Limited, Corn Exchange, Haymarket. Never mind, a time will come. Nonsense, take time by the forelock, and buy some of the many properties they have for sale on that day. So plump straight for the Company, that they may head the poll for civility and prompt attention.

NORTH ANNANDALE.

AUCTION SALE, ON THE GROUND.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, December 9, at 3 o'clock.

TWENTY-NINE ALLOTMENTS, NELSON-STREET
5 Allotments, Albion-street
NINE ALLOTMENTS, YOUNG-STREET
1 Lot, Annandale-street
FOUR LOTS, TAYLOR-STREET
9 Lots, Susan-street
FOUR LOTS, WELLS-STREET.

T. R. SMITH, CHAPMAN, and SMITH have received instructions to sell on the ground, on the above-mentioned date and time.

FIFTY-TWO CHOICE, WELL-SITUATED VILLA SITES, NORTH ANNANDALE.

Note.—The exceedingly LIBERAL TERMS—£10 deposit upon each lot, the balance £1 per month, interest 6 per cent., or the whole of amount of purchase money can be paid off at any time with interest to date.

The TRAMWAY will soon be running to the Estate.

WATER and GAS laid on.

The Auctioneers desire to draw particular attention to the fact that the North Annandale streets are being formed, kerbed, and guttered.

T. R. SMITH, CHAPMAN, and SMITH,
Auctioneers and Valuators,
438, George-street.

ORDER OF SALE
of
SUNDRY PROPERTIES,
to be sold by Public Auction,
at the
ROOMS, 133, PITT-STREET,
at 11 o'clock.
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2nd.

CITY PROPERTY.
A brick-built House, No. 9, GAS-LANE, situate off KENT-STREET. The land has a frontage of 18 feet, by a depth of 34 feet.

DARLINGTON.
Two Allotments of Land, having a frontage of 35 feet to the OLD NEWTOWN-ROAD, by a depth of 80 feet to a lane at the rear.

RANDWICK.
A block of Land, having 150 feet frontage to WAVERLEY-STREET, by a depth of 148 feet to COOGEE-STREET.

BALMAIN.
A W. B. Cottage, situate fronting LACHLAN-STREET. The land has 30 feet frontage, by a depth of 90 feet; also, Cottage, fronting THOMAS-STREET.

BALMAIN.
A W.B. Cottage, situate fronting FOUCART-STREET; the land has 30 feet frontage, by a depth of 85 feet.

MARRICKVILLE.
Two Blocks of Land, each having 100 feet frontage to TERRACE-ROAD; also a Block fronting BURRSIDE-CRESCENT.

GLEBE.
Two COTTAGES, situate fronting AVON-STREET, off Ferry-road. The land has a frontage of 16½ feet to each cottage.

HURSTVILLE.
A W.B. Cottage, situate fronting the ILLAWARRA-ROAD, standing on a block of land, containing an area of 5 acres.

HARDIE and GORMAN,
AUCTIONEERS.

FOUCART-STREET, BALMAIN.

TWO COMFORTABLE W.B. COTTAGES, situate fronting FOUCART-STREET, each containing verandah and balcony, 4 rooms, kitchen, &c.; at present let at 10s per week. The LAND has 30 feet frontage by a depth of 85 feet, and is situate near Darling-street and Callen Park, within easy walking distance of the Bald Rock ferry. Title, Freehold.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock prompt on SATURDAY, 2nd December,
The above-described property.

SMALL CITY PROPERTY.

NO. 8, GAS-LANE, off KENT-STREET, next to the GAS HOTEL, and within a few yards of the Gas Company's offices, built of brick, very substantial, containing 4 rooms; the land has a frontage of 18 FEET, by a depth of 34 feet, adjoining the property of Alderman Palmer.

TORRENS' TITLE.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock prompt, on
SATURDAY, 2nd DECEMBER,
The above-described property.

GEORGE-STREET,
CITY OF SYDNEY.

On the business side of the street.

Between the
GENERAL POST OFFICE and HUNTER-STREET,
close to
Messrs. THOMPSON and GILES'
and opposite
the BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES,
and
the COMMERCIAL BANK.

FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS STANDS.

THE PREMIER POSITION FOR SHOPS.

THE VERY CENTRE OF GEORGE-STREET.

Those business premises
occupied by

(A) Messrs. W. A. PALING and CO.,
Pianoforte and Music Warehouse.

(B) Messrs. JOSEPH BULLARD and CO.,
Clothiers and Mercers.

(C) Messrs. WILLIAM BULLARD and CO.
(late Reading).
Book and Stationery Depot.

(D) Messrs. FLAVELLE BROTHERS and ROBERTS,
Jewellers and Silversmiths.

(E) THE GLASGOW ARMS HOTEL.

Messrs. PALING'S PREMISES have a frontage of 35 FEET 8 INCHES to GEORGE-STREET, by depth of about 99 feet to Chisholm-lane at the rear (as per plan).

Messrs. JOSEPH BULLARD and CO.'S PREMISES have a frontage of 29 FEET 6 INCHES to GEORGE-STREET, by depth of about 100 feet to Lloyd's-court at the rear (as per plan).

Messrs. W. BULLARD and CO.'S PREMISES have a frontage of 18 FEET 4 INCHES to GEORGE-STREET, by depth of about 100 feet to Lloyd's-court at the rear (as per plan).

Messrs. FLAVELLE and CO.'S PREMISES have a frontage of about 22 FEET 4 INCHES to GEORGE-STREET, by a depth of about 100 feet to Lloyd's-court at the rear (as per plan).

The GLASGOW ARMS premises have a frontage of 19 FEET 7 INCHES to GEORGE-STREET, by depth of about 100 feet to Lloyd's-court at rear (as per plan).

TITLE FREEHOLD. For particulars apply to
A. H. M'CULLOCH, Esq., M.P.,
Solicitor, Sydney.

TERMS, VERY LIBERAL.

☞ Most of these leases expire in April next.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their SALE ROOMS, in PITT-STREET, at 11.30 o'clock.
MONDAY, 4th DECEMBER,
The above-mentioned
BUSINESS PREMISES,
occupying
UNEQUALLED POSITIONS
in the
CITY OF SYDNEY.

Plans are ready.

BURWOOD NORTH.

MAGNIFICENT ORANGERY
with
RESIDENCE,
known as
BEACONSFIELD.
And also,
VALUABLE BLOCKS FREEHOLD LAND,
more particularly described hereunder, and which are in the market in consequence of the decision of the resident proprietor to retire to England.

LOT 1.
BEACONSFIELD ORANGERY with RESIDENCE,
Comprising an area of 5½ ACRES, opposite the recreation reserve, at the junction of BROUGHTON-STREET and CRANE-STREET, distant about 20 minutes' walk from Burwood Railway Station, and not half that distance from the Parramatta-road.
☞ The ORANGERY, which includes some 800 trees, in FULL BEARING, is a PERFECT GEM, is highly remunerative, and will challenge comparison with any other in the colony. The ground is all thoroughly trenched and drained, carefully laid out, and planted and surrounded by a grand hedge of English hawthorn.
No expense has been spared by the proprietor in his determination to make BEACONSFIELD, small though it be, the PREMIER ORANGERY of New South Wales.
☞ The residence is tastily arranged, complete in all its details, and in first-class order throughout.
Inspection is invited.

LOT 2.
5-ACRE ORANGERY BLOCK, close to Lot 1, and fronting BROUGHTON-STREET. There is a 4-roomed cottage on the Block, also a 2-roomed Cottage; and about 3 ACRES are already planted out and nerd with paling fence.
☞ A SPLENDID BLOCK for a RESIDENCE or for a profitable ORANGERY, or the land will sell well in subdivision.
Inspection is invited.

LOT 3.
5-ACRE BLOCK, fenced in and cleared, adjoining Lot 2. This is a really capital site, very clear, and gently sloping to the creek at back of the land; well suited for ORANGERY, RESIDENTIAL, or SALE purposes.

LOT 4.
5½-ACRE BLOCK, opposite to Lot 2, and fronting BROUGHTON-STREET, GLADSTONE-STREET, and another street.
☞ This is a capital block for subdivision.
Inspection is invited.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from CHARLES ELOUIS, Esq. (on account of his early departure for England) to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at their SALE ROOMS, in PITT-STREET, at 11.30 o'clock,
WEDNESDAY, 6th DECEMBER,
BEACONSFIELD ORCHARD and RESIDENCE, and also THREE well-positioned BLOCKS of LAND, close by, as described above.

The AUCTIONEERS invite inspection of all THREE PROPERTIES as an INVESTMENT or for a RESIDENCE. The ORCHARD is a STERLING PROPERTY, and the other THREE BLOCKS are admirably positioned for dealing with either in BLOCKS or in subdivision.
The SOIL is RICH and DEEP, and its productive capabilities are evidenced in the luxuriant growth and healthy conditions of the TREES.

☞ The sale is absolute and determined, in consequence of Mr. Elouis' return to England, so buyers had better inspect without delay, as there is money in every lot.

*** Beaconsfield is within 20 minutes' walk of Burwood station, the other side of Parramatta-road. Cabs or waggonettes can always be hired on the stand at Burwood station.

☞ Plan of the whole of these properties has been prepared by Messrs. REUSS and HALLORAN, and can be seen at the ROOMS.

IN THE ESTATE OF THE LATE Rev. T. SMITH.

MANLY BEACH ALLOTMENTS.
LOT 145, section H, of the Brighton Estate, Manly Beach, having 40 feet frontage to RAGLAN-STREET, by a depth of 100 feet along BELGRAVE-STREET. The land adjoins the Town Hall.
LOTS 42 and 43 of section H, having 100 feet frontage to the EAST STEYNE by a depth of 100 feet. The land is within a few yards of HARBOUR-ROAD.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from the Executors in the Estate of the late Rev. Thomas Smith to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, 6th DECEMBER,
The above described blocks of land, situate in the centre of this favourite watersido suburb.

PLAN ON VIEW at the ROOMS.

SALES FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE YEAR 1882.
Messrs. HARDIE and GORMAN beg to announce that their SALES of LANDED ESTATES, INVESTMENTS, &c., will be held at their Sale Rooms, in Pitt-street, at 11.30 a.m., on the following dates:
Saturday, December 2
Monday, December 4
Wednesday, December 6
Monday, December 11
Wednesday, December 13
Monday, December 18
Wednesday, December 20.

Auction Sales of Land will also be held on each Saturday, as specified in the advertisements.

WOOLLAHRA HEIGHTS.

The BUSINESS PREMISES and DWELLING occupied by Mrs. CLARKE as a GROCERY STORE, fronting QUEEN-STREET, just above OCEAN-STREET, and almost opposite to Riviere House.

The LAND has a frontage of 36 FEET to QUEEN-STREET, by depth of 140 FEET to lane at rear. Title leasehold, about 70 years unexpired; ground rent very low, £4 10s yearly.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from Mrs. CLARKE (in consequence of her projected removal to the Western suburbs) to sell by public auction, at their SALE ROOMS, in Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock,
WEDNESDAY, 6th DECEMBER,
The premises in Queen-street, Woollahra, built of brick, and containing good front and SHOP, sitting-room, with verandah, 2 good rooms at the back, and four good bedrooms upstairs. Gas and water laid on.

A capital business position, a good opening for a good business person with moderate capital. The stock may be taken at a valuation.

BELMORE-STREET, BALMAIN.

TWO comfortable COTTAGE RESIDENCES, built of brick on stone, with slate roof, each containing two rooms, kitchen, verandah, washhouse with copper, &c.; garden in front; good well of water. The land has 30 feet frontage by a depth of 75 feet. Title, freehold.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 6th December,
The above described, situate about 5 minutes' walk from Bald Rock Ferry, close to the 'bus.

ARDBLAIR.

PARK ROAD, MOORE PARK.

A COMMODIOUS and FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE, occupying one of the choicest positions on the PARK-ROAD, opposite the Rifle Range and the Cricket Reserve, built of Brick on stone foundations, and containing WIDE HALL, laid with Encaustic Tiles, DRAWING and DINING ROOMS, with Folding Doors, Glass Chandeliers, seven (7) good Bedrooms, Kitchen, Laundry, Detached Washhouse, W. C. S., back entrance, verandahs and balconies enclosed; gas and water laid on; and bells throughout; also COSTLY MARBLE MANTELPIECES.
Also,
Brick Built COACHHOUSE and STABLE at rear.

ARDBLAIR occupies a very elevated position, is thoroughly well-built in every particular, and from the Verandah and Balcony the views are very beautiful and varied.

Sydney Common Estate Title.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Salerooms, in Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock,
WEDNESDAY, 6th December,
ARDBLAIR, PARK-ROAD, a really first-class residence, close to town, and with all the advantages of the Park in front, at present occupied by Mr. A. Samuel.

Gentlemen on the look-out for a good town residence should inspect Ardblair. The tram stops within 2 or 3 minutes' walk.
The Land has 20 feet frontage to Park-road, by a depth of 140 feet to Leinster-street, with back entrance to a lane 20 feet wide.

THE LANGTRY ESTATE.

HUDSON. AUBURN.

UNRESERVED SALE.

ON SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.

198 ALLOTMENTS.

Having frontages to
ALICE-STREET, 66 feet wide
EDGAR-STREET, 66 feet wide
CUMBERLAND-ROAD, 66 feet wide.
LANGTRY-AVENUE, 66 feet wide.

LITHOGRAPHS
ARE IN COURSE OF PREPARATION.

THE TERMS are worthy of special attention.
☞ A Cash deposit of £2 10s per allotment, balance by instalments of 1s per foot per month.
NO INTEREST.

POSITIVELY WITHOUT RESERVE.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction,
ON THE GROUND,
at 3.30 o'clock,
198 ALLOTMENTS on the highest part of AUBURN.

Five minutes' walk from the station.

Surrounded by a number of manufactories, including Hudson Brothers Co.'s mammoth works.

FREE PASSES WILL BE ISSUED ON DAY OF SALE
by the special train leaving Sydney at five minutes TO THREE.

TRAINS TO AUBURN
Leave Sydney—6, 7, 8, 10 a.m., 12.30, 2.30, 4.25, 5.50, 6.30, 7, 8.35, 9.30, 11.30 p.m. SUNDAY—8.30, 10, 12, 2.45, 4.30, 6.30, 9.5.
Leave Auburn—4.58, 7.18, 8.18, 9.18, 11.18, 1.48, 3.31, 4.38, 5.43, 6.48, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48. SUNDAY—9.20, 12.8, 1.23, 5.8, 8.30, 10.18.

SATURDAY WEEK, 9th December.

LYNTON HEIGHTS.

FOREST-ROAD,

close to ARNCLIFFE HEIGHTS,
between TWO RAILWAY STATIONS,
and on the MAIN ROAD.

On the ILLAWARRA RAILWAY LINE,
in course of construction.

The Coming Suburb.
BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES.
Great Elevation and Grand Views.

LYNTON HEIGHTS,
as property of the Sydney and Suburban Permanent Mutual Building and Land Investment Association, is to be sold on
☞ EXTRAORDINARILY EASY TERMS,
namely:—
10 PER CENT. DEPOSIT ONLY; balance may extend over a PERIOD of YEARS, at the purchaser's option, with right to pay up and get complete TITLE
UNDER TORRENS' ACT
at any time.

LIBERAL ASSISTANCE TO BUILD
will be granted on the Association's easy methods of repayment.

LYNTON HEIGHTS,
so called from its similarity to that famed watering place in Devon, is situated opposite Mr. Davies' fine residence, on the Forest-road, and opposite the well-known Ocean View Estate, and WITHIN 600 YARDS of the
MARKED-OUT RAILWAY STATION
on the ILLAWARRA RAILWAY LINE,
which will be distant from SYDNEY about the same distance as ASHFIELD is.

NOTE FOR BUYERS.—This being the Association's FIRST LAND SALE, they have decided on selling the land
WITHOUT RESERVE! WITHOUT RESERVE!

The instructions to the Auctioneers are to SELL EVERY LOT to the HIGHEST BIDDER, and on the exceptional terms of only
10 PER CENT. DEPOSIT, &c.

Remember that LYNTON HEIGHTS TITLE is under the REAL PROPERTY ACT, consequently there will be the MINIMUM of EXPENSE to BUYERS, and Expedition in Issue of Certificates of Title.
NO MORTGAGE REQUIRED.

HARDIE and GORMAN are instructed to sell by public auction, on the Ground, at LYNTON HEIGHTS, FOREST-ROAD, BEXLEY, at 3.30 o'clock,
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER,
The whole of the estate of the Sydney and Suburban P. M. B. and L. I. Association at Bexley, in area about
40 ACRES of SPLENDID LAND,
with charming views, and which possesses all the advantages of HEALTHY ELEVATION, NATURAL DRAINAGE, WIDE ROADS, CONVENIENCE TO TOWN, and above all, an
IMMENSE PROSPECTIVE VALUE.

Buyers on 2nd December may safely reckon on doubling their money by the time the railway is open, which will, it is expected, be within 2 years, as the contractors are energetically pushing on with the work.

LYNTON HEIGHTS
has been splendidly laid out by Messrs. Murray and Jones, under "Reid's Act," and due attention has been paid to sanitary laws, as this Estate will undoubtedly carry a large population in years to come.
This subdivision is very unique, and includes
5 SECTIONS,
with
153 ALLOTMENTS.
The frontages are to
FOREST-ROAD (100 feet wide)
WESTMINSTER-STREET (66 feet wide)
PRINCES-STREET (66 feet wide)
SACKVILLE-STREET (66 feet wide)
PARLIAMENT-TERRACE (66 feet wide)
BAY VIEW-ROAD (66 feet wide).

All wide thoroughfares, under "Reid's Act."

5000 LITHOGRAPHIC PLANS ARE READY.

30 SPECIAL CONVEYANCES ON DAY OF SALE.

BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

APPLY EARLY.

Refreshments provided.

IN consequence of the CRICKET MATCH and the ELECTIONS, which are to take place next Saturday, the sale of
LYNTON HEIGHTS,
Illawarra Railway Line,
has been
POSTPONED
for one week, namely, until
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

MONDAY, 11th December.

Under instructions from the
CAMDEN PARK SYNDICATE.

CAMDEN.

AUCTION SALE, at OUR ROOMS, in SYDNEY,
MONDAY, 11th DECEMBER.

1. TOWN LOTS.
Terms—20 per cent. deposit; balance 3 years at 5 per cent., with option to extend further 3 years at 6 per cent.

2. SUBURBAN BLOCKS.
Terms: Same as for TOWN BLOCKS.

3. FARM LANDS.
Terms—15 per cent. deposit; balance 3 years at 5 per cent., with option to extend further 5 years at 6 per cent.

THE TOWN LOTS
include a re-subdivision of that beautiful portion of the Camden Park Estate extending from the TOWN to the RIVER, and bounded on one side by the TRAMWAY LINE and on the other by Motabil Creek.
LOTS 1 to 30 (as per plan)
are each about A QUARTER OF AN ACRE in area, with frontages to
EDWARD-STREET
EXETER-STREET
GROVE-ROAD,
and are immediately next to the present TOWN LOTS, close to the TERMINUS of the TRAMWAY.
LOTS 1 to 52 (as per plan),
also TOWN LOTS, are a RE-SUBDIVISION of the farms immediately surrounding the TOWN, and have been judiciously arranged in Blocks of from
THREE ACRES to 12 ACRES,
for RESIDENCES, CULTIVATION PURPOSES, or PADDOCKS, access to the RIVER being easy from each block.
NOTE.—These latter blocks have been so arranged at the request of many local residents, who under the old SYSTEM of LEASING have been unable to secure PERMANENT HOMESTEADS, and who are desirous of securing portions of FREEHOLD LAND on EASY TERMS of payment, on which to erect their COTTAGES, and to have spare land to cultivate or run a horse or cow in. Being convenient to the TRAMWAY TERMINUS, it is believed that these lots will be much sought after.

THE SUBURBAN BLOCKS
consist of a re-subdivision of ORIGINAL FARMS, Nos. 14, 15, and 44, and embrace 24 BLOCKS ranging in area from
TWO ACRES to TWENTY-SEVEN ACRES,
all good land, with beautiful slopes, and with frontages to
MAIN SOUTHERN ROAD,
OAK'S ROAD,
SHEATHER'S ROAD,
&c., &c.
(as per plans.)
On lot 1, 5a. 3r. 8p., there is a Cottage residence.

THE FARM LANDS
consist of
ORIGINAL FARMS,
Nos. 18, 19, 20, 21, 21A, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 39, 40, 41, 42, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 63, 64, 65, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 88, 90, 91, 94, 95, 96, ranging in area from 28 ACRES to 33 ACRES of first-class LAND, nearly the whole being in cultivation, or laid down as pastures, fenced in, and in most instances with residences.

NOTE.—The RICH FARM LANDS of CAMDEN are too well known far and wide to require any undue recommendation. Suffice it to say that the auctioneers ask intending buyers to inspect the several properties before day of sale, in the same way that many persons from the WOLLONGONG, KIAMA, SHOALHAVEN, and HUNTER RIVER DISTRICTS did before they purchased. Mr. FURNER, of Camden, will show you round and give all information.
The TRAMWAY is open to Camden, thus giving splendid facility for travelling and sending your produce quickly to market.

The NEW PLANS are READY, showing the lands TO BE SOLD, and also the portions that have been already sold, and can be obtained from Mr. FURNER, in Camden; from both the BANKS in Camden, and from the AUCTIONEERS, either personally or per post.

HARDIE and GORMAN will sell by public auction, at their SALE ROOMS, in PITT-STREET, SYDNEY, at 11.30 o'clock,
MONDAY, 11th December,
TOWN LOTS
and
FARM LANDS,
portion of the Camden Park property,
as per plans.

Country residents can be supplied with plans on sending their addresses, and they can also inspect without any difficulty, as the trams from Campbelltown to Camden run daily at regular intervals.

EAGLE VALE,
a Valuable Farm of about 168 Acres, 1½ mile from the Campbelltown Railway Station, next to "School Park," and next farm but one to Mr. E. L. Moore's magnificent residence, on the heights, beautiful land, grand position, all fenced in. An admirable property for a country residence, or for a first-class vineyard. There is a good W. B. Cottage, 5 rooms, kitchen, besides outhouses, &c.
☞ About 40 acres are cleared, the balance being virgin soil, with some grand timber.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from the executors of the late Patrick Kelly to sell by public auction, at their Sale Rooms, in Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock,
WEDNESDAY, 13th DECEMBER,
EAGLE VALE, close to CAMPBELLTOWN, as above described. Inspection invited.

To BUILDING and LAND SOCIETIES, CAPITALISTS, and SPECULATORS.

Original and intact
WATER FRONTAGE BLOCK.

HELSARMEL.

92 ACRES (more or less).

LEICHARDT.

BETWEEN BALMAIN and LONG COVE,

well known as
the property of the late Hon. George Lord, M.L.C.

next to BROUGHTON
(the residence of John Keep, Esq.),
next to AUSTENHAM
(the property of F. Parsons, Esq.),
next to ANNESLEY
(the property of W. Inglis, Esq.)

A MAGNIFICENT BLOCK
with about
2000 FEET WATER FRONTAGE,
close to
WHALEYBOROUGH ESTATE,
GLADSTONE ESTATE,
PIPER'S ESTATE,
ELSWICK ESTATE,
and on
the DIRECT TRAMWAY ROUTE.

TORRENS' ACT TITLE.

TERMS for the PURCHASE MONEY can be ARRANGED.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from T. A. DIBBS, Esq., and G. LEE LORD, Esq., to sell by public auction, at their SALE ROOMS, in PITT-STREET, at 11.30 o'clock,
WEDNESDAY, 13th DECEMBER,

THE HELSARMEL ESTATE,
consisting of
92 ACRES, close to the CITY,
on the
TRAMWAY ROUTE,
right in the centre of
A MAGNIFICENT SUBURB,
rapidly becoming densely populated and easily accessible.

Plans can be seen.

THE AUCTIONEERS invite attention to the sale of this BLOCK, which has only come into the market on account of the death of the late Mr. George Lord.
It is a grand estate, enjoying all the advantages of GOOD APPROACH by main roads, immense WATER FRONTAGES, capital scenery, and the almost certainty that the TRAMWAY will run either THROUGH it or close by it.
Inspection is invited.
The Auctioneers will be glad to afford every opportunity to inspect.

BLANCHE-STREET, REDMYRE.

A CHOICE BLOCK of LAND, having 100 feet frontage to BLANCHE-STREET by a depth of 211 feet, being lot 11, section 2, of Wakeford's orangery subdivision, as per plan.

TITLE, TORRENS'.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 13th December,
The above described building site, situate just off the Redmyre-road, close to the residences of Dr. Jones, T. J. Thompson, Esq., and others, near the Strathfield Estate, and within a few minutes' walk of the Railway station.

SATURDAY, 16th DECEMBER.

ON THE GROUND, at 3.30 O'CLOCK,

THE GREAT NORTH SHORE LAND SALE,

HOLTERMANN'S 18 ACRES,

NEXT TO BERRY'S ESTATE,

ON THE LANE COVE-ROAD,

JUST BEYOND THE "CROW'S NEST."

☞ Magnificent views
Splendid Building Sites
Unrivalled position
Between Berry's and Parker's corner
Opposite the Reserve
Tramway is promised by Government.

GREAT SUBDIVISION SALE.

120 ALLOTMENTS.

ALL ROADS CHAIN WIDE, 66 FEET.

ALL LANES 20 FEET WIDE.

ATTEND THIS LAND SALE
SATURDAY, 16th December.

THE PLACE TO MAKE MONEY,
NORTH SHORE.

THE FAVOURITE SUBURB OF SYDNEY.

BUY LAND NOW, BEFORE
THE TRAMWAY IS MADE.

EVERY INDUCEMENT FOR BUYERS.
☞ The picked position on the Shore
Beautiful Harbour Peeps
Close by St. Leonards
The Land must rise in value
Main road and other frontages.

HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

GOLDEN GROVE ESTATE, DARLINGTON.

FOUR CHOICE ALLOTMENTS, each having 15 feet frontage to the OLD NEWTOWN-ROAD, by a depth of 87 feet to a lane at rear, being Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, Sec. 20, of Paling's Subdivision of the Golden Grove Estate, as per plan.

TITLE, FREEHOLD.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 13th DECEMBER,
The above-described allotments.

MONDAY, 11th DECEMBER.

BARNCLEUTH ESTATE,
DARLINGHURST.

MAGNIFICENT BUILDING SITES,
on the Main Road between
THE HEIGHTS OF DARLINGHURST,
ELIZABETH BAY,
and
POTTS POINT,
right opposite the properties of
Hon. S. A. JOSEPH, M.L.C.
Dr. PALMER
W. SANFORD, Esq.
J. R. STREET, Esq.
F. H. DANGAR, Esq.
The MACLEAY ESTATE
and the RESIDENCE of G. A. LLOYD, Esq.,
with frontages to
ELIZABETH BAY-ROAD,
and a new PRIVATE ROADWAY leading therefrom, now being constructed under the sanction of the Municipal Council of Sydney.

SECTION 1.
12 SPLENDID BUILDING SITES, each about 20 FEET frontage to ELIZABETH BAY-ROAD (each lot having back entrance), next to
BARNCLEUTH HOUSE and GROUNDS,
the princely town residence of A. Amos, Esq.

SECTION 2.
18 GRAND SITES, with frontages varying from 20 feet to 50 feet to ELIZABETH BAY-ROAD and the PRIVATE ROADWAY before mentioned, each lot having back entrance, also next to
BARNCLEUTH HOUSE,
and also next to
ROSLYN HALL.

☞ PLANS ARE READY.

TITLE FREEHOLD.

Vendor's Solicitors,
Messrs. BRADLEY and SON,
Margaret-street.

TERMS OF SALE.
One third cash deposit, balance in 1 and 2 years,
at 6 per cent.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from Hon. HENRY MOORE, M.L.C., to sell by public auction, at their Sale Rooms, in Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock,
MONDAY, 11th DECEMBER,
Those portions of the BARNCLEUTH ESTATE as above mentioned, and which include the whole of the frontages around BARNCLEUTH HOUSE, DARLINGHURST.

Gentlemen requiring good BUILDING SITES will be able to find none better than those of
BARNCLEUTH ESTATE.

BUILDERS will see, on inspection, that no better positions for FIRST-CLASS HOUSES or TERRACES are obtainable than those at
BARNCLEUTH ESTATE.

TRUSTEES cannot invest with greater certainty or at better rates than by putting good residences on
BARNCLEUTH ESTATE.
☞ PLANS are ready.
☞ INSPECT the Land.

MOUNT VICTORIA.
Unrivalled Building Site, opposite the Church of England, 100 feet frontage to Main Bathurst-road, 100 feet to Montgomery-street at the back, by a thorough depth of 100 feet, being lots 3 and 4, sec. 1, as per plan, close to Carr's, the Imperial and Perry's. Torrens' Title.

A Beautiful Site, the best at Mount Victoria.

HARDIE and GORMAN will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, in Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock,
WEDNESDAY, 13th DECEMBER,
The above described building site at Mount Victoria, within a few minutes' walk of the station.
Plan at the Rooms, and also at the Imperial Hotel, Mount Victoria. Our board is on the ground for sale.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 16th DECEMBER.

COWPER, BRISBANE, and BIRRELL-STREETS,
WAVERLEY,
Opposite to the RESIDENCE of E. VICKERY, Esq., close to the PUBLIC SCHOOL and POST-OFFICE.

DEEP BLOCKS,
and
TORRENS' TITLE.

10 ALLOTMENTS, each 15 FEET to COWPER-STREET by 130 feet deep to a lane 20 feet wide at rear.
5 ALLOTMENTS, each 20 FEET to BRISBANE-STREET by 150 feet deep to a lane 20 feet wide at rear.
5 ALLOTMENTS, four having 15 FEET frontage to BIRRELL-STREET, and one a valuable CORNER, with entrance from side and rear by lane 20 feet wide.

*** From this land charming views over the WATER RESERVE and RANDWICK, extending to BOTANY BAY, can be had; whilst some of the sites, especially those in COWPER-STREET, are suitable for SHOPS.

The AUCTIONEERS are instructed to sell in order to CLEAR this SUBDIVISION, on the terms of one-fourth cash, balance in 6, 9, and 12 months, with 6 per cent. interest added.

HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.
Plans at the Rooms.

GRANVILLE.

LANDS.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 2nd DECEMBER,
at 3 o'clock.

On the GROUND.

POSITIVE SALE.

30 ALLOTMENTS,
SYDNEY-ROAD, close to the Railway Station.

JOHN TAYLOR has been instructed to sell by public auction,
ON THE GROUND,
on
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 2nd December,
at 3 o'clock,
All those ALLOTMENTS of LAND, situate on the north side of the Sydney-road, Granville, opposite Mr. George Stone's Hotel, and between Mr. Gilmore's store and the school-church.

Also, all those allotments of land, on the north side of Sydney-road, Granville, joining Brightside Cottage, opposite the Granville Railway Station.

Also, 12 allotments situated in Victoria-street, at the rear of the above, and within 5 minutes' walk from the Granville Railway Station. Frontages of the allotments: 44 feet, 48 feet, 49 feet, and 50 feet; depths, 125 feet, 150 feet, and 400 feet.
Title, good. Terms, liberal.
N.B.—Sale Plan and particulars at the Sale Rooms, Church-street, Parramatta.

HOTEL and BUTCHERING BUSINESS.
BLACKTOWN,
the junction of the Great Western, Windsor, and Richmond Railway.

ALBERT HOTEL, License, Goodwill, Furniture, &c.
Also,
The Butchering Business, Stock-in-trade, &c., successfully carried on by
Mr. GEORGE IRELAND.

W. A. BRODIE has been favoured with instructions to sell by private contract,
This splendid hotel property and butchery business, so successfully carried on by Mr. Geo. Ireland for a number of years, situate at the Blacktown Junction, on the main road, commanding a splendid position for business premises.
The hotel contains all the necessary accommodation required under the Act.
The butcher's shop is also well situated, and a splendid business can be got together by a persevering man.

With the hotel or separate, will also be sold,
A splendid block of land, containing 50 acres (more or less), almost adjoining the railway line.
Also,
A splendid block of land, containing about 6 acres, in the centre of Blacktown, upon which is erected a small W. B. cottage.

Cards and further particulars on application to the Auctioneer.

FLOUR MILL.

SAW MILL.

SYDNEY E. CLOSE has been instructed by the proprietors to sell by public auction, on
MONDAY, 4th December, 1882,
at Parkes,
That valuable property known as
THE PARKES FLOUR MILL,
situated on the Billabong Creek, about a mile and a half from the Town of Parkes.

The property consists of about 3½ acres of land.
Title from the Crown.
The Mill contains two pairs of stones, 16-horse power engine, and every appliance for doing a large business, everything being in first-class working order, and capable of grinding 200 bushels in 12 hours.
There is also an excellent sawmill and planing machine attached.

Also will be sold a commodious
DWELLING-HOUSE,
with stables, outbuildings, &c., standing on an area of 4 acres of land,
which has been applied for.

The Auctioneer draws special attention to this important sale. The property is a most complete one, equal to any to be found in the Western district, and stands in the centre of a grain-producing area, with an easy outlet for produce, and a handy market. A never-failing supply of water.
S. E. CLOSE, Auctioneer.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Sheriff's Office,
Sydney, 29th November, 1882.

The Australian Joint Stock Bank v. Moonan.

ON MONDAY, 4th December next, at 11 a.m., on the premises occupied by the defendant, Rountree and Darling streets, Balmain (unless this execution is previously satisfied), the SHERIFF will cause to be sold by public auction,
A quantity of building materials, cement, &c.; also, household furniture and effects.
Terms, cash.
CHARLES COWPER,
Sheriff.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1417116

Auction Sales.

HORSES, VEHICLES, and HARNESS.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at their Bazaar, 244, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, All lots not specially advertised.
And at 12 o'clock, Advertised lots.
Sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown as advertised.
Stabling: Charges moderate, and best forage obtainable.

Heavy Draught, Saddle, and Harness Horses.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
10 head of heavy draught horses, staunch and good in collar.
10 head of saddle and harness horses.

Two Baker's Carts, Horses, and Harness.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
Two baker's carts, horses, and harness, all in good condition. Sold in consequence of the owner giving up business.

IMPORTANT SALE.

NEW ZEALAND HORSES.

40 HEAVY DRAUGHT MARES and GELDINGS, to arrive by steamer Wakatipu, from New Zealand.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from Twentyman Hodgson, Esq., New Zealand, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, soon after the arrival of steamship Wakatipu, full notice of which will be given,
40 heavy draught mares and geldings, specially selected for this market.
The mares are stinted to the best sires in New Zealand. Fuller particulars in future advertisements.

T. COSGROVE and CO. have received instructions from various owners to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
2 grand hacks
3 cab horses
2 draught colts
2 van horses.

TWO HORSES, TWO SPRING VANS, AND HARNESS.

T. COSGROVE and CO. have received instructions from J. Simpson to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
2 horses, 2 spring vans, and harness.

HORSE, CAB 277, AND HARNESS.

T. COSGROVE and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Silver to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock.
Horse, licensed cab and harness, without reserve.

HORSES, VEHICLES, and HARNESS.

GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, all lots not specially advertised, and at 12, all lots specially advertised.

Regular Sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon.
Livery: In this department charges moderate, and best of forage.

18 Broken and Unbroken Horses, at Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, Thursday.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from George Traine, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 2 o'clock,
18 head of horses, consisting of 2 unbroken colts (heavy draught), 10 saddle and harness horses; a pair of chestnut geldings over 16 hands; a pair of piebald geldings, broken to saddle; and pair of bay geldings, 15·2, by Explorer out of Guinelda, by Chedda or Corebus out of Guinelda (imp.), by Middlesex out of Molly, by Pantaloon. See Stud Book.

STEEL BITS and STIRRUP IRONS.

NO RESERVE.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 12 o'clock,
500 steel bits and stirrup irons of every description, the property of a saddler who has retired from business.
Without reserve.

PARCEL DELIVERY VAN.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Mr. L. Horn to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 12 o'clock,
First-class new parcel delivery van.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from W. Webb, Esq., Penrith, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 12 o'clock,
Black draught stallion, 6 years, by Black Prince (imp.), &c., broken to harness, and subject to trial.

5 COWS. 5 COWS.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 12 o'clock,
3 cows, in full milk, splendid milkers
2 cows, to calve shortly.
They are all in grand condition, and worthy of inspection.
Caus, &c.

Buggy Turnout.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 12 o'clock,
Black mare, broken to saddle and harness, quiet, stand without holding, used to tram, and can trot 12 miles an hour; also, single-seat buggy and harness, almost new.

Buggy Pair.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 12 o'clock,
Pair grey geldings, quiet in saddle and harness, good goers, stand tram; suitable for a commercial man.

Under Bill of Sale.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 12 o'clock,
A heavy draught mare. For positive sale.

Six Maitland Horses.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from G. Eastmure, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 12 o'clock,
6 fresh country horses. Particulars at sale.

TO GENTLEMEN IN SEARCH OF MILCH COWS.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from J. S. Brain, Esq., Kiama, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, Friday, at 12 o'clock,
4 good cows, with calves at foot, all grand milkers, and give from 12 to 14 quarts per day.
These are first-class, and will be found worthy of inspection.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, the 30th instant, at 11 o'clock,
1500 extra prime and weighty fat wethers, for Messrs. Danger Brothers

At Ellis and Co.'s Yards,
100 prime fat lambs, W. J. Dangar, Esq.
100 prime fat lambs, J. F. Doyle, Esq.
30 prime fat calves, J. O. Morrice, Esq.
200 prime fat wethers, T. A. Johnston, Esq.
100 prime fat lambs, ditto ditto.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Wool Stores, 33, Hunter-street, THIS DAY (Thursday), the 30th instant, at 3 o'clock,
Bales Wool
Bundle Sheepskins.

TO WOOL BUYERS.

FENWICK and KELLETT will sell by auction, at their Stores, Eagle-street, Brisbane, on FRIDAY, 1st December,
200 to 300 bales wool.

Wool Sales every FRIDAY MORNING, at 11 o'clock.

TRADE NOTICE.

GEORGE MAIDEN (for R. Goldsbrough and Co., Limited) has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Corporation Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, 30th November, at 11 o'clock,
Prime fat cows, for T. W. Seymour, Esq., Bellvale, trucked from Yass.
Also,
206 prime fat ewes, for Francis Jenkins, Esq., Buckinbong
200 prime fat wethers, for T. W. Seymour, Esq., Bellvale.
And at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, Sydney, at 2.30,
150 prime fat lambs, from Yass.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN, Limited, will sell by public auction, at the New Sale Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, the 30th November, at usual hours,
10 prime fat cattle, R. Beit, Esq.
2046 prime fat sheep, Peel River Company
602 ditto ditto, J. Clark, Esq.
500 ditto ditto, J. J. Strickland, Esq.
500 ditto ditto, J. Keane, Esq.
400 ditto ditto, W. Sawyer, Esq.
400 ditto ditto, R. Beit, Esq.

TRADE NOTICE.

FAT CATTLE. FAT SHEEP. FAT LAMBS.

HILL, CLARK, and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 30th instant,
128 Prime Fat Cattle, for A. Rodgers, Esq., Attunga.
104 Prime Fat Cattle, for Messrs. J. W. Smith and Co.
1000 Prime Fat Sheep, for Messrs. J. Robb and Co., Talawanta.
655 Prime Fat Sheep, for Messrs. Govan, Gilchrist, and Co., Weelong.
Also,
100 Prime Fat Lambs, for T. B. Webb, Esq.

WOOL.

HILL, CLARK, and CO. will sell by auction, at the Chamber of Commerce, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 2 o'clock prompt,
Sheepskins.
And at 3,
Bales of wool.

WHEAT, BRAN, POLLARD.

MORT and CO. will sell by public auction, at their No. 3 Warehouse, adjoining the railway terminus, Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, Thursday, 30th November, at 11.30 o'clock,
Bags wheat, bran, and pollard.
Terms, cash.

Fat Cattle for Thursday.

JOSEPH LEEDS and WILSON will sell by public auction, at the New Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, the 30th instant, at 11 o'clock,
on account J. A. Gardiner, Esq., Gobolion,
50 prime fat cattle.

JOSEPH LEEDS and WILSON will sell by auction, at the Chamber of Commerce, Sydney, on THURSDAY, 30th November (This Day),
Sheepskins, at 2 o'clock
Wool, at 3 o'clock.
On view from 8 o'clock in the morning to time of sale, at Talbot and Co.'s Stores, Macquarie-street.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

IF you are about to Buy a Drawing-room Suite, visit the Royal Furnishing Arcade To-day.

Homebush, THURSDAY, the 30th November.

FAT CATTLE AND SHEEP.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Corporation Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, 30th November, at 11 o'clock,
CATTLE.
211 prime fat cows, for Messrs. Swift and Hann
144 ditto ditto bullocks, ditto ditto
189 ditto ditto cattle for Messrs. Mackay Brothers
50 ditto ditto ditto, for J. A. Gardiner, Esq.
SHEEP.
2313 fat merino wethers, on account of H. Newcomen, Esq.
200 ditto ditto ditto, ditto Messrs. Friend Brothers
100 prime fat ewes, for J. V. Cooper, Esq.

Fat Calves.

At Ellis and Co.'s,
THIS DAY, the 30th November.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from Messrs. Badgery Brothers, Sutton Forest, to sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s, on THIS DAY, Thursday, the 30th November, at half-past 2 o'clock,
85 prime calves.

JOHN BRIDGE will sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock, 50 very prime Lambs.

JOHN BRIDGE will sell by auction, at the Homebush Sale Yards, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, 200 prime Fat Sheep, on account of Mrs. H. Waugh, Narrandera.

WEEKLY WOOL SALE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH will sell by public auction, at the CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Exchange, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 2.30 prompt,
BALES WOOL.

R. P. SIMPSON has received instructions from F. Campbell, Esq., to sell by auction, on account of the Trustees of the late G. Campbell, Esq., at the new Saleyards, Homebush, on THIS DAY, the 30th instant, at 11 o'clock,
1355 prime fat wethers, in lots, from the celebrated Duntroon Estate.

T. SULLIVAN and SON have received instructions from Langloh Parker, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Corporation Sale Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, the 30th instant, at 11 o'clock,
900 prime fat ewes, in lots.

TRADE NOTICE.

WILKINSON, GRAVES, and LAVENDER will sell by auction at the Homebush Yards THIS DAY, 30th instant, at usual hours,
300 prime fat sheep on account of R. Bridge, Esq., per rail from Wagga.
300 prime fat sheep on account of G. W. Terry, Esq., per rail from Hay.
And at Ellis and Co's Yards at 2.30 p.m.,
200 prime fat lambs on account of R. Bridge, Esq., Murrumbidgee.

RICHARDSON and NIXON (successors to Messrs. T. R. and S. Smith) will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Newtown, at 7 o'clock,
Wood, posts and rails, &c., &c.
At Darling Harbour, at 8, ditto.

GEORGE WELLS will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 7 o'clock,
at Newtown Railway Station,
Wood, posts, rails, &c.
THIS DAY, at 8 o'clock,
at Darling Harbour Railway Station,
Wood, posts, rails, &c.

DENT and PERRY will sell by auction at Newtown Station, THIS DAY, at 7 o'clock, Wood, posts, and rails.

DENT and PERRY will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 8 o'clock, Wood, posts, and rails.

MILCH COWS. MILCH COWS.

ELLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at their Yards, 791, George-street South, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
10 milch cows (well-bred and in good condition) springers and dry cows

WEEKLY STOCK SALE.

ELLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at their Yards, 791, George-street South, THIS DAY, at 1 o'clock,
Fat calves, heifers, pigs, lambs, store pigs, &c.
60 prime fat calves, from Breeza
30 ditto ditto ditto, from Moss Vale
40 ditto ditto ditto, from Currawang
50 prime corn-fed porkers, from East Kangaloon
50 ditto ditto ditto, from Riverstone
80 ditto ditto ditto, from Barrengarry
50 first-class store pigs, per rail
100 prime fat lambs, from Breeza.
At 3 o'clock,
30 fat heifers, extra good quality, from Breeza.

To GROCERS and PROVISION DEALERS.

WILLIAM INGLIS and SON will sell by auction, at their Sale Yards, 827, George-street, TO-MORROW, Friday, December 1, at 3 o'clock,
100 sides splendid extra prime bacon, from Bega.

THIS DAY, NOVEMBER 30th,
at 11 o'clock sharp,
at the
GRAIN AUCTION ROOMS,
Sussex-street.

OATS, both Seed and Feed
CHAFF, Oaten and Straw
BARLEY, Cape
POTATOES, Tasmanian
PEAS, Blue
ONIONS, Victorian
FLOUR, Victorian and New Zealand
BRAN and POLLARD.

TATE BROTHERS will sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, Sussex-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock sharp.
Consignments of the above, in lots to suit all purchases.

Terms at sale.

PIANOS, &c.

GEORGE E. YOUNG and CO. will hold their second Saturday Afternoon Sale, by auction, at Buckridge's Rooms, 285, Pitt-street, south of Royal Arcade, on SATURDAY NEXT, December 1st, at 3 sharp, when they will offer first-class pianos of the best German manufacture, all guaranteed, and to which the time-payment may be extended. They will also offer sundry furnishing lines, consisting of electroplated ware, whatnots, small tables, and some very choice majolica ware, &c.

J. B. HAMILTON, Auctioneer, is instructed to sell by public auction, THIS DAY, November 30, at the Rooms, 188, Pitt-street, opposite Farmer and Co.'s, at 11 a.m.,

A consignment, direct from the manufacturers, of 100 electroplated tea and coffee sets
Clocks of every variety, in wood, marble; watchmakers' regulars, &c.
1 handsome set, clock and vase to match, under glass shade
1 clock and aneroid barometer combined
Ornaments of various kinds, and handsome diamond lady's suite
5000 lithographs by the Fine Arts Association, quantity of large chromos, dressing case, cruets, liquor and flower stands, vases, and lot of sundries
Jewellery, consisting of Rotherham's gold lever watches, ladies' and gent.'s gold and silver watches, suites of all kinds, diamond and other rings, gold and silver lockets, necklets, brooches, earrings, &c., &c.

AUCTION SALE.

HUNTER'S HILL.

W. J. DOYLE has received instructions from T. K. Ryder, Esq., to sell by public auction, on SATURDAY, the 2nd December,
Household furniture and effects, &c., &c.

Sale to commence at 12.30 sharp.
Terms, cash.

BUILDING MATERIALS. BUILDING MATERIALS.
Continuation of Sale.
THIS (THURSDAY) AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock.
On the Premises, Ross and Australia streets, Camperdown,
300 yards from Fowler's Pottery.
Building Materials, comprising—
Flooring and Weatherboards, Scantling, Joists
Stone Foundations, Flagging, Steps, Slates
Iron Railings, Lead, Fencing, Stones, &c.
Also, Buggy Harness, Trace ditto
Sawbench and Sundries.

H. L. DUNN and SON have received instructions from J. Johnson, Esq., of Camperdown, to sell by auction, on the premises, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 4 o'clock, the above.

THIS DAY, Thursday, at half-past 10 o'clock,
on the Premises, FAIRLEIGH COTTAGE,
Brougham-street, Glebe.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising
Drawing-room Suite
Marble Slab Walnut Sideboard
Brussels Carpets, Whatnot
Loo, Dining, and other Tables; Couches, Chairs
Bedsteads, Mattress, and Bedding
Chests of Drawers, Washstands and Ware
Crockery, Glassware, Pictures, and sundries
First-class staunch Horse and Harness
Furniture Van, Building Materials, &c.

H. L. DUNN and SON have received instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, THIS DAY, Thursday, at half-past 10 o'clock, the above.

Unredeemed Pledges.

H. L. DUNN and SON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 274, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, The unredeemed pledges pawned with Mr. Lewis Benjamin, of Bathurst-street, consisting of clothing, boots, blankets at half-past 10 o'clock, sundries at 12 o'clock, and jewellery at 2 o'clock.

WEEKLY STOCK SALE.

INGLIS' STOCK SALE YARDS, 827, GEORGE-STREET.

WILLIAM INGLIS and SON will sell by auction, at their Stock Saleyards, THIS DAY, Thursday, November 30, at 11 o'clock,
45 very superior milch cows, with calves, springers, and dry cattle.
At half-past 1 o'clock,
45 prime fat calves, from Marulan
35 ditto, from Breadalbane
70 ditto, from Campbelltown and Goulburn
100 very prime fat lambs, from W. V. Cooper, Esq., Currawang
50 extra prime fat wethers, estimated 70lb. each, ditto
60 corn-fed fat pigs, from Bowral and Moss Vale
90 ditto ditto, from Picton and Burragorang
50 ditto ditto, per steamer
60 store pigs.
At 3 o'clock,
50 paddock-fed fat cattle.

FAT CATTLE AND SHEEP AT HOMEBUSH.

WILLIAM INGLIS and SON will sell by auction, at the Homebush Yards, THIS DAY, Thursday, November 30, at 11 o'clock,
500 very prime fat sheep, from S. Croft, Esq., Belmore Station, per rail from Narrandera
30 very prime paddock-fed fat cattle, from F. J. Roberts, Esq., Narrandera.

THE SALE AT BISHOPSCOURT, RANDWICK.

NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT.

Furniture Buyers are hereby informed that the Auction Sale of Household Furniture, &c., advertised to take place at Bishopscourt, Randwick, this day, 11 a.m., is POSTPONED to THURSDAY, 7th DECEMBER next.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB,
Auctioneers.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

TO-MORROW, Friday, at 11 o'clock. On the Premises, 134, Elizabeth-street South, above Toohey's Brewery.
Superior Household FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising—
Drawing-room Suite, in horse hair; first-class walnut Pianoforte, brilliant toned, quite new, by Paling and Co., Sydney; complete set of Chambers' Encyclopaedia, Dickens' Works, quite new; Sideboard, Chiffonier; Safes, Carpet and Oilcloth, Lustres, Loo, Dining, and Toilet Tables, Wax Fruits, Fender and Irons, Tubular and Stump Bedsteads and Bedding, Chests of Drawers, Washstands and Toiletware, C. S. Chairs, China, Glassware, Engravings, Kitchen Utensils, and Sundries.
Also, the Entire Stock of a plumber and gasfitter, consisting of Galvanised Sheet Iron, Heads, Piping, rolls of Sheet Lead, Baths, Globes, Gas Chandeliers, Beer Engines, Tools of Trade, and Sundries.

H. L. DUNN and SON have received instructions from Mrs. Fish to sell by auction, on the premises, To-morrow, Friday, at 11 o'clock, the household furniture and effects, and the entire stock of the late Mr. Fish, as above.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
at 2, Cleveland-terrace, Regent-street, Paddington,
Drawing-room Suite, centre Table, Whatnots, Clocks
Pier Glasses, Carpets, Oilcloths, Matting
Pictures, Ornaments, China, Glassware, E. P. Ware, Cruets
Dinner Service, Sideboard, Cane and Austrian Chairs
Dining and Dressing Tables, Toilet Glasses, M.S. Washstands
Bedsteads and Bedding, Toilet Ware, Bedroom Requisites
Kitchen and Cooking Utensils, &c., &c.

R. J. HUGHES and CO. have been instructed by Mr Slater to sell by auction, on the Premises, Regent-street, Paddington, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
The above, without reserve.

ENTIRE DAY'S SALE, THIS DAY,
24 Cases of FANCY GOODS,
For Unreserved Auction Sale.

KELLETT and ALFORD are instructed by the consignees to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 80, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 11 sharp,
A large shipment of seasonable goods, as under
Paper bags, sizes, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, and 10
Fancy stationery, writing desks
Dolls, toys, in tin and wood; fans
Christmas cards, illuminated cards
Glass inks, cricketing goods
Hollow balls, purses, pipes
E. P. butters, cruets, teapots, spoons and forks
Fancy jewellery, Cutlery, books.

A well chosen invoice of JAPANESE GOODS, including
Revolving cigar stands, cigar and match stands
Smokers' stands, scent stands, satchels, &c.

110 TINS SWEETS, comprising assorted lollies, mixtures, conversations, peppermint, sugar dates, French jellies, &c.

10 cases AUSTRIAN CHAIRS, Nos. 14, 18, 20.

NOTE.—In consequence of the numerous lines to be offered, every one of which is for UNRESERVED SALE, the sale will be resumed at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Machinery.

VICKERS, SONS and CO., LIMITED, SHEFFIELD.

CAST STEEL BELLS,
for
Churches, Colleges, Schools,
Factories, Turret Clocks,
Public Buildings, Ships, Railway Stations,
Cattle and Sheep Stations,
Plantation and Fire Alarms.

CAST STEEL, IN BARS AND SHEETS,
for
Turning Tools, Chisels, Taps,
Dies, Punches, Drills,
Axes, Shear Blades, Saws,
Files, Hammers, Millpicks,
Boiler-making Machinery, &c.

NAYLOR and CO.'S Extra and Double Extra CAST STEEL,
Marine Shafts, Propellers,
Blades, Crank Axles, Tyres, &c.

Sole Agent in Australia and New Zealand.
J. NAYLOR VICKERS,
19, Macquarie-place,
Sydney.

CLERK'S PATENT GAS ENGINE.

HIGHEST AWARD
for
MOTIVE POWER.

BRITISH SECTION INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF ELECTRICITY,
1881. PARIS. 1881.

IN CLERK'S PATENT GAS ENGINE,
an ignition is made at every revolution instead of one ignition in every two or more revolutions, as is usual in Gas Engines.
THE POWER IS THEREFORE MUCH GREATER FOR THE SIZE OF THE ENGINE.

By a special and simple arrangement, all tendency to back ignition is avoided, and the Engine may be worked up to its full available power without irregularity, and it is much steadier than ordinary Gas Engines.

It is extremely simple, has no gearing wheels of any kind, and is noiseless in action. The pressure necessary on the ignition slide is very low, as the ignition port is small—there is thus no liability of the valve to cut up, or possibility of absorbing power.

L. STERNE and CO., Limited,
Sole Makers,
THE CROWN IRON WORKS, GLASGOW.

Mr. JAMES N. VICKERS,
Sole Representative in Victoria and New South Wales
19, Macquarie-place, Sydney.

PIPE-SCREWING Machines, Pipe Vices, Tube Cutters, Gas Tongs, Gas Plyers. John Danks, 363, Pitt-st.

BLACKET and DAVY, 119, Bathurst-street, Sole Agents for
TANGYE'S well-known STEAM PUMPS.
Several hundred are in use in the colonies, and are working in gold mines, coal mines, quarries, brick yards, breweries, tanneries, &c.; also for railway and town water supply, watering stock, irrigating, and many other purposes where the BEST AND MOST RELIABLE pumping machinery is required.
Will force to any height, a LONG STEADY STROKE, work at any distance from boiler; are SIMPLE, DURABLE, ECONOMICAL. A large variety of sizes on hand.
Catalogues and all particulars free.

T. ROBINSON and SON, the largest Sawmill Engineers and Wood Cutting Machinists, are constructing Machines expressly for colonial timbers. Saw Benches and Band Saws in stock. Office—Mears'-chambers, Pitt and King streets.

ON SALE, Engineers' Lathes, 4½ and 9-in. centres; 2, 4, 6, and 10 h. p. Green's Engines and Boilers; 60 h. p. Locomotive Boiler, Fans, &c.
JAMES M'GREGOR, 308, George-street.

COPPER STILLS, Condensers, Jacketed Pans, Hot Water Apparatus, Coppersmith, Brassfounder, Plumber licensed for water and gas. W. ROBISON, 67, Sussex-street, five doors from Erskine-street.

DAVID MUNRO and CO.,
MANUFACTURING ENGINEERS,
Boilermakers, and
MACHINERY IMPORTERS,
154, Queen-street, Melbourne.
Illustrated Catalogue forwarded to any address.

HORIZONTAL ENGINE wanted, 6 or 7 horse power City Iron Works, Pyrmont.

WANTED, to purchase a second-hand Bark MILL. Apply, stating price, to John Bridge, Circular Quay.

J. A. FAY and CO.'S WOOD-WORKING MACHINERY
is pre-eminently suited to all purposes connected with the BUILDING AND CARRIAGE-MAKING TRADES.
FAY'S MACHINERY
is recognised as the STANDARD all over the world, and no makers have been able to supply the varied and special wants of COLONIAL WOOD-WORKERS
with more SATISFACTORY RESULTS.
Send for particulars of MACHINES IN STOCK and TO ARRIVE, also for any SPECIAL MACHINERY required.
Sole Agents—
H. P. GREGORY and CO,
17, Pitt-street, Sydney.

FOR SALE, Aerated Water MACHINE, Engine and everything complete, as was working in Sydney Exhibition; a bargain. J. B. HAMILTON, Auctioneer, 188, Pitt-street, opposite Farmer and Co.'s.

Businesses for Sale.

FOR SALE (in consequence of having purchased a business in the city), the LEASE, LICENSE, FURNITURE, and GOODWILL of the PIER HOTEL, Manly. The house has just been painted, and the premises and furniture are in good repair. The hotel is doing a large and profitable business, and, as the summer season has now set in, there is a first-class trade secured. Bona-fide intending purchasers can obtain every information on application to the undersigned.
W. CALLAGHAN,
Pier Hotel, Manly.

FOR SALE, LEASE, Goodwill, and Stock of Boots, Shoes, and Fancy Goods old-established BUSINESS.
W. FOXALL, Oxford-street.
Apply on premises.

FOR SALE, a 7 years' Lease, License, and Goodwill of Clarence Hotel, Parramatta-road, Petersham.

FOR SALE, the Lease, License, Furniture, and Goodwill of the WHY NOT HOTEL, Mansfield-street, Balmain, situated close to the Bald Rock Ferry. For all particulars apply to J. THORNTON, Why Not Hotel, Balmain.

TO CO-OPERATIVE COMPANIES, and Others.— For SALE, the BOOT, SHOE, and UPPER FACTORY; also the SADDLERY and HARNESS FACTORY situated in Riley-street, Woolloomooloo, and conducted by Mr. E. J. Tebbatt for the last 18 years, Mr. Tebbatt being desirous to retire from the same. The factories and land, which are spacious, can be sold or let for a term of years. Mr. T. is prepared to deal liberally with any responsible parties for the letting or selling of the same. All particulars can be obtained from Mr. TEBBATT, at 46 and 48, Riley-street, Woolloomooloo.

THOMAS M. DALVEEN, 313, George-street, has one of the best city HOTELS for SALE. Please inspect.

A SNUG Hairdressing and Tobacconist's BUSINESS for SALE, in a large suburb, established for five years; a rare chance for a steady man; lease. Apply A. B. C., Post-office, Newtown.

FOR SALE Established BUSINESS, large connection, knowledge unnecessary. Price for Stock, Fixtures, &c., £150. Profits large. Particulars, 55, Pitt-street. This being genuine business, trial will be given.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

If Lord Harris and Mr. Murdoch were opponents in the Electioneering instead of
the
Cricket
Field,
which would you sooner vote for—
The man who would accept gracefully in a fair open-handed match,
"OUT,"
or the gentleman who would say,
"BILLY, YOU MUST GO, GO OUT;
I
AM
HARRIS!"

So it is now with the two JOHNS.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Furniture, &c.

IF YOU ARE ABOUT to BUY a Drawing-room SUITE, visit the Royal Furnishing Arcade To-day.

A SPECIAL DAY for the SALE of SUITES.

Green, Crimson, or Marone Rep Suites, tapestry or cretonne, £11 10s; with better frames, £12 10s
Green, Crimson, or Marone Rep Suites, tapestry or cretonne, walnut carved frames, £14 10s
Superior Frames, upholstered in either of the above materials, £16 10s; also Early English patterns at the same price
Tapestry, Stuffed Back Suite, £17 10s; also Superior Frames, after the Early English pattern, upholstered in either of the above materials, at the same price
Green, Blue, Crimson, and Bronze Silk Damask or Figured Rep Suites, £18 10s
The New Morocco Cloth Suite, either for drawing or dining room, £22
Blue and Gold Silk Damask Suites, £22 10s
Honeycomb Silk Suite, ebonised Early English frames, £22 10s
Rich Crimson and Gold Satin Suites, £23 10s
Blue and Gold Spangled Suite, corded, £24
Superior Marone and Gold Silk Damask Suite, £25 10s; can also be had in blue and gold and crimson and gold
Small-pattern Silk Suite, very pretty, and quite uncommon, £25 10s
Beautiful Crimson and Gold Leaf Pattern Figured Satin Suite, £26 10s
Superior Suite, upholstered in small-pattern silk, with black velvet borders, superior frames, £35
Rich Crimson and Gold Satin Damask Suite, massive frames, beautifully carved, 30 guineas
Very Superior Silk Suite, most expensive and uncommon frames, not another suite like it in Sydney, £40.

These will give some idea of the variety we keep. We also make to order. Five Suites were sold yesterday. If we had not our own factory, and a competent staff of workmen, we could never meet the demands. Every Suite we sell is upholstered at our factory, and can therefore with confidence be recommended.

Our Dining-room Suites, in haircloth, commence at £11 10s; in leather, £22 10s to £40.

CAMPBELL BROTHERS,
Royal Furnishing Arcade,
426, George-street, Sydney, next the Royal Hotel.

FURNITURE SHOW ROOMS.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB,
O'Connell and Spring streets.

HALL FURNITURE, HATSTANDS, and CHAIRS, LARGE ASSORTMENT. Bradly, Newton, and Lamb.

LIBRARY FURNITURE, CENTRE and SIDE TABLES, BOOKCASES, SECRETAIRES, READING and LOUNGE CHAIRS. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, Furniture Importers, Spring and O'Connell streets.

DRAWING-ROOM SUITES, in EXQUISITE taste, the very latest fashion; well worthy of inspection.

WALL CABINETS for Choice China, &c., VERY ELEGANT, just received. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb.

NOVELTIES in Boudoir and BOW-WINDOW SUITES. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, O'Connell-street.

AFTERNOON TEA TABLES, elegant and inexpensive. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, O'Connell-st.

MARBLE-TOP TABLES, on STRONG HANDSOME STANDS, for clubs, restaurants, smoking rooms, &c.

BILLIARD TABLES, full size, with appurtenances; also, smaller Convertible Tables, 7 and 8 feet, may be used as dining tables. Now on view. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, Importers, Spring and O'Connell streets.

BEDSTEADS, all sizes, at lowest prices. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Importers, O'Connell-street.

BEDROOM SUITES complete, in various woods, and very handsome designs, with 7-feet wardrobes, or with smaller wardrobes for single rooms. Great variety. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Spring and O'Connell streets.

EIGHT-POUND BEDROOM SUITES.—The Economic Bedroom Suite, comprising wardrobe, chest drawers, washstand, dressing table and glass, and two chairs. The lot for £8. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, O'Connell-street.

CHEAP FURNITURE.—Whatnots, from 20s; Walnut Loo Tables, from 90s; Open Bookcases, from 35s; Chests Drawers, from 40s; Washstands, from 10s 6d; Tables, from 7s 6d; Wardrobes, from 80s; Dining Tables, from 20s; Cedar Chiffoniers, from 25s; Cedar Sideboards, from 70s; Kitchen Dressers, from 30s; Kitchen Tables, from 10s; Folding Clothes Horses, from 7s 6d. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, O'Connell and Spring streets.

W. WALKER AND SONS.
FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS,
Upholsterers and Decorators,
BUNHILL-ROW,
LONDON.

SYDNEY BRANCH,
102, CLARENCE-STREET,
off Barrack-street,
NOW OPEN.

INSPECTION OF LARGE STOCK INVITED.

102, CLARENCE-STREET.

HANDSOME Drawing-room Suite, in crimson satin and walnut, for SALE, cheap. Delta, Herald Office.

BAGATELLE TABLE, Balls, and Cues, for SALE. Burwood Hotel, corner Clarence and Margaret streets.

THE AUSTRALIAN HOME-SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.
To prevent fraud and deception, every genuine Home-Shuttle Machine bears the AUSTRALIAN COAT OF ARMS, and the words "MADE EXPRESSLY FOR M. MOSS & CO."
20,000 in use in Australia, so they need no "puffing."
No. 1, Hand Machine, £4; No. 2, with treadle, £6; No. 3, with treadle, and cover to lock, £7.
M. MOSS and CO., Wynyard-lane.

THE AUTOMATIC
or NO TENSION Silent SEWING-MACHINE
differs in all essential respects from every other machine.
Ladies careful of health, and appreciating the best, ought to have no other.
Adapted for Hand or Treadle.
Direct correspondence solicited. Price lists supplied.
HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street, Agent for the Willcox and Gibbs Automatic Silent Sewing Machine.

CASH or WEEKLY PAYMENTS.—Before purchasing at other establishments inspect the large and well-assorted Stock of Household Furniture, and compare the prices at J. ISRAEL'S Oxford Furniture Bazaar and Show Rooms, 205 and 207, Oxford-street.

J. ISRAEL'S SPECIALITY.—Handsome Drawing-room Suites, £12 10s, comprising couch, 6 small chairs, lady's and gent.'s chair, 9 articles, £12 10s, at J. ISRAEL'S Furniture Bazaar and Show Rooms, 205 and 207, Oxford-street.

FURNITURE.—Persons about to furnish would do well to visit
COOK BROTHERS.
Every household requisite at lowest cash prices.

FOR SALE, the FURNITURE of a six-roomed house, permanent boarders; rent, 18s week. Apply Elvy, butcher, Darlington-road.

FURNITURE. FURNITURE. FURNITURE.

CHRISTMAS. CHRISTMAS. CHRISTMAS.

Now is your time to Furnish for the Coming Festival.

MANDELSON and DAVIS desire to call the attention of visitors to the city and the public generally to their large and elegantly stocked Showrooms, complete with every requisite for household furnishing. Goods to suit all classes. All goods carefully packed for transport per steamer or rail. Prices in plain figures. Hyde Park Furnishing Exhibition, late Hardy Brothers, Oxford-street.

HOUSES furnished on the time-payment system at the Hyde Park Furnishing Exhibition, Oxford-street.

Horses and Vehicles.

BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO.,
IMPORTERS
Of
AMERICAN BUGGIES
Of every description,
EXPRESS WAGGONS,
And
SINGLE and DOUBLE HARNESS.

Office and Stores, York-street, Wynyard-square.

ANGUS AND SON,
COACHBUILDERS and IMPORTERS,
99 and 101, Castlereagh-street.
A large and varied stock of vehicles always on hand of the very best quality. Shipments received monthly. Illustrated catalogues free. Patentees of the "Angus Buggy;" also the "Shaft Detacher."

Medalists and Special Prizeholders.
Established 1856.

O'BRIEN and CO., 276, Pitt-street, manufacturers of the "Struck Oil" Double-seat Buggy.

O'BRIEN and CO., 276, Pitt-street, manufacturers of the celebrated "Hampshire" Double-seat Buggy.

O'BRIEN and CO., 276, Pitt-street, manufacturers of the celebrated Florentine Double-seat BUGGY.

WANTED to Purchase, a second-hand TROLLY, to carry 25cwt. Robert Maze, 70, Newtown-road.

KEARKY BROTHERS,
Coachbuilders and Importers of American Buggies,
have now on SALE, ex late arrivals—
Tray Buggies (Abbott style), top and no-top
Oppenheim Jump-seats, top and no-top (new style)
Basket Phaetons, 4-seated
Cutunder Turnout Seats
Concords, Piano-boxes, and Buckboards
Turnout seats and Express Waggons
Double, shifting, and single American Harness.
☞ Note the address—
252, Pitt-street, near Park-street.

QUIET Buggy and Saddle HORSE, stand tram, £12; Spring-cart Horse, £8. Knight, 179, Castlereagh-street.

NEW Spring-cart Horse and Harness, £22; good 3-spring Van Horse and Harness, £22. Knight.

DOUBLE-SEAT BUGGIES, £20 and £25; Abbott's Tray Buggy, £35; Sociable, £12; Pagnel Cart, £10. Knight.

LIGHT cut-under Sociable Brake, lamps, £45; Victoria Hooded Phaeton, £55. Knight, 179, Castlereagh-street.

SURVEYOR'S Waggon and Harness, £35; Hawker's large Waggon, £35; new Spring Carts, £13. Knight, Cast.-st.

FOR SALE, stylish Pagnel Cart, light Springcart and strong Springcart; good secondhand Pagnel, cheap; and roomy Springcart, cheap, £7. W. H. Berwick, coachbuilder, 195, Kent-street.

WELL-BRED young saddle MARE; stand tram; very quiet; £8. 211, Oxford-street.

FOR SALE, light harness Horse, stand tram; also, two riding Saddles and Bridles. Thompson, 20, Oxford-street.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

If Lord Harris and Mr. Murdoch were opponents in the Electioneering instead of
the
Cricket
Field,
which would you sooner vote for—
The man who would accept gracefully in a fair open-handed match
"OUT,"
or the gentleman who would say,
"BILLY, YOU MUST GO, GO OUT;
I
AM
HARRIS!"

So it is now with the two JOHNS.

Drapery, Haberdashery, &c.

THOMPSON AND GILES,
Denison House,
358, 360, 362, George-street.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

PARASOLS. PARASOLS. PARASOLS.

3 Cases of Choice Goods direct from the manufacturers, which we shall offer cheaper than any other house in the colony for the same class of goods, having been bought at the end of the season at astonishing low prices. An inspection invited, as Ladies will find first-class PARASOLS at very low prices.
We have also a very nice collection of Light Parasols suitable for Wedding and Promenade; and Fancy Parasols of all descriptions.

WASHING DRESS MATERIALS.
T. and G. have received another SHIPMENT of those beautiful
WASHING FRENCH SATEENS.
The designs and colourings are very handsome. We have now upwards of
5000 DIFFERENT PATTERNS
to choose from.
PATTERNS SENT
to all parts of the colony
FASHION-BOOKS and PLATES
forwarded by post. And also directions for self-measurement.

French Sateen, with border, 12½d; patterns sent; very handsome
Large and varied lot of Patterns, in French, from 12½d to 18d; some beautiful patterns
British Sateen, 10½d, worth 15d
British Prints commencing in price 4d, 5½d, 6½d, 7½d, all fast colours
All our last year's French Sateens and Percales reduced to 6½d and 8½d, worth from 13½d to 21d.
THOMPSON and GILES.

FANCY DRESS MATERIALS.
We have opened another lot of these beautiful shades in Nun's Cloth, commencing in price at 12d, 14d, 18d, 20d, and a vast collection of other Dress Fabrics.
Ladies will find at Denison House the largest stock to choose from, and at prices unequalled in the colony.

MANTLES
for summer wear in endless profusion, from small pelerines to large and elegant visites, purchased at a large discount at the conclusion of the Paris Season. They are marked at less than European prices.
Light, soft, and Elegant Cashmere and Satin de Laine Mantles, from 10s 6d to 3 guineas
Exquisite Satins, Surah and Brocade Mantles, in all the leading shapes, 45s to 4 guineas
Spanish Lace, the Mantles of the season, in infinite variety, 35s 6d to 5 guineas
Dust Cloaks in all the new shapes, from 17s 6d
Our Speciality in China Silk Ulsters in every size, from 52-inch to 60-inch, at 25s 9d
Light Tweed Ulsters suitable for summer showers or travelling, from 10s 6d to 2 guineas
Ladies' Macintosh Ulsters in an especially light texture, manufactured expressly for the colonies, 29s 6d
Carriage, Travelling, and Evening Wraps, in unlimited variety, in Wool, Silk, or Plush
Children's China Ulsters, all sizes.

THOMPSON and GILES.

SPECIAL IMPORTATION.
CHILDREN'S SILK DUST CLOAKS, in all sizes, made to our order. Ladies who have been waiting for the above will kindly accept this intimation.

FURNISHING AND CARPET DEPARTMENT.

THOMPSON AND GILES
beg to call the attention of the Ladies of Sydney and suburbs to their large importations in
BRUSSELS and TAPESTRY CARPETS,
some very choice patterns, quite new to the colony, engaged to THOMPSON and GILES.

NEW PATTERNS in LINOLEUMS and FLOORCLOTHS, designs that have not been exhibited in the colony.

COSTUMES.
Messrs. THOMPSON and GILES are now showing all the leading Novelties for Summer Wear, including some splendid Toilettes in Surah, Satin, Merveilleux, Gaze de Chine, Plumatis, and Voile Religieuse, suitable for Promenade Garden Parties, Receptions, and occasional wear.
A magnificent variety of Cotton Dresses in superb Alsace Satin de Coton, India Muslins, and Zephyr Ginghams, including a new shipment of our justly celebrated Guinea Sateen Costumes, in all colours.

LADIES' DRESSING GOWNS.
THOMPSON and GILES beg to call particular attention to a very choice shipment of Morning Wrappers, some very handsome Silk-trimmed Lace, Cashmere-trimmed Lace, Muslin, trimmed with Guipure and Point Eventail Lace, and other Novelties, which we shall show during the week. Underclothing of all descriptions, a large and varied assortment.
Children's Costumes made up on the premises, all sizes, from 2 years old to 16 years.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.
We are showing VERY CHOICE GOODS in TRIMMED BONNETS and HATS, which we have received by Orient Steamers, being the LATEST FASHIONS that can be procured in the LONDON and PARIS markets.
Our assortment of FLOWERS, FEATHERS, HEAD-DRESSES, and LADIES' CAPS is replete with every Novelty.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS and TABLE LINEN.
SPECIAL PURCHASE of DAMASK CLOTH and NAPKINS.
We are now offering some WONDERFUL CHEAP GOODS in this Department. For example—
Double Damask CLOTH, 3 yards long, 12s 9d, 14s 9d, and 18s 9d
Damask NAPKINS, 7s 9d, 8s 9d, 12s 9d
Ditto, 4s 11d, 5s 11d, 6s 11d, 7s 11d
THOMPSON and GILES' 21s LONGCLOTH, 40 yards for 21s, the best value in Sydney
AMERICAN SHEETING, LINEN SHEETING. Special value in these goods. Having purchased a manufacturer's stock, therefore we shall offer them at very low prices
TOILET QUILTS, all sizes
Patent TERRY QUILTS
ALHAMBRA QUILTS, for servants' beds, 2s 11d to 3s 11d.

We have just received a Shipment of CHINESE BLINDS, from 8 feet wide 8 feet drop to 12 feet wide 12 feet drop
Spring-blind Rollers
Chinese Fire Screens.

We have just opened 5 cases of LACE CURTAINS, in Guipure Lace, very choice patterns
Art Curtains, some new designs
Patent Lace Curtains, great novelties in design
Nottingham Lace Curtains, all prices, commencing at 8s 11d to 30s, unequalled in the colony for value
Tapestry Curtains, great variety of styles to suit any furniture, just received by T. and G.
EVERY ARTICLE of FURNISHING can be obtained in our Furnishing Department cheaper than in any other house in Sydney.

UPHOLSTERY of every description manufactured on the Establishment.

PILLOWS, BOLSTERS, BEDS, BEDDING of every description.

THOMPSON and GILES,
DENISON HOUSE.

A. A. DEBNEY and CO.'S "UNIQUE" SHIRTS.
Gentlemen who desire "Unique" Shirts, made specially to measure, would confer a favour on us by ordering as early as possible. Our object is to gain sufficient time for each order to pass through the hands of our Head Seamstress. Our experience is that this system ensures a very much higher standard of excellence than where a short time only is allowed, and each shirt has in consequence to be made without the supervision necessary to secure perfection. No apology need be made by us in proffering this request, as it is obviously as much in the interests of gentlemen as in our own that the superiority of the "Unique" Shirt should be maintained intact.
Stock "Unique" Shirts.—We guarantee every shirt to fit properly, and we keep every size, dressed, and ready for use. Price, from 6s each.
A. A. DEBNEY and CO.,
Successors to Hobson and Whiting,
13, Hunter-street, Sydney.

NOTICE.
Having secured the services of a first-class London Shirtcutter and a staff of most skilled workers, we are now prepared to receive orders for SHIRTS made after the latest London styles. This will be a distinct branch of our business, and we shall devote special attention to all orders entrusted to us, while our prices will be found as low as possible, consistent with superior quality and workmanship.
A. A. DEBNEY and CO.,
13, Hunter-street, Sydney,
Successors to Hobson and Whiting.

AMERICAN DUNGAREES and Firemen's Flannels; best in Sydney. James Johnson, 245, George-street North.

HORDERNS IN PITT-STREET
are opening out TO-DAY
for the MONTH of DECEMBER, 1882,
3 cases New Summer Hosiery, consisting of—
Ladies' Brown Balbriggan Hose, 9d, 1s, 1s 3d, 1s 6d, 1s 8d
Ladies' White Cotton Hose, FINE FINISH, 3d, 6d, 9d, 1s
Ladies' and Children's Coloured Cotton Hose, every price
Ladies' Ribbed Cotton, full fashioned, 1s 9d a pair—see them
Ladies' and Children's Lisle Thread, in Navy, Cardinal, Seal-brown, Sky, Pink, Cream, and other new and fashionable colours, also in New Stripes, now VERY MUCH IN DEMAND
Children's Ribbed Cotton with spliced knees and heels, WELL ADAPTED FOR SCHOOL WEAR
4 cases Violet Powder, 4½d, 6d, 1s
Pears Fuller's Earth Powder, 6½d box
English Lavender, 6d per bottle
Large bottles Florimel, 2s
Rimmel's best and largest bottles of Lavender Water, 1s 9d
Aromatic Eau de Cologne, 1s (usually sold at 2s).

PIESSE and LUBIN'S PERFUMERY, 2s 9d bottle.
White Rose, Opponax, Frangipanni
Jockey Club, Orange Blossom, Heliotrope
Patchouli, Moss Rose.

A LARGE VARIETY of SCENTS, 4½d a bottle.

Best Brown Windsor Soap, 1d cake
Best Glycerine Soap, 1s per dozen
Large bars Oatmeal Soap, 6d and 1s
Large bars Glycerine Soap, 6d and 7½d
Best Honey Soap, 10d packet
Pears best Fuller's Earth Soap, 6d cake
Pears Carbolic and Coal Tar Soap, 6d
Cherry Tooth Paste, 11d and 1s 4d; worth 4s 6d
Glycerine and Limejuice, 1s per bottle
Large bottles Florida Water, 1s 6d.

A splendid show of CARPETS, CARPETS, CARPETS, CARPETS,
LINOLEUMS, LINOLEUMS, LINOLEUMS,
FLOORCLOTHS, FLOORCLOTHS, FLOORCLOTHS,
CURTAINS, CURTAINS, CURTAINS,
Cornices, Cornices, &c., &c.

For a SHOW of all these goods,
please to take the trouble to come into PITT-STREET and SEE OUR WINDOWS.

We are
The Agents for Hartshorn's American Spring Blind Rollers,
and have
50,000 IN STOCK.

HORDERN BROTHERS,
211, Pitt-street, Sydney.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

THE GREAT PARTNERSHIP SALES.
THE GREAT PARTNERSHIP SALES.
THE GREAT PARTNERSHIP SALES.

£80,000 WORTH OF DRAPERY TO BE DISPOSED OF.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO PURCHASE A GOOD SUPPLY OF HOUSEHOLD LINEN, &c., FOR A VERY LITTLE MONEY.

TERMINATION OF PARTNERSHIP.

GREAT CLEARING SALE
of
CALICOES, SHEETINGS, and HOUSEHOLD LINENS,
comprising
A BEAUTIFUL LOT
of
NEW FRESH GOODS,
Just landed,
Ex S.S. PESHAWUR, and KAISAR-I-HIND.

TO-DAY.	Riley Brothers	TO-DAY.
Horrockses' Longcloths, reduced prices.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	Splendid Tapestry Carpets, 1s 11d, Sold everywhere 2s 11d.
TO-DAY. Single Bed Blankets, 4s 11d per pair.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	TO-DAY.
TO-DAY. Double Bed Blankets, 9s 6d per pair, very cheap.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	Mosquito Net, all widths, from 6d per yard
TO-DAY. Large Honeycomb Quilts, all sizes, reduced half price.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	TO-DAY. Long Lace Curtains, immense variety, half price.
TO-DAY.	Riley Brothers	TO-DAY.
Large Pattern Sateens, 2s 9d dozen yards; great bargains.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	Linen Table Napkins, 7s 6d to 20s per dozen reduced to half price.
TO-DAY.	Riley Brothers	TO-DAY.
Linen Table Damask, 10½d to 5s 6d yard, reduced half price.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	White Twill Sheeting, 9½d to 5s 6d per yard, splendid qualities.
TO-DAY.	Riley Brothers	TO-DAY.
Large Honeycomb Towels, selling at cost price.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	Honeycomb Toilet Covers, 9d to 3s each.
TO-DAY.	Riley Brothers	TO-DAY.
Largest Turkish Towels, 6d to 3s 6d each, Bargains.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	Splendid Glass Towelling 3s 9d dozen yards, very cheap.
TO-DAY.	Riley Brothers	TO-DAY.
Finest Brown Holland, 3½d to 1s yard, very cheap.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	Beautiful Sateen Prints, 2½d to 9d yard, newest style.
TO-DAY.	Riley Brothers	TO-DAY.
Summer Dress Materials, almost given away. See them.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	Black and Coloured Silk Nothing so cheap in Sydney.

RILEY BROTHERS, 600, BRICKFIELD-HILL.
RILEY BROTHERS, 165, OXFORD-STREET.
RILEY BROTHERS, 386, George-street, near King-street.
RILEY BROTHERS, GOULBURN.
RILEY BROTHERS, NEWCASTLE.

ANTHONY HORDERN AND SONS,
PALACE EMPORIUM,
HAYMARKET
(ONLY).

DO YOU REQUIRE CHRISTMAS CARDS?
You will find the choicest stock
AT THE PALACE EMPORIUM.

DO YOU REQUIRE GLASS, CHINA, OR CROCKERYWARE?
Every want can be supplied
AT THE PALACE EMPORIUM.

DO YOU REQUIRE VASES OR FANCY ORNAMENTS?
The choicest products of Home and Foreign Markets may be had
AT THE PALACE EMPORIUM.

DO YOU REQUIRE CUTLERY OR HARDWARE?
An immense variety will be shown you
AT THE PALACE EMPORIUM.

DO YOU REQUIRE SUITABLE CHRISTMAS or BIRTHDAY PRESENTS?
Try the Bracelets, Necklets, Writing Desks, and Dressing Cases
AT THE PALACE EMPORIUM.

DO YOU REQUIRE LACES, RIBBONS, TIES, or GLOVES?
The only place in Sydney for Latest Novelties is
AT THE PALACE EMPORIUM.

DO YOU REQUIRE CHEAP CALICOES AND SHEETINGS?
You will find the best value
AT THE PALACE EMPORIUM.

DO YOU REQUIRE LACE CURTAINS?
Every New Pattern and Design can be had
AT THE PALACE EMPORIUM.

DO YOU REQUIRE MOSQUITO NETS?
All widths are kept
AT THE PALACE EMPORIUM.

DO YOU REQUIRE BEDSTEADS OR BEDDING?
The cheapest and best can be had
AT THE PALACE EMPORIUM.

DO YOU REQUIRE A DRAWING-ROOM SUITE?
You should inspect the variety
AT THE PALACE EMPORIUM.

DO YOU REQUIRE A DINING-ROOM SUITE?
You will find them solid and good
AT THE PALACE EMPORIUM.

SATEENS. SATEENS. SATEENS.

A Special Shipment of these Goods, received per S.S. POTOSI, has just been opened, consisting of
25 CASES
of
BLACK GROUND SATEENS.
FLOWERED WITH THE AUSTRALIAN CHRISTMAS BUSH (A BEAUTIFUL NOVELTY AND ONE THAT SHOULD BE SEEN AT ONCE). ALSO
DAHLIAS VIOLETS BLUE BELLS
PANSIES FORGET-ME-NOTS CAMELLIAS
&c., &c.

There has been the greatest scarcity of these particular goods for some weeks past in Sydney.
AND OUR SPECIAL SHIPMENT
will be speedily disposed of.

We have also to announce the arrival of SIX CASES OF LIGHT GROUND SATEENS, which for great variety in the choicest patterns are not to be surpassed by any house in Sydney.

THE AUSTRALIAN CHRISTMAS BUSH PATTERN,
printed specially to our order,
A NOVELTY TO BE SEEN TO BE ADMIRED.

REMNANT TABLE.
THOUSANDS OF REMNANTS OF SATEENS AND PRINTS,
MARKED AT LESS THAN HALF COST PRICE.

Be sure you remember the correct address.
WE HAVE ONLY ONE PLACE OF BUSINESS.

ANTHONY HORDERN AND SONS,
PALACE EMPORIUM
HAYMARKET
(ONLY).

THE PEACOCK VELVETEEN.
This Velveteen, now so widely known throughout Europe, has received the highest praise from the Fashion Journals, both English and Foreign, for beauty, lustre, and permanence. It is made both in the ordinary make and in new patent fast pile. It is to be had in "THE PEACOCK" blue black, which never turns brown, and in all the fashionable colours.
ASHTON and CO.,
45, Chorlton-street, Manchester, England.

NORTH SHORE. NORTH SHORE.

POSTPONED. POSTPONED.

THE CARLOW ESTATE
THE CARLOW ESTATE.

Until SATURDAY, the 9th December.

BARKER and CO.,
St. Leonards.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS

Mr. JOHN HARRIS,
the
MAYOR OF SYDNEY,
was
M. L. A.
for
WEST SYDNEY
for
some years, during which time he only opened his lips upon one occasion,
and that was to ask for a pair.

Therefore, as we believe in the old saying—
that
"A still tongue makes a wise head."
WE DESIRE YOU
to
SUPPORT HIM
for
THE SOUTH.

JOHN F. FERGISS
W. B. ADAMS
FRED. ELPHINSTONE,
Electors of South Sydney.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

If Lord Harris and Mr. Murdoch were opponents in the Electioneering instead of
the
Cricket
Field,
which would you sooner vote for—
The man who would accept gracefully in a fair open-handed match,
"OUT,"
or the gentleman who would say,
"BILLY, YOU MUST GO, GO OUT,
I
AM
HARRIS!"

So it is now with the two JOHNS.

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Parliamentary Elections.

ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN.

Gentlemen,—In asking you to return me as one of your representatives, I am simply asking you to thereby endorse in an emphatic manner the vote recently given by the representatives of the whole colony—gentlemen who constituted a reformed Parliament, elected two years ago for the express purpose of dealing with the Land question and other important matters. This reformed Parliament has now spoken by a majority of 10 in terms which cannot be misunderstood, and it remains for all sections of the people to now come forward and support those members who, risking all the inconveniences of a general election, gave their votes as conscience and common sense dictated.

I ask your vote for the purpose of condemning a Government who, after enjoying, by the greatest good nature of members and the constituents, an unprecedented recess of nine months, ruthless sacrificed the only result of the three months' session, by slaughtering the Criminal Law Consolidation Bill which, after being ten years before the country had by great labour of members sitting on both sides of the House been carried through all its stages in the Lower Chamber, and nearly so in the Upper House; but the existence of this bill, which has been loudly called for by all parties, was nothing in comparison if, by throwing that and all other considerations overboard, they could only retain their emoluments a few weeks longer.

I ask your vote against the Government, because in a discreditable manner they availed themselves of a dissolution as a means of escaping from a charge levelled against the Treasurer of a most serious character, and which they knew would otherwise have been followed up by a select committee, notwithstanding that they successfully resisted the appointment of such a committee within a few days of their challenging Mr. Garvan to move for one.

Many other reasons will be adduced why the Government are no longer entitled to your support; but these I will enter upon in my various addresses in different parts of the electorate.

My nine years' residence amongst you must preclude my being altogether a stranger to you, while in Parliament I have ever fearlessly advocated what I thought best for the people, irrespective of its popularity or otherwise.

Trusting to receive a large measure of your support,

I am, Gentleman, yours respectfully,
HENRY COPELAND.

ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN.

Mr. COPELAND will address the Electors TO-NIGHT, at Rolfe's Hotel, corner of Camden-street and Cook's River-road, at 8 p.m.; and on THURSDAY EVENING, at the Rose of Australia Hotel, Macdonaldtown, at 8 p.m.

NEWTOWN ELECTION.

The FRIENDS and Supporters of Mr. HENRY COPELAND are respectfully invited to attend a General Committee MEETING to be held at Gooden's Town Hall Hotel, King-street, Newtown, THIS EVENING, at 7 o'clock.

W. G. HIBBLE, JOHN EMERSON } Hon. Secs.

Mr. COPELAND will address the electors at Smith's Edinborough Hotel, Enmore, TO-NIGHT, at 8.45.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF PADDINGTON.

GENERAL ELECTION.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of Paddington, will be held at the Hustings, Paddington, at NOON, THIS DAY, the 30th day of November instant, for the Nomination and Election of two members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, for the said electoral district.

In the event of more candidates being proposed than the number of members required, and a poll demanded, the polling will take place on SATURDAY, the second day of December, at the following polling places:—

DOUBLE BAY, Ocean-street
PADDINGTON
RANDWICK
WATSON'S BAY
WAVERLEY
SYDNEY
LOWER PADDINGTON.

Before nomination it is required that a deposit of £40 must be paid to the Returning Officer, which must be in cash.

JOHN MACPHERSON, Returning Officer.

Chesterfield, Waverley, November 24th, 1882.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

VOTE for W. J. TRICKETT,
the Independent Candidate,
who has served you faithfully.

He is not bunched, but stands entirely on his own merits.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

W. J. TRICKETT will ADDRESS the ELECTORS at the following places:—
CASEY'S HOTEL, Glenmore-road, on Thursday Night, at 7.30 o'clock.
ELLIS' WINDSOR CASTLE, Windsor-street, on Thursday Night, at 8.15 o'clock.
GRAHAM'S HOTEL, Point Piper-road, on Thursday Night, at 8.30 o'clock.
M'INERNEY'S HOTEL, New South Head-road, on Thursday, at 9 o'clock.
MORTIMER'S HOTEL, Double Bay, on Friday Night, at 7 o'clock.
WATSON'S BAY, on Friday Night, at 9 o'clock.

W. JAMES, Hon. Secretary.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

VOTE FOR W. J. TRICKETT
and
Tram to Bondi.

TO THE ELECTORS OF PADDINGTON.

Gentlemen,—By the extraordinary action of the Government in appealing to the country on their land policy, you will shortly be called upon to exercise your franchise.

At the request of a numerous body of electors I have been induced to come forward as a candidate for one of the vacant seats, and will take the earliest opportunity of visiting the various boroughs of the electorate and fully explaining my views.

Briefly, I may say, that I am opposed to the present Government Amending Land Bill. I am anxious to see a good local Government Bill introduced.

I shall abstain from any interference with the Education Act, as I consider that question permanently settled. I have always been an advocate for free trade.

Having had the honour to be Mayor of Woollahra, and Alderman of the City for the last two years, I believe that the Municipalities Act should receive early attention.

Yours, faithfully,
ROBERT BUTCHER.

PADDINGTON ELECTION.

POLLING DAY, 2nd DECEMBER.
DON'T FAIL to VOTE for
ROBERT BUTCHER,
who has the ability and energy to serve you.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

ROBERT BUTCHER will address the electors THIS NIGHT, Thursday, at Rushcutter Bay, M'Inerney's Hotel, New South Head-road, 7.30. Watson's Bay—Pier Hotel, at 9 o'clock; Gap Hotel, at 9.30.

F. WEBSTER, Hon. Secretary.

ELECTORATE OF PADDINGTON.

VOTE FOR J. C. NEILD,
and
Abolition of Tolls
Season Tickets for Tramways
More Frequent Tram Communication
Public Reserves.

VOTE FOR J. C. NEILD,
and
A New Land System
Local Self Government
The Present Education Act
A Civil Service Act.

VOTE FOR J. C. NEILD,
THE
INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE.

PRELIMINARY COMMITTEE

of
ELECTORS OF PADDINGTON
formed to secure the RETURN of J. C. NEILD as one of the representatives for Paddington:—

Tillage, H.	Pickering, James
Reynolds, H. R.	Hegarty, E. M.
Vernon, W.	Harper, Henry W.
Jones, G. P.	M'Intyre, D.
Leslie, W. C.	Palmer, F. J.
Thompson, Samuel	Reilly, Thos.
Robbins, John	Pickering, John
Whitehead, W.	Johnston, Frank
Lawn, John	Heapy, George
Smith, Chas.	Clarke, Daniel
Wilson, William	Peper, Richard
Greville, Alex.	Davis, A.
Miner, Edward	Walton, Thos.
Matthews, S.	Cumming, Dr.
Pickering, Geo., sen.	Halstenberg, Chas.
Crow, R.	Brabant, Mark
Strignell, John	Herbert, James
Carmichael, John	Winning, J.
Coghill, Chas.	Llewellin, W.
Andrews, C.	Rose, J.
Shorland, W. C.	Buttray, E.
Hamilton, Geo.	Wallace, J. R.
Russell, Geo. H.	Freedman, S.
Thompson, W.	Richardson, Humphrey
Humphrey, R.	Dramon, F. E.
Hart, E.	Stuart, C.
Gerber, C.	Robinson, J. H.
Walker, J.	Seabrook, J.
Pitt, H. J.	Beare, C.
Leaten, G.	Fraser, D.
Pickering, Geo., jun.	Martin, Thos.

THOS. S. PARROT, JOSEPH BRIGNELL } Joint Secs.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

J. C. NEILD
IS A CANDIDATE FOR ELECTION.

The independent candidate,
J. C. NEILD,
respectfully solicits
YOUR VOTES and INTEREST.

Return him as one of the Members to
REPRESENT YOU in PARLIAMENT.

ELECTORS OF PADDINGTON.
RETURN J. C. NEILD
as one of your Representatives to Parliament.
He will faithfully serve you.

ELECTORS OF PADDINGTON,
attend the
NOMINATION
of J. C. NEILD,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY,
and support him.

POLLING DAY—SATURDAY Next, December 2.
Be early, and show your appreciation of the principles of J. C. NEILD,
and return him as one of your Representatives.

ELECTORS OF PADDINGTON,
J. C. NEILD
will address you on
THURSDAY EVENING, November 30, Graham's Hotel, Point Piper-road
FRIDAY EVENING, December 1, Halstenberg's, Moncur-street.
At 8 o'clock each evening.

The General Committee meet every evening at 7 o'clock, at their Rooms, Ackland's and Halstenberg's Hotels, Moncur-street, Woollahra.

THOS. S. PARROT, JOSEPH BRIGNELL, E. BLUNDUM } Joint Secretaries.

ELECTORS OF PADDINGTON

THE RUMOUR THAT
J. C. NEILD
HAS RETIRED FROM THE CONTEST IS A FALSE ONE.

J. C. NEILD
Respectfully solicits your Support.

Attend the Nomination to-day and hear him. A Candidate who will serve you with ability and integrity.

VOTE FOR HIM.

THOS. S. PARROT, JOSEPH BRIGNELL } Joint Secretaries.
E. BLUNDUM

ELECTORS OF PADDINGTON.

J. C. NEILD
will ADDRESS you
THIS EVENING.
Dunbar Hotel, Paddington, at 8.
Windsor Castle Hotel.
Underwood Estate, 9.30.

T. S. PARROT, JOSEPH BRIGNELL } Joint Secretaries.

ALLEN FOR PADDINGTON.

W. J. ALLEN will address the Electors TO-NIGHT, at the Dunbar Castle Hotel, Paddington, at 8 o'clock; and Ellis's, Windsor Castle Hotel, at 9 o'clock.

ELECTORS ATTEND.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

To E. VICKERY, Esq.,
Waverley.

Dear Sir,—
We, the undersigned electors of the Electoral District of Paddington, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be nominated as a candidate for the above electorate, and we pledge ourselves, in the event of your consenting to come forward, to use our best endeavours to secure your return.

Yours obediently,

G. Wigram Allen	W. W. Everrett
James Watson	John Heins
John Frazer	H. Humbert
Henry Clarke	W. J. Denman
A. H. M'Culloch, jun.	J. Haigh
J. M'Laughlin	James P. Wills
Charles Moore	W. H. Thomas
John Williams	Wm. Gregory
Walter Bradley	C. J. Royle
George Wall	G. Fletcher
W. Bethune	R. C. Dawson
W. Henderson, J.P.	Waltham Rush
J. B. Holdsworth	M. Kelly
W. H. Simpson	H. G. Nicholls
Thomas Read	J. B. Shortland
J. H. Newman	W. Lees
James Green	H. B. Pickering
J. H. Carruthers	M. J. Fitzgerald
R. G. Reading, J.P.	E. Montgomery
James Thompson	J. Corbett
S. A. Fullford	J. Loutit
Henry Heron	C. Bloomfield
H. G. Nicholls	W. Bowmaker
James Ewan	E. W. Cook
William Wiley	J. Wilmot
H. S. Thompson	G. W. Oldham
R. W. Hardie	James Allen
G. Fletcher	A. H. Warner
T. Cowlishaw	C. H. Dean
H. Ould	J. Muir
W. J. Green	Angus Campbell
T. B. Walker	Richard Watkins
Henry Kellett	W. Leggo
Charles Bate	J. Marshall
E. E. A. Oatley	R. T. Gibson
F. T. Gilbert	R. Precious
T. J. Dickson	J. C. Tucker
H. Waddington	A. E. Hough
T. J. Iredale	H. P. Brailey
J. S. Mailler	John Hornby
George Long	S. Hague Smith
A. P. Wood	F. W. Jackson
S. Graham	A. Leverrier
W. Sherlow	J. M. Smith
E. A. Lorking	L. Jones
George W. Hill	Henry W. Chapman
W. H. Thompson	Chas. Boris
E. J. Kingston	Joseph Light
T. Buckland	Paul J. Dunbar
W. C. Fry	E. W. Cook, jun.
Francis Giles	T. B. Walcott
Wm. Steel	Ben. Martin
David Yates	Robert M. Morgan
John Rush	A. F. Newman
Joseph Hall	T. White
James Cavill	James Watson
A. Henderson	W. H. M'Keown, jun.
D. E. Stewart	G. Hummerstone
L. Goldsmid	G. Hummerstone
Wm. Rush	E. Hummerstone
W. H. Beale	W. Thomas
Samuel Thompson	E. Thomas
Alfred Carter	R. Lindsay
J. R. Oakes	John Allin
J. H. Tisdale	Donald Fraser
D. Sands	John Hope
A. H. Wilson	A. A. Stoneham
Thos. Light	H. Wood
Wm. Knust	W. Harrison
James Churchhill	J. Price
Thos. Saunders	J. M. Hasmot
John J. Green	F. Oatley
A. C. Hewlett	Wm. Deane
M. H. Stephen	J. S. M'Elveeney

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

Edina, Waverley, November 27th, 1882.

The Hon. Sir Wigram Allen, Hon. James Watson, Hon. John Fraser, Hon. James Moore, H. Clarke, Esq., M.L.A., J. M'Laughlan, Esq., M.L.A.; A. H. M'Culloch, jun., Esq., M.L.A.; and the other gentlemen signing the requisition.

Gentlemen,—It is with considerable gratification that I comply with your requisition to allow myself to be nominated a candidate to represent the Paddington Electorate in the new Parliament.

Should the electors do me the honor to make choice of me as one of their members, I shall aim at securing the best interests of the country generally, without neglecting the constituency immediately represented.

The great question now remitted to the electors for their decision is: What is to be the future land policy of the country, and is it to be just and equitable to all classes?

I am opposed to the existing state of things regarding the land, and disapprove of Sir John Robertson's Bill so far as it tends to perpetuate them. The Land Acts have failed to settle a happy, contented, and prosperous people upon the land; and, in my opinion, it is a mistake to attribute to any appreciable extent the progress and prosperity of the colony to the Free Selection Act of 1861.

I am strongly opposed to indiscriminate selection before survey, and would advocate the setting apart and surveying in advance of all possible demands, large and extensive areas of the best lands of the country, and limiting free selection to those areas.

I would then grant secure leases of 5, 7, or 10 years for the remainder of the land, imposing a fair rental, and leaving the lessees undisturbed during the term of their leases.

My own observation enables me to assert that the Land Act of 1861 has wrought much discord, injustice, demoralisation and ruin; and the country demands such a radical amendment as will in the future obviate the infliction of injury upon any class of colonists, and promote peace and goodwill among them.

Upon other leading questions I am not antagonistic to the policy of the present Government; but, if elected, in the main, shall be found supporting measures, not men.

Regarding the subject of education, I accept of the present settlement of the question, but hope the day is not distant when all Christian sects will agree to admit the Bible into Public schools.

I approve of local option and the present Licensing Act, but would consent to amendments in detail to rectify hardships on the one hand and abuses on the other.

I am in favour of immigration to a sufficient extent to meet the demands of the labour market, which is greatly overstrained by the requirements of the great Government works of the colony now in progress and contemplated.

I will strongly advocate the bringing the railway into the city, and to the deep waters of Port Jackson; also the establishment of harbour trusts, with power to provide for better and more secure wharfage accommodation.

I am in favour of a more liberal endowment of municipalities by grants from the surplus funds of the colony, and also the extension of local self-government.

Such are briefly my views upon some of the questions of the day. If you deem me worthy of your confidence, I shall be found a working rather than a talking member.

I am late in the field, and owing to circumstances beyond my control, fear I shall be unable to meet you personally until Thursday, the day of nomination, when I shall further explain my views.

I am,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
E. VICKERY.

VICKERY FOR PADDINGTON.

ELECTORS favourable to the Return of E. VICKERY will please MEET EVERY EVENING at 8 p.m., at the undermentioned places, where Committees will be formed:
ACKLAND'S HOTEL, Queen-street, Woollahra
WINDSOR CASTLE HOTEL, Windsor-street, Paddington
WHIFFIN'S WAVERLEY HOTEL.

VICKERY FOR PADDINGTON.

WAVERLEY COMMITTEE.
With power to add to their number.

John Williams	James Thompson
W. Henderson	S. A. Fulford
W. H. Simpson	T. B. Walker
Thomas Read	H. Waddington
J. Hubert Newman	T. J. Iredale
James Green	E. A. Lorking
John Heins	W. H. Thomas
R. C. Dawson	J. P. Wills
J. Corbett	Wm. Gregory
F. Martin	J. Marshall
R. Watkins	J. C. Tucker
A. E. Hough	H. P. Brailey
A. Leverrier	A. A. Stoneham
P. J. Dunbar	R. M. Morgan
A. F. Newman	T. White
W. Thomas	R. Lindsay
John Allin	J. Hope
A. C. Hewlett	J. M. Hasmot
H. Wood	George Fletcher
G. J. Waterhouse	Jos. Humbley.
John Pattie	

Committee meet every evening at Waverley Hotel, at 8 p.m.

E. E. A. OATLEY, T. J. DICKSON, WM. WILEY } Joint Secs.

VICKERY FOR PADDINGTON.

WOOLLAHRA COMMITTEE.
With power to add to their number.

M. H. Stephen	D. Sands
J. H. Caruthers	A. H. Wilson
Henry Heron	Wm. Knust
James Ewan	James Churchill
T. Cowlishaw	Thos. Saunders
H. H. Ould	F. Oatley
W. H. Thompson	E. J. Kingston
Waltham Rush	F. Giles
W. C. Fry	E. Wrench
Samuel Thompson	H. B. Pickering
Alfred Carter	H. S. Thompson
J. R. Oakes	S. Graham.
J. H. Tisdale	

Committee will please meet EVERY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at Ackland's Hotel, Queen-street.

E. E. A. OATLEY, T. P. DICKSON, WM. WILEY } Joint Secs.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

VICKERY FOR PADDINGTON.

PADDINGTON COMMITTEE.
With power to add to their number.

W. Leggo	G. W. Oldham
T. Cumming	J. S. M'Elveeney
J. S. Naman	Alderman Johns
J. Loutet	A. H. Warner
H. G. Nicholls	Wm. Steel
W. Bowmaker	E. W. Cook
J. Carill	James Watson
J. Hall	Joseph Light
G. W. Hill	J. Wilmott
D. Yates	D. E. Stewart.

Committee please meet EVERY EVENING, at Windsor Castle Hotel, 8 o'clock.

E. E. A. OATLEY, T. J. DICKSON, WM. WILEY } Joint Secs.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS.

Mr. JOHN HARRIS,
the
MAYOR OF SYDNEY,
was
M. L. A.
for
WEST SYDNEY
for
some years, during which time he only opened his lips upon one occasion,
and that was to ask for a pair.

Therefore, as we believe in the old saying,
that
"A still tongue makes a wise head,"
WE DESIRE YOU
to
SUPPORT HIM
for
THE SOUTH.

JOHN F. FERGISS
W. B. ADAMS
FRED. ELPHINSTONE,
Electors of West Sydney.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

If Lord Harris and Mr. Murdoch were opponents in the Electioneering instead of
the
Cricket
Field,
which would you sooner vote for—
The man who would accept gracefully in a fair open-handed match,
"OUT."
or the gentleman who would say,
"BILLY, YOU MUST GO, GO OUT;
I
AM
HARRIS!"
So it is now with the two JOHNS.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

JOHN HARRIS (Mayor of Sydney)
will address the Electors THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at J. Krieger's Victoria Park Hotel, Shepherd and Myrtle streets.

Robert Maze, Esq., will preside.

J. WARD, G. STUBBS, R. PARISH } Hon. Secs.
R. MACKEY, Treasurer.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

F. ABIGAIL,
at the
Hero of Waterloo, Miller's Point,
THIS (Thursday) EVENING,
8 o'clock.

ELECTORS ATTEND.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF PARRAMATTA.

GENERAL ELECTION.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of Parramatta will be held at the hustings, in front of the courthouse, Church-street, Parramatta, at noon on WEDNESDAY, 29th day of November next, for the Nomination and Election of one member, to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the abovenamed electorate.

In the event of more than one candidate being nominated, and a Poll demanded, the Polling will take place on Saturday, the 2nd day of December next, at the Courthouse, Parramatta, and at the house corner of Church and Palmer streets, Parramatta, known as the Coach and Horses, commencing at 8 o'clock a.m., and closing at 4 o'clock p.m., same day.

Before nomination, it is required that a deposit of £10 must be made to the Returning Officer, which must be in cash.

JOHN GOLLEDGE,
Returning Officer.

Parramatta, November 25th, 1882.

ELECTORS OF PARRAMATTA.

Do not pledge your votes. Mr. HUGH TAYLOR will be a Candidate.

JAMES SQUIRE FARNELL, Esq.

Dear Sir,—We, the undersigned Electors of the Borough of Parramatta, request that you will allow yourself to be nominated as Member for the Town in the forthcoming Parliament, and we pledge ourselves to use our best endeavours to secure your return.

Wm. Byrnes, M.L.C.
Frederick Cox, J.P.
J. Y. Mills, J.P.
William Miserey
D. D. Henderson
J. H. Withers, J.P.
H. Byrnes, J.P.
W. Goodin, J.P.
S. Purchase
T. A. M. White.

To the abovenamed Gentlemen and the other 174 electors signing the requisition.

Gentlemen,—I have much pleasure in acceding to your request to allow myself to be nominated as a candidate for the representation of the Electorate of Parramatta in the forthcoming Parliament. The question to be determined by the electors is the perpetuation of the present Land Law. As you are aware, it is a subject that has received considerable attention from me, and I shall avail myself of the opportunity of addressing you publicly on that subject.

JAMES S. FARNELL.

Parramatta, 23rd November, 1882.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

VOTE
for
Vindictive and Malicious
JOHN,
a man who would
RUN
to
EARTH
any Poor Animal that, with
ANOTHER KICK,
would
CARRY
him
TO ETERNITY.

P.S.—The Britisher never Kicks a Man when he is down.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

F. ABIGAIL,
at the
Hero of Waterloo, Miller's Point,
THIS (Thursday) EVENING,
8 o'clock.
ELECTORS ATTEND.

TO THE ELECTORS OF REDFERN.

Gentlemen,—The Parliament having been dissolved in consequence of the defeat of the Government upon their land policy, or rather want of a land policy, I again beg to solicit your suffrages.

I do so with confidence, feeling sure you will justify my vote upon this important subject, which is strictly in accordance with the principles I enunciated when first seeking your support.

I believe nothing is of more consequence to the future well-being of this colony than the speedy adjustment of our Land Laws upon some equitable basis, which I think should take the form of dividing the colony where practicable into grazing and agricultural areas, so that the lessees of Crown lands should have a fixed tenure for a reasonable term without any right of purchase, and at considerably increased rental while sufficient areas should at all times be reserved, so that ample provision may be made for the settlement of the country by free selection.

I consider the Land question is the only issue now before the country, and I shall content myself by stating that I hold the same views on all public questions that I expressed when you did me the honour of returning me as one of your representatives in January last.

I shall take an early opportunity of meeting you in all parts of the electorate, and fully explaining my views on all topics of public importance.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
F. A. WRIGHT.

Carisbrooke, Redfern,
23rd November.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

Mr. F. A. WRIGHT will address the electors at the following place:—
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, November 30, Town Hall, Waterloo.
Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.

Committee meet every evening at Central Rooms, Congregational School Hall, Cleveland-street, Redfern, 7.30, entrance George-street.

J. HINCHCLIFFE,
Hon. Secretary.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

A full muster of Mr. WRIGHT'S COMMITTEE is respectfully requested on FRIDAY EVENING, to make final arrangements for Polling-day.

J. HINCHCLIFFE, Hon. Secretary.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

Mr. A. R. FREMLIN
will address the Electors at the
TOWN HALL, ALEXANDRIA, THIS EVENING.
Chair taken at 8 o'clock by C. B. HENDERSON, Esq., Mayor.

The undersigned will be happy to take the names of the ALEXANDRIA COMMITTEE, This Evening, after the address.

A. H. BRAY, Hon. Sec.

267, George-street, Sydney.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

JOHN SUTHERLAND
will Address the Electors as follows:—
TO-NIGHT, Botany Mechanics' Institute
SATURDAY ditto, Town Hall, Waterloo, at 8
SATURDAY ditto, Town Hall, Alexandria, at 9.

J. J. ALLEN, Hon. Sec.

ELECTORATE OF REDFERN.

JOHN SUTHERLAND'S COMMITTEE ROOMS,
Belmore Hotel,
George and Redfern streets.

Committee meets every evening at 8 o'clock to enrol additional names and workers.

J. J. ALLEN, Hon. Sec.

JOHN SUTHERLAND, FOR REDFERN.

GENERAL COMMITTEE
will please meet at Central Committee Rooms, at 7, THIS EVENING,
from whence
a start will be made for the Meeting at Botany Mechanics' Institute,
at 8 o'clock.

ELECTORS OF REDFERN.

Gentlemen,—The time has now arrived when you are called upon to make a choice from the several candidates who will seek your suffrages for membership to the New Parliament.

In appealing to you for your support, I have no past career to point to; my claim rests upon the views I hold, and my ability to give practical effect to them, should you choose me as one of your representatives.

No person who knew the state of the Land Law prior to 1861 can for one moment question the enormous amount of good the present law has conferred upon the country. Tens of thousands are now settled upon rich and prosperous farms that would not have been able to do so were it not for the present law; but what has performed so much good in the past is not in its every feature suitable at the present day. The fact that so many have settled upon the land necessitates an alteration. In 1861 selection before survey induced thousands to take up selections who would have had to wait for years before they could obtain a survey of the land.

Time has changed circumstances. The railways we now have to travel with; survey can be facilitated equal to all the requirements, and our policy should be to encourage agricultural districts where the nucleus is already established.

Therefore, I should insist upon survey before selection, and to those who have leases from the Crown I should be prepared to give them a fixity of tenure, subject to a gradual increasing rental, and thereby shut out any possibility of the infamous blackmail trading which unsuccessful politicians have inaugurated, and who, having been sent by their constituents to their original oblivion, have Phœnix-like sprung up around the precincts of the Lands Department, and feed upon the credulity of innocent selectors on the one hand, and avaricious squatters on the other. I believe in the consolidation of the Land laws, with clauses to meet such defects in the present Land law, which time alone has brought about.

The Educational question I look upon as settled, and shall be no party to any interference with it.

The Licensing question requires to be greatly amended in order to make it a useful and intelligent Act, and the experience I have had in the course of my profession will enable me to deal with its defects.

I am in favour, and shall endeavour to obtain for all municipal councils a perpetual endowment, as I cannot understand why borough councils should in this respect hold an inferior position to the city. The withdrawal of the endowment will mean the doubling of municipal rates; and if I am returned I shall throw whatever influence I am possessed of into this matter, as one which I believe has been completely lost sight of, and which is of vital importance to the district of Redfern, which has so many councils working within its area.

It is my purpose to address you throughout the electorate, when I shall go more fully into details.

I am, Gentlemen,
your faithful servant,
THOMAS M. WILLIAMSON.

Redfern House, Redfern.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

JOHN HARRIS (Mayor of Sydney)
will address the Electors THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at J. Krieger's Victoria Park Hotel, Shepherd and Myrtle streets.

Robert Maze, Esq., will preside.

J. WARD, G. STUBBS, R. PARISH } Hon. Secs.
R. MACKEY, Treasurer.

TO THE ELECTORS OF ST. LEONARDS.

Gentlemen,—By the recent dissolution of Parliament, you are again called upon to exercise your franchise in electing a member, or rather two members, to represent your electorate; and in the belief that the friends who accorded me such generous support on former occasions will still stand to their colours, I once more have the honour to offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages.

As you are aware, the chief question of the hour, and on which the present election will probably hinge, is that much-vexed one of our land laws, and I much fear that many a pet theory and many an ambitious venture will be doomed to defeat before such a measure will be perfected as will satisfy all parties; however, we can still express our opinions, and thus briefly I give you mine: I am in favour of fixity of tenure for the squatter at an advance on the present rate of rental, the free selector should have such provision made in his interests, and be subject to such conditions as would effectually protect and encourage the bona fide settler, while at the same time the mere adventurer, whose business is to trade on the energy and industry of his neighbour, would find the field of operations for his contemptible calling materially restricted. Free selection should, I think, follow, not precede, survey.

The Education question is, in my opinion, not one that should be raised at the present juncture; but I may say that I still retain the same impression as I formed at its advent: that it will eventually conduce to the great good of the people. I am not prepared to say that the administration of the Education Act has been as judicious as it should have been; I incline to think that it has not, but cannot charge any disappointment arising from want of direction to the principles of the Act itself. The Education Act, as it stands at present, has my warmest approval.

The Licensing Act has excited much comment. I do not look on it as a perfect measure, and think it is capable of amendment in many of its features; yet, as a whole, I deem it worthy of support. I cannot but think its effect, so far, has been productive of a certain amount of good, and when subjected to a judicious pruning will prove a very valuable and satisfactory law.

That I am a stanch freetrader is probably already known to the majority of you, and I therefore need scarcely revert to the fact.

I am in favour of immigration so long as the class of immigrants is such as would be beneficial to the country, but an indiscriminate introduction of the refuse from other parts of the world will meet with my strongest opposition.

Local matters may be more properly be deferred until I have the honour of addressing you personally, but it not unfrequently happens that very patriotic people will say, "Oh, we don't approve of merely local members, give us the man who will study the general good of the country." Now, while I admire true patriotism, I have great faith in the maxim that "Charity should begin at home;" and I very much incline that if a member will not honestly devote his attention to the immediate wants of his own constituency, the "good of the country" will be very little added to by his exertions. I hold that the first duty of a member should be to watch the interests of his constituents. This he can do without in any way failing in his duty to the country. A just man at home is a just man to his neighbour. Then, as to local requirements, I am of opinion that, amongst other necessities, the north and south shores of Port Jackson should be connected by a high level bridge, Manly Beach should be joined to North Shore by a bridge over the Spit, and connected with Sydney by tram or rail; similar communication should be effected between the city and the Middle and George's Head fortifications via the high level bridge, so that if ever necessity arose our forts could be manned and supplied without, as at present, having to run under the very guns of an invading force. The establishment of Small Debt Courts in your electorate I look on as an urgent necessity, and one that, if elected, I should give prompt attention to. Provision should be made for a water supply for St. Leonards; and I still adhere to my often expressed conviction that the best source for this will be found in the Lane Cove River. I am aware that it has been recently stated in the press that this matter has been already taken in hand; so have many other things, yet for want of urging them forward they have been permitted to slide gracefully into oblivion.

I think, gentlemen, I have stated sufficient to enable you to form your estimate of my political creed. I am known to the most of you, and it will remain for you to say whether, from what you do know of my actions during my long residence amongst you, I am entitled to the confidence it is necessary you should have in the man you honour by returning as your representative.

I think I may claim, without being deemed egotistical, that for the past 10 years I have identified myself with every movement having for its object the welfare and advancement of the electorate, so far as my humble ability would permit, and though my efforts may not have been wholly successful, I can assure you I am more prone to accept defeat as an incentive to renewed efforts than throw up the sponge.

I shall take an early opportunity of meeting you personally, when I shall be better able to lay my views before you than can be done on paper, and until then

I beg to remain,
Faithfully yours,
B. O. HOLTERMANN.

TO THE ELECTORS OF ST. LEONARDS.

Gentlemen,—I am a candidate for the honour of representing you in the Legislative Assembly. To most of you I am personally known as intimately connected with the North Shore for the third of a century. With you I have suffered from a systematic negation of our pressing requirements. The North Shore possesses all the elements of a great city, in a greater degree than Sydney itself, and in the near future may be expected to rival that city in wealth and splendour. Our progress hitherto has been in spite of an almost contemptuous indifference on the part of the Government to our claim for a fair share of the public revenue, to which we have been, and are, no mean contributors. An explanation has been sought in the fact that our late representative, although a most able man, was for us in an unfortunate position in the Assembly—as Premier dreading to provoke hostile criticism by attention to the wants of his constituency, and as a prominent member of the Opposition having nothing to expect from the present Administration. In this way we have for years past been left out in the cold. Gentlemen, you have now an opportunity to remedy this evil. You are called upon to exercise the greatest of your privileges—the right to return two representatives to the Councils of your country; and I ask you now, whatever my own fate in this election may be, to ponder well before deciding, and not return men over-fond of factious opposition—men who would compel us to share with them a sterile seat in the chill air of the Opposition benches for the gratification of a little personal feeling. If fortunate enough to secure your confidence, I will be unremitting in my endeavours to persuade whatever Ministry may be power to do us at least tardy justice. We have a long bill of arrears, and must have the score wiped off. It is imperative that St. Leonards be at once provided with better communication with the city. I am as enthusiastic an advocate of a high level bridge as any man in the electorate; but "whilst the grass is growing, the steed is starving," and I would suggest steam punts as forerunners of the bridge. These can be provided with little delay, and upon completion of the high level bridge will be found useful elsewhere. We want a WATER SUPPLY and a DRAINAGE SYSTEM. A light railway to Manly Beach would prove a financial success, and vastly improve the value of a large area of adjacent Crown lands. The same may be said of the lines to Pierce's Corner and Pittwater, and of a tramway to North Sydney; there can, therefore, be no excuse for not entering upon these works at once. Manly, our principal watering-place, should years ago have been provided with a public wharf. St. Leonards is entitled to a post and telegraph office, and local courthouse, and every day's delay in resuming a site and providing these buildings will increase the ultimate costs. These and other requirements shall, if I am elected, receive my undivided attention.

The political question relegated to you in this election is—Do you believe that rivetting the Land Act of 1861 upon the Statute Book would be in the best interests of the country? I say no. I am in favour of dividing the lands into agricultural and pastoral areas, thus securing a fair rental from the public estate, and putting an end to the otherwise interminable war between squatter and free selector.

I am a supporter of the Education Act of 1880, and would be no party to re-opening the education question.

A bill providing for local self-government is urgently required, and would do more good for the country than even an Amended Land Act.

I am in favour of amending the Licensing Act, some of its provisions pressing with undue severity both upon the public and the publican.

I shall take an early opportunity of meeting you in various parts of the electorate, and in the meantime trust that this short summary of my views will meet with your approval.

WILLIAM THOMAS MUSTON.

24th November, 1882.

ELECTORATE OF ST. LEONARDS.

WILLIAM THOMAS MUSTON
will address the Electors
THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at
Waterhouse's and Jenkins', LANE COVE.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY,
Bagnall's Hotel, MANLY.

SATURDAY, NOMINATION; and at 8 o'clock, Kelly's, MILSON'S POINT; 9 o'clock, Waterhouse's, BLUE'S POINT.

VOTE for WILLIAM THOMAS MUSTON.
INDEPENDENCE, ENERGY, INTEGRITY.

TO C. A. ATCHISON, ESQ.,

St. Leonards.

Dear Sir,—We, the undersigned, Electors of St. Leonards, desire that you will permit yourself to be Nominated as a Candidate at the ensuing elections as one of the Representatives for this Electorate in the Legislative Assembly.

We are, dear Sir,
Yours truly,

Edward Lord, Careening Cove
F. Lord, Miller-street
D. W. Ryan, St. Leonards
T. A. Dibbs, Union-street
R. Dibbs
S. W. Green, Mount-street
William Cope, Milson's Point
W. R. Sayers, St. Leonards
G. H. Smith, St. Leonards
Donnelly Fisher, St. Leonards
John Brainwood, St. Leonards
James Monro, St. Leonards
H. R. Monro, St. Leonards
Richard Seldon
J. P. Best
E. Chartish
Thos. Jenkins
John Dawson
J. J. Montgomery
Fred. Smith
Captain Robertson
D. W. Dawson
and others.

To Messrs. E. Lord, F. Lord, T. A. Dibbs, D. W. Ryan, and the other Gentlemen signing the Requisition.

Gentlemen,—I have very great pleasure in complying with your request, and will take the earliest opportunity of explaining my views on the various political questions of the day.

Yours truly,
C. A. ATCHISON.

Blue-street, St. Leonards.

ELECTORS OF ST. LEONARDS.

Gentlemen,

Parliament having been dissolved consequent on the adverse vote to the Government on the Land Bill, you will shortly be called upon to elect two members, and at the request of a large number of the electors, I beg to offer myself for election as one of your representatives. On the immediate question now referred to the electors of the colony for their decision as to the future method of dealing with the public estate, I am of opinion that alterations are absolutely necessary. The principal one being survey before selection, which I approve of.

The Education question has been settled by the voice of the people, and I will not be a party to disturb it.

With reference to the Civil service of the colony I believe that a scheme for the regulation thereof in all its grades cannot be much longer delayed so as to place it on a footing more just to the country and satisfactory to its individual members.

With regard to the Licensing Act I am in favour of the same as a whole, but think that in its working amendments have shown themselves to be necessary to make it more equal in its operation, and less vexation to all concerned.

A well considered bill for the formation of Local Government Boards throughout the colony will have my hearty support.

As regards local requirements, and being a local man, with time at my disposal, it will be my constant endeavour, if elected, to try and obtain a proper system of sewerage, a proper water supply, and improved means of communication by means of cable, tramways, &c., to the various parts of the district; a bridge across the harbour, and one across the Spit at Middle Harbour, to be used for a tramway to Manly Beach. I am a strong supporter of the terminus of the Great Northern Railway being at St. Leonards. It is needless for me to say that any movement for the advancement of the electorate to the position which it will undoubtedly assume as the most important suburb of Sydney, will obtain my constant and earnest support.

Yours truly,
C. A. ATCHISON.

ST. LEONARDS ELECTORATE.

Mr. ATCHISON will address the Electors at Dind's Hotel, Milson's Point, on THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

ST. LEONARDS ELECTORATE.

Mr. ATCHISON will address the Electors at the Ivanhoe Park Pavilion, Manly Beach, on FRIDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

ST. LEONARDS ELECTORATE.

The steam launch Agenoria will leave Prince's Stairs, Circular Quay, on FRIDAY next, at 6.30, and Milson's Point at 7 p.m., for the purpose of conveying Mr. C. A. ATCHISON'S friends and supporters to Manly Beach, to attend MEETING at Ivanhoe Park Pavilion.

ELECTORATE OF ST. LEONARDS.

TO THE ELECTORS.

Gentlemen,—In response to your numerously signed requisition that I should offer myself as a candidate for election to the forthcoming Parliament as one of the members for your district, I have much pleasure in placing my services at your disposal.

For upwards of thirty (30) years I have resided in the electorate, and therefore publicly and privately known to the majority of the electors.

I have devoted several years to the politics of my native country, and have had some experience and service as a representative of the people.

Under these circumstances I need not trouble you with a lengthy address, but rely upon personally meeting you at various parts of the electorate during the current week, when I will fully explain my views upon the cause of the present crisis and upon leading public questions.

Briefly, I may state that I am opposed to the land policy of the present Government as expounded by the bill recently introduced and rejected by Parliament.

That, upon local matters, it will be my duty to see that your hitherto neglected constituency receives the amount and extent of recognition which its size and importance demand, and I hope justify you in according to me the honour of being one of your representatives.

I am, Gentlemen,
Yours respectfully,
GEO. R. DIBBS.

Sydney, 25th November, 1882.

To Alfred Hilder, J.P.	James Halstead
Alderman Munro	J. S. Newsham
Alderman Jago	B. C. Boake
Alderman Langley	Charles Cowles
Alderman Playfair	W. C. B. Tiley
T. J. Cooke	C. R. Austen
Robert Webber	John Stevens

And the other gentlemen signing the requisition.

GEORGE RICHARD DIBBS

for
ST. LEONARDS.

Central Committee Rooms—DARTON'S HOTEL, WALKER-STREET. Committee meet daily at 7 p.m.

JOHN JAGO, Chairman of Committee.

ELECTORATE OF ST. LEONARDS.

G. R. DIBBS
will address the Electors at 8 p.m. each day as under:—
THURSDAY:
MANLY BEACH—Ivanhoe Park Hotel.
Mr. Alfred Hilder, J.P., ex-Mayor, in the chair.
FRIDAY:
NORTH WILLOUGHBY—At School of Arts,
Alderman Fleming in the chair.
SATURDAY:
ST. LEONARDS—At Darton's Hotel,
Alderman Playfair in the chair.

JOHN JAGO,
Chairman of Committee.

ST. LEONARDS ELECTORATE.

GEORGE RICHARD DIBBS
WILL ADDRESS
A MONSTER MEETING,
IVANHOE PARK HOTEL,
THIS EVENING.
CHAIR TO BE TAKEN AT 8 O'CLOCK,
by
Mr. ALFRED HILDER, J.P.

GEORGE RICHARD DIBBS

FOR
ST. LEONARDS,
WILL ADDRESS THE ELECTORS AT
PORTER'S HOTEL, LANE COVE,
SATURDAY NEXT, at 4 p.m.,
HON. RICHARD HILL, M.L.C.,
IN THE CHAIR.

ST. LEONARDS ELECTORATE.

Mr. P. F. RICHARDSON
will address the Electors
at

TO-NIGHT, Kelly's Hotel, Milson's Point, at 7.30. Phelps' Hotel, Milson's Point, at 8. Waterhouse's Hotel, Blue's Point, at 9.
TO-MORROW NIGHT, Harding's Hotel, at 7.30. Carnegie's Hotel, Alfred-street, at 8.30.

TO THE ELECTORS OF ST. LEONARDS

Gentlemen,—At the solicitation of many of the electors of the district, I had intended to have offered my services to you as one of your representatives in the Legislative Assembly, my sole desire being to promote the interests of the district.

I have since come to the conclusion that I can best promote those interests by retiring in favour of Mr. C. A. Atchison, in whose behalf I would respectfully request the support of those gentlemen already promised to me.

Yours truly,
ALEX. G. MACKENZIE.

ELECTORATE OF ST. LEONARDS BEGGING.—

Wanted, any two representatives possessing straightforward and honest intentions, sound common sense, and without being trammelled by party feeling, to come forward for St. Leonards on nomination day, 2nd December next. Their return will be guaranteed.

TO ALL MEMBERS OF THE CIVIL SERVICE.

VOTE only for those Candidates who will pledge themselves to the IMMEDIATE introduction of a Civil Service Bill.

Messrs. G. H. Reid, E. Barton, Dr. Bowker, and J. M'Elhone have ALREADY PLEDGED themselves, if elected for East Sydney, to support such a bill.

I. O. G. T.—GRAND LODGE of NEW SOUTH WALES, under the R. W. G. L. of the World.

ELECTORS of the various Metropolitan Constituencies can see all the Electoral Rolls at Grand Lodge Office, Temperance Hall, Pitt-street.

THOS. L. NICHOLSON, G. Electoral Superintendent.
JAMES B. PRICE, G. W. Secretary.

TO THE FREE AND INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

Do not be misled. Weigh each candidate in the balance of public opinion, and if found wanting, let your fiat of rejection go forth. We come before you, seeking your suffrages, and not biassed partisans of any colour or sect, but simply as mediators between buyer and seller. That is our mission and avocation. Laying ourselves then out for this particular line, we ask you in all good faith to give us your united support at our LAND and PROPERTY SALE on THURSDAY, 30th instant, at 11 o'clock, Corn Exchange, Haymarket, when the HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED, will do all in their power to satisfy the most fastidious and cantankerous limb of creation, resting assured that mortification will not ensue, unless through diffidence some choice lot is lost. Our grand specific for all complaints is quick bidding and plenty of cash. Should, however, the filthy lucre be scarce, our alterative terms may be found highly beneficial to alleviate the strain on the purse strings. So come and vote "plumpers" for the Southern Mart of the city, where the Haymarket Auction Company, Limited, hang out their banners.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE.

In consequence of the Elections, the Auction Sale of LYNTON HEIGHTS Subdivision, on the Illawarra Railway Line, has been postponed for one week, namely, until
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.

Plans are ready.

HARDIE and GORMAN.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

TO THE ELECTORS OF CAMDEN.

Gentlemen,—I am again a candidate for your suffrages. Owing to the very short time allowed for the election (polling day being Saturday next, 2nd December), and the electorate being so large, I shall be unable to visit all the polling places. I am known to almost every elector within the police district of Berrima, and my views on political questions are also pretty well known, therefore I trust that my inability to visit any polling place will not interfere with my prospects of success.

The Land question is the question on which Parliament has been dissolved, but in my opinion still another Parliament will be dissolved before it is finally settled. It is proposed to give the Crown lessees half their runs on 15 or 20 years' leases, the other half only being open to free selection. I am not in favour of this; the selector should be allowed to select land in any part of the colony, provided it is for bona-fide settlement. The principle of "free selection before survey" was fought for and won in 1860, and we should now fight to retain it. Mr. Stuart and those who voted with him propose to confine selection to some parts of the colony only.

The rents of the squattages should be increased largely without giving any more fixity of tenure than they at present possess.

Auction sales of country lands should be stopped or restricted not to exceed about one-third of the acreage now annually disposed of.

The area allowed to be selected might be increased to 1000 acres, and the deposit reduced to 1s per acre; no person to be allowed to select the maximum quantity more than once in 10 or 15 years. Provision might also be make to enable men in offices or in business in towns to acquire homestead areas, but this provision would have to be strictly guarded in order to prevent abuses.

The Licensing Bill has produced good results, but it is admitted on all sides that some amendments are necessary; Sunday selling to travellers or any one else should be entirely stopped.

On the Education question my views are pretty well known, being always an advocate and supporter of the principles contained in the Public Instruction Act. My vote shall not be given to obtain for any denomination a lump sum from the State in aid of their schools. State aid to Denominational schools will be withdrawn at the end of this year, and if returned to Parliament, no vote of mine will be given to revive denominationalism in any shape.

The above is an outline of the opinions I hold, and if they meet with your approval in the main, I trust you will see the necessity of using every endeavour for the purpose of securing the return of a local candidate, there being in the last Parliament too many residents of Sydney, and in consequence country districts do not receive fair play.

WILLIAM M'COURT.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF THE KIAMA ELECTORATE.

Gentlemen,—Parliament having been dissolved by his Excellency the Governor in consequence of the defeat of the Government on the second reading of their Land Bill, I do myself the honour to again offer myself as a candidate for re-election as your representative in the Legislative Assembly of this country.

As it is customary on such occasions for a candidate to express his views on the Government policy and the question at issue, I shall proceed to do so in as brief a manner as possible, leaving the more minute details to be explained when I shall have the honour personally to address you.

It is a well-known fact in the political history of this colony that the Land Act of 1861 was accepted by the country with a large amount of enthusiasm, in consequence of its having the effect of breaking down a monopoly which existed at that period; i.e., as it was impossible, prior to the passing of that measure, for the small capitalist to purchase a holding from the Crown at a reasonable price, or on anything like favourable terms, in consequence of being outbid at the auction sales which then existed, by the large capitalists, whose course of action, as is well known to many of the settlers in the Kiama district and other portions of the South Coast, was to form a ring to buy land when submitted to auction by the Crown, and subsequently retail it out to the actual workers of the soil at a large advance on the original cost upon terms which brought the vendors a most iniquitous rate of interest. All honour is due to those who succeeded in breaking down this monopoly, and I have no doubt that in the future those who accomplish a corresponding reform will be regarded as public benefactors: but at the same time it must be remembered that in the political history of every country, when existing abuses are being removed, others arise which have in their turn to be also eradicated.

It will be acknowledged by every thoughtful observer that the land laws enacted in 1861, and subsequently, while abolishing many abuses were productive of others with which the public mind is at present occupied.

The question—and the only question that ought to be now placed before the country at the present political crisis—is, are the abuses which have crept in under the land laws of 1861, and subsequent ones, to be continued as the Government propose by a consolidation of these laws, or is an Act to be introduced to check these evils?

I have virtually said by my vote that we shall not consolidate those laws, and the correctness of my opinion now remains to be determined at the forthcoming election.

The laws now in existence have had the baneful effect of setting class against class in this community, compelling the pastoral tenant of the Crown to purchase large areas of land far beyond his capital to protect himself from unprincipled persons who have traded upon the defects in our existing land laws, and being compelled in his own defence to do so, having to accept large advances from monetary institutions, and causing the free selector to be driven from his holding by the pastoral tenant who avails himself of the defects in the present law.

I find, on reference to the land statistics of this country, that 13,529,056 acres of land are held by 415 persons nominally, and I use this term advisedly, because these 415 persons are largely represented by the monetary institutions of this country, from which they have been forced to receive advances. I ask, is it a healthy condition of affairs to permit 415 individuals or their mortgagees to hold 13,529,056 acres as freeholds out of the 23,489,038 acres which have been alienated by the Crown? Is this state of things to be considered the satisfactory result of a law which was intended to place the agriculturist on the soil? Statistics clearly prove the failure of the attempt by returns which show that at the present period there are nearly 1000 less freeholders than were in 1878.

Have the promises of the Government been fulfilled in accordance with the statement of the Treasurer in his financial speech of 1881, when he stated that instead of receiving £240,000 a year from the pastoral tenants the land revenue in this direction under proper legislation could be increased to £1,700,000 per annum? It must be remembered that the statement of the Treasurer was calmly and deliberately made, was thoughtfully concocted by himself and his officials, was approved of by his colleagues, was committed to writing, and then read to the Assembly. When this was uttered it was placed before the public as the deliberate opinion of the Cabinet; and therefore I say that Parliament and the country have been deceived by the land measure placed before them, and on this conduct the Government now appeals to the electors of the country for approval.

I have no personal object to advance in promulgating the views that the present land laws as they now exist are detrimental to the interests of the country, are not conducive to the proper settlement of the people upon the soil, have a tendency to promote the establishment of large freehold estates, and may ultimately give rise to that anarchy and spirit of lawlessness which similar mismanagement of the public estate has led to in other countries. I am neither a Crown tenant nor a free selector, all the land I possess being freehold; and as the majority of you are placed under similar conditions, I think we ought to be able to arrive at a calm and dispassionate decision as to the measures which should be adopted by the Government of this country in dealing with the large areas of unalienated Crown lands which still continue as a portion of our patrimony.

As you are familiar with my views on other political questions, it is quite unnecessary for me to review them in this address; but I ask you if you consider my opinions sound upon this important question, which is now by the action of the Government brought under your consideration, to again return me at the forthcoming election as your representative, in order that I may by my voice and vote show that the existing land laws are most unsatisfactory and not likely to promote the interest of this great country in which we all naturally take pride,

Yours faithfully,
HARMAN J. TARRANT.

267, Macquarie-street,
November 25, 1882.

TO THE ELECTORS OF GLOUCESTER.

Gentlemen,—My absence in Tasmania and Melbourne when the House was so suddenly and unexpectedly dissolved prevented me from giving earlier intimation of my intention to seek your suffrages at the forthcoming election.

I am desirous of entering Parliament to aid in the work of my country. I am confident that the business experience I have gained during a career of nearly a quarter of a century may be practically and usefully applied in your interests.

Many of my Mudgee friends were anxious that I should stand for that Electorate; but upon consideration, and at the request of electors in your district, I prefer offering my services for your constituency, because I was born at Stroud, and possessing considerable property at Port Stephens am identified with you.

One of the most important matters before the public at the present time is the alteration of the Crown Lands Bill.

I am in favour of such alteration in the land laws of the colony as will put an end to the continued dissensions, the fraud, and unseemly contest between selector and squatter, which has disfigured the working of the Land Act.

I do not believe that the benefits I am anxious to secure can possibly be obtained under a Consolidation Act, however ably drawn; nor do I think the new provisions in the Government measure would place an effectual check on dummying and other evils which have resulted in the accumulation of immense estates in the hands of a comparatively small number—a result exactly opposite to that which in 1861 was the chief object in passing what then appeared to be a beneficent Act, while each amendment has only intensified the evil.

Experience having thus shown the failure of the Act and its various amendments, the time has arrived when a Reformed Land Act is imperatively demanded both by squatter and selector.

Without committing myself to all the views put forward by the leader of the Opposition, I recognise in the outline of the scheme proposed by him so large a measure of equity that we may reasonably look for a happier rule as regards the Land Question under a bill based upon the principles set forth, although its efficiency will largely depend upon the details which may be introduced to carry out the object desired, a solution of our present complicated land troubles.

The principle of the public education of the country I view as having been definitely settled.

The Publicans' Act is open to amendment, and shall receive my attention.

On other points I need only say that I am in favour of every good measure which may be brought forward for the benefit of the colony generally and my constituents in particular.

I purpose addressing you personally in a few days, and then answering such questions as you may wish to put to me.

Yours faithfully,
R. H. D. WHITE.

Milton House, Ashfield, Nov. 29, 1882.

ELECTORS! ELECTORS! ELECTORS!

PROGRESS! PROGRESS!! PROGRESS!!!

BUYERS IMPATIENT.

SELLERS JUBILANT.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, having completed their magnificent and spacious Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket, intend holding their
OPENING SALE
THIS DAY, the
30th November, 1882,
at 11 o'clock a.m.,
when a long list of most desirable
Suburban Residences
and
Allotments will be offered
on Extraordinarily Liberal Terms.

See advertisements and order of sale.

Civility and full information gratis.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

JOHN HARRIS (Mayor of Sydney)
will address the Electors THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at J. Krieger's Victoria Park Hotel, Shepherd and Myrtle streets.

Robert Maze, Esq., will preside.

J. WARD, G. STUBBS, R. PARISH } Hon. Secs.
R. MACKEY, Treasurer.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Funerals.

THE FRIENDS of Mrs. HYNES are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of her late SON, James; to move from her residence, No. 89, Gipps-street, Surry Hills, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, to Haslem's Creek Cemetery. T. DIXON, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. HUGH SIMMS are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved DAUGHTER, Eliza; to move from his residence, Grose-street, Camperdown, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. J. and G. SHYING and CO., Undertakers, 747, George-street South, and 140, Liverpool-street.

THE REMAINS of the late Mr. BENJAMIN MORRIS will leave his late residence, Wellington-street, Chippendale, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at quarter past 2 o'clock, for Rookwood Cemetery. J. and G. SHYING and CO., Undertakers, 747, George-street.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. A. C. HUENERBEIN are invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, Phillip-street, near St. James' Church, on FRIDAY MORNING, at 9 o'clock, for Waverley Cemetery. WALTER STEWART.

THE FRIENDS of Messrs. FRANZ, AUGUST, and CHARLES HUENERBEIN are invited to attend the Funeral of their late beloved FATHER, Mr. A. C. Huenerbein; to move from his late residence, Phillip-street, on FRIDAY, at 9 a.m., for Waverley Cemetery.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. SAMUEL PATRICK are invited to attend the Funeral of his late deceased FATHER-IN-LAW, Mr. A. C. Huenerbein; to move from his late residence, Phillip-street, on FRIDAY MORNING, at 9 o'clock, for the Waverley Cemetery.

Calls on Shares.

KIANDRA GOLD-MINING COMPANY, Limited.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Directors have THIS DAY made a CALL (the 5th) of ONE SHILLING per Share, and is now made payable at the Company's Office, 131, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, December 12 next.
By order of the Board.
GEORGE HARDIE, Manager.
November 28, 1882.

JACKSON'S REEF GOLD-MINING COMPANY, No Liability.
A CALL, being the sixth of 1s per share, on the contributing stock of the company is hereby made, payable at the Company's Office, 312, George-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, December 13th, 1882.
By order of the Board.
S. MAC DONNELL, Secretary.
Sydney, November 29th, 1882.

PRETTY SUITES on view at the Royal Furnishing Arcade To-day. Turn to Campbell Brothers' adv., page 18.

Borough Council Notices.

BOROUGH OF DARLINGTON.
NOTICE is hereby given that Edward-lane, portion of Mane-street, and Calder-road, from Bridge to Rose-street, is CLOSED for vehicular traffic on this date until further orders; and any person removing the barriers put thereon will be prosecuted, according to by-laws of the said Council.
By order of the Mayor.
JOHN WHITEHEAD, Council Clerk.
Council-chambers, 28th November, 1882.

IF you are about to Buy a Drawing-room Suite, visit the Royal Furnishing Arcade To-day.

LOOK after No. 1, and BUY LOTS at Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Professions, Trades, &c.

A YOUTH, for insurance office; must write and figure well. M. Holroyd, 62, King-street.

A GOOD smart DRAPER wanted, for our MANCHESTER DEPARTMENT. Must be of good experience, and able, when required, to dress windows with Manchester goods. HORDERN BROTHERS, 211, Pitt-street.

BOOKBINDERS.—Wanted, FOLDERS. John Woods and Co., 13, Bridge-street.

BOOKBINDING.—Wanted, Lad, as APPRENTICE to the above. Apply early, R. Roberts, 248, Pitt-street.

BOOTMAKER wanted for country, must be sober steady man. Apply Enoch Taylor and Company, 22, York-street.

BOOTMAKERS wanted for bluchers and childrens'; 1s per dozen; rise of wages. 661, George-street.

BRICKLAYER wanted, for small job at Balmain. Harold Brees, architect, 338, Geo.-st., over Mountcastle's.

BRICKLAYERS wanted. Apply on work, Glebe-road, near St. John's-road. W. Hill.

BUILDING SOCIETY.—SECRETARY and MANAGER required immediately for a Progressive Building Society in the city. Address until Friday, "Manager," Herald Office.

CARVERS.—First-class Wood CARVER wanted; also, Apprentice to above. J. Clark, 337, Pitt-street.

CLERK required as a Junior, by business firm in the city. Apply Box 690, G.P.O.

COMPOSITORS wanted. W. E. Smith, printer and stationer, 25 and 30, Bridge-street.

CLERK OF WORKS.—Wanted at once, a first-class CLERK OF WORKS, well up in masonry, able to draw and enlarge details. Apply by letter only, with salary required, to Mr. G. A. Morell, C.E., Architect, 156, Pitt-street, Sydney.

CARPENTERS, TAKE NOTICE.—6d a day, paid quarterly, by young men (no other cost), secures immediately hundreds of pounds at death, or payable on attaining old age. Insure at once and secure bonuses next year. Send for prospectus, or call B. SHORT, chief Sydney Agent, Arcade entrance, George-street. Office open for working men 7 to 9 Saturday evenings.

DRAPERY.—Wanted, competent dress and fancy Hand for country house. Ross, Morgan, and Co., Pitt-street.

DRESSMAKERS.—Good Skirt HANDS wanted; also, APPRENTICES. Mrs. Williamson, 664, George-street.

DRESSMAKERS.—Wanted, Apprentices, Improvers, good Machinists. Larcombe and Co., Regent-st., Redfern.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, immediately, three good HANDS. Miss Walker, 48, Wynyard-square.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, first-class Hand; also good Assistants. Miss Wilson, Devonshire and Buckinghm. s.

DRESSMAKING.—APPRENTICES wanted; salary at the commencement. Thos. Baker, op. Cathedral.

DRESSMAKING.—Good Body and Skirt Hands; also, Machinist, wanted. Stonier and Monk, 86, King-street.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, MACHINIST, assist with work. Miss Hall, 169, Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, an ASSISTANT. No. 21, Prospect-terrace, Elizabeth-street, Redfern.

DRESSMAKERS. DRESSMAKERS.
Wanted, some IMPROVERS to our Dressmaking Department; must be able to sew neatly. Apply to Head Dressmaker.
HORDERN BROTHERS, 211, Pitt-street.

FOR ENGLAND.—Required, an indoor Man SERVANT or VALET, to proceed with a family to England; good references required. Apply Simmonds' Registry Office, 222, Castlereagh-street.

GOVERNESSES required (medium) for Richmond River, Moree, Scone, Patterson, Millie (R. C.), Forbes, Suburbs (nursery), Molong, Wagga, Groongal, Tamworth; also, French or German Bonne. Mrs. Mead, 55, Hunter-street.

GENERAL STORE ASSISTANT.—Wanted, young Man, 17 or 18, as IMPROVER; must be good writer, have had experience in counter work (Protestant), respectable; salary, £60; board with proprietor's family. Address until Friday morning, at 10, enclosing references or copies, to Halifax, General Post Office.

HAIRDRESSER.—Good Haircutter and Shaver; good wages. Mr. Fenst, Mount-street, North Shore.

HAIRDRESSER wanted, for three days; also Apprentice and Improver. Sharman, haircutter, 129, Liverpool-st.

HAIRDRESSERS.—Wanted, young MAN; permanent. J. Clamp, 781, George-st. South, opp. Christ Church.

LEGAL.—Wanted, Copying CLERK (engrosser). Warrington, 79, Elizabeth-street, off Wentworth-court.

LEGAL.—Wanted, an Engrossing or Copying CLERK to assist in the practice of a solicitor's office; good salary to a competent hand. Address Chitty, Herald Office.

LIFE ASSURANCE.—Required, the services of Energetic CANVASSERS, by a popular and first-class Mutual Life Assurance Office. Apply, stating references and previous employment, to Grantham, Herald Office.

MACHINIST wanted; constant. Inquire Purcell, grocer, Ocean-street, Woollahra.

MILLINERS.—Six good Hat TRIMMERS wanted at once. O'Brien's Stores, Elswick & Merion sts., Leichhardt.

MILLINERY.—Wanted, a Junior Saleswoman; also Apprentices for workroom. Mrs. Hopson, 590, George-st.

MILLINERY.—Wanted, a Milliner, to a good hand a liberal salary. Mrs. Howell, 201, Oxford-street, op. Court.

MEDICAL.—Wanted, a well-qualified young Man, with good testimonials, as Junior PARTNER in a good practice in the New England district. Apply in writing, with full particulars as to qualifications, &c., to Medicus, Herald Office.

MILLINERY. MILLINERY.—Wanted, 12 or 13 IMPROVERS in our Millinery Workroom.
Young ladies applying will please ask for THE WORKROOM, to save time.
HORDERN BROTHERS, 211, Pitt-street.

PAINTERS.—Wanted, a good All-round HAND for the country. J. Sands, George-street.

PAINTERS.—Wanted, good General HAND, 8 o'clock sharp. W. H. Carrick, 90, Kent-street north.

PARTNERSHIP.—Half Share very profitable business; genuine reasons given. A. L., Herald.

PLASTERERS wanted, by day or to tender; 5 houses. A. Hordern, Haymarket.

PLUMBER, Gasfitter, and Bellhanger wanted; also, 1 or Boys. Davis, plumber, Goulburn-street, Surry Hills.

PRINTERS.—Wanted, good Feed BOY. John Woods and Co., 13, Bridge-street.

PRINCE ALFRED HOSPITAL.—Wanted, an experienced SISTER and Trained NURSES. Apply to the Matron, between 10 and 12 a.m.

RESPECTABLE Youth wanted for counting-house. Apply, by letter, Thompson and Giles, Denison House.

RAILWAY WORKS, Glen Innes to Tenterfield.—Cobb and Co. start work immediately; cool climate, plenty of wood and water; room for men of all kinds at best wages. Apply on works, Glen Innes, or 375, George-street.

SECOND Pastry COOK and Pantryman wanted. No. 1, Coffee Palace. Apply early.

SMART LAD for office wanted. Apply D. Moses, 40, Sydney Arcade, King-street.

SMITH wanted, also STRIKER and BODYMAKER. Goodwin and Son, dray manufactory, Valentine-lane.

STAIRCASE HAND wanted; good wages. T. Taylor, marble works, Rookwood.

TAILORS.—Wanted, first-class PRESSER; good wages to a competent hand. Triggs and Gould, 14, Park-st.

TAILORS.—First-class PRESSER wanted; good wages. R. C. Hagan, 127, King-street.

THE attention of competent Masters is directed to care B.D.P.W., in professional column of each Saturday's Herald.

TINSMITH wanted. S. Shaw, 24, Park-street.

TO BOOTMAKERS.—Wanted a General WORKMAN. George Moore, 115, Lower George-street.

TO CARPENTERS.—Wanted, a first-class HAND. Apply on job, Post-office, Newtown.

TO CHEMISTS.—Wanted, an ASSISTANT, for the country. Elliott Brothers, 72, Pitt-street.

TO DENTISTS.—Suitable APARTMENTS, excellent position, Hyde Park. E. T., G. P. O.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, young Man, as ASSISTANT. Fox and Co., 28, Oxford-street.

TO GROCERS.—Wanted, an ASSISTANT. W. Jervis, Ultimo Tea Mart, Harris-street.

TO GROCERS.—Wanted, a thoroughly smart ASSISTANT, for the country. Apply A. M'Arthur and Co.

TO HAIRDRESSERS.—A first-class ASSISTANT required, V. H. Scholtz, 26, Hunter-street.

TO HARNESSMAKERS.—Wanted, a good General HAND. J. B. Baird, Crescent-street, Balmain.

TO PAINTERS.—C. Lloyd, of Summer Hill, can engage three or four or more good brush hands. Apply early.

TO TAILORS.—Coat HANDS wanted. F. J. Polle, 728, George-street, Haymarket.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, good Frock HANDS, £3 10s a week; constant. R. J. Dunford, 33, Oxford-street.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, good Coat and Trousers MAKERS. 341, George-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—First-class Trousers MAKERS wanted, to work on the premises. Farmer and Company.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, first-class Trousers HAND. John Dolan, York-street, under the Opera House.

TO TAILORESSES.—First-class Vest HANDS wanted. F. J. Polle, 728, George-street, Haymarket.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, Coat, Trousers, and Vest Hands; constant; good prices. Momsen, 566, George-st.

TO TAILORESSES.—First-class Coat and Trousers HANDS wanted. R. C. Hagon, 127, King-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, an IMPROVER to the vestmaking. Apply 38, Yurong-street, Woolloomooloo.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, Trousers and Vest HANDS; good wages. R. J. Dunford, 33, Oxford-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, good Coat HANDS. T. L. Nicholson and Co., 118, King-street.

TO TINSMITHS.—Wanted, good SOLDERERS and Canister Makers, constant work. 5, King-street West.

TWO QUARRYMEN wanted at Mr. Gilchrist's, Elizabeth Bay. Apply W. Gracey.

TO CHEMISTS.—Wanted at once, an ASSISTANT, dispensing business. Apply Bladon's Health Saline Works, Parramatta.

TO JOINERS.—Wanted, a first-class JOINER; also Improver. Apply John Young, contractor, Kentville, North Annandale.

TO TAILORS.—First-class Frock and Dress Coat MAKERS wanted, to work on the premises. Farmer and Company.

THE ADVERTISER requires a PARTNER, with capital, to carry on an old-established Auctioneering and Stock Station Business, in rising western township. Apply Alpha, Herald Office, Sydney.

TO TEACHERS.—APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of MASTER of All Saints' School, Petersham, during 1883. They must be forwarded before December 12th, to the Rev. J. W. Debenham, at the Parsonage, who will furnish information on the subject on any morning between 9 and 11.

TO SUPERINTENDENTS OF PERMANENT WAY.—Wanted at once, a thoroughly competent SUPERINTENDENT, capable of undertaking survey work, checking, &c. Apply by letter only, with references and salary required, to Mr. G. A. Morell, C. E. Engineer, 156, Pitt-street, Sydney.

VACANCY for a JUNIOR, in a Life Assurance Office. Applications, in own handwriting, stating age and references, to be addressed to Box 174, G. P. O.

WANTED, a FITTER, Sussex-street, near Liver-street.

WANTED, six good JOINERS. Apply St. Mark's Church, Granville.

WANTED, Junior CLERK, for merchant's office; experienced. Address applications, Box 485, G. P. O.

WANTED, a PLASTERER for a small job. W. Taylor, Elizabeth-street, Paddington.

WANTED, a good General DRESSMAKER, by the day. Mrs. Slater, Town Hall Hotel, Park-street.

WANTED, two FENCERS. Apply 9 a.m. sharp, Geo. Hall, Mitchell and Broughton streets, Glebe.

WANTED, a young MAN, accustomed to smallgoods. Butcher, 79, Regent-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a young MAN, used to the butchering. Apply Club Hotel, Alfred-street, North Shore.

WANTED, PLUMBERS. Apply early, J. and G. Brown, buildings, King and Erskine streets.

WANTED, a good Dressmaker, for country store. Apply after 6 p.m., Mr. M'Guinness, Occidental Hotel.

WANTED, first-class Circular SAWYER. J. H. Seamer, sawmills, Bathurst-street.

WANTED, a good DRESSMAKER. Apply 138, Campbell-street, at once.

WANTED, a BOY, for office. Apply Joseph and Co., 102, King-street.

WANTED, a good Staircase HAND. Kelly, Duke-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a STONEMASON, to dress and set base and hearth stones. Kelly, Duke-street.

WANTED, a PLASTERER; also, an IMPROVER. Apply P. Murray, Church-street, Newtown.

WANTED, good BRICKLAYERS. Apply Millers-road, Kent-street North.

WANTED at once, a respectable HAIRDRESSER and SHAVER. Apply H. Soltan, jun., 5, Arcade.

WANTED, a CARPENTER. Apply L. Foley, Foley's Hotel, York-street, 9 sharp.

WANTED, a good CARPENTER and FIXER. S. Stringer, builder, 96, Crown-road, Ultimo.

WANTED, first-class UPHOLSTERER. Central Furnishing Arcade, Park-street, H. Levy and Co.

WANTED, CARPENTER, for a few days. 132, William-street.

WANTED, respectable LAD for the ironmongery. 738, George-street, Haymarket.

WANTED, Apprentices to the Carpentering, Plastering, and Upholstering. Cook Brothers, Harris-st., Ultimo.

WANTED, 4 good PLASTERERS. Apply after 6 p.m., F. Rudd, 179, Riley-street.

WANTED, a strong Boy, or young Man, as Smith's HELPER. Coleman and Son, 202, Sussex-street.

WANTED, experienced Shopwoman, for confectioner and baker's shop. W. Thompson, 20, Oxford-street.

WANTED, an IMPROVER, to STAIR BUILDING. Bakewell Brothers, Wells-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a BAKER. D. Warren, 60, Cleveland-street.

WANTED, a Brush HAND, also Improver to painting. 48, Marshall-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, Second PASTRYCOOK. No. 1 Coffee Palace.

WANTED, MASON and strong BOY. Spanswick, 14, Kettle-street, Elizabeth-street, Redfern.

WOOLSORTERS wanted for Liverpool at once. Apply Haigh and Son, Exchange.

WANTED, a PARTNER, to travel; the best spec on record; £160 cash required. Apply J. A. T., Railway Hotel, George-street South, 2 p.m. Good. Good.

WANTED, a good SHAVER and HAIRDRESSER, must be a sober man, constant employment. State terms by letter, J. Darlington, Tamworth.

WANTED, first-class BRASS FINISHER; constant employment to competent hand. Allan A. Marshall and Co., 9, Macquarie-place.

WANTED, a Working MANAGER for a Woollen Mill, thoroughly competent in all its branches; testimonials required. Charles J. Byrnes and Co., Australian Woollen Mills, Granville, N. S. Wales.

WANTED, good COACHSMITH; also LAD for drilling-machine; 2 Carriage-makers; good Coach Trimmer and Painters' Assistants. Apply at once, Robertson's Steam Coach and Buggy Works, 417, Pitt-street South.

WANTED, for the Toowoomba Chronicle, Queensland, published three times a week, a Gentleman to be SUB-EDITOR and REPORTER. Must have a good knowledge of shorthand; permanent situation for a competent person. Apply Edwards, Dunlop and Co., 46 and 48, York-street, Sydney.

WANTED, a duly qualified MEDICAL PRACTITIONER for Gulgong Hospital, Manchester Unity and Grand United Lodges of Oddfellows; appointments guaranteed, worth say £200 per annum. A good general practice easily worked, no opposition; nearest medical men Mudgee (20), twenty miles; Wellington (50), fifty miles, and Coolah (60), sixty miles distant.
Vacancy arises in consequence of present resident leaving district on 13th proximo.
Applications to be forwarded addressed Mr. Ramsay, Chairman of Committees, Gulgong, and sent in not later than 1st proximo.

ELECTORS of SOUTH SYDNEY.—Be up and doing. Attend to your own interests by giving the Haymarket Auction Company, at the Corn Exchange, Haymarket, a Plumper at their Sales of Land and Properties on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m., when the inducements they will offer will fully compensate you for any loss you may sustain for the present, with a sure future before you of doing well, by advantageously laying out your loose cash in the many attractive lots for sale. So roll up, and be in time.

Servants Wanted.

A GARDENER wanted, 2 or 3 weeks. M. A. Hughes and Co., 586, George-street.

A GENERAL SERVANT, and young Girl to assist, wanted. 1, Harrow-rd., 8, Kingston, off London-st., N'wn.

A GENERAL SERVANT wanted, good wages; also, clean GIRL, to assist with children. 300, Oxford-street.

A GOOD General SERVANT wanted, small family; refs. Ormonde House, Paddington, corner Begg-street.

A HOUSE and Parlour MAID wanted; reference required. Apply, 9 to 12, 90, Victoria-street.

A MARRIED Couple wanted, Bathurst; G. Servants, town. Miss Hall, Central Registry, 169, Elizabeth-street.

A LADY, engaged in teaching during the day, wants a trustworthy young Woman as General SERVANT, and to take charge of two children, aged 1½ and 3 years; a young general servant kept to help her; 2 in family; references required. Apply, between 6 and 7, Don-terrace, Don-street, Enmore.

BOYS wanted. 37, Bourke-street, Redfern.

BOY wanted, for traveller's buggy. Apply at 2 o'clock, Standard Brewery, Elizabeth-street.

BOYS, 14 to 16 years, wanted several, for the Australian Rope Works, Bourke-street, Waterloo.

FEMALE Servants, all capacities, required for first-class Places, country and town. The Home, Market-street.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted for two in family, country girl preferred. Miss Stephenson, 8, Bridge-street.

GENERAL SERVANT, 3 in family; must wash and cook. Apply, with references, at 11, 243, Elizabeth-street.

GIRLS wanted. New Dry Soap Works, Buckingham-street.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted in small family; boy kept. Mrs. Turner, Hartfell, Johnston-street, North Annandale, Petersham 'bus, corner of Rose and Glenmore streets. Every half-hour; fare paid.

GROOM wanted, accustomed to drive in Sydney; must have own livery. 106, Market-street.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY—Nyngan to Bourke.—600,000 Cubic Yards of Excavation, by day work or piece work; highest wages given. Mann, Carey, and Co., contractors, 257, George-street; or Main Camp, Girilambone.

HORSEDRIVER wanted, for log-drawing in bush. Goodlet and Smith, 7, Parramatta-street.

HOUSEMAID wanted, 4 in family; references required. Levoni House, Upper Wm.-st., 8, Darlinghurst.

LABOURERS wanted. Apply on new buildings, Paddington Reservoir and Military Barracks.

NURSE wanted. Mrs. Talbot, Kiln House, opposite Public School, 5 minutes' from Petersham Station. Fare paid.

NO. 5 SECTION S. W. S.
Wanted, Pick and Shovel and Hammer and Drill MEN.
A. MACLEAN.

PARLOURMAIDS, Housemaids, Laundresses wanted, country, and every other capacity. Klinck, 217, Castlrgh-st.

PORTER and Generally Useful.—Young MAN wanted, milk, drive horse and cart, work about store and yard; wages, £40; must be prepared to leave by steamer on Saturday. Apply, with references, Thomas Field and Sons, Sussex-street, at 9.30 on Friday morning, not before.

REQUIRED, young lady as useful COMPANION, Christian family, in suburbs. 157, Bourke-street.

RESPECTABLE NURSEGIRL wanted. Mrs. Dadswell, Ovenden House, Reiby-street, Enmore.

REQUIRED, a respectable young Girl, Protestant, as Under NURSE to children out of arms. Apply with refs., to 45, Phillip-street North.

REQUIRED, a plain COOK and LAUNDRESS; also young Girl as HOUSEMAID. References. Apply 131, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock to-day.

SECOND SECTION, Wallerwang and Mudgee Railway.—Wanted, Pick-and-shovel MEN. Apply on the works Fishburn and Morton, Capertee.

THE Home Registry and Servants' Home, Market-st.—Separate establishments for males and females. 83, Market-st.

TWO BOYS wanted. Phillips and Morris, 419, George-street.

WANTED, a COOK, s.s. Kiama, Phœnix Wharf.

WANTED, 25 MEN clearing light timber. Apply R. Young, next Post-office, Ryde.

WANTED, a respectable young Woman, as COOK. Apply to Mrs. Myine, Como, Darling Point.

WANTED, good useful GIRL, for housework. Mrs. Schott, dressmaker, Smith-street, Balmain.

WANTED, a steady middle-aged Man, to drive, garden, milk, and generally useful. Rev. C. Prindle, Liverpool.

WANTED, MAN, to bale out a large cellar. G. Wilcox, new building, John and Point streets, Pyrmont.

WANTED, a respectable BOY, for shop. Apply Evan Jones, Royal Arcade.

WANTED, a sober young Man, to drive a tip-cart. No. 39, Thomas-street, Eveleigh Estate, Redfern.

WANTED, respectable GIRL, for general housework. 44, Belmore-street, off Albion-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Burwood Hotel, corner Margaret and Clarence streets.

WANTED, a sober steady MAN, to drive a cab, none other need apply. 47, Holt-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, young Girl as General SERVANT, private family, North Shore. Apply 13, Cowper-ter., Church-hill.

WANTED, a young PERSON, to make himself useful. 215, Lower George-street.

WANTED, a House and Parlour MAID, Rev. Dr. Fullerton, 213, Macquarie-street.

WANTED, respectable little GIRL, to mind a baby; to sleep at home. 232, Liverpool-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply at 160, Phillip-street.

WANTED, a House and Parlour MAID. Ellerslie House, 20, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a BARMAID and a Housemaid. Jones' Shades Hotel, Lower George-street.

WANTED, several Married COUPLES, for stations. Glue's Labour Agency, 44, Hunter-street.

WANTED, Nurses, Gen. Servts., H. P. Maids, Laundresses, and Servants, country, &c. Sheppards, Bath'st-st.

WANTED, smart KITCHENMAN. Railway Pier Restaurant, Lackey-street, off Hay-st., Darling Harbour.

WANTED, a young Girl, as General SERVANT. Rising Sun Hotel, corner Erskine and Harrington streets.

WANTED, a good GROOM. Thomas Playfair, butcher, 103, Lower George-street.

WANTED, 3rd COOK, at Paris Restaurant, 283, Pitt-street, Sydney.

WANTED, a strong LAD. G. M. Wood, 96, Albion-street.

WANTED, a KITCHENMAN. Apply City Dining Rooms, 162, George-street North.

WANTED, a WAITER or WAITRESS. Apply City Dining Rooms, 162, George-street North.

WANTED, respectable smart GIRL, to mind two children; good wages. Apply 75, Pitt-street, Redfern.

WANTED, COOK and LAUNDRESS, Housemaid, small family (little girls). Whitbread's, 48, George-st, W.

WANTED, a good COOK. Fahy, Railway Hotel, George-street West.

WANTED, for Summer Hill, a young GIRL, to help in housework. Apply after 10, 290, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, good General SERVANT, can cook. Mrs. T. M. Alcock, 673, George-street, Haymarket.

WANTED, young MAN, to look after horses and be other ways useful. H. Rice, butcher, Haymarket.

WANTED, KITCHENMAN and Pantrymaid. Pfahlert's Hotel.

WANTED, a smart Second COOK, one used to restaurant. Evening Star Dining-rooms, Pitt-st. S., Haymarket.

WANTED, a useful GIRL. No. 30, Rose-street, Darlington.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID. Aberdeen Boarding-house, 396, Kent-street. Apply at once.

WANTED, a GIRL, to mind a baby. Mrs. D. Innis, 202, Sussex-street.

WANTED, a MAN, to work in garden, and generally useful. William Short, Baltic Wharf.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, with reference. Apply 68, Upper Fort-street.

WANTED, tidy GIRL, to assist with children. Apply Livingstone House, Harris-street, Ultimo.

WANTED, M. Couples, country and suburbs; single Gardeners, country; useful Boys, &c. 83, Market-street.

WANTED, PANTRYMAN, also WAITER. Pavies, 283, Pitt-street, near Park-street.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID. Imperial Hotel, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a smart WAITER. American Restaurant, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a smart young GIRL, to assist in housework. Clifford House, Jamison-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT; also Nurse, about 14. Star Hotel, Devonshire-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a MAN used to boiling down. Apply T. J. Cook, butcher, St. Leonards, North Shore.

WANTED, a strong GIRL, to assist in housework. Turf Club Hotel, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a young person as Nurse. Apply before 1 Mrs. E. F. Stephen, Abbotsford, Albemarle-st., Newtown.

WANTED, thorough General Servant; good wages. Mrs. Seymour, opposite Public School, Newtown.

WANTED, GIRL, to mind baby and be useful. Apply corner of Walker and Cleveland streets, Redfern.

WANTED, young Woman, as HOUSEMAID; references. 82, Upper William-street North.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. 198, William-street.

WANTED, a NEEDLEWOMAN to do plain work at home. 62, Montague-terrace, Macleay-street.

WANTED, good House and Parlour MAID. Apply, references, to Mrs. Marshall, Rose Hall, Forbes-street.

WANTED, a respectable Woman, to wash by the day. Apply early, 119, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a good WAITER, must be sober. Emerson, King-street.

WANTED, a young GIRL to assist in housework. Apply 175, Cumberland-street.

WANTED, smart YOUTH, to make himself generally useful. R. A. Kurtz, 509, George-street.

WANTED, a strong LAD. Mrs. Fletcher, George-street Markets; M. Fletcher, Pitt-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply Foley's Hotel, York-street.

WANTED, HOUSEMAID for the country; wages, 15s per week. No. 3 Grosvenor-terrace, Church-hill.

WANTED, respectable BOY, able to milk, make himself useful. Cleveland House, opposite Old Exhibition.

WANTED, a WAITRESS, at once. Apply R. Lands' Restaurant, 194, Pitt-street.

WANTED, an elderly Woman, as General SERVANT, for boarding-house. 412, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply next door to Honest Irishman Hotel, George-street, Camperdown.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT; good wages. Mrs. Amess, 62, Union-street, Pyrmont.

WANTED, a smart YOUTH to make himself useful. J. Pattison, 166, Pitt-street, after 9.

WANTED, good General SERVANT. Apply Carlton Club Hotel.

WANTED, a respectable young WOMAN. 170, Cumberland-street.

WANTED, a BOY, sell firewood. Apply next Pier Hotel, Darling Harbour.

WANTED, for the Oxford Hotel, King-street, an active BOY, to help in kitchen. Apply early.

WANTED, 2 married Couples, Groom, Coachman; Sydney references, req. at once. Cragg, Prot. Registry.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, for a small family. Apply 64, Riley-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, respectable young General SERVANT, 3 in family. Apply early, 380, Victoria-st. S., Darlinghurst.

WANTED, young GIRL, to assist in housework, 182, William-street.

WANTED, 6 smart BOYS, to wait at the eastern booth, cricket match. W. Stedman, 117, Oxford-street.

WANTED, Cook and Laundress, or General Servant. 7, Darlinghurst-road, nearly opposite Alberto-terrace.

WANTED, 20 Farmingmen; also, Gardeners, Grooms, Baker and Smallgoods Maker. Glue's, 44, Hunter-street.

WANTED, good General SERVANT. Mrs. Mills, 98, Foveaux-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, useful MAN, for dairy farm, to milk; good wages. Foley Bros., 158, Sussex-street.

WANTED, tidy respectable GIRL, to assist housework; sleep at home. 411, Kent-street.

WANTED, useful BOY, aged 14, in gentleman's family. 209, Macquarie-st. North, next Dr. Tarrant's.

WANTED, a respectable LAD, for grocer's shop. Connelley and Earl, Mount-street, North Shore.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Apply Mrs. Asher, Macleay Heights, Macleay-street.

WANTED, a respectable single MAN—a Carter to deliver goods. Civil Service Stores, Pitt-street, 9 to 10 a.m.

WANTED, respectable GIRL, assist light housework. Mrs. Berwick, Turner-st., next Police Court, Redfern.

WANTED, a NURSEGIRL, 14. Apply 5, Crawford-terrace, Murray-street, Pyrmont.

WANTED, respectable Girl, as NURSE for two children. Apply 386, Harris-street, Ultimo.

WANTED, useful GIRL, 14 or 15. Cramp's grocery, Elizabeth-street, Camperdown.

WANTED, respectable SERVANT. Apply to Mrs. Cullen, hotel, Lyndhurst, Glebe.

WANTED, a little GIRL, to be useful. No. 1, Regent-street, off George-street West.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply 83, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, 2 respectable young Women, for housework; highest wages; refs. 9, Wentworth-court, Phillip-street.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID. Devonshire Hotel, 207, Sussex-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Mrs. Smith, 86, Oxford-street.

WANTED, HOUSEMAID; one used to wait at table. Blair's Hotel, Kent and Margaret streets.

WANTED, 100 MEN. Apply Blackwall Stores, Circular Quay.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID; also, General Servant; references required. Tighe's Hotel, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a COOK and LAUNDRESS and a GIRL to be useful. Apply, 225, Macquarie-street.

WANTED, a clean little GIRL, to nurse a baby and be useful. 476, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a steady WOMAN, to be useful, no washing or cooking. 413, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, good General SERVANT, at once, good references. Young Australian Hotel, Riley-street.

WANTED, 2 MEN to drive tip carts. Apply Mr. Try's buildings, Victoria-street.

WANTED, active Girl, as General SERVANT, small family. 177, Premier-terrace, William-street.

WANTED, a Bricklayer's LABOURER. Apply early, Queen and Sea View streets, Ashfield.

WANTED, a young Man, as WAITER. 37, Castlereagh-street, Sydney Club.

WANTED, a respectable girl, accustomed to children, as NURSE. Mrs. Webb, Chandos-street, Ashfield.

WANTED, a respectable Girl, as NURSE; three children. Mrs. Gilbert, 588, George-street.

WANTED, a GIRL, of 15, to assist in housework. Strathspey House, 187, Macquarie-street.

WETNURSE wanted immediately, for child three months old. Mrs. E. Vickery, Edina, Waverley.

WETNURSE wanted for baby 5 months old. Apply to Dr. Ward, St. Leonards, between 9 and 10 or 2 and 3.

WHARF Labourers.—Wanted 20 to 30, Friday morning. Apply Tasmanian Wharf, Sussex-st., nr. Margaret-st.

WANTED, 10 Wharf LABOURERS; constant employment; highest wages given. Apply H. Tarleton, Market Wharf.

WANTED, Man, for butcher's, suburbs; 1st and 2nd Waiters; chief and 2nd Cooks; Kitchenmen, &c. 83, Market-street.

WANTED, NURSEGIRL, also assist in light housework. Third house Eureka-terrace, Stewart-street, to the right off Regent-street, Paddington.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL to mind one child and assist in light housework. Apply A. J. S. Bank, Redfern, between 2 and 3 to-day.

WANTED, strong active LAD, to make himself generally useful. Apply on the works, Greenwich Point-road, North Shore.

WANTED, for the country, a MAN, who understands horses and kitchen gardening, must be well recommended. Apply by letter to T. P., Herald Office.

WANTED, a strong LAD, of 16 or 18, to assist in stereotype department. Apply to H. H. Newman, Herald Office.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID, also a WAITRESS; good wages. Apply at once, John Pope's Dining-rooms, 30, Kent-street, Miller's Point.

WANTED, a General SERVANT; references required. Mrs. Herbert E. Roe, 4, Blyth-terrace, Glenview-street, Paddington.

WANTED, respectable YOUTH or young MAN, for dairy; must be good milker. C. Gittoes, 21, Furner-street, off Pitt-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, about 12 or 14 years years of age, as Nurse. Apply Mrs. Peters, Thompson's Hotel, corner of Goulburn and George streets, Sydney.

WANTED, a GIRL, about 15 or 16, to mind a baby and assist in housework. Apply Mrs. R. Simpson, Victoria-street, Petersham, near Harry's store.

WANTED, a respectable and trustworthy MAN and Wife to take charge of a farm; references required. Apply W. H. Harris, Livingstone House, Harris-street, Ultimo.

WANTED, a young MAN that can milk cow and be generally useful in house. Apply at 11, to Mr. John Young, contractor's office, corner of Park and Pitt streets, Sydney.

WANTED, a thorough respectable young WOMAN, fond of children (only two), to housekeep, cook, &c.; to a trustworthy person liberal wages will be given. Apply Alex. C. Miller, Sunnyside, Gladesville.

WANTED, for North Shore, a thoroughly good General SERVANT who can cook well; to such, good wages. Apply 175, Macquarie-street. Personal reference required.

WANTED, 4 MARRIED COUPLES, to groom, garden, milk, &c.; wife, laundress and cook, £80; 3 Farming Men, £40; Man, drive tip cart; useful Man, wait table; Man Cook, 25s; Gardener, milk, &c., £1. Reg., 222, Castlereagh-st.

WANTED, a respectable young Woman, as General SERVANT (another kept), for Boulevard, Petersham; a nice comfortable home, light work, out half day each week and every other Sunday; easy, near town. Mrs. Hopson, 590, Geo.-st.

WESTERN RAILWAY.—DUBBO TO NYNGAN.
Constant Employment for good men, Forming, Permanent Way, and Gravel Pits, &c.
Wages, 1s to 1s 3d per hour, eight hours per day.
A. and R. AMOS, Contractors.

Apartments, Board and Residence.

A BALCONY ROOM for 2 or 3 men. 9, Albion-street, near Elizabeth-street; bath, latchkey.

A BEDROOM share with another; bath; 5s. 375, Kent-street, near King-street.

A COMFORTABLE HOME for two respectable Men. 26, Charlotte-place, Church-hill.

A GOOD LODGING for a single man. Apply Mrs. Knuckey, Cowper-street, Waverley.

A FURNISHED BEDROOM to Let; suit lady engaged during the day. 164, Woolloomooloo-street.

ALPINE HOUSE, 233, Macquarie-street North. Vacancies for families, ladies, and gentlemen.

A NICE furnished BEDROOM to LET, for one or two single gentlemen. 96, Elizabeth-street.

APARTMENTS.—Front Room, furnished or unfurnished, 138, Elizabeth-street South.

APARTMENTS and BOARD wanted, married couple with little boy; moderate. 431, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

APARTMENTS vacant. 223, Macquarie-street North. Terms, moderate.

APARTMENTS vacant, Kista House, No. 5, Bligh-street.

APARTMENTS vacant for families and gentlemen. Tasman House, 1, Grosvenor-terrace, Church-hill.

A SUPERIOR and comfortable HOME for gentleman; bath, piano. Terms moderate. 326, Bourke-street, S. H.

AT ESTHERVILLE, 48, Elizabeth-street North, near Bridge-street, Apartments vacant.

AT 209, Macquarie-street North, next Dr. Tarrant's, BOARD and RESIDENCE for gentleman and wife.

A VACANCY for one GENTLEMAN. 106, Phillip-street.

A VACANCY for LADY or two Gentlemen. 106, Phillip-street.

A SUPERIOR HOME is offered to a widower with family to educate, by a Lady experienced in tuition; house pleasantly situated in Balmain. Mater, Herald Office.

BEDROOM, clean and comfortable, for single person; terms, 7s 6d weekly. 268, Bourke-street.

BEDROOM furnished, for two respectable mechanics; verandah, bath. 98, Palmer-street, near William-street.

BEDROOM, one or two respectable young men; bath, key. 136, Campbell-street, off Riley-street.

BOARD and Residence for 2 or 3 respectable young men at 110, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, private, bath; or Rooms to Let. 410, Pitt-street, near Haymarket.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for single men; terms, 18s; bath and gas. No. 12, Francis-street, Hyde Park.

BOWENFELS FAMILY HOTEL, by Mrs. A. Webb. First-class accommodation for visitors.

COMFORTABLE HOME for two policemen; no other boarders. For Address Iredale's, Oxford-street.

COMFORTABLE LODGINGS for single men, with or without board; bath. 52, Bathurst-street West.

COMFORTABLE LODGINGS for 2 men, airy room. 13, Pelican-street, off Oxford-street.

COMFORTABLE LODGINGS, with or without board, for gents., terms moderate. 38, Pitt-street, Redfern.

CENTRAL QUARTERS (separate room) can be obtained by Gentleman of fair social position in house in best part of city. Apply, in first instance, Mrs. Mead, 55, Hunter-street.

DOUBLE ROOM vacant, Park Hill House, No. 3, Grosvenor-terrace, Church-hill.

ELLERSLIE HOUSE, 20, Wynyard-square. Vacancies for gentlemen; piano, bath; terms, 21s.

ELM COURT, Moss Vale.—Superior private Boarding Establishment. J. Lawson, 365, Geo.-st., or A. Bray, Elm Ct.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS to LET, suit married couples; use of kitchen. 27, Bathurst-street.

FURNISHED Bedroom to LET; suit single person; board optional. 195, Brougham-street, top William-street.

FURNISHED Balcony ROOMS, suit married couple or gentlemen; bath, board optional. 171, Bourke-street.

FURNISHED Bed and Sitting ROOM, use of kitchen; gas, bath. 628, Crown-street, tram terminus.

FURNISHED ROOMS, 2 or 3, use of kitchen; no children, piano, Surry Hills. Apply 15, Hutchinson-street.

GUNSLER'S HOTEL, North Terrace, Adelaide.

HAIRDRESSER.—ROOM to LET, behind tobacconist. 181. York-street, 3 doors from Market-street.

HYDORA HOUSE FAMILY HOTEL, Blackheath, nearest hotel to Govett's Leap. R. T. Havies, proprietor.

MANLY.—Superior BOARD and Residence for gentlemen and families. Apply Library.

MRS. BUTTON, 7, Grosvenor-terrace, Charlotte-place Church-hill.—Vacancies for boarders.

NICELY Furnished Parlour and Bedroom, with board, wanted, by newly-married couple, neighbourhood of tram terminus Marrickville. Address, stating terms, A. F., No. 1, Darling Stores, Harbour-street.

PITT WATER.—BAYVIEW HOUSE, superior accommodation for boarders. J. T. Collins, proprietor.

PRIVATE APARTMENTS for ladies or gentlemen, close to tram. 84, Queen-street, Woollahra.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE, 175, Macquarie-street, near Domain Entrance. Terms moderate.

SINGLE gentleman requires BOARD and Residence in private house. Address T. L., Herald office.

SUPERIOR APARTMENTS, with Board, in gentleman's private family. 1, Bligh-street, near Hunter-street.

SUPERIOR Board and Residence.—Front Balcony Room vacant, piano, bath, late dinner. 158, Forbes-street.

SURRY HILLS.—307, Crown-street, opposite Public School, balcony ROOM. Suit friends.

TO LET, furnished APARTMENTS for single men; board optional. 390, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, first or second FLOOR, with kitchen. Apply 48, Wynyard-square.

TWO or three ROOMS, suitable professional or other gentlemen. 197, Liverpool-street, Hyde Park.

TWO ROOMS and kitchen to LET; suitable for married couple; every convenience. 127, Dake-st., Woolloomooloo.

TO LET, Furnished BEDROOM, use of sitting-room and kitchen. Mrs. Jones, Fitzroy-street, Milson's Point, North Shore.

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL, MOUNT VICTORIA, is in the vicinity of all that is worth seeing on the Blue Mountains; magnificent scenery, beautiful walks and drives, myriads of ferns. Every comfort; charges strictly moderate. Letters and telegrams attended to. John G. Cousins, proprietor.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS (two) and kitchen, oven, balcony, near town. Grott, 95, William-street.

VACANCY.—Single ROOM; bath, latchkey, piano. Caxton Lodge, 14, O'Connell-street, near Herald Office.

VACANCIES for gentlemen; terms 25s. Macquarie House, 217, Macquarie-street.

BALMAIN.—Wanted immediately, 6-roomed HOUSE, near ferry. Address F. H., Herald Office.

FURNISHED Detached COTTAGE, upon a good allotment, wanted, with harbour view, to contain about five rooms, and not to exceed £3 10s a week. Address Mr. E. Ramsay, house agent, 71, Arcade-chambers, King-street.

LADY wants 2 Unfurnished or Furnished ROOMS, one with balcony, upper Paddington. Comfort, P. O., Paddington.

WANTED, Partial BOARD and RESIDENCE, moderate. Z. Z., Herald.

WANTED, Unfurnished ROOM, quiet, airy locality within three miles of G. P. O. T. R., Herald Office.

WANTED, unfurnished ROOM with fireplace, convenient to city; moderate. G. O., Herald Office.

WANTED, a furnished BEDROOM, where there are no children. Stating terms, T. A., 41, Erskine-street.

WANTED, furnished Cottage, S. Hills, Darlinghurst, Woollahra. Terms, if stabling, &c., Ajax, Herald Office.

WANTED, a STORE, centrally situated; moderate rental. Particulars to Box 434, Post Office.

WANTED, by gentleman, in a strictly private family, Board and Residence; state terms. L. J. M., care of Wallace, King-street.

WANTED to Rent, with a view to purchase, a HOUSE of about 9 rooms, exclusive of kitchen, &c., in suburbs. Apply, stating price, C. D. E., Herald Office.

WANTED, a six or eight room Dwelling HOUSE, with other conveniences, within 10 minutes' walk of Post Office. L. Uhde, 77, William-street.

WANTED, by an elderly couple, for a few weeks, BOARD and RESIDENCE, in private family and pleasant suburb. Terms, moderate, to Fides, Herald Office.

WANTED, furnished ROOMS, with attendance for gentleman and wife, Surry Hills, Darlington, Woollahra; references given and required. Particulars to G. T., Herald Office.

WANTED by a respectable young man, BOARD and RESIDENCE, near Dowling-street and South Head-road; terms must be moderate. Apply C. H. F., 27, Botany-street, Surry Hills.

YOUNG Man wants HOME, in private musical family; bath; must state terms. B. B., Herald Office.

To Let.

A HOUSE, 4 rooms, kitchen, balcony, No. 17, Randle and Elizabeth streets; rent, 16s. W. Tremain, 242, Pitt-st.

A SIX-ROOMED HOUSE to LET. 36, Marshall-street, near Moore Park.

A VERY snug HOUSE, at Ashfield, 6 rooms, &c.; 16s. E. Ramsay, house agent, Sydney Arcade.

ASHFIELD.—TO LET, No. 1, Boylson-terrace, close to station, every convenience, rent moderate; keys at No. 4. M. Boylson and Sons.

A VERY handsome Detached COTTAGE to LET, or for SALE, delightfully situated at North Shore, 3 minutes from Ferry; exquisite views of harbour, &c., and beautifully built; every necessary accommodation. E. Ramsay, 71, Sydney Arcade.

A VERY superior HOUSE to LET in the city (with a portion or the whole of the first-rate furniture for sale). It contains about 14 apartments, and is close to tram. E. Ramsay, house agent, Sydney Arcade.

ASHFIELD.—To LET, a detached Villa RESIDENCE, containing 7 rooms, large bathroom, kitchen, laundry, storeroom and pantry, filled with gas and venetian blinds; half-acre of land; best part of suburb, opposite park. W. P. Woolcott, Bell's-chambers.

BELLEVUE-STREET, Surry Hills.—House, with 7 rooms, gas, and big yard, to LET. Inquire at No. 35.

BLACKHEATH.—To LET, for not less than three months, ALTAIR, 6 rooms. G. R. Harrison, Albion Wharf.

BUSINESS PREMISES, 17s 6d. Keys, 29, Randle-street, Elizabeth-street South.

BUTCHER'S SHOP and DWELLING, GLEBE.—To LET, first-class new Butcher's SHOP and DWELLING, with six rooms, kitchen, bathroom, pantry, washhouse, &c., &c. Apply to Mr. G. T. Bean, E-terrace, Denham-street, Glebe.

BUCKLAND-STREET, off George-street West.—To LET, a commodious 2-storied brick BUILDING, containing 2 floors, each 18 x 52 feet, admirably adapted for a builder's workshop, or any manufacturing business; rent, 25s per week. Chapman and Lamb, estate agents, 331, George-street, near Wynyard-street.

BURWOOD HEIGHTS, 6 minutes from Station.—To LET, Furnished, DEVRA DOONE, a first-class residence, containing ample accommodation for a family, and well arranged throughout. The grounds are about an acre in extent. Rent to good tenant, £5 5s per week. For cards to view, apply to HARDIE and GORMAN, 130, Pitt-street.

CORNER of Elizabeth and Sutherland sts., Paddington.—To Let, 6-roomed House, gas, &c.; 20s week. E. Ramsay.

COTTAGE to LET, Darling-street, Balmain. E. R. Cole, George and King streets.

COTTAGE, 6 rooms, garden back and front, kitchen, pantry, stables, coachhouse, kitchen, yard, &c., 20s; also, Houses, beautiful view, 7 rooms, gardens, balconies, 20s; also, Bakehouse and Oven. Corn Exchange Office, No. 6, Haymarket.

DOWLING-STREET.—No. 41, 6 rooms, balcony, passage, water; low rent. Mr. Bass, 275, George-street.

DARLINGHURST HEIGHTS.—A very genteel Family RESIDENCE to be LET in this fashionable locality, containing hall, 5 bedrooms, dining and sitting rooms, &c. E. Ramsay, house agent, Sydney Arcade.

DRUMMOYNE PARK.—That newly-erected, elegant VILLA, containing drawing and dining rooms, 4 bedrooms, bathroom, kitchen, pantry, washhouse, &c.; rent, £84 per annum. Watkin and Watkin, 281, Pitt-street.

ELIZABETH-ST.—To LET, large Business PREMISES, next Toohey's Brewery, suitable for any manufacturing business; rent, £150 per annum. Chapman and Lamb, estate agents, 331, George-street, near Wynyard-street.

ENMORE.—To LET, a superior newly-built RESIDENCE, containing six rooms, kitchen, bath, gas throughout, nice yard, &c., lovely views, delightfully situated, rent £72. E. Ramsay, house agent, Arcade.

FAIRMOUNT Cottage, Summer Hill.—To LET or Sell, 1½ Acre, 6 minutes from station. T. Moore, 207, Oxford-st.

FRONT OFFICE to LET, first floor, 317, George-street, lately occupied by Mr. T. W. Warren. For terms, apply to Mr. Millett, on premises; or to Mr. Warren, at his new store, 56, Clarence-street.

FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCES.—To LET, in Trafalgar-terrace, Petersham, close to Stanmore Platform and Petersham Station, built with every modern improvement. Each house contains hall, 2 rooms on ground floor, with folding doors, kitchen, scullery, and washhouse with copper. On first floor are 4 bedrooms and bathroom, gas throughout; cedar fittings, tiled yards, perfect drainage and ventilation. ARTHUR CUBITT, House Agent, The Arcade, King-street.

GLENMORE-RD.—A pretty Villa Residence to LET, nicely furnished, and at very low rent. E. Ramsay, Arcade.

GLEBE.—To LET, good new HOUSES, at from 14s to 22s 6d per week. Apply to G. T. Bean, Denman-street, Glebe, opposite Police-station.

GLENMORE ROAD.—An elaborately-furnished and very superior Family RESIDENCE to LET, delightfully situated, commanding extensive harbour views, &c. Cards for inspection from E. Ramsay, House Agent, Arcade.

GLEBE, Denman-street, close to tram and site of new Post and Telegraph Offices, Glebe-road.—To LET, first-class new HOUSES, containing 5 rooms, kitchen, laundry, pantry, bathroom, &c., fitted with gas fittings, and water laid on; rent, 22s 6d week. Apply to G. T. Bean, Denman-street, Glebe, opposite Police-station.

HOUSE to LET, 4 rooms and kitchen. Apply No. 104, Underwood-street, Paddington.

HOUSE to LET, in handsome terrace, Woollahra, fronting Water Reserve, 6 rooms, bath, gas, water, balcony back and front, glazed; close to tram, beautiful view; 25s per week, taxes paid. Dunn and M'Keown, 70, Elizabeth-street.

HOBART.—To LET, for 2, 3, or 4 months, a well-furnished HOUSE, situated in Upper Davey-street, containing drawing, dining, and breakfast rooms, 4 bedrooms, 2 servants' rooms, kitchen (with patent Kitchener and gas stove), store, and bathroom; plate and linen. Terms, for two months, 7 guineas per week; for a longer term, 5 guineas. Apply E. P., care of Messrs. J. Walch and Sons, Hobart.

IN THE CITY.—To LET, a portion of a splendid Store, rent only 32s 6d. E. Ramsay, house agent, Arcade.

KENT-STREET.—To LET, on a building lease for 21 years, GROUND, 35 by 70, in Kent-street, near Margaret-street. Apply Box 144, Post Office.

LARGE FLAT and OFFICE to LET, ground floor, near Exchange. 17, Macquarie-place.

MARRICKVILLE, Livingstone-street, near tram.—To LET, new HOUSES, four rooms and kitchen, balcony, washhouse, copper, bath, low rent. Apply W. Newell, Newtown; or Fox, Marrickville.

MARRICKVILLE.—To LET, a comfortable COTTAGE RESIDENCE, hall, 4 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, stable, bathroom, &c.; land, 56 x 198; close to tram; rent, 18s per week. Chapman and Lamb, estate agents, 331, George-street.

MILTON HOUSE, Myles'-buildings, Cumberland-street, to LET, house containing 9 rooms, kitchen, &c.; rent £135, taxes paid. Keys Mrs. Mashaigle, a few doors from premises. R. Moir, 66, Ardney Arcade.

MACDONALDTOWN.—To LET, COTTAGE, 4 rooms, near station; water on. 555, George-st., Sydney.

MANLY.—To LET, furnished, No. 2, Bay View, containing 8 rooms, bath, kitchen, laundry, and storeroom. Bay View is situated on the Esplanade, having a magnificent view of the lighthouse and harbour as far as Rose Bay. For terms apply to Mrs. Morrison, Manly; or J. Lawler, 608, George-street.

NEAR Prospect Waterworks.—To LET, splendid Shop and premises; rent, £70. E. Ramsay, house agent, Arcade.

NEWTOWN.—HOUSE, 4 rooms, kitchen, city water, 12s. W. Rowley, news agency, King-st., op. Public school.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, large new Buildings, adjoining St. Thomas' Church, West-st., every con., rent mod.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, HOUSE, 5 rooms, kitchen, copper; rent 14s. W. Wormald, West-street.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET or for SALE, splendid new detached VILLA, 10 rooms, with an acre of ground; view charming in the extreme, and close to the ferry. W. P. Woolcott, Bell's-chambers.

OFFICE, consisting of two large ROOMS to LET; good position. 88, Elizabeth-street.

OFFICES to LET, large light; will suit any business or profession; moderate rent. 51, Hunter-street.

OFFICES.—To LET, two large front ROOMS, venetian blinds; first floor. 311, George-street.

OFFICES.—To LET, two large front ROOMS, venetian blinds; second floor. 311, George-street.

OFFICES to LET, 2 large rooms on the ground floor. Apply 96, Elizabeth-street.

OVERLOOKING Harbour.—To LET, a Residence, 7 splendid rooms, &c. E. Ramsay, house agent, Arcade.

PETERSHAM.—To LET, 2 COTTAGES, large yards and gardens in front, 4 and 6 rooms each. Apply Stationmaster.

PARRAMATTA.—To LET, HOUSE, Macquarie-street, 6 rooms, kitchen, stable, gas and water. Apply Gilbert H. Smith, George-street.

PARRAMATTA.—To LET, stone COTTAGE, Rosehill-street, 6 rooms, kitchen, stable and outhouses, paddock and plenty of water. Apply Gilbert H. Smith, George-street.

PHILLIP-STREET, No. 133.—To LET, 2 large furnished ROOMS, suitable for consulting rooms for professional gentlemen and others.

PETERSHAM.—To LET, handsome 7-roomed VILLA, gas, water, coachhouse, &c., every requisite for gentleman's residence, small paddock attached, Frank-street, back Public School, 4 mins. from station. Apply 65, Pitt-st., or on premises.

PYRMONT.—To LET, a corner SHOP, with store, coachhouse, stable, large yard, and every convenience; suitable for an ironmonger's. Apply Mills, Pile, and Gilchrist, 114, Pitt-street.

PYRMONT, near Bridge, junction 3 streets.—To LET SHOP and DWELLING of 4 rooms, kitchen, sheds. PYRMONT, close to Bridge.—HOUSE, 4 rooms; low rent. J. G. R. Swain, house, land, and insurance agent, Bond-street.

REDUCED RENTS.—HOUSE, 16s 6d. Keys, 8 Richmond-street, off Albion-street.

SHOP, next to the Federal Bank, Haymarket. Apply Corn Exchange, opposite Office No. 6.

SHOPS to LET, every convenience; rent, 18s. Apply Cook Brothers, Harris-street, Ultimo.

SHOP and DWELLING to LET, rent 25s, double front. Apply 96, George-street West.

SIX-ROOMED HOUSE TO LET, Wilson-street, Newtown; copper, and every convenience; rent 16s.

SUMMER HILL.—To LET, a nicely situated 4-roomed Cottage, close station; low rent. E. Ramsay, agent, Arcade.

SUMMER-HILL.—HOUSE, 5 rooms, copper, good water, near viaduct, 11s. Key at Hainault, Carlton-crescent.

SUMMER HILL.—COTTAGE to LET, in best position. W. E. Ebblewhite, Henson-street.

STRAWBERRY HILLS, Waterloo.—HOUSE to Let or for Sale, 4 rooms, large piece of ground at back; garden in front. 128, Hanover-street.

SHOP and 5 ROOMS, 77, Goulburn-street, £2; House, 6 rooms, £1; also, Houses, 4 rooms city, 10s, to LET. Apply 9 to 10, morning, at 301, Castlereagh-street, near Goulburn-street.

STANMORE.—To LET, in Wemyss-street, overlooking the college property, WEST DEAN, containing 5 rooms, bathroom (with bath fitted), kitchen; washhouse; gas and water laid on. Chapman and Lamb, 331, George-street.

STANMORE.—To LET, in Cambridge-road, close to station, a comfortable Villa RESIDENCE, 7 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, &c., water and gas laid on; grand position. Chapman and Lamb, 331, George-street, near Wynyard-street.

STANMORE STATION.—To LET, next month, those superior new HOUSES, 7 rooms, bath, kitchen, and washhouse, &c., facing the line and Annandale Park, with 8-feet balconies; rent only 30s. F. Reuss, jun., 72, Vickery's-chambers.

SURRY HILLS.—725, Bourke-street, near tram terminus and Moore Park, to LET, next week, Excelsior-terrace, 6 rooms, kitchen, bath, and washhouse, &c.; rent, only 23s. Key on premises, or F. Reuss, jun., 72, Pitt-street.

TO LET, 6-roomed House, pantry, and every convenience. Apply Mr. Williamson's public-house, Lyndhurst-st., Glebe.

TO LET, SHOP and Dwelling, adjoining Synagogue, Castlereagh-street. 311, George-street.

TO LET, 2 SHOPS and STORES in that newly-erected large building in Pitt-st., near Bathurst-st. 236, Pitt-st.

TO LET, 137, Dowling-street, Vere de Vere-terrace, 9 rooms. Apply Mr. Furness, William-street.

TO LET, 3 new HOUSES, Terminus-street, Petersham, opposite the station. Apply Captain Bainbridge.

TO LET, OFFICES, situate at corner of Bond and George streets. W. Foy, 266, George-street.

TO LET, Johnston-st., N. Annandale, 5-roomed Cottage, bay window, servant's room, bath, copper, &c., 25s wk.

TO LET, WORKSHOP, suitable for carpenter, &c., two benches. Apply 43, Pitt-street, Redfern.

TO LET, 43, Banks-street, Chippendale, 6 rooms, &c. James Little, 267, George-street, Sydney.

TO LET, a 2-roomed COTTAGE, off George-street West. Apply R. Lenehan, 3, Market-street West.

TO LET, COTTAGE, No. 103, Cleveland-street, Redfern, nearly opposite Crown-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, 4 rooms, rent 12s, No. 1, Systrum-street. Apply Apollo Hall.

TO LET, 5 ROOMS, kitchen, bath; rent, 18s. Apply John M'Donald, builder, Windsor-street, Paddington.

TO LET, neat COTTAGE, containing 4 rooms, kitchen, verandahs, water. John Knight, Wellesley-st., Summer-hill.

TO LET, 25, Chippen-street, Chippendale, neat 4-roomed HOUSE, all conveniences, side entrance, washhouse, &c.

TO LET, a 7-roomed HOUSE. Inquire 53, West-street, Darlinghurst.

TO LET, 17, Albert-terrace, Wemyss-street, near Lyne-terrace, 4 rooms, kitchen, good yard, oven; rent 15s.

TO LET, comfortable four-roomed HOUSE, with stable, 12s. Healy's Hotel, Elizabeth and Sutherland sts., Paddgtn.

TO LET, a HOUSE, 6 rooms, in Corben-street, Surry Hills; rent, 14s. Apply 120, Albion-street.

TWO five-roomed Furnished HOUSES, eastward, 35s and 45s. E. Ramsay, House Agent, Arcade.

TO LET, SHOP, King-street, between George and Pitt streets, grand stand for monte de piete, jeweller, or any business. By letter, Shop, Gordon and Gotch.

TO LET, on and after 1st December, CELLAR now occupied by T. V. Ranch and Co., 83, Pitt-street. Apply to James C. Taylor, accountant, 99, Pitt-street.

TO LET, Summer Hill, 6 HOUSES, each 4 rooms and kitchen; also, 8 HOUSES, Fairfield-street, Petersham, all faithfully built. Apply Apollo Hall, Harris-street, Ultimo.

TO LET (Macdonaldtown), 3 new SHOP-DWELLING HOUSES, 4 rooms and kitchen, stables, water, and gas; good opening for chemist or hairdresser. Edwards and Barr, Newtown.

TO LET, new PREMISES, with handsome stone fronts, suitable for offices or first-class shops, George-street, opposite Circular Quay. Apply North Queensland Mining Investment Company, 83, Pitt-street.

TO LET, in Leicester-street, off old South Head-road, Paddington, HOUSES, near tramway, containing 6 lofty apartments, bathroom, laundry, copper, balconies and verandahs, water and gas laid on; rents, £5 per month, landlord paying taxes. Gerald Phillips, Pitt and Bond streets.

TO LET, a first-class Family RESIDENCE, known as Woodstock Hall, Underwood-street, Paddington, near Elizabeth-street; house contains 8 large rooms, hall, outhouses, coachhouse, stable, hayloft, servant's room, large garden round the house, also verandah, balcony, commanding a view of the harbour. W. Taylor, on the premises.

TO LET or SELL, with immediate possession, most highly desirable, new, detached Villa RESIDENCE, in pleasant locality, close to Redmyre station. This is suitable for a gentleman's family, and contains drawing and dining rooms, 5 bedrooms, servant's room, usual out-offices, and nice garden; rent £60 per annum. W. Kelly, architect, 24, Arcade, George-street.

TO LET.
A new HOUSE, 8 rooms, kitchen, laundry, pantry, and bath, &c., water, gas stove in kitchen, every convenience, Begg-street, Paddington. LIPYEATE HOUSE, 9, Eliza-street, Woollahra, 8 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, water and gas. 51, Barcom-street, Darlinghurst, 5 rooms and kitchen, rent 15s., key at No. 61. Apply G. H. Curtis, 136, King-street.

WOOLLAHRA.—To Let, Terrace of 3 new HOUSES, each containing 4 rooms, kitchen, washhouse and copper, with large yard and garden. G. Gale, Eliza-street; or Westbrook's boot and shoe depot, Queen-street, Woollahra.

WYNYARD-STREET.—To LET, for a term of years, those central PREMISES, corner Wynyard-street and Wynyard-lane; they comprise four floors, and could be easily adapted for offices or a first-class mercantile establishment. Apply to J. LAZARUS and CO., Wynyard-street.

TO BRICKMAKERS, Farriers, &c.—Vacant LAND to LET off George-st. West. G. R. Jones, 77, Elizabeth-street.

TO LET, a piece of vacant LAND, in Dowling-street. Apply 145, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

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